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technical handbook

Book 4

Integrated circuits

Part IC07

Advanced CMOS Logic (ACL)

1989



PHILIPS

ADVANCED CMOS LOGIC ACL

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Preface

Signetics would like to thank you for your interest in our ACL product family. Utilizing a $1\mu\text{m}$ CMOS process, Signetics' ACL has joined the lowest power-delay product family in the market today. This, coupled with its standard setting, low-noise, system reliable pinout, makes it an obvious favorite among system designers.

In addition to ACL, Signetics Standard Products Division offers the industry's broadest line of commercially available logic products. These products span a wide speed/power spectrum from 100K/10K ECL, to FAST to 74HC/HCT and other industry standard families such as: the CMOS 4000B series, 74, 74LS, 74S, 8T, and 8200 Logic. Information regarding these products lines is also available from your nearest Signetics Sales Office, sales representative, or authorized distributor.

Standard Products Division

Product Status

DEFINITIONS

Data Sheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
<i>Objective Specification</i>	Formative or In Design	This data sheet contains the design target or goal specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
<i>Preliminary Specification</i>	Preproduction Product	This data sheet contains a preliminary data and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Signetics reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible products.
<i>Product Specification</i>	Full Production	This data sheet contains Final Specifications. Signetics reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product.

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† For more information on these devices contact your local sales organization; see addresses on back cover.

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Section 1

Introduction

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Introduction

INTRODUCTION

There is little doubt that CMOS is closing in on bipolar technology as the mainstay of integrated commodity logic. Advancing technology is rapidly eliminating the old trade-offs between speed and power dissipation (see Figure 1), and problems peculiar to CMOS such as latch-up and ESD sensitivity have already been solved. However, until now, CMOS logic ICs have been unable to match the high speed and the high current output of TTL technologies which is essential for operation in the bus or transmission line environment of the fastest logic systems.

The introduction of the Advanced CMOS Logic (ACL) family of ICs removes this hurdle. Signetics fabricates ACL in a 1-micron twin-well CMOS process with recessed local oxidation and a titanium disilicide layer on the gate, source and drain areas to reduce the contact and interconnect resistance. This, together with oxidation of the gate sidewalls for reduced capacitance, leads to increased drive and speed that equals that of the fastest bipolar TTL logic. With an average propagation delay of 5ns (150MHz operation) and 24mA sink/source capability, ACL supplements the HE4000B and HCMOC IC ranges to allow designers to implement the outstanding CMOS benefits of wide and symmetrical noise margins, high reliability, and reduced power dissipation across the whole speed spectrum of logic circuitry.

The inevitable fast edges associated with the exceptionally high speed of ACL required one final hurdle to be removed: the problem, which also exists for fast-switching bipolar logic, can reduce system noise margins, cause loss of stored data and reduce system speed. We have solved it for ACL by discarding the traditional corner supply pinning arrangement and simultaneously adopting a flowthrough architecture wherein the supply pins are at the center of each side of the package (where the internal inductance is minimum), all the input pins are on one side, all the output pins are on the other, and control pins are at the corners. Although this solution means that ACL is not pin-compatible with the comparable TTL and HCMOS functions, as an engineering-

driven company, we felt that the considerations of improving system reliability, simplifying pcb design and reducing board area should take precedence.

All types within our ACL family have outputs that are both CMOS and TTL-compatible and are available for operating temperature ranges of -40°C to +85°C (commercial/industrial: 74AC/ACT prefix) or -55°C to +125°C (military: 54AC/ACT prefix). They come in two versions:

- Fully buffered 54/74AC types with CMOS-compatible input switching levels (typically $V_{CC}/2$) and a supply voltage range of 3V to 5.5V for all-CMOS systems
- Fully buffered 54/74ACT types with TTL-compatible input switching levels (typically 1.5V) and a supply voltage range of 5V±10% for interfacing with TTL systems

Since the low power dissipation of our ACL ICs makes them ideal for circuitry on densely packed boards in small enclosures, we didn't overlook the need to make them compatible with surface mounting technology which is being increasingly used for automated assembly of electronic equipment to achieve significant reduction of its size and weight. Production quantities of all our ACL ICs are available in DIP packages and in SO (small outline) packages. The dimensions of the latter were originally developed by us and now form the basis of JEDEC standard publication 95 (also published in IEC standard document 191-2, family A76).

ACL ICs are completely latch-up free and have complete protection against electrostatic discharge (ESD) at their inputs.

ACL IN A NUTSHELL

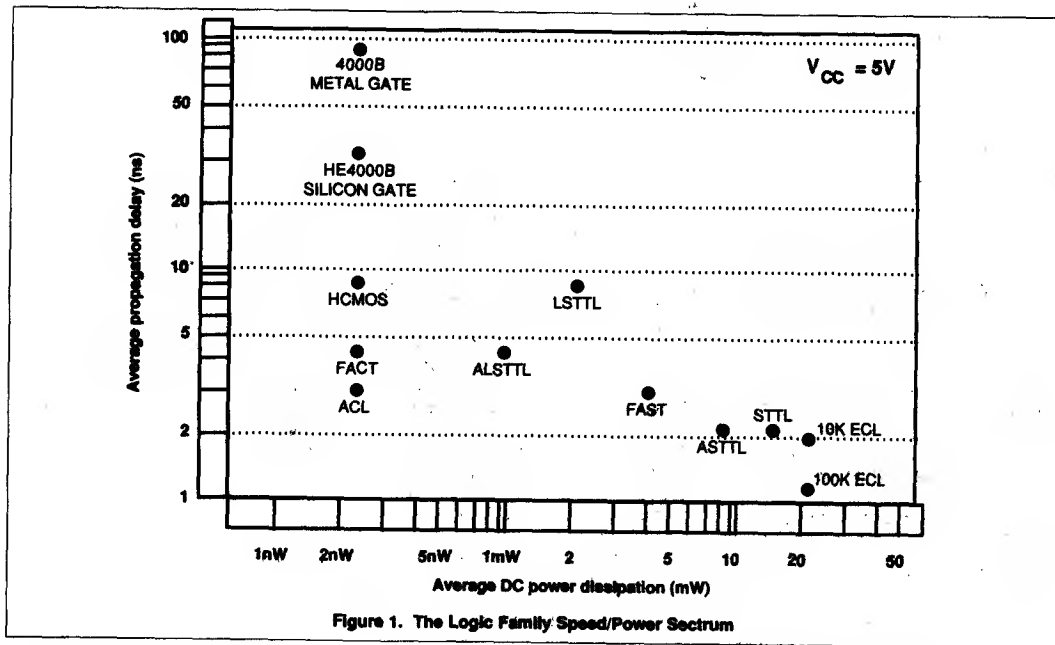
ACL has all the well-known attributes of our HCMOS family combined with faster operation and increased drive capability. Here are 14 reasons why Signetics is head and shoulders above the rest:

- A comprehensive type range from simple gates to shift registers and counters
- All types available in 74AC versions

(CMOS input levels) and 74ACT versions (TTL input levels)

- All types available in SO (small outline) packages as well as in DIP, so you can use surface-mount techniques to increase pcb packing density. The 14 and 16-pin SO packages are the narrower 150mil (3.8mm) versions and are available on 16mm tape on 13 inch diameters reels (2500 ICs). The 16, 20, 24 and 28-pin SO packages are 300mil (7.6mm) wide and are available on 24mm tape with 1000 ICs on a 13 inch reel. The body width of all the DIP packages (14 to 28 pins) is 300mil (7.6mm).
- Completely latch-up free and fully ESD protected up to ±2kV (human body model) at all inputs and outputs.
- Low power dissipation. Typical quiescent current per package is only a few nanoamps for gates, flip-flops and MSI. Typical counter operating current with a 5V supply is 250µA at 1MHz and increases linearly with frequency.
- 24mA sink/source current. For incident wave switching 74AC/ACT types can provide ±75mA (for driving a 50Ω load).
- ACL input current is only 1µA in the High or Low state. This is essentially zero compared with the input current of TTL technologies. The fan-out to other CMOS ICs is therefore only limited by load capacitance considerations and not by DC loads.
- More than three times the noise immunity of TTL. Input switching levels are between 30% and 70% of V_{CC} for 74AC types and between 0.8V and 2V for 74ACT types. The output swing for all ACL ICs is from 0.1V to V_{CC} -0.1V with a load of 50µA (fifty ACL inputs), and from 0.5V to V_{CC} -0.8V with a load of ±24mA.
- The input switching threshold level is subject to a variation of only ±60mV over the entire temperature range, much less than the ±300mV

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- specified for advanced TTL families.
- Wide supply voltage range. AC versions are specified with a supply from 3V to 5.5V (the internal logic state is maintained down to 2V). Battery back-up is no problem and automotive applications are possible. TTI-compatible ACT versions are specified with a supply of $5V \pm 10\%$.
- With a 5V supply, average propagation delay for a gate is 5ns for either High-to-Low or Low-to-High transitions into a capacitive load of 50pF. On-chip propagation delay for gates is only 0.5ns. Typical operating frequency is up to 150MHz at 25°C and t_{MAX} is simply specified with a 50% duty factor.
- Outputs have edge control circuits to reduce the effective dv/dt, thereby further reducing switching noise. The output buffers are standardized to allow symmetrical output current sourcing and sinking for equal output rise and fall times. This results in simplified design combined with optimum speed and AC performance.
- Center supply pins and flowthrough architecture to minimize ground and supply rail glitches during simultane-

ous switching of outputs, and to simplify board layout.

- All ACL critical inputs have a new patented dynamic hysteresis to make them less susceptible to slow input edges. (A critical input is considered an input which controls more than one output.)
- Extensive customer support is available.
- Signetics ACL ICs are alternate-source by TI.

A CLOSER LOOK AT ACL

Supply Voltage

ACL circuits with the type number prefix 74AC operate from a supply voltage range of 3V to 5.5V which meets the new industry JEDEC standard No. 8 which specifies $3.3V \pm 0.3V$ for regulated power supply systems. The internal logic of 74AC circuits will, however, maintain its state with a supply voltage as low as 2V. This facilitates the use of a lithium battery as a back-up supply. ACL circuits with the type number prefix 74ACT operate from a supply voltage of $5V \pm 10\%$ which is consistent with the supply voltage for the TTL logic circuits with which they are intended to interface.

Power Dissipation

One of the most important requirements for any logic system is low power dissipation because it minimizes system cost, allows higher packing density, and results in improved reliability because of lower operating temperature.

The typical quiescent power dissipation of an ACL gate (2.5mW) is more than six orders of magnitude less than that of bipolar TTL functions. This is because, unlike TTL circuits, CMOS circuits dissipate only negligible power due to leakage currents when they are not switching. The maximum quiescent current per ACL package for SSI (40μA) is less than 1% of that of an equivalent TTL package with 50% of the gates in the High state. The typical dynamic power dissipation of ACL gates is also very low. With 50pF load and a 5V supply, it is 0.18mW at 100kHz rising to only 18mW at 10MHz, two-thirds of which is dissipated in the load capacitance. This is considerably lower than that of the fastest TTL circuits, particularly at lower frequencies where their high quiescent current predominates over their dynamic current.

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The power cross-over frequency where ACL and TTL dissipate the same power is about 10MHz for a gate, and more than 20MHz for a flip-flop. However, in a practical logic system, only a few of the logic elements operate at the maximum clock frequency, so the average operating frequency is much lower, giving ACL ICs an even greater advantage over advanced TTL. In a more complex system comprising a divider chain of six flip-flops, the power cross-over frequency no longer exists. At 30MHz, ACL still dissipates only one sixth of the equivalent advanced TTL dissipation. If the divider chain is lengthened, or the system complexity increased, the power saving increases even more.

Propagation Delay

The on-chip propagation for a single ACL gate is only 0.5ns. For an entire ACL package with a 50pF load, it is 5ns average for High-to-Low or Low-to-High transitions. Moreover, propagation delay is specified over the entire operating temperature range and at two system supply voltages ($3.3V \pm 0.3V$ and $5V \pm 0.5V$). For user convenience, we also specify the minimum propagation delay. The specified limits are comparable to those for the most advanced TTL logic. The AC characteristics of ACL are improved by standardized output buffers which allow equal rise and fall times. The typical switching frequency limit for ACL is 150MHz at 25°C

and is specified with a 50% duty factor so you don't have to tweak the pulse widths as you do with TTL. Due to the high drive current capability of the low impedance ACL outputs, propagation delay variation as a function of load capacitance is much less than that of most other logic ICs.

Noise Immunity

The input switching levels for 74AC ICs are always between 30% and 70% of V_{CC} . Output swing is from 0.1V to V_{CC} with a load of 50 μ A (50 CMOS inputs). For 74AC circuits driving 50 CMOS inputs, the low- and high-level noise immunity with a 4.5V supply is, therefore, 28% of V_{CC} . It is even greater for a higher supply voltage. 74ACT ICs match the Low-level noise immunity of TTL at higher operating temperatures (up to 85°C) and exceed it at 70°C. The High-level noise immunity is three times that of TTL. ACL ICs are, therefore, ideally suited for use in electrically noisy environments such as those encountered in industry, telephony and automotive applications.

Drive Capability

Although the ACL family has the low input current which is a characteristic of CMOS circuits, it is capable of providing output current of up to 24mA without sacrifice of noise immunity or switching speed. Moreover, unlike the fastest TTL circuits, all ACL ICs have standardized output

buffers which allow symmetrical output current sinking and sourcing to obtain equal rise and fall times. This simplifies design and results in optimum speed and AC performance.

The drive current specified for ACL is valid over the entire operating temperature range and, since the input current for ACL circuits is only 1 μ A in the High or Low state, the fan-out when driving other CMOS circuits is only limited by load capacitance considerations and not by the available drive power. However, in the fastest logic systems, ACL will probably be working in a transmission line environment where its low output resistance (20 Ω max.) is of particular significance for reducing a system's susceptibility to crosstalk and induced noise, and for guaranteeing incident wave switching to optimize system speed. For example, to guarantee incident wave switching over the commercial temperature range, the sink/source capability of ACL is 75mA at $V_{OZ}=1.65V$ which allows terminated lines with a characteristic impedance down to 50 Ω to be driven at the maximum supply voltage.

ESD Protection

The ACL input network shown in Figure 2(a) incorporates reverse-biased diodes between the positive rail, input pins and ground in order to clamp the input voltage to provide ESD protection and limit the amplitude of any ringing. These diodes have typical forward voltage drops of 0.9V and reverse breakdown voltages of 18V. ACL inputs can withstand ESD of greater than $\pm 2kV$ from the 'human body model' (1.5k Ω , 100pF, 13ns pulse rise time) shown in Figure 2(b). This meets MIL-STD-883B, Method 3015.

Large inherent diodes formed by the drain surfaces of ACL output transistors provide protection and allow discharges up to 2kV to be sustained without damage to outputs.

ACL is Latch-up Free

Latch-up can be reduced by the use of extensive guard rings, but at the expense of increased chip area. In our ACL family, we've completely eliminated latch-up by growing the high-resistivity p⁺ epitaxial layer on a very low-resistivity p⁺ layer and thereby prevents parasitic bipolar transistors from being forward biased. This, plus proprietary layout rules and process parameters that even further reduce the

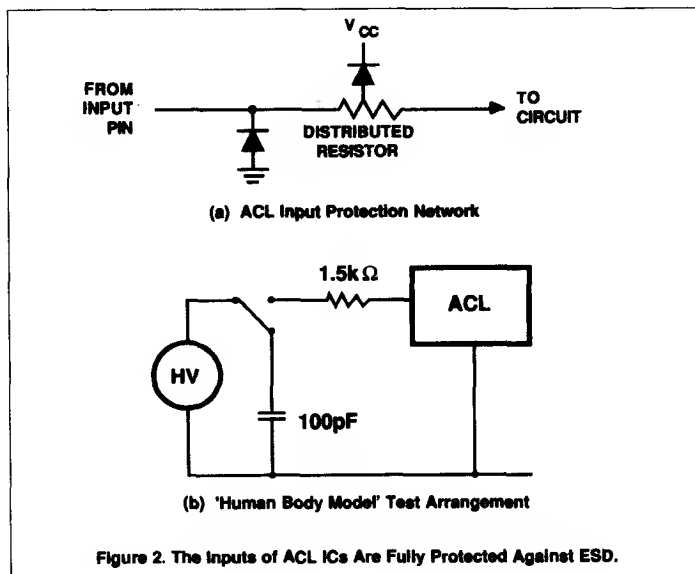


Figure 2. The Inputs of ACL ICs Are Fully Protected Against ESD.

Introduction

gain of the parasitic bipolar transistors, means that our ACL ICs are completely latch-up free.

We've subjected our ACL ICs to latch-up tests with ratings far exceeding those specified by JEDEC. In no case did latch-up occur. For example, input/outputs can withstand currents as high as 100mA DC or 450mA pulsed. V_{CC} breakdown for ACL ICs doesn't occur until a supply current of 6.8mA; this requires a supply voltage of more than 21V. After breakdown, the supply voltage always snaps back to a level far greater than the maximum operating supply voltage. So, latch-up will not occur in the event of severe supply over voltage.

74ACT - FOR INTERFACING WITH TTL

Since the entire type range of ACL ICs is also available in 74ACT versions, it is easy to drive ACL from ALSTTL, ASTTL or FAST-TTL outputs without using power consuming pull-up resistors at the bipolar logic outputs to maintain adequate noise margins.

All the advantages previously described for 74AC ICs naturally also apply to the 74ACT versions. The only differences are that the propagation delay is slightly longer and the nominal supply voltage

and the input structure of the 74ACT types have been modified to match TTL characteristics. The modified input structure not only adapts to TTL input switching levels, but also reduces power consumption when a minimum TTL High output level of 2.4V is applied to a 74ACT input.

For TTL compatibility, the supply voltages for 74ACT ICs is $5V \pm 10\%$. Unlike 74AC ICs which have an input switching threshold of 50% of V_{CC} , the input switching threshold of 74ACT types is 1.5V and the inputs switch between the same levels as TTL ($V_{ILmax} = 0.8V$, $V_{IHmin} = 2V$). The temperature sensitivity of the input switching threshold, however, is only $\pm 60mV$ over the entire temperature range, so the noise margins also remain very stable over the temperature range. With a 4.5V supply and an output current of 50 μA (50 ACL inputs), a 74ACT output swings between 0.1V and $V_{CC} - 0.1V$. With the maximum output current of 24mA, it swings between 0.5V and $V_{CC} - 0.8V$. So, for a 74ACT IC with a 4.5V supply driving fifty ACL inputs, the noise margins are 53% of V_{CC} (High) and 15.5% of V_{CC} (Low). For a similar LSTTL IC, they would be only 15% of V_{CC} (High) and 8% of V_{CC} (Low). Even when a 74ACT IC is delivering 24mA, the noise margins are 42% of V_{CC} (High) and 6.6% of V_{CC} (Low).

ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MAKES IT POSSIBLE

The 10-mask ACL construction is a result of our continuing development program to enhance the proven polycrystalline silicon (polysilicon) gate CMOS process. It incorporates several technological innovations for increasing packing density, speed, and reliability.

The twin-well p/n⁺ structure and double-layer metal interconnects allow a high packing density which will also facilitate development of future MSI/LSI circuitry.

Three main features contribute to the exceptionally high speed of ACL. Firstly, the effective length of the transistor gate is only 1 μm , resulting in an on-chip propagation delay of only 0.5ns. Secondly, there is a self-aligning titanium disilicide (salicide) layer on the source gate and drain to reduce series resistance and to reduce contact resistance between the 2-layer metal interconnects and the junctions. Thirdly, oxidation of the sidewalls of the gate minimizes the gate/source and gate/drain capacitances.

Reliability is assured by using copper-doped aluminum on tungsten interconnects to achieve high resistance to electromigration. A very thin titanium layer below the tungsten promotes adhesion to

SAFE DRIVING-INTERFACE REQUIREMENTS

Safe driving-interface requirements		TO					
		HC/AC 5V supply	HCT/ACT 5V supply	HE4000B 5V supply	HE4000B 6-15 V supply	TTL* 5V supply	ECL 10K
	HC/AC 5V supply	direct	direct	direct	4104	direct	10124
	HCT/ACT 5V supply	direct	direct	direct	4104	direct	10124
	HE4000B 5V supply	direct	direct	direct	4104	direct	10124
	HE4000B 6-15V supply	4049 or 4050	4049 or 4050	4049 or 4050	direct	4049 or 4050	transistor
	TTL* 5V supply	pull-up resistor	direct	pull-up resistor	4104	direct	10124
	ECL 10K	10125	10125	10125	transistor	10124	direct

* Includes LS, S, STD, FAST, ALS and AS

NOTES:

direct = without interface components

4104 = Low-to-High level shifters from the HE4000B family

10124 = TTL to ECL translator from the ECL 10K and 100K families

10125 = ECL to TTL translator from the ECL 10K and 100K families

4049/4050 = High-to-Low level shifters from the HE4000B family

Introduction

the underlying oxide. Furthermore, a p epitaxial layer on a low-resistivity p⁺ substrate results in a high degree of latch-up immunity.

NEW PINOUTS FOR ACL ADD RELIABILITY AND SIMPLIFY DESIGN

The fast rise and fall times associated with high speed logic can lead to noise problems when one or more outputs of an IC switch from one logic state to another. As shown in Figure 3 this discharges the load capacitances through the internal supply pin inductance, thereby causing a transient that lifts up the on-chip ground and reduces the effective supply voltage to the chip. The problems are particularly severe in CMOS logic in which the outputs can switch almost from one supply rail to the other. Referred to as simultaneous switching noise, the transient appears on any unswitched output(s) of the switching IC and has a peak amplitude directly proportional to the number of outputs simultaneously switched and to the internal inductance associated with the IC supply connections. This lifting up of the GND and consequent reduction of V_{CC} levels degrades system reliability by reducing noise margins, reducing speed, causing loss of stored data and causing false switching.

It is a common misconception that supply decoupling capacitors located adjacent to each IC will eliminate simultaneous

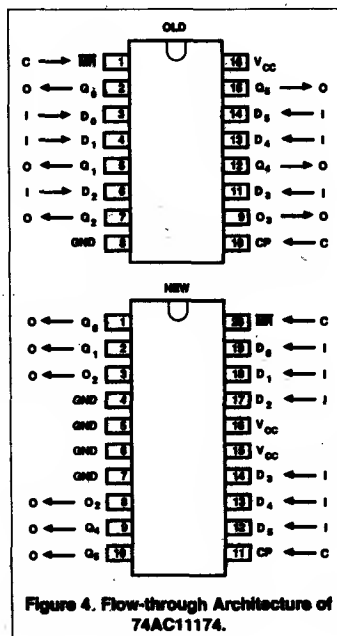
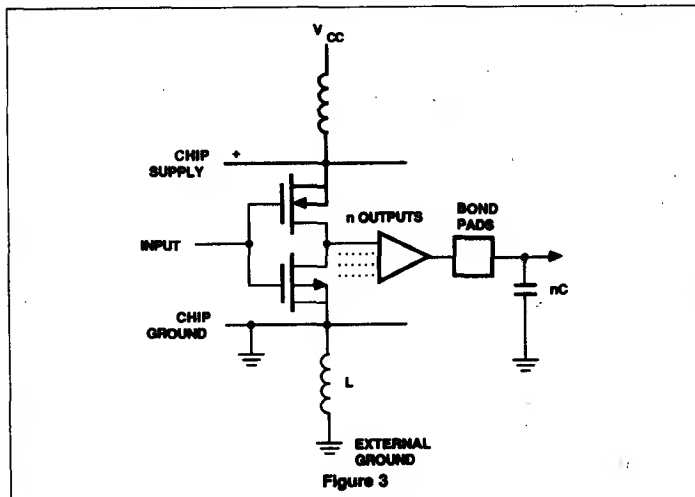
output switching transients. The output capacitance discharge noise is related to the absolute inductance of the supply connection between the chip in the IC and the external supply groundplane. Since multilayer boards provide excellent supply and groundplanes, improvement can only be achieved by manufacturers taking measures to reduce the supply lead inductances within the IC. Supply line decoupling should be similar to that used for TTL systems operating at comparable speed.

In the early days of integrated logic, IC manufacturers were forced to position the supply pins at diagonally opposite corners of the package because of layout restrictions imposed by single-sided print-boards which were in universal use at that time. However, in today's world of double-sided and multilayer print-boards and much faster logic, placing the supply pins at diagonally opposite corners of the package where the long bonding wires and lead frame segments have the maximum inductance can no longer be considered to be good engineering practice because it's the worst possible positioning from the point of view of simultaneous switching noise. So, for our ACL ICs, we've decided that optimum reliability is far more important than pin compatibility with TTL, and we've relocated the GND and V_{CC} pins; 16-pin ICs with 3 or 4 outputs have two GND pins and two V_{CC} pins; 20, 24 and 28-pin ICs with 3 or more

outputs have four GND pins and two V_{CC} pins.

Tests performed on our octal ACL ICs with the new pinning reveal that, when seven outputs are simultaneously switched from High to Low, the amplitude of simultaneous switching noise stays well below the Low input switching level and is only about 35% of that for an IC with corner GND and V_{CC} pins.

We've also rationalized the positioning of the I/O and control pinning of ACL ICs as shown in Figure 4. All the inputs surround the V_{CC} pin(s) on the side of the package with the highest pin numbers, and all the outputs surround the GND pin(s) on the other side of the package. The control pins are strategically placed at the corners of the package. This ACL flow-through architecture, which is used for all ACL ICs in both DIP and SO packages, reduces the total inductance of outputs (bonding wire plus lead frame and output pin) between the chip and the pcb tracks. It also facilitates positioning of decoupling components, simplifies pcb design and fault-finding, and decreases the area of pcb required.



Numeric Index

TYPE NO.	NO. OF PINS	DESCRIPTION	CLASSIFICATION	PAGE
74AC/ACT11000	16	Quad 2-Input NAND Gate	SSI	5-3
74AC/ACT11002	16	Quad 2-Input NOR Gate	SSI	5-7
74AC/ACT11004	20	Hex Inverter	SSI	5-11
74AC/ACT11008	16	Quad 2-Input AND Gate	SSI	5-15
74AC/ACT11010	18	Triple 3-Input NAND Gate	SSI	5-19
74AC/ACT11011	18	Triple 3-Input AND Gate	SSI	5-23
74AC/ACT11013	14	Dual 4-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger	SSI	5-27
74AC/ACT11014	20	Hex Inverter Schmitt-Trigger	SSI	5-31
74AC/ACT11020	14	Dual 4-Input NAND Gate	SSI	5-35
74AC/ACT11021	14	Dual 4-Input AND Gate	SSI	5-39
74AC/ACT11027	16	Triple 3-Input NOR Gate	SSI	5-43
74AC/ACT11030	14	8-Input NAND Gate	SSI	5-47
74AC/ACT11032	18	Quad 2-Input OR Gate	SSI	5-51
74AC/ACT11034	20	Hex Non-Inverter	SSI	5-55
74AC/ACT11074	14	Dual D-Type Flip-Flop w/Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger	SSI	5-59
74AC/ACT11088	16	Quad 2-Input Exclusive-OR Gate	SSI	5-66
74AC/ACT11109	16	Dual J-K Flip-Flop w/Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger	SSI	5-70
74AC/ACT11112	16	Dual J-K Flip-Flop w/Set and Reset; Negative-Edge Trigger	SSI	5-77
74AC/ACT11132	16	Quad 2-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger	SSI	5-84
74AC/ACT11138	16	3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-Low	MSI	5-88
74AC/ACT11139	16	Dual 2-to-4 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-Low	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11151	16	8-Input Multiplexer	MSI	5-94
74AC/ACT11153	16	Dual 4-Input Multiplexer	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11157	20	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer	MS	↑
74AC/ACT11158	20	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer, INV	MSI	5-100
74AC/ACT11160	20	Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset	MSI	5-105
74AC/ACT11161	20	Synchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Counter; Asynchronous Reset	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11162	20	Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset	MS	5-115
74AC/ACT11163	20	Synchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Counter; Synchronous Reset	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11168	20	Synchronous Up/Down BCD Decade Counter	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11169	20	Synchronous Presettable 4-Bit Up/Down Binary Decade Counter	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11174	20	Hex D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11175	20	Quad D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger	MSI	5-124
74AC/ACT11181	26	4-Bit Arithmetic Logic Unit	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11190	20	Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock	MSI	5-131
74AC/ACT11191	20	Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock	MS	5-142
74AC/ACT11192	20	Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Up/Down Counter w/Dual Clock	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11193	20	Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Dual Clock	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11194	20	4-Bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register	MSI	5-153
74AC/ACT11238	16	3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-High	MSI	5-161
74AC/ACT11239	16	Dual 2-to-4 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-High	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11240	24	Octal Buffer/Line Driver, INV (3-State)	MSI	5-167
74AC/ACT11241	24	Octal Buffer/Line Driver (3-State)	MS	5-171
74AC/ACT11244	24	Octal Buffer/Line Driver (3-State)	MSI	5-175
74AC/ACT11245	24	Octal Transceiver w/Direction Pin (3-State)	MSI	5-179
74AC/ACT11251	16	8-Input Multiplexer (3-State)	MSI	5-183
74AC/ACT11253	16	Dual 4-Input Multiplexer (3-State)	MS	5-189
74AC/ACT11257	20	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State)	MSI	5-195
74AC/ACT11258	20	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer, INV (3-State)	MSI	5-201
74AC/ACT11269	26	Synchronous Presettable 6-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11280	14	9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker	MSI	5-207
74AC/ACT11286	14	9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker w/Bus Drive I/O Port	MSI	5-212
74AC/ACT11299	24	8-Input Universal Shift/Storage Register w/Asynchronous Reset and Common I/O Pins	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11323	24	8-Input Universal Shift/Storage Register w/Synchronous Reset and Common I/O Pins	MSI	↑
74AC/ACT11352	16	Dual 4-Input Multiplexer, INV	MSI	↑

↑ For more information on these devices contact your local sales organization; see addresses on back cover.

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TYPE NO.	NO. OF PINS	DESCRIPTION	CLASSIFICATION	PAGE
74AC/ACT11353	16	Dual 4-Input Multiplexer, INV (3-State)	MSI	5-218
74AC/ACT11373	24	Octal D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State)	MS	5-224
74AC/ACT11374	24	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger: 3-State	MSI	5-231
74AC/ACT11378	20	Hex D-Type Flip-Flop w/Enable; Positive-Edge Trigger	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11379	20	Quad D-Type Flip-Flop w/Data Enable	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11520	20	8-Bit Identity Comparator w/Input Pull-Up	MS	5-237
74AC/ACT11521	20	8-Bit Identity Comparator	MSI	5-242
74AC/ACT11533	24	Octal D-Type Transparent Latch, INV (3-State)	MSI	5-247
74AC/ACT11534	24	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger, INV (3-State)	MS	5-254
74AC/ACT11568	24	Synch. Presettable BCD Decade Up/Down Counter w/Synch. and Asynch. Reset	MS	†
74AC/ACT11569	24	Synch. Presettable 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Synch. and Asynch. Reset	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11579	24	8-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Common I/O Pins; Synch. and Asynch. Reset (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11620	24	Octal Transceiver w/Dual Enable: 3-State, INV	MS	†
74AC/ACT11623	24	Octal Transceiver w/Dual Enable (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11640	24	Octal Transceiver w/Direction Pin, INV (3-State)	MSI	5-260
74AC/ACT11643	24	Octal Transceiver (3-State); True/INV	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11646	28	Octal Transceiver/Register w/Direction Pin (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11648	28	Octal Transceiver/Register w/Direction Pin, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11651	28	Octal Transceiver/Register w/Dual Enable, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11852	28	Octal Transceiver/Register w/Dual Enable (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11857	28	Octal Transceiver w/8-Bit Parity Checker/Generator	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11810	18	Quad 2-Input Exclusive-NOR Gate	SSI	5-264
74AC/ACT11818	28	8-Bit Diagnostic/Pipe-Line Register	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11819	28	8-Bit Diagnostic/Pipe-Line Register w/Parity Even Output	MS	†
74AC/ACT11821	28	10-Wide D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11822	28	10-Wide D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State); , INV	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11823	28	9-Wide D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset and Enable; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11824	28	9-Wide D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset and Enable; Positive-Edge Trigger, INV (3-State)	MS	†
74AC/ACT11825	28	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset and Enable; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11826	28	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset and Enable; Positive-Edge Trigger, INV (3-State)	MS	†
74AC/ACT11827	28	10-Wide Buffer/Line Driver (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11828	28	10-Wide Buffer/Line Driver, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11833	28	8-Bit Transceiver w/9-Bit Parity Checker/Generator and Error Flip-Flop	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11834	28	8-Bit, INV Transceiver w/9-Bit Parity Checker/Generator and Error Flip-Flop	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11841	28	10-Wide D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11842	28	10-Wide D-Type Transparent Latch, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11843	28	9-Wide D-Type Transparent Latch w/Set and Reset (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11844	28	9-Wide D-Type Transparent Latch w/Set and Reset, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11845	28	Octal D-Type Transparent Latch w/Set and Reset (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11846	28	Octal D-Type Transparent Latch w/Set and Reset, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11853	28	8-Bit Transceiver w/9-Bit Parity Checker/Generator and Error Flag Latch	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11854	28	8-Bit INV Transceiver with 9-Bit Parity Checker/Generator and Error Flag Latch	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11861	28	10-Wide Transceiver (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11862	28	10-Wide Transceiver (3-State); , INV	MS	†
74AC/ACT11863	28	9-Wide Transceiver: 3-State	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11864	28	9-Wide Transceiver, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11873	28	Dual D-Type 4-Bit Transparent Latch w/Reset (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11874	28	Dual D-Type 4-Bit Flip-Flop Latch w/Reset (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11861	28	4-Bit Arithmetic Logic Unit w/Status Check Register	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11882	28	32-Bit Look-Ahead Carry Generator	MS	†
74AC/ACT11898	20	10-Bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register	MSI	5-268

† For more information on these devices contact your local sales organization; see addresses on back cover.

Functional Index

ACL 74AC/ACT11XXX FAMILY

Type numbers have a suffix which signifies the type of package:
N = Plastic DIP; D = Plastic Surface Mount Device

TYPE NO.	NO. OF PINS	DESCRIPTION	CLASSIFI- CATION	PAGE
NAND/NOR Gates				
74AC/ACT11000	16	Quad 2-input NAND Gate	SSI	5-3
74AC/ACT11002	16	Quad 2-input NOR Gate	SSI	5-7
74AC/ACT11010	16	Triple 3-input NAND Gate	SSI	5-19
74AC/ACT11013	14	Dual 4-input NAND Schmitt Trigger	SSI	5-27
74AC/ACT11020	14	Dual 4-input NAND Gate	SSI	5-35
74AC/ACT11027	16	Triple 3-input NOR Gate	SSI	5-43
74AC/ACT11030	14	8-input NAND Gate	SSI	5-47
74AC/ACT11132	16	Quad 2-input NAND Schmitt Trigger	SSI	5-84
AND/OR Gates				
74AC/ACT11008	16	Quad 2-input AND Gate	SSI	5-15
74AC/ACT11011	16	Triple 3-input AND Gate	SSI	5-23
74AC/ACT11021	14	Dual 4-input AND Gate	SSI	5-39
74AC/ACT11032	16	Quad 2-input OR Gate	SSI	5-51
74AC/ACT11086	16	Quad 2-input Exclusive-OR Gate	SSI	5-66
74AC/ACT11610	16	Quad 2-input Exclusive-NOR Gate	SSI	5-284
Inverters/Buffers/Line Drivers				
74AC/ACT11004	20	Hex Inverter	SSI	5-11
74AC/ACT11014	20	Hex Inverter Schmitt Trigger	SSI	5-31
74AC/ACT11034	20	Hex Non-Inverter	SSI	5-55
74AC/ACT11240	24	Octal Buffer/Line Driver, INV (3-State)	MSI	5-167
74AC/ACT11241	24	Octal Buffer/Line Driver (3-State)	MSI	5-171
74AC/ACT11244	24	Octal Buffer/Line Driver (3-State)	MSI	5-175
74AC/ACT11827	28	10-Wide Buffer/Line Driver (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11828	28	10-Wide Buffer/Line Driver, INV (3-State)	MSI	†

† For more information on these devices contact your local sales organization; see addresses on back cover.

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ACL 74AC/ACT11XXX FAMILY

Type numbers have a suffix which signifies the type of package:
N = Plastic DIP; D = Plastic Surface Mount Device

TYPE NO.	NO. OF PINS	DESCRIPTION	CLASSIFICATION	PAGE
Flip-Flops/Latches				
74AC/ACT11074	14	Dual D-Type Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger	SSI	5-59
74AC/ACT11109	16	Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger	SSI	5-70
74AC/ACT11112	18	Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Negative-Edge Trigger	SSI	5-77
74AC/ACT11174	20	Hex D-Type Flip-Flop with Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11175	20	Quad D-Type Flip-Flop with Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger	MSI	5-124
74AC/ACT11373	24	Octal D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State)	MSI	5-224
74AC/ACT11374	24	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State)	MSI	5-231
74AC/ACT11374	24	Hex D-Type Flip-Flop with Enable; Positive-Edge Trigger	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11378	20	Quad D-Type Flip-Flop with Data Enable	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11379	20	Quad D-Type Flip-Flop with Data Enable	MSI	5-247
74AC/ACT11533	24	Octal D-Type Transparent Latch, INV (3-State)	MSI	5-254
74AC/ACT11534	24	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11821	28	10-Wide D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11822	28	10-Wide D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11823	28	9-Wide D-Type Flip-Flop with Reset and Enable; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11824	28	9-Wide D-Type Flip-Flop with Reset and Enable; Positive-Edge Trigger, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11825	28	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop with Reset and Enable; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11826	28	Octal D-Type Flip-Flop with Reset and Enable; Positive-Edge Trigger, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11841	28	10-Wide D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11842	28	10-Wide D-Type Transparent Latch, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11843	28	9-Wide D-Type Transparent Latch with Set and Reset (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11844	28	9-Wide D-Type Transparent Latch with Set and Reset, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11845	28	Octal D-Type Transparent Latch with Set and Reset (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11846	28	Octal D-Type Transparent Latch with Set and Reset, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11873	28	Dual D-Type 4-Bit Transparent Latch with Reset (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11874	28	Dual D-Type 4-Bit Flip-Flop Latch with Reset (3-State)	MSI	†
Registers				
74AC/ACT11194	20	4-Bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register	MSI	5-153
74AC/ACT11299	24	8-Input Universal Shift/Storage Register with Asynchronous Reset and Common I/O Pins	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11323	24	8-Input Universal Shift/Storage Register with Synchronous Reset and Common I/O Pins	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11818	28	8-Bit Diagnostic/Pipe-Line Register	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11819	28	8-Bit Diagnostic/Pipe-Line Register with Parity Even Output	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11898	20	10-Bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register	MSI	5-268
Arithmetic Circuits				
74AC/ACT11181	28	4-Bit Arithmetic Logic Unit	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11280	14	9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker	MSI	5-207
74AC/ACT11286	14	9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker with Bus Drive I/O Port	MSI	5-212
74AC/ACT11520	20	8-Bit Identity Comparator with Input Pull-Up	MSI	5-237
74AC/ACT11521	20	8-Bit Identity Comparator	MSI	5-242
74AC/ACT11881	28	4-Bit Arithmetic Logic Unit with Status Check Register	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11882	28	32-Bit Look-Ahead Carry Generator	MSI	†

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Introduction

ACL 74AC/ACT11XXX FAMILY

Type numbers have a suffix which signifies the type of package:
N = Plastic DIP; D = Plastic Surface Mount Device

TYPE NO.	NO. OF PINS	DESCRIPTION	CLASSIFICATION	PAGE
Counters				
74AC/ACT11160	20	Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset	MSI	5-105
74AC/ACT11181	20	Synchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Counter; Asynchronous Reset	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11162	20	Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset	MSI	5-115
74AC/ACT11163	20	Synchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Counter; Synchronous Reset	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11168	20	Synchronous Up/Down BCD Decade Counter	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11169	20	Synchronous Presettable 4-Bit Up/Down Binary Decade Counter	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11190	20	Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter with Single Clock	MSI	5-131
74AC/ACT11191	20	Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter with Single Clock	MSI	5-142
74AC/ACT11192	20	Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Up/Down Counter with Dual Clock	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11193	20	Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter with Dual Clock	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11269	28	Synchronous Presettable 8-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11568	24	Sync. Presettable BCD Decade Up/Down Counter with Synch. and Asynch. Reset	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11569	24	Synch. Presettable 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter with Synch. and Asynch. Reset	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11579	24	8-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter with Common I/O Pins; Synch. and Asynch. Reset (3-State)	MSI	†
Multiplexers				
74AC/ACT11151	18	8-Input Multiplexer	MSI	5-94
74AC/ACT11153	18	Dual 4-Input Multiplexer	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11157	20	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11158	20	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer, INV	MSI	5-100
74AC/ACT11251	18	8-Input Multiplexer (3-State)	MSI	5-183
74AC/ACT11253	16	Dual 4-Input Multiplexer (3-State)	MSI	5-189
74AC/ACT11257	20	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State)	MSI	5-195
74AC/ACT11258	20	Quad 2-Input Multiplexer, INV (3-State)	MSI	5-201
74AC/ACT11352	16	Dual 4-Input Multiplexer, INV	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11353	16	Dual 4-Input Multiplexer, INV (3-State)	MSI	5-218
Decoder/Demultiplexers				
74AC/ACT11138	16	3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-Low	MSI	5-88
74AC/ACT11139	16	Dual 2-to-4 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-Low	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11238	16	3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-High	MSI	5-161
74AC/ACT11239	16	Dual 2-to-4 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-High	MSI	†
Transceivers				
74AC/ACT11245	24	Octal Transceiver with Direction Pin (3-State)	MSI	5-109
74AC/ACT11820	24	Octal Transceiver with Dual Enable, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11823	24	Octal Transceiver with Dual Enable (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11640	24	Octal Transceiver with Direction Pin, INV (3-State)	MSI	5-260
74AC/ACT11643	24	Octal Transceiver (3-State); True/INV	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11646	28	Octal Transceiver/Register with Direction Pin (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11648	28	Octal Transceiver/Register with Direction Pin, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11651	28	Octal Transceiver/Register with Dual Enable, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11652	28	Octal Transceiver/Register with Dual Enable (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11657	28	Octal Transceiver with 8-Bit Parity Checker/Generator	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11833	28	8-Bit Transceiver with 9-Bit Parity Checker/Generator and Error Flip-Flop	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11834	28	8-Bit INV Transceiver with 9-Bit Parity Checker/Generator and Error Flip-Flop	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11853	28	8-Bit Transceiver with 9-Bit Parity Checker/Generator and Error Flag Latch	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11854	28	8-Bit INV Transceiver with 9-Bit Parity Checker/Generator and Error Flag Latch	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11861	28	10-Wide Transceiver (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11862	28	10-Wide Transceiver, INV (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11863	28	9-Wide Transceiver (3-State)	MSI	†
74AC/ACT11864	28	9-Wide Transceiver, INV (3-State)	MSI	†

† For more information on these devices contact your local sales organization; see addresses on back cover.

Introduction

ACL 74AC/ACT11XXX FAMILY

Type numbers have a suffix which signifies the type of package:

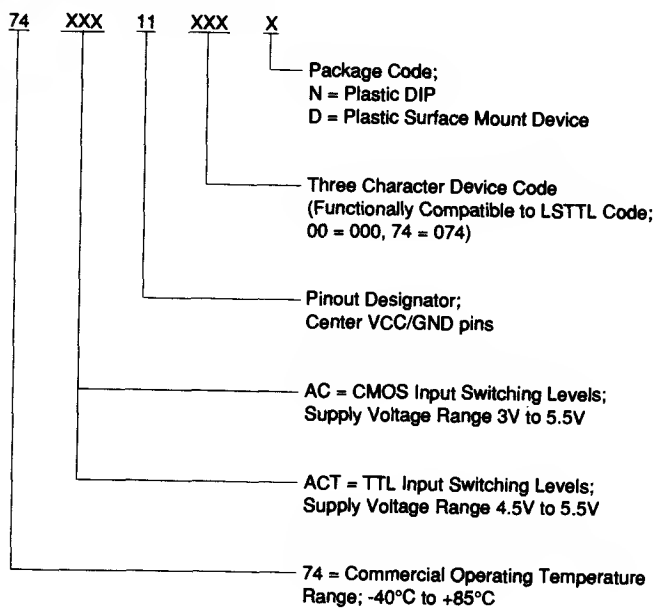
N = Plastic DIP; D = Plastic Surface Mount Device

TYPE NO.	NO. OF PINS	DESCRIPTION	CLASSIFI- CATION	PAGE
Schmitt-Triggers				
74AC/ACT11013	14	Dual 4-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger	SSI	5-27
74AC/ACT11014	20	Hex Inverter Schmitt Trigger	SSI	5-31
74AC/ACT11132	16	Quad 2-Input NAND Schmitt Trigger	SSI	5-84

† For more information on these devices contact your local sales organization; see addresses on back cover.

Ordering Information

TYPE NUMBER DESIGNATIONS





Section 2

Quality And Reliability

Quality And Reliability

SIGNETICS LOGIC PRODUCTS QUALITY

Signetics has put together a winning process for manufacturing Logic Products. Our standard is zero defects, and current customer quality statistics demonstrate our commitment to this goal.

The products produced in the Standard Products Division must meet rigid criteria as defined by our design rules and evaluated with a thorough product characterization and quality process. The capabilities of our manufacturing process are measured and the results evaluated and reported through our corporate-wide QA05 data base system. The SURE (Systematic And Uniform Reliability Evaluation) Program monitors the performance of our product in a variety of accelerated environmental stress conditions. All of these programs and systems are intended to prevent problems and to inform our customers and employees of our progress in achieving zero defects.

RELIABILITY BEGINS WITH THE DESIGN

Quality and reliability must begin with design. No amount of extra testing or inspection will produce reliable ICs from a design that is inherently unreliable. Signetics follows very strict design and layout practices with its circuits. To eliminate the possibility of metal migration, current density in any path cannot exceed 2×10^5 A/cm². Layout rules are followed to minimize the possibility of shorts, circuit anomalies, and SCR type latch-up effects. Numerous ground-to-substrate connections are required to ensure that the entire chip is at the same ground potential, thereby precluding internal noise problems.

PRODUCT CHARACTERIZATION

Before a new design is released, the characterization phase is completed to ensure that the distribution of parameters resulting from lot-to-lot variations is well within specified

limits. Such extensive characterization data also provides a basis for identifying unique application-related problems which are not part of normal data sheet guarantees. Characterization takes place from -55°C to +125°C and at $\pm 10\%$ supply voltage.

QUALIFICATION

Formal qualification procedures are required for all new or changed products, processes, and facilities. These procedures ensure the high level of product reliability our customers expect. New facilities are qualified by corporate groups as well as by the quality organizations of specific units that will operate in the facility. After qualification, products manufactured by the new facility are subjected to highly accelerated environmental stresses to ensure that they can meet rigorous failure rate requirements. New or changed processes are similarly qualified.

QA05 - QUALITY DATA BASE REPORTING SYSTEM

The QA05 data reporting system collects the results of product assurance testing on all finished lots and feeds this data back to concerned organizations where appropriate action can be taken. The QA05 reports EPQ (Estimated Process Quality) results for electrical, visual/mechanical, hermeticity, and documentation audits. Data from this system is available on request.

THE SURE PROGRAM

The SURE (Systematic And Uniform Reliability Evaluation) Program audits/monitors products from all Signetics' divisions under a variety of accelerated environmental stress conditions. This program, first introduced in 1964, has evolved to suit changing product complexities and performance requirements.

The SURE Program has two major functions: Long-term accelerated stress performance audit and a short-term accelerated stress monitor. In the case of Logic products, sam-

ples are selected that represent all generic product groups in all water fabrication and assembly locations.

THE LONG-TERM AUDIT

One hundred devices from each generic family are subjected to each of the following stresses every eight weeks:

- High Temperature Operating Life: $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, 1000 hours, static biased or dynamic operation, as appropriate (worst case bias configuration is chosen)
- High Temperature Storage: $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, 1000 hours
- Temperature Humidity Biased Life: 85°C , 85% relative humidity, 1000 hours, static biased
- Temperature Cycling (Air-to-Air): -85°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$, 1000 cycles

THE SHORT-TERM MONITOR

Every other week a 50-piece sample from each generic family is run to 168 hours of pressure pot (15psig, 121°C , 100% saturated steam) and 300 cycles of thermal shock (-85°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$)

In addition, each Signetics assembly plant performs SURE product monitor stresses weekly on each generic family and molded package by pin count and frame type. Fifty-piece samples are run on each stress, pressure pot to 96 hours, thermal shock to 300 cycles.

SURE REPORTS

The data from these test matrices provides a basic understanding of product capability, an indication of major failure mechanisms, and an estimated failure rate resulting from each stress. This data is published quarterly and is available to customers upon request.

Many customers use this information in lieu of running their own qualification tests, thereby eliminating time-consuming and costly additional testing.

Quality And Reliability

RELIABILITY ENGINEERING

In addition to the product performance monitors encompassed in the corporate SURE Program, Signetics' Corporate and Division Reliability Engineering departments sustain a broad range of evaluation and qualification activities.

The engineering process includes:

- Evaluation and qualification of new or changed materials, assembly/wafer-fab processes and equipment, product designs, facilities and subcontractors.
- Device or generic group failure rate studies.
- Advanced environmental stress development.
- Failure mechanism characterization and corrective action/prevention reporting.

The environmental stresses utilized in the engineering programs are similar to those utilized for the SURE monitor; however, more highly-accelerated conditions and extended durations typify the engineering projects. Additional stress systems such as biased pressure pot, power-temperature cycling, and cycle-biased temperature-humidity, are also included in the evaluation programs.

FAILURE ANALYSIS

The SURE Program and the Reliability Engineering Program both include failure analysis activities and are complemented by corporate, divisional, and plant failure analysis departments. These engineering units provide a service to our customers who desire detailed failure analysis support, and, who in turn provide Signetics with the technical understanding of the failure modes and mechanisms actually experienced in service. This information is essential in our ongoing effort to accelerate and improve our understanding of product failure mechanisms and their prevention.

ZERO DEFECTS PROGRAM

In recent years, United States industry has increasingly demanded improved product quality. We at Signetics believe that the customer has every right to expect quality products from a supplier. The benefits derived from quality products can best be summed up in the words, *lower cost of ownership*.

Those of you who invest in costly test equipment and engineering to assure that incoming products meet your specifications have a special understanding of the cost of ownership. And your cost does not end there; you are also burdened with inflated inventories, lengthened lead times, and more rework.

SIGNETICS UNDERSTANDS CUSTOMERS' NEEDS

Signetics has long had an organization of quality professionals inside all operating units, coordinated by a corporate quality department. This broad decentralized organization provides leadership, feedback, and direction for achieving a high level of quality. Special programs are targeted on specific quality issues.

In 1980 we recognized that in order to achieve outgoing levels on the order of 100PPM (parts per million), down from an industry practice of 10,000PPM, we needed to supplement our traditional quality programs with one that encompassed all activities and all levels of the company. Such unprecedented low defect levels could only be achieved by contributions from all employees; from the R and D laboratory to the shipping dock. In

short, we needed a program that would effect a total cultural change within Signetics in our attitude toward quality.

QUALITY PAYS OFF FOR OUR CUSTOMERS

Signetics' dedicated programs in product quality improvement, supplemented by close working relationships with many of our customers, have improved outgoing product quality more than twenty-fold since 1980. Signetics' high quality levels have allowed us a "ship-to-stock" program where many major customers no longer need to perform incoming inspection. Incoming product moves directly from the receiving dock to the production line, greatly accelerating throughput and reducing inventories. Other customers have pared significantly the amount of sampling done on our products. Others are beginning to adopt these cost-saving practices.

We closely monitor the electrical, visual, and mechanical quality of all our products and review each return to find and correct the cause. Since 1981, over 90% of our customers have reported a significant improvement in overall quality (see Figure 1).

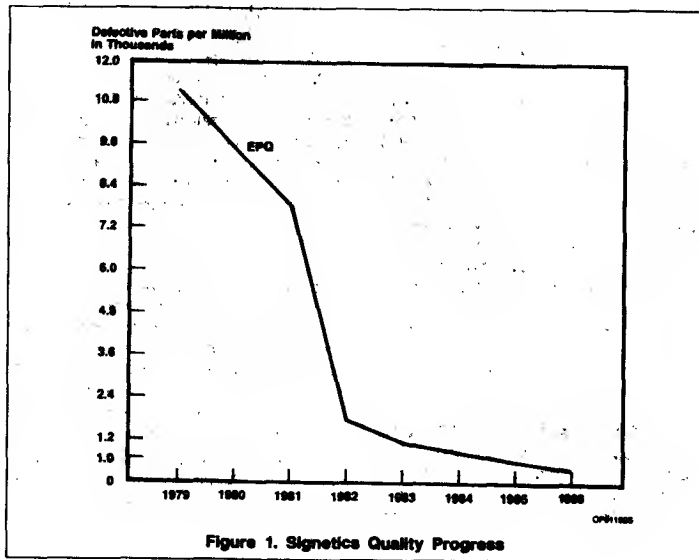
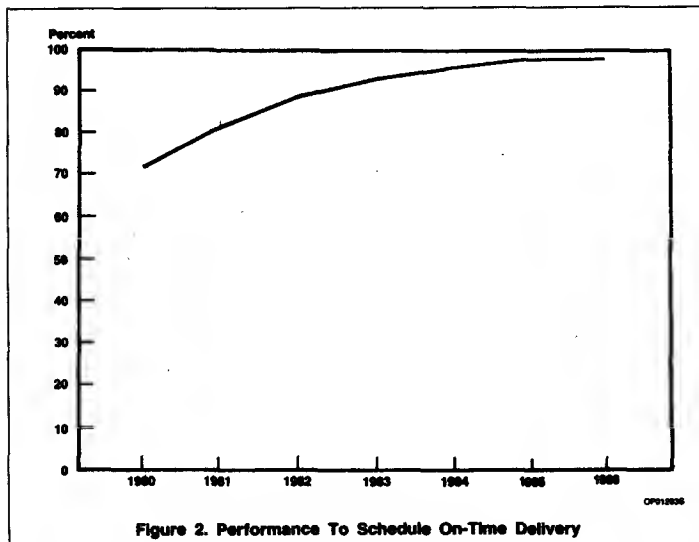


Figure 1. Signetics Quality Progress



At Signetics, quality means more than working circuits. It means on-time delivery of the right product at the agreed upon price (see Figure 2).

ONGOING QUALITY PROGRAM

The Quality Improvement Program at Signetics is based on "Do it Right the First Time". The intent of this innovative program is to change the perception of Signetics' employees that somehow quality is solely a manufacturing issue where some level of defects is inevitable. This attitude has been replaced by one of acceptance of the fact that all errors and defects are preventable, a point of view shared equally by all technical and administrative functions.

This program extends into every area of the company and more than 40 quality improvement teams throughout the organization drive its ongoing refinement and progress.

Key components of the program are the Quality College, the "Make Certain" Program, Corrective Action Teams, and the Error Cause Removal System.

The core concepts of doing it right the first time are embodied in the four absolutes of quality:

1. The definition of quality is conformance to requirements.
2. The system to achieve quality improvement is prevention.
3. The performance standard is zero defects.
4. The measurement system is the cost of quality.

QUALITY COLLEGE

Almost continuously in session, Quality College is a prerequisite for all employees. The intensive curriculum is built around the four absolutes of quality; colleges are conducted at company facilities throughout the world.

"MAKING CERTAIN" - ADMINISTRATIVE QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

Signetics' experience has shown that the largest source of errors affecting product and service quality is found in paperwork and in other administrative functions. The "Make Certain" Program focuses the attention of management and administrative personnel on error prevention, beginning with each employee's own actions.

This program promotes defect prevention in three ways: by educating employees as to the impact and cost of administrative errors, by changing attitudes from accepting occasional errors to one of accepting a personal work standard of zero defects, and by providing a formal mechanism for the prevention of errors.

CORRECTIVE ACTION TEAMS

Employees with the perspective, knowledge, and necessary skills to solve a problem are formed into ad hoc groups called Corrective Action Teams. These teams, a major force within the company for quality improvement, resolve administrative, technical and manufacturing problems.

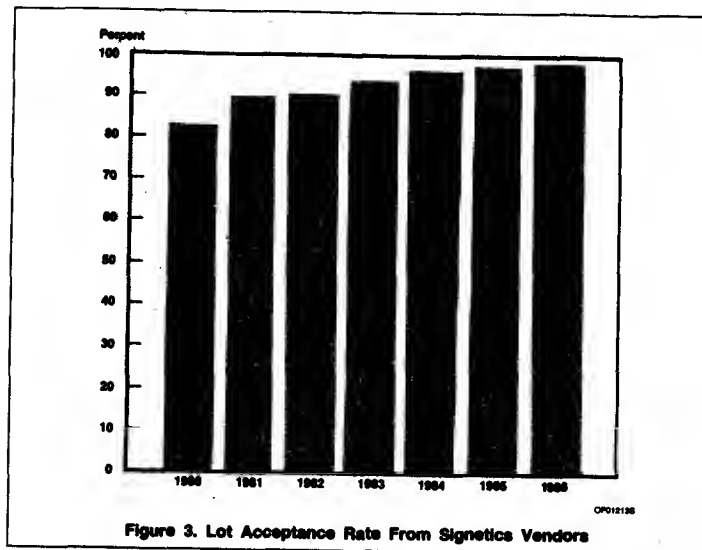
ECR SYSTEM (ERROR CAUSE REMOVAL)

The ECR System permits employees to report to management any impediments to doing the job right the first time. Once such an impediment is reported, management is obliged to respond promptly with a corrective program. Doing it right the first time in all company activities produces lower cost of ownership through defect prevention.

VENDOR CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

Our vendors are taking ownership of their own product quality by establishing improved process control and inspection systems. They subscribe to the zero defects philosophy. Progress has been excellent.

Quality And Reliability



Through intensive work with vendors, we have improved our lot acceptance rate on incoming materials as shown in Figure 3. Simultaneously, waivers of incoming material have been eliminated.

MATERIAL WAIVERS

1986 - 0
1985 - 0
1984 - 0
1983 - 0
1982 - 2
1981 - 134

Higher incoming quality material ensures higher outgoing quality products.

QUALITY AND RELIABILITY ORGANIZATION

Quality and reliability professionals at the divisional level are involved with all aspects of the product, from design through every step in the manufacturing process, and provide product assurance testing of outgoing product.

uct. A separate corporate-level group provides direction and common facilities.

Quality and Reliability Functions

- Manufacturing quality control
- Product assurance testing
- Laboratory facilities - failure analysis, chemical, metallurgy, thin film, oxides
- Environmental stress testing
- Quality and reliability engineering
- Customer liaison

COMMUNICATING WITH EACH OTHER

For information on Signetics' quality programs or for any question concerning product quality, the field salesperson in your area will provide you with the quickest access to answers. Or, write on your letter-head directly to the corporate director of quality at the corporate address shown at the back of this manual.

We are dedicated to preventing defects. When product problems do occur, we want to

know about them so we can eliminate their causes. Here are some ways we can help each other:

- Provide us with one informed contact within your organization. This will establish continuity and build confidence levels.
- Periodic face-to-face exchanges of data and quality improvement ideas between your engineers and ours can help prevent problems before they occur.
- Test correlation data is very useful. Line-pull information and field failure reports also help us improve product performance.
- Provide us with as much specific data on the problem as soon as possible to speed analysis and enable us to take corrective action.
- An advance sample of the devices in question can start us on the problem resolution before physical return of shipment.

This team work with you will allow us to achieve our mutual goal of improved product quality.

MANUFACTURING: DOING IT RIGHT THE FIRST TIME

In dealing with the standard manufacturing flows, it was recognized that significant improvement would be achieved by "doing every job right the first time", a key concept of the Quality Improvement Program. During the development of the program many profound changes were made. Figure 4, *Logic Products Generic Process Flow*, shows the result. Some of the other changes and additions were to tighten the outgoing QA lot acceptance criteria to the tightest in the industry, with zero defect lot acceptance sampling across all three temperatures.

The achievements resulting from the improved process flow have helped Signetics to be recognized as the leading Quality supplier of Logic products. These achievements have also led to our participation in several Ship-to-Stock programs, which our customers use to eliminate incoming inspection. Such programs reduce the user cost of ownership by saving both time and money.

Quality And Reliability

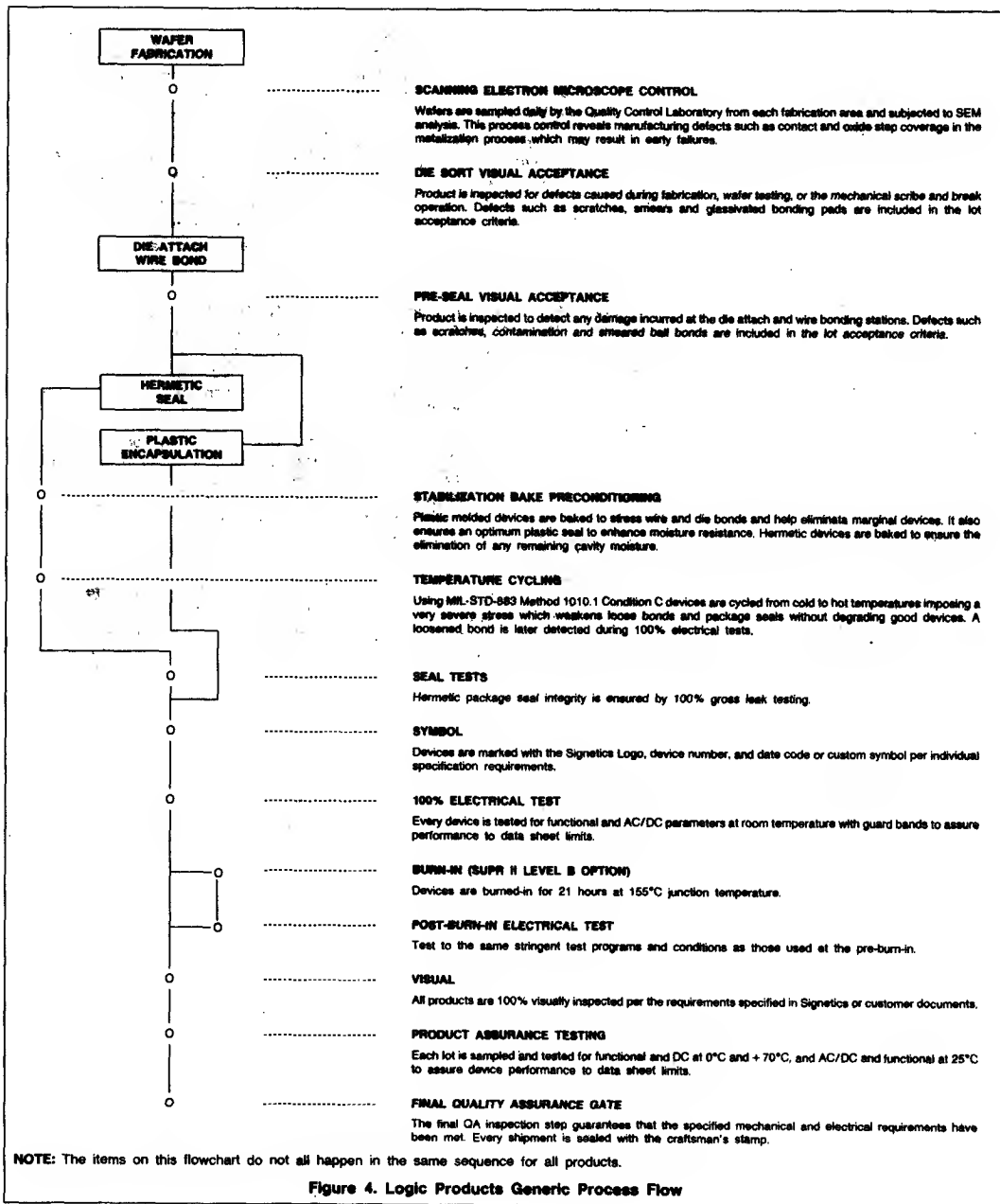


Figure 4. Logic Products Generic Process Flow

Quality And Reliability

QUALITY AND RELIABILITY

As time goes on, the drive for ZERO DEFECTS will grow in intensity. As we approach this goal, new measurement tools are required. Statistical Process Control (SPC) will be the approach Signetics uses to further our drive towards ZERO DEFECTS. These efforts will provide both Signetics and their customers with the ability to achieve the mutual goal of improved product quality.

SPC

Application of statistics activities goes back to the early 1970s. Corporate-wide emphasis, however, did not come about until mid-1984. Emphasis was then shifted from a sporadic and uncoordinated effort to a coordinated and disciplined approach. This shift in emphasis came about for two primary reasons:

1. Customers' realization of importance and relevance of SPC to quality and reliability issues; and
2. A natural evolution of our quality process made introduction of SPC and other related programs an inevitable event.

Objective

The objective of the SPC Program is to introduce a systematic and scientific approach to business and manufacturing activities. This approach utilizes sound statistical theory. Managers are expected to be able to turn data into information, and make decisions solely based on data.

Organization

The Vice President of Quality and Reliability with the Corporate SPC Steering Committee set directions for the company. Each operating area has a dedicated SPC Coordinator. Some areas have dedicated statisticians.

In each operating area, QITs are responsible for quality process implementation. SPC coordinators are responsible to these teams to provide the focus needed for training and implementation.

Training

A two-day course on Crosby's 14-Step improvement program, and a one-day course on basic problem solving techniques are prerequisites to the formal SPC I (Introduction to SPC) training. The intent of SPC I is to bridge the subtle differences between Crosby's and Deming's approach to quality, emphasizing increased application of statistical methodology.

Signetics' philosophy is to do just-in-time training rather than just-in-case training. Senior management, middle management, supervisors, and operators are required to take the training courses offered in SPC. As the application of SPC evolves, training will be provided by previously trained coordinators/supervisors who will be instructed to identify and remove sources of excessive variation within their departments/areas, and to develop and maintain a permanent control system.

Conclusion

The most critical and challenging aspect of implementing SPC is establishment of a discipline within the operating areas where decision making is fundamentally based on verifiable data, and actions are clearly documented. The other is realization of the fact that statistical tools merely point out the problems and are not solutions by themselves.

In order to implement SPC effectively, three steps must be continually used:

1. Document and understand the process, using process flow charts and component diagrams.
2. Establish data collection systems and use SPC tools to identify process problems and opportunities for improvement.
3. Act on the process, establish guidelines to monitor and maintain process control.

Because of the nature of the SPC process, steps 1, 2, and 3 are repeated again and again. By doing this, the department/area begins to modify its day-to-day activities, making job functions and procedures more efficient and effective.

The real measure of any quality improvement program is the result that the customer sees. The meaning of **Quality** is more than just working circuits. It means commitment to **On-Time Delivery to the Right Place, of the Right Quantity, of the Right Product, at the Agreed Upon Price.**



Section 3 Family Characteristics

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Family Specifications

GENERAL

These family specifications cover the common electrical ratings and characteristics of the entire 74AC/ACT11XXX family, unless otherwise specified in the individual device data sheet.

INTRODUCTION

The 74AC/ACT11XXX 1 μ m CMOS Logic family combines the low power advantages of CMOS with the high speed and drive capability of FAST.

The basic family of devices designated as 74AC11XXX will operate at CMOS input logic levels for high noise immunity, negligible quiescent supply and input current. It is operated from a power supply of 3 to 5.5V.

A subset of the family designated as 74ACT11XXX with the same features and functions as the "AC-types" will operate at standard TTL power supply voltage (5V \pm 10%) and logic input levels (0.8 to 2.0V).

HANDLING MOS DEVICES

Inputs and outputs are protected against electrostatic effects in a wide variety of device-handling situations.

However, to be totally safe, it is desirable to take handling precautions into account (also see AN600 "Handling Precautions" in Section 5).

SOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current	n = number of outputs (but not less than 100mA)	±($n \times 25$)	mA
	DC ground current	n = number of outputs (but not less than 100mA)	±($n \times 25$)	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Family Specifications

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS														
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC}	74ACT11000				74ACT11000				UNIT	
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
					V	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min		Max
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage				3.0	2.10		2.10					V	
					4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
					5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage				3.0		0.90		0.90				V	
					4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8			0.8
					5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8			0.8
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V		
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85					3.85	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V		
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1			
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1			
			I _{OH} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44							
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44			
			I _{OH} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44			
				I _{OH} = 75mA ¹	5.5			1.65					1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA		
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _I or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current, for SSI	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA		
	Quiescent supply current, for MSI	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80			
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Family Specifications

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11000			74ACT11000			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

Data Sheet Specification Guide

INTRODUCTION

The 74ACL data sheets have been designed for ease-of-use. A minimum of cross-referencing for more information is needed.

TYPICAL PROPAGATION DELAY AND FREQUENCY

The typical propagation delays listed at the top of the data sheets are the average of t_{PLH} and t_{PLL} for a typical data path through the device with a 50pF load.

For clocked devices, the maximum frequency of operation is also given. The typical operating frequency is the maximum device operating frequency with a 50% duty factor and no constraints on t_R and t_F .

LOGIC SYMBOLS

Two logic symbols are given for each device - the conventional one (Logic Symbol) which explicitly shows the internal logic (except for complex logic) and the IEEE/IEC Logic Symbol.

The IEEE/IEC has been developing a very powerful symbolic language that can show the relationship of each input of a digital logic current to each output without explicitly showing the internal logic.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

The Absolute Maximum Ratings table lists the maximum limits to which the device can be subjected without damage. This does not imply that the device will function at these extreme conditions, only that, when these conditions are removed and the device operated within the Recommended Operating Conditions, it will still be functional and its useful life will not have been shortened.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table lists the operating ambient temperature and the conditions under which the limits in the "DC Characteristics" and "AC Characteristics" table will be met. The table should not be seen as a set of limits guaranteed by the manufac-

turer, but as the conditions used to test the devices and guarantee that they will then meet the limits in the DC and AC Characteristics tables.

TEST CIRCUITS

Good high-frequency wiring practices should be used in test circuits. Capacitor leads should be as short as possible to minimize ripples on the output waveform transitions and undershoot. Generous ground metal (preferably a ground plate) should be used for the same reasons. A V_{CC} decoupling capacitor should be provided at the test socket, also with short leads. Input signals should have rise and fall times of 3ns, a signal swing of 0V to V_{CC} for 74AC and 0V to 3V for 74ACT; a 5MHz square wave is recommended for most propagation delay tests. The repetition rate must be increased for testing f_{MAX} . Two pulse generators are usually required for testing such parameters as setup time, hold time and removal time. f_{MAX} is also tested with 3ns input rise and fall times, with a 50% duty factor, but for typical f_{MAX} as high as 150MHz, there are no constraints on rise and fall times.

Data Sheet Specification Guide

DC CHARACTERISTICS

The "DC Characteristics" table reflects the DC limits used during testing. The values published are guaranteed.

The threshold values of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are applied to the inputs, the output voltages will be those published in the "DC Characteristics" table. There is a tendency, by some, to use the published V_{IH} and V_{IL} thresholds to test a device for functionality in a "function-table exerciser" mode. This frequently causes problems because of the noise present at the test head of automated test equipment with cables up to 1 meter. Parametric tests, such as those used for the output levels under the V_{IH} and V_{IL} conditions are done fairly slowly, in the order of milliseconds, so that there is no noise at the inputs when the outputs are measured. But in func-

tionality testing, the outputs are measured much faster, so there can be noise on the inputs, before the device has assumed its final and correct output state. Thus, never use V_{IH} and V_{IL} to test the functionality of any ACL device type; instead, use input voltages of V_{CC} (for the High state) and 0V (for the Low state). In no way does this imply that the devices are noise-sensitive in the final system.

In the data sheets, it may appear strange that the typical V_{IL} is higher than the maximum V_{IL} . However, this is because V_{ILMAX} is the maximum V_{IL} (guaranteed) for all devices that will be recognized as a logic Low. However, typically a higher V_{IL} will also be recognized as a logic Low. Conversely, the typical V_{IH} is lower than its minimum guaranteed level.

The quiescent supply current I_{CC} is the leakage current of all the reversed-biased diodes and the OFF-state MOS transistors.

AC CHARACTERISTICS

The "AC Characteristics" table lists the guaranteed limits when a device is tested under the conditions given in the AC Test Circuits and Waveform section.

Definitions of Symbols

DEFINITIONS OF SYMBOLS AND TERMS USED IN ACL DATA SHEETS

Current

Positive current is defined as conventional current flow into a device.

Negative current is defined as conventional current flow out of a device.

I_{CC} Quiescent power supply current; the current flowing into the V_{CC} supply terminal.

ΔI_{CC} Additional quiescent supply current per input pin at a specified input voltage and V_{CC} .

I_{GND} Quiescent power supply current; the current flowing into the GND terminal.

I_I Input leakage current; the current flowing into a device at a specified input voltage and V_{CC} .

I_{IK} Input diode current; the current flowing into a device at a specified input voltage.

I_O Output source or sink current; the current flowing into a device at a specified output voltage.

I_{OK} Output diode current; the current flowing into a device at a specified output voltage.

I_{OZ} OFF-state output current; the leakage current flowing into the output of a 3-State device in the OFF-state, when the output is connected to V_{CC} or GND.

Voltages

All voltages are referenced to GND (ground), which is typically 0V.

GND Supply voltage; for a device with a single negative power supply, the most negative power supply,

used as the reference level for other voltages; typically ground.

V_{CC} Supply voltage; the most positive potential on the device.

V_{EE} Supply voltage; one of two (GND and V_{EE}) negative power supplies.

V_H Hysteresis voltage; difference between the trigger levels when applying a positive and a negative-going input signal.

V_{IH} High-level input voltage; the range of input voltages that represents a logic High-level in the system.

V_{IL} Low-level input voltage; the range of input voltages that represents a logic Low-level in the system.

V_{OH} High-level output voltage; the range of voltages at an output terminal with a specified output loading and supply voltage. Device inputs are conditioned to establish a High-level at the output.

V_{OL} Low-level output voltage; the range of voltages at an output terminal with a specified output loading and supply voltage. Device inputs are conditioned to establish a Low-level at the output.

V_{T+} Trigger threshold voltage; positive-going signal.

V_{T-} Trigger threshold voltage; negative-going signal.

Capacitances

C_I Input capacitance; the capacitance measured at a terminal connected to an input of a device.

C_{IO} Input/Output capacitance; the capacitance measured at a terminal connected to an I/O-pin (e.g. a transceiver).

C_L Output load capacitance; the capacitance connected to an output terminal including jig and probe capacitance.

C_{PD} Power dissipation capacitance; the capacitance used to determine the dynamic power dissipation per logic function when no extra load is provided to the device.

AC Switching Parameters

f_I Input frequency; for combinational logic devices the maximum number of inputs and outputs switching in accordance with the device function table. For sequential logic devices the clock frequency using alternate High and Low for data input or using the toggle mode, whichever is applicable.

f_O Output frequency; each output.

f_{MAX} Maximum clock frequency; clock input waveforms should have a 50% duty factor and be such as to cause the outputs to be switching from 10% V_{CC} to 90% V_{CC} in accordance with device function table.

t_H Hold time; the interval immediately following the active transition of the timing pulse (usually the clock pulse) or following the transition of the control input to its latching level, during which interval the data to be recognized must be maintained at the input to ensure their continued recognition. A negative hold time indicates that the correct logic level may be released prior to the timing pulse and still be recognized.

Definitions of Symbols

t_R, t_F	Clock input rise and fall times; 10% and 90% values.				
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay; the time between the specified reference points, normally the 50% points for 74AC devices on the input and output waveforms and the 1.5V points for the 74ACT devices, with the output changing from the defined High-level to the defined Low-level.				
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay; the time between the specified reference points, normally the 50% points for 74AC devices on the input and output waveforms and the 1.5V point for the 74ACT devices, with the output changing from the defined Low-level to the defined High-level.	t_{PZH}	3-State output enable time; the time between the specified reference points, normally the 50% points for the 74AC devices and 1.5V points for the 74ACT devices on the output enable input voltage waveform and the 50% point on the output voltage waveform of a 3-State device, with the output changing from a high-impedance OFF-state (Z) to a High-level (V_{OH}).	t_S	Setup time; the interval immediately preceding the active transition of the timing pulse (usually the clock pulse) or preceding the transition of the control input to its latching level, during which interval data to be recognized must be maintained at the input to ensure their recognition. A negative setup time indicates that the correct logic level may be initiated sometime after the active transition of the timing pulse and still be recognized.
t_{PHZ}	3-State output disable time; the time between the specified reference points, normally the 50% points for the 74AC devices and the 1.5V points for the 74ACT devices on the output enable input voltage waveform and a point representing 20% of the output swing on the output voltage waveform of a 3-State device, with the output changing from a High-level (V_{OH}) to a high-impedance OFF-state (Z).	t_{PZL}	3-State output enable time; the time between the specified reference points, normally the 50% points for the 74AC devices and the 1.5V points for the 74ACT devices on the output enable input voltage waveform and the 50% point on the output voltage waveform of a 3-State device with the output changing from a high-impedance OFF-state (Z) to a Low-level (V_{OL}).	t_{THL}	Output transition time; the time between two specified reference points on a waveform, normally 90% and 10% points, that is changing from High-to-Low.
t_{PLZ}	3-State output disable time; the time between the specified reference points, normally the 50% points for the 74AC devices and	t_{REM}	Removal time; the time between the end of and overriding asynchronous input, typically a clear or reset input, and the earliest permissible beginning of a syn-	t_{TLH}	Output transition time; the time between two specified reference points on a waveform, normally 10% and 90% points, that is changing from Low-to-High.
				t_W	Pulse width; the time between the 50% amplitude points on the leading and trailing edges of a pulse for 74AC devices and at the 1.5V points for 74ACT devices.

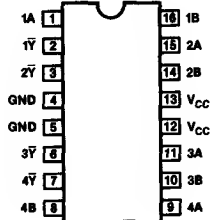


Section 4

ACL Pinouts

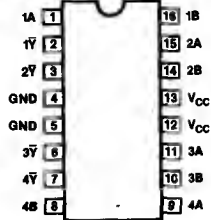
ACL Pinouts

11000



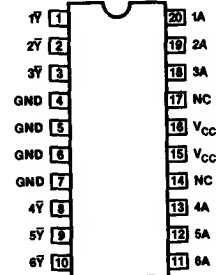
Quad 2-Input NAND Gate

11002



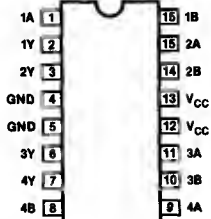
Quad 2-Input NOR Gate

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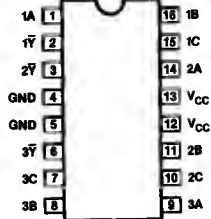
Hex Inverter

11008



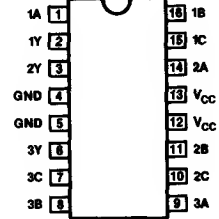
Quad 2-Input AND Gate

11010



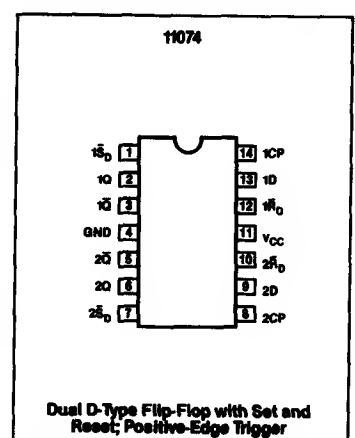
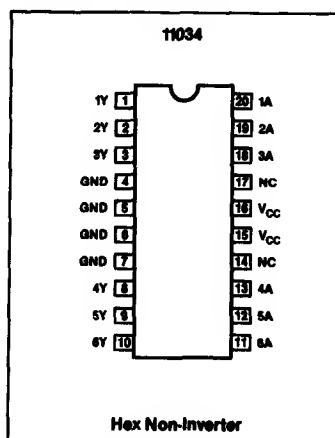
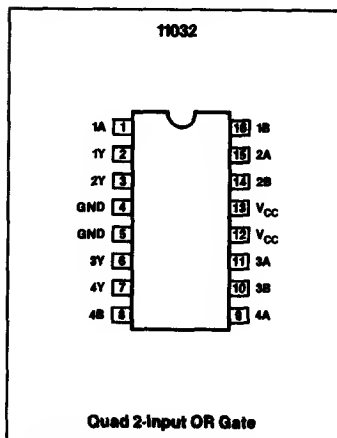
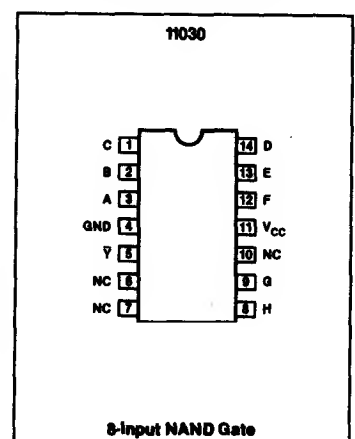
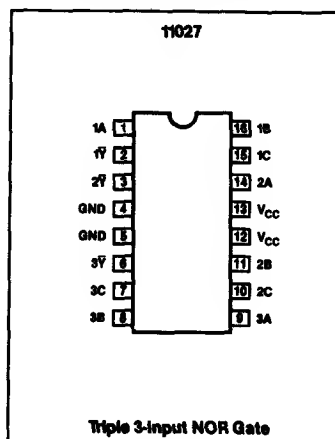
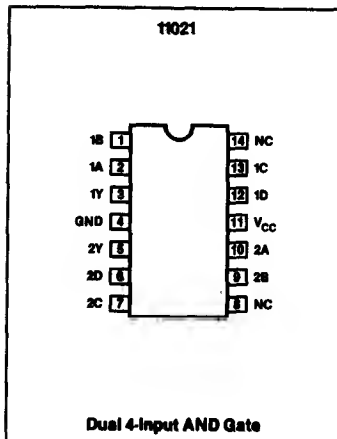
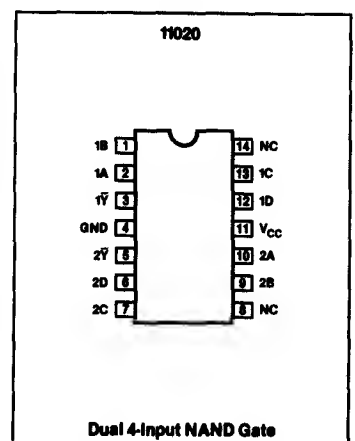
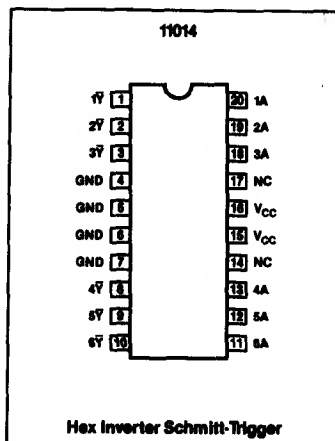
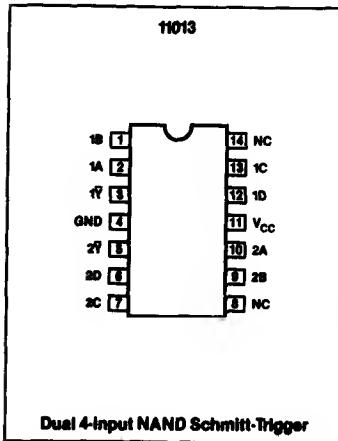
Triple 3-Input NAND Gate

11011



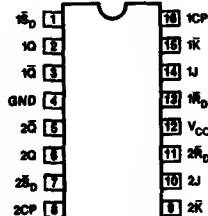
Triple 3-Input AND Gate

ACL Pinouts



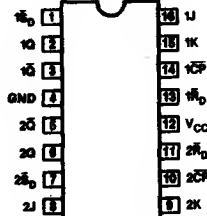
ACL Pinouts

11100



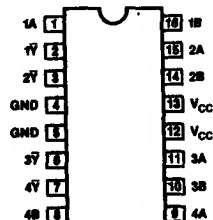
Dual JK Flip-Flop with Set and Reset;
Positive-Edge Trigger

11112



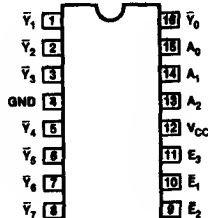
Dual JK Flip-Flop with Set and Reset;
Negative-Edge Trigger

11132



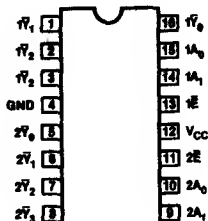
Quad 2-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger

11138



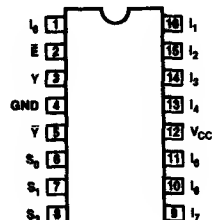
3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer;
Active Low

11139



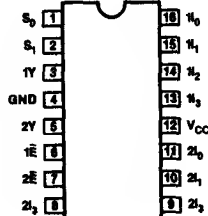
Dual 2-to-4 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer;
Active Low

11151



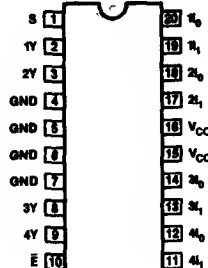
8-Input Multiplexer

11153



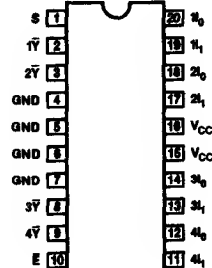
Dual 4-Input Multiplexer

11157



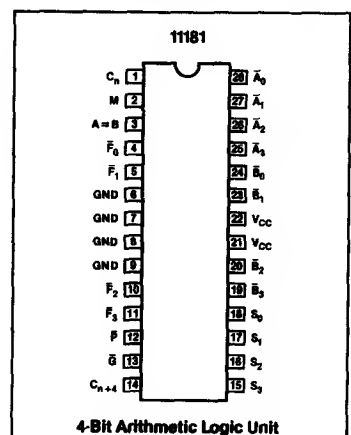
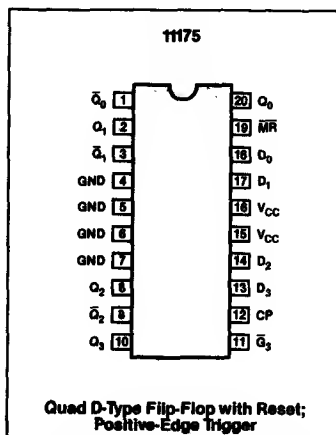
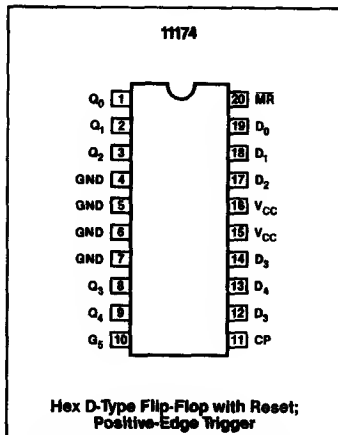
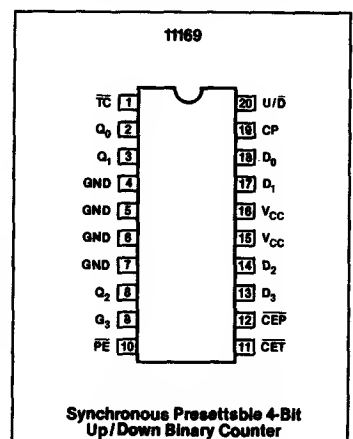
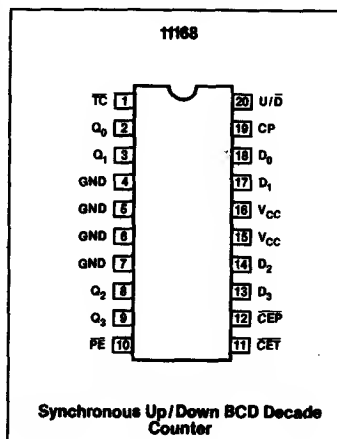
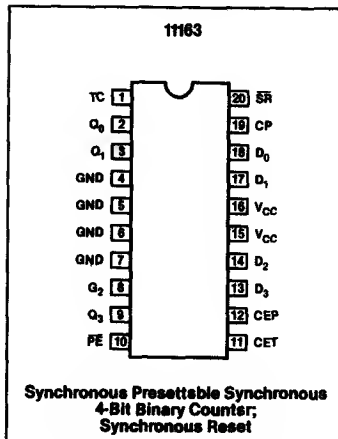
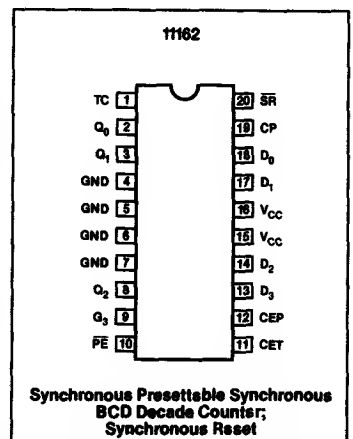
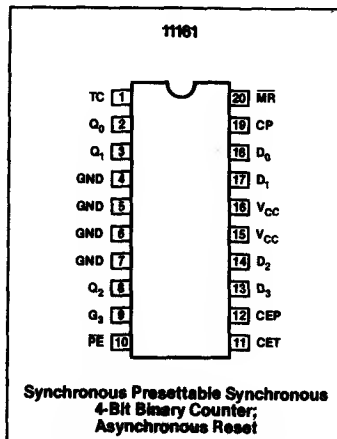
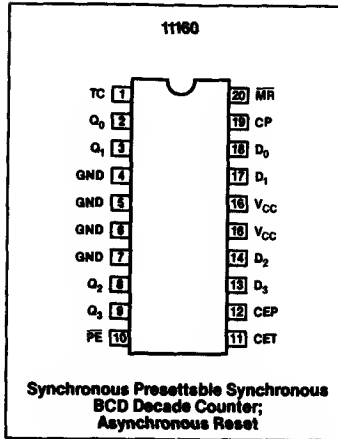
Quad 2-Input Multiplexer

11158

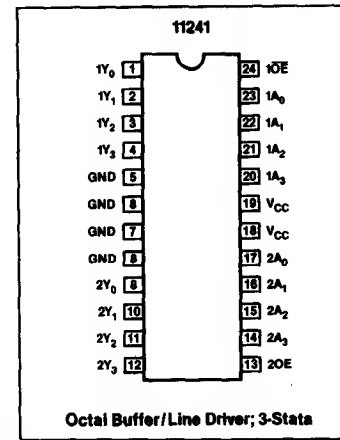
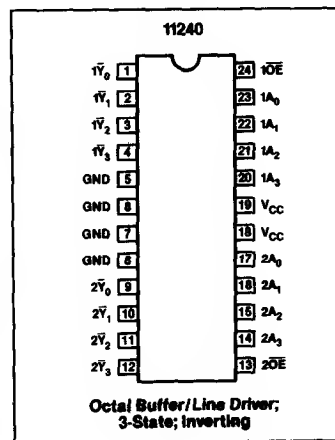
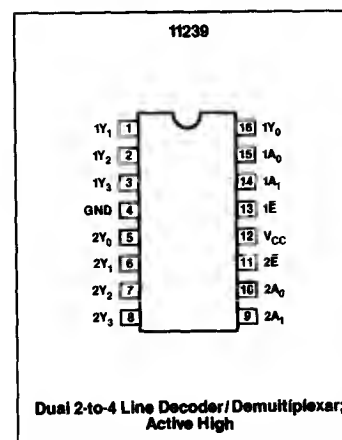
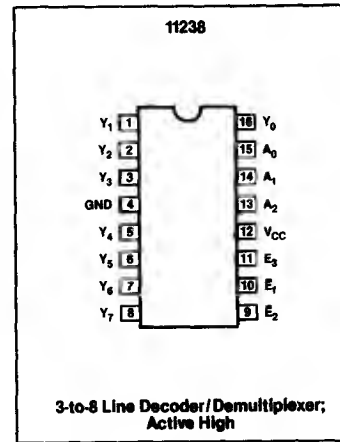
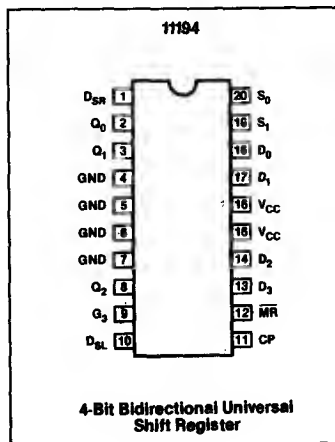
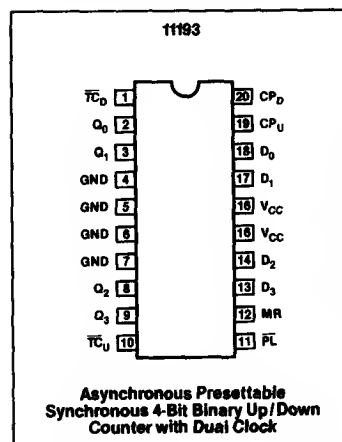
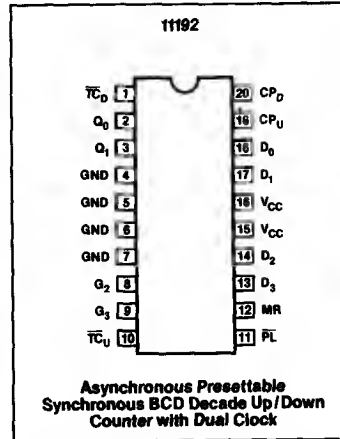
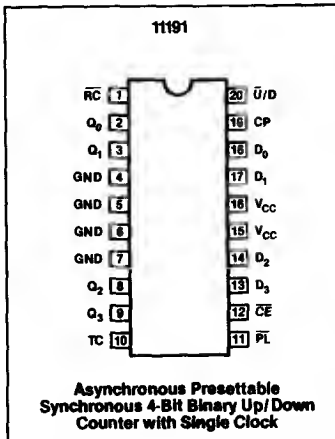
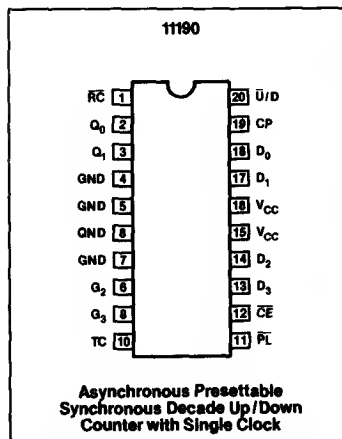


Quad 2-Input Multiplexer; Inverting

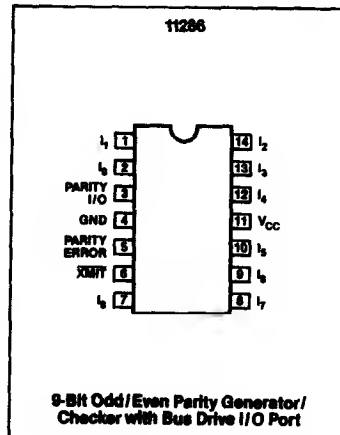
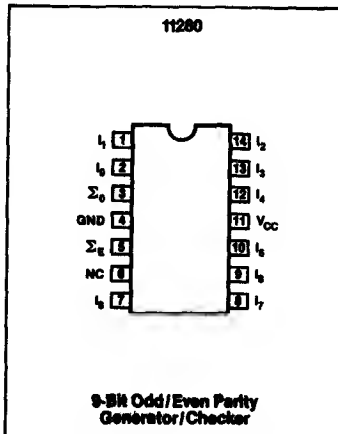
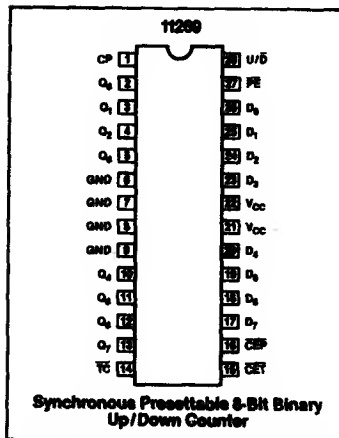
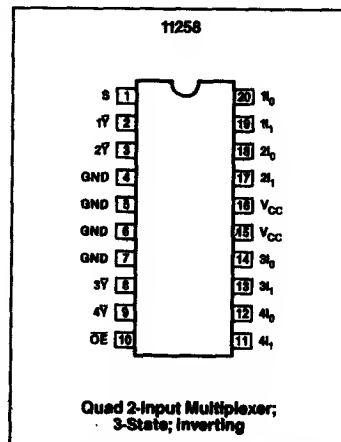
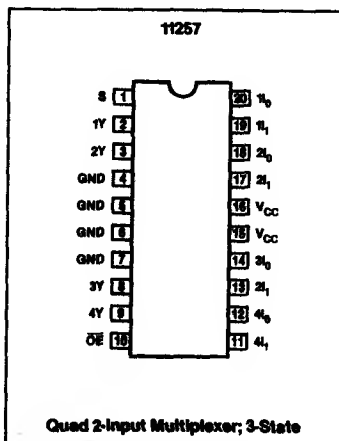
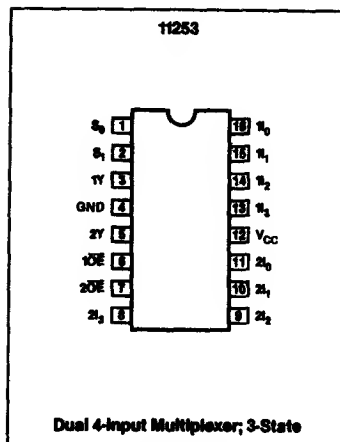
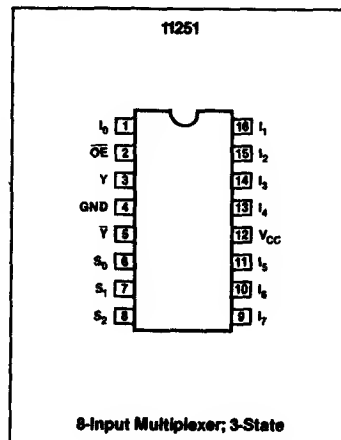
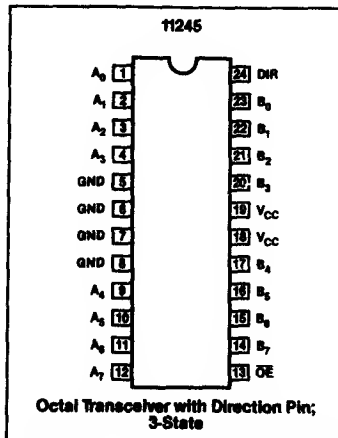
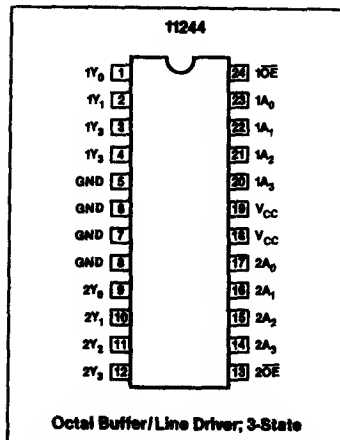
ACL Pinouts



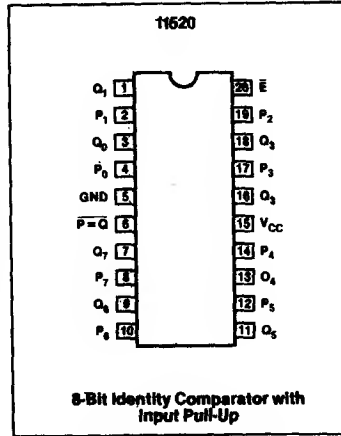
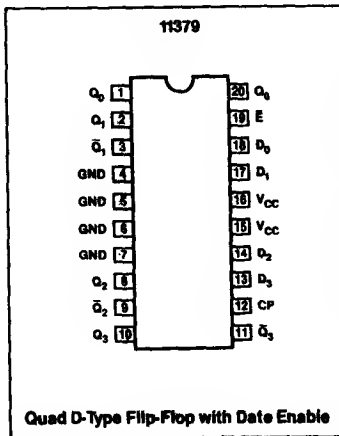
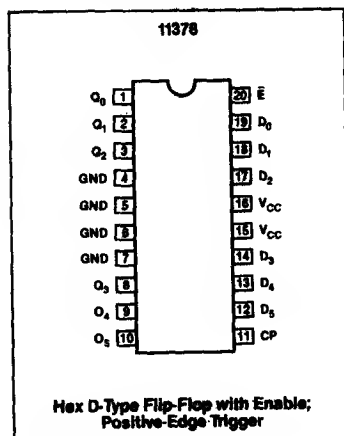
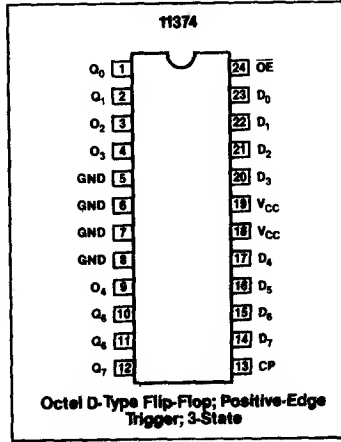
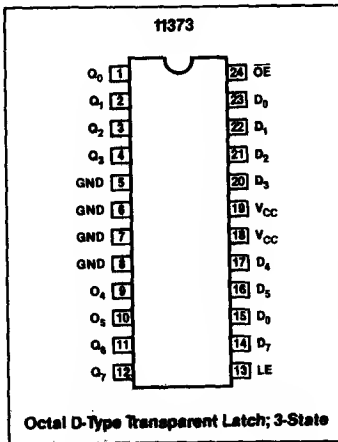
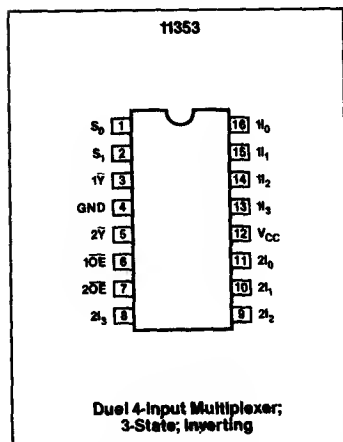
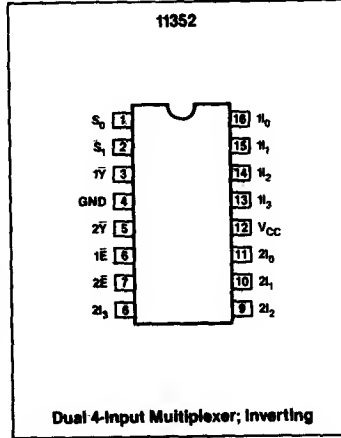
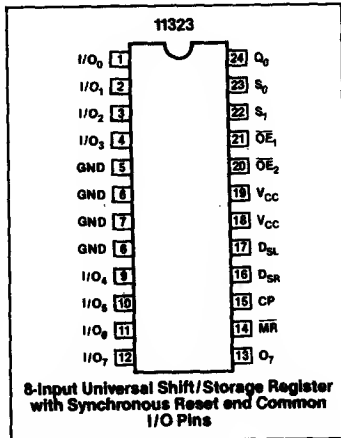
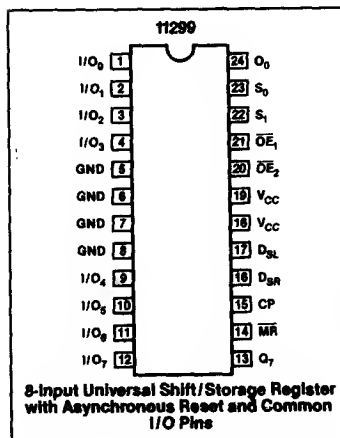
ACL Pinouts



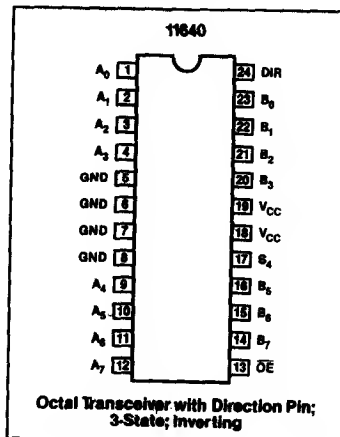
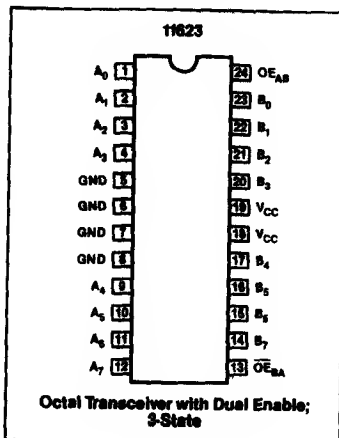
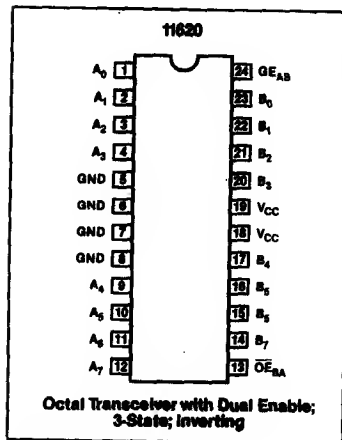
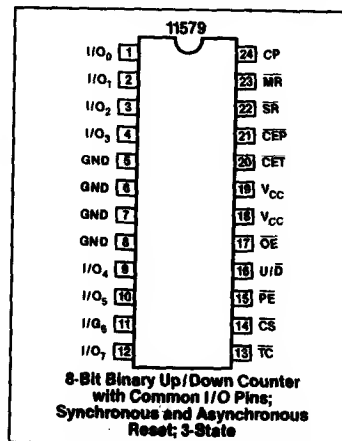
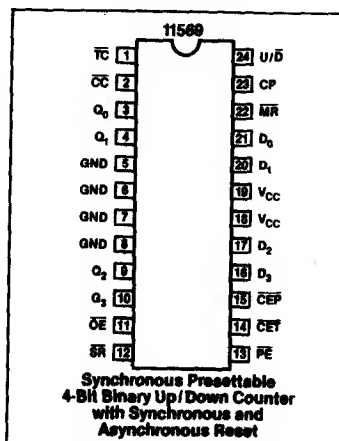
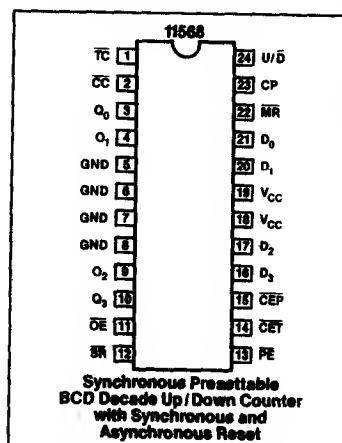
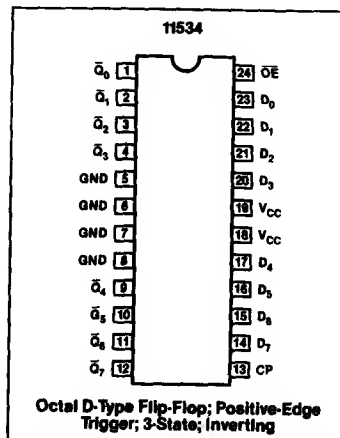
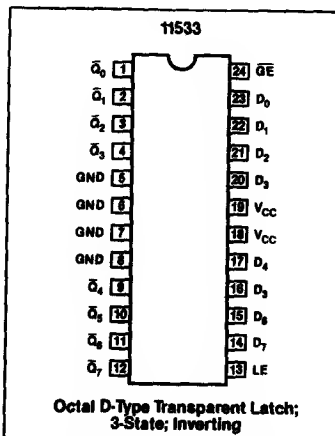
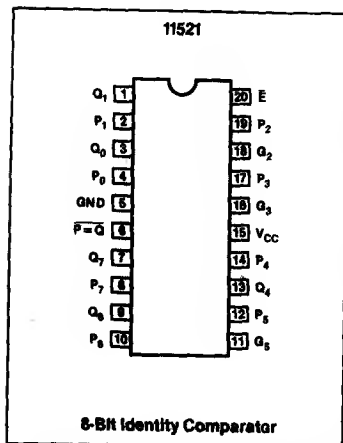
ACL Pinouts



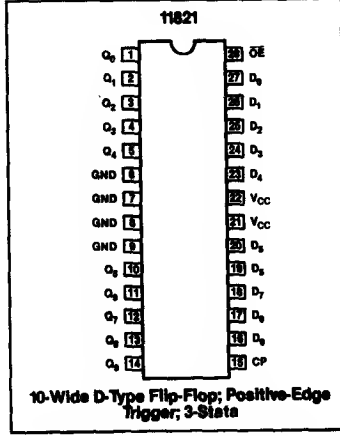
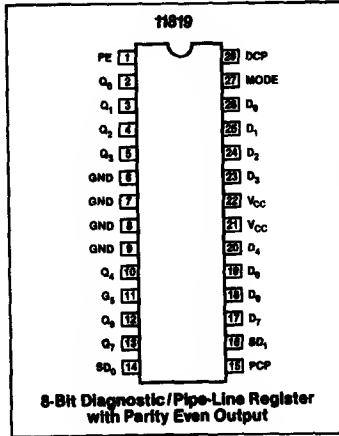
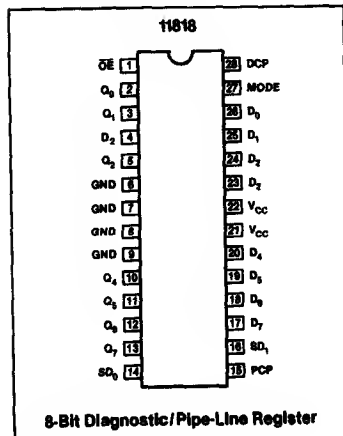
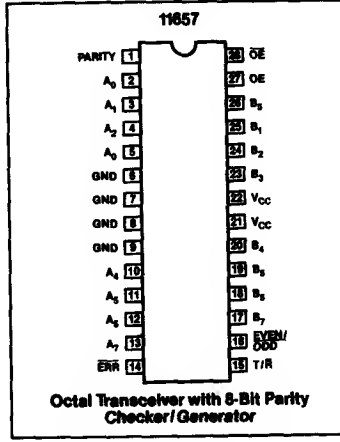
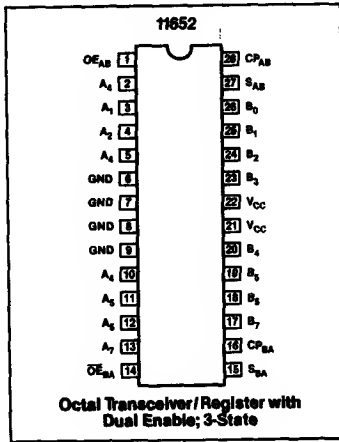
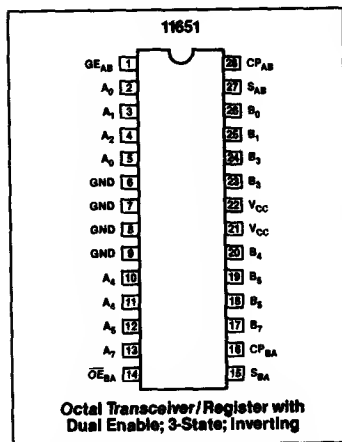
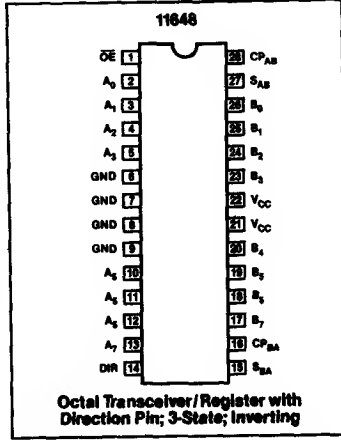
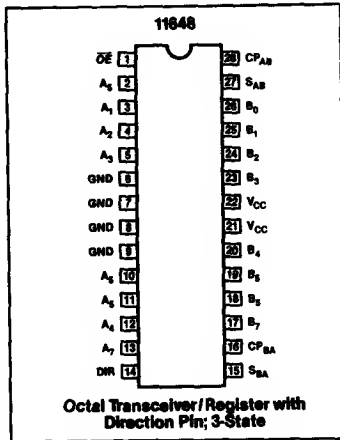
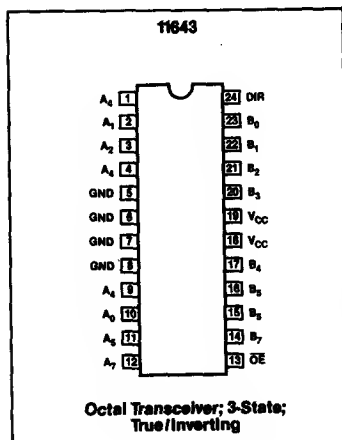
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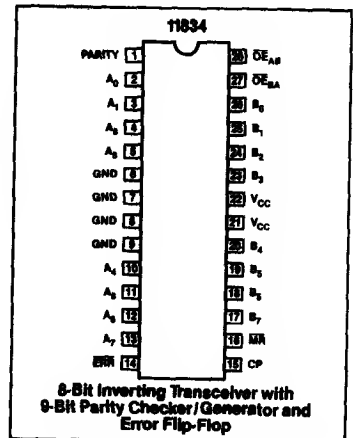
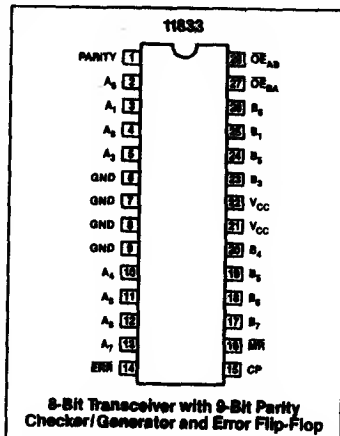
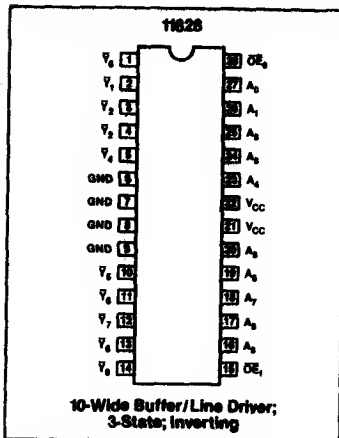
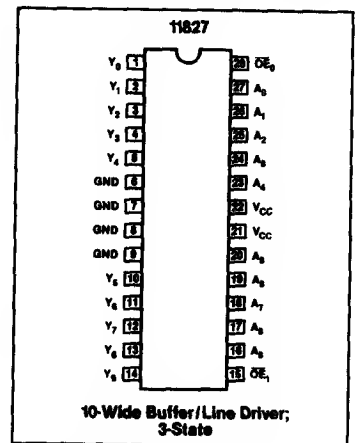
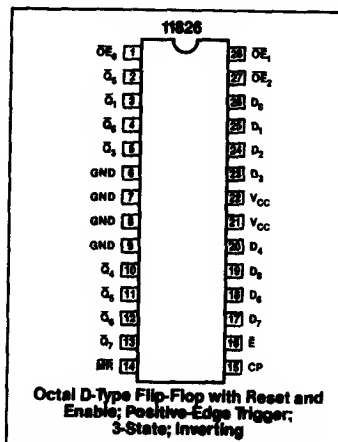
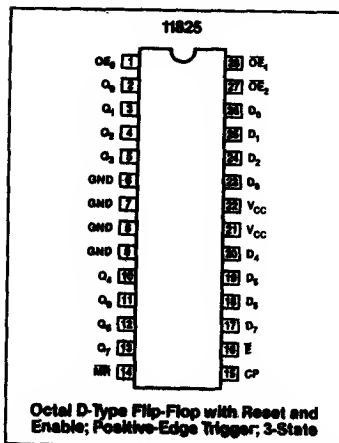
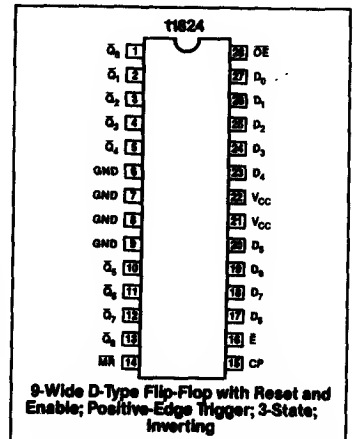
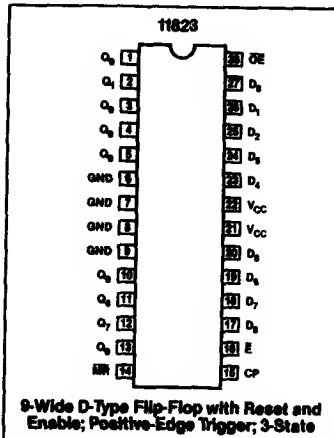
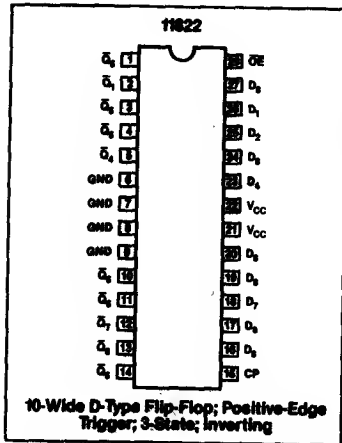
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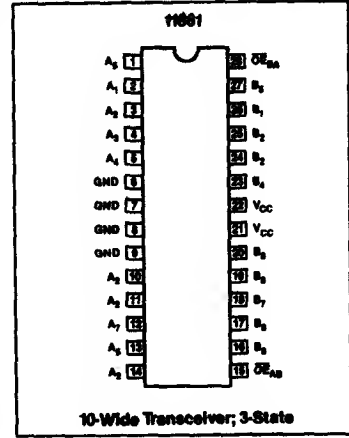
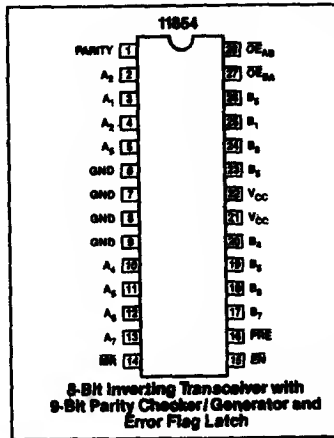
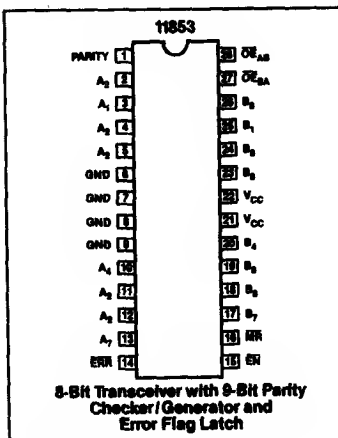
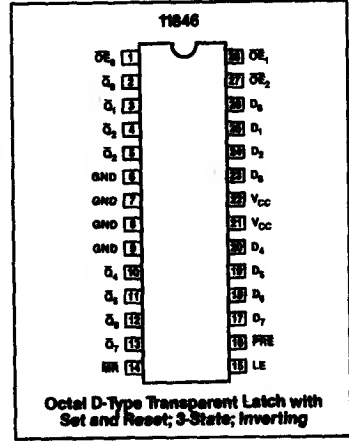
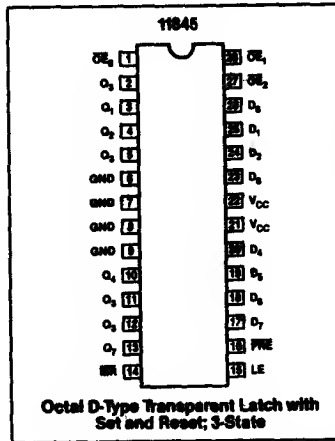
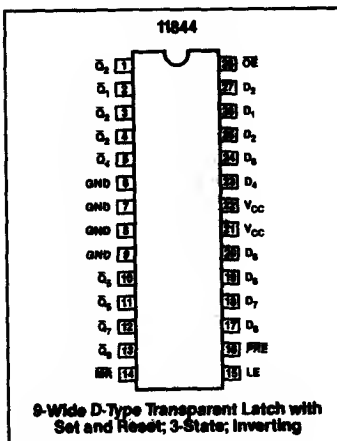
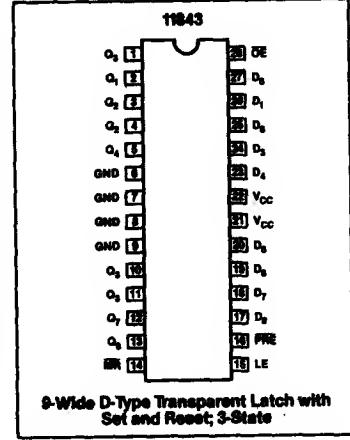
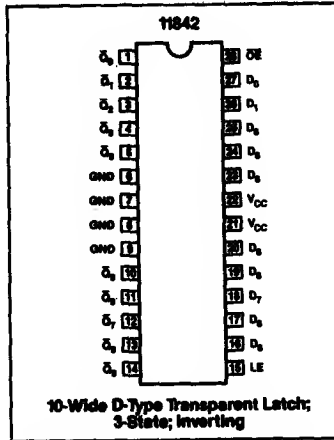
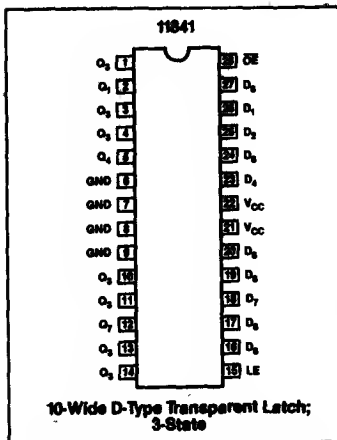
ACL Pinouts



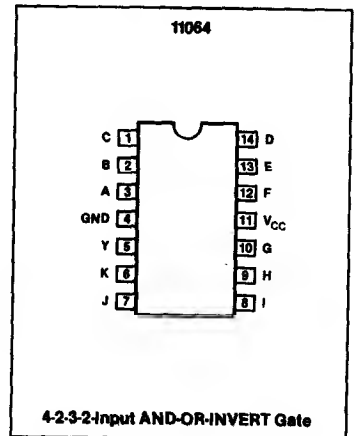
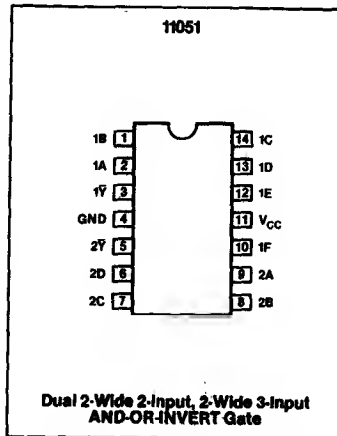
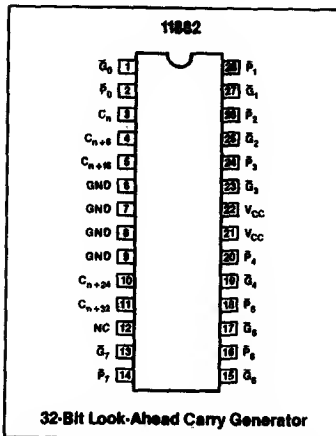
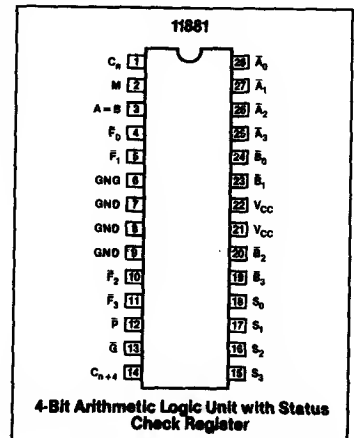
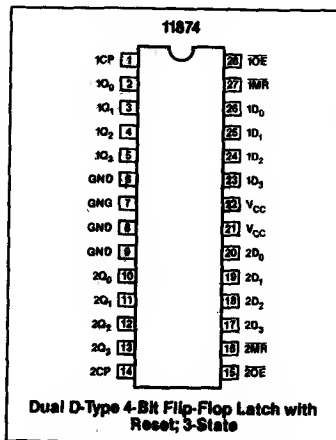
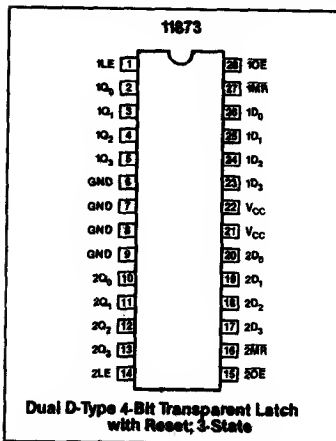
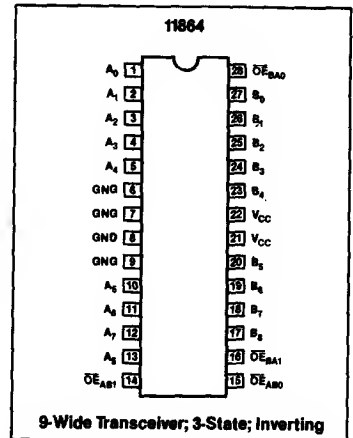
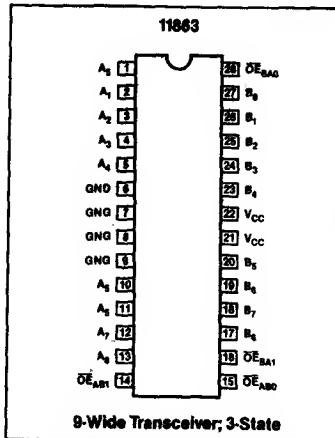
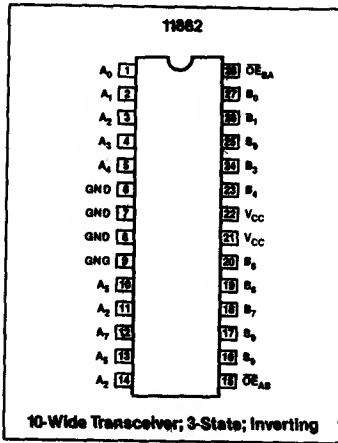
ACL Pinouts



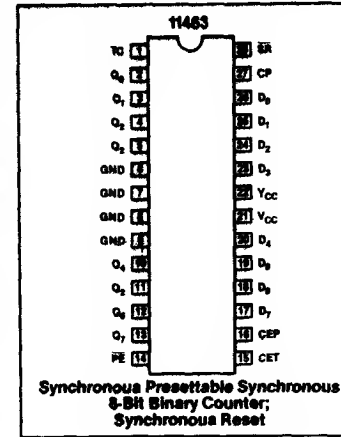
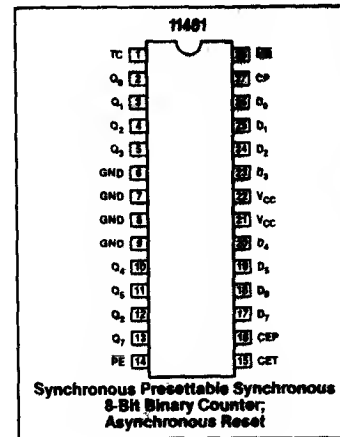
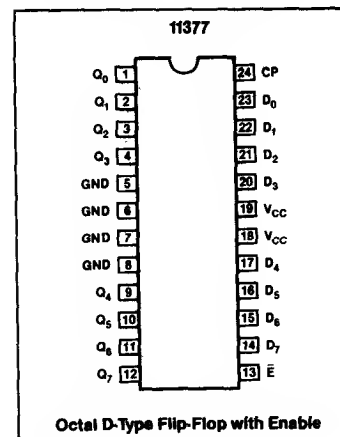
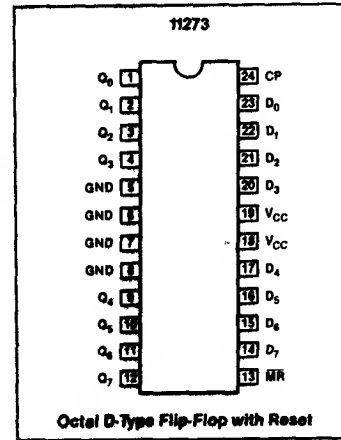
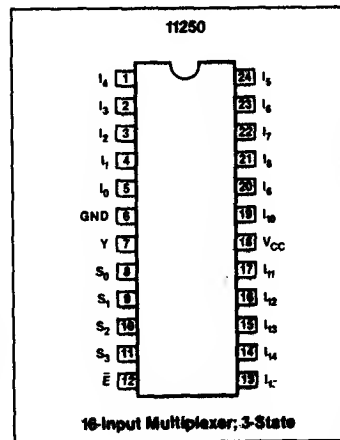
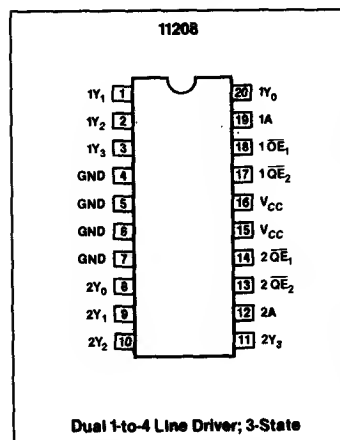
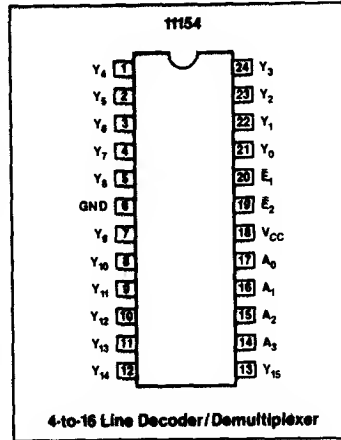
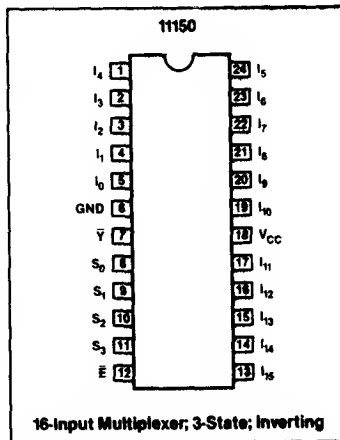
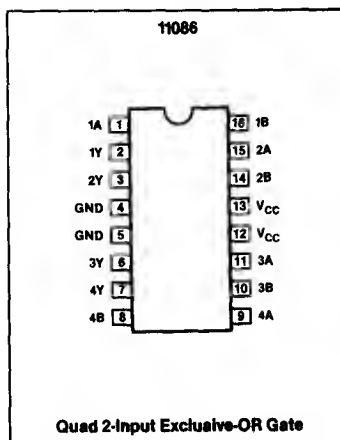
ACL Pinouts



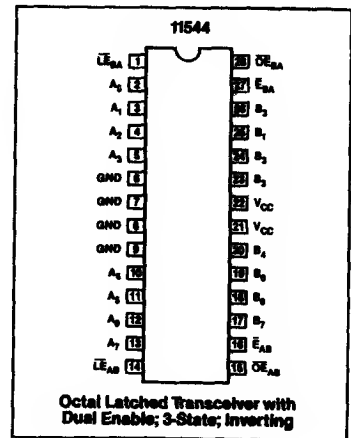
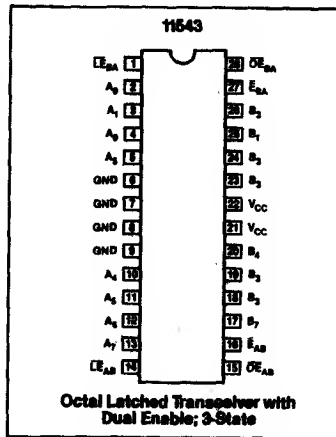
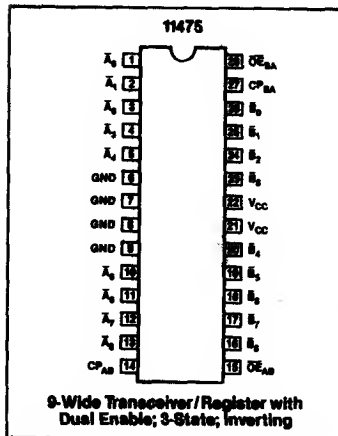
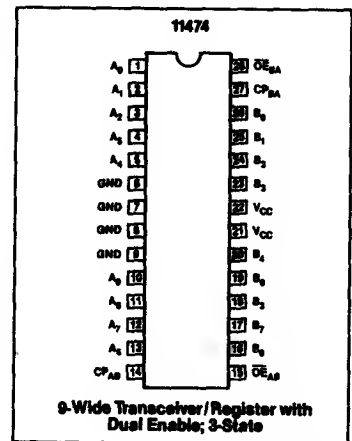
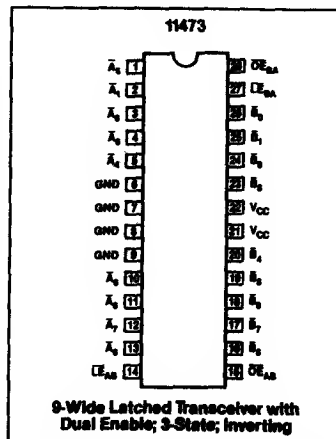
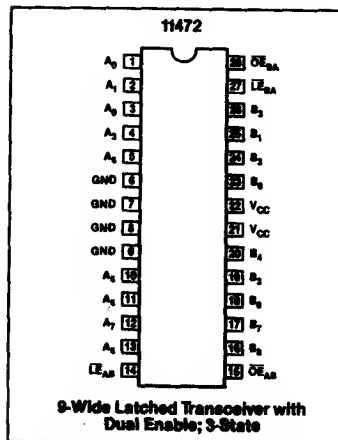
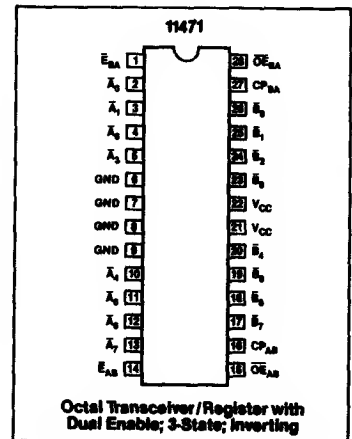
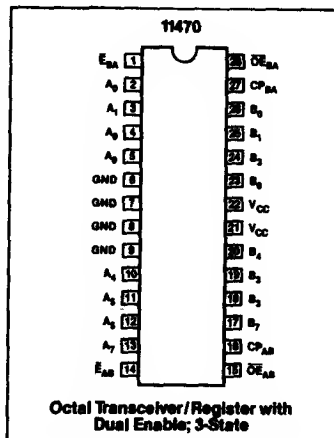
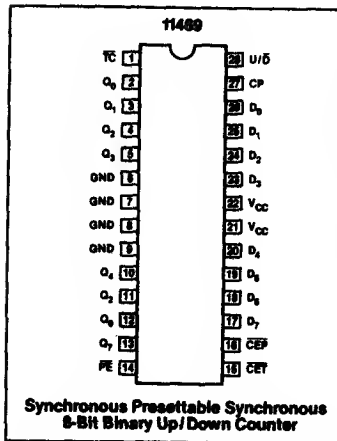
ACL Pinouts



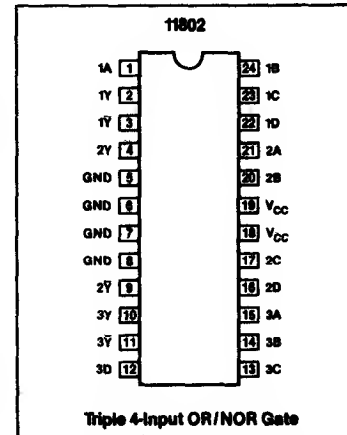
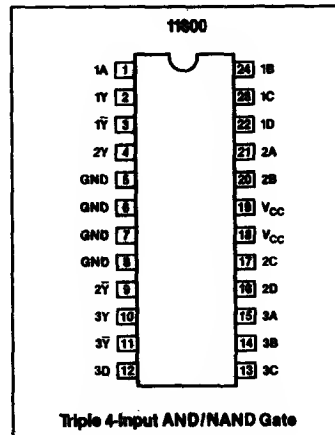
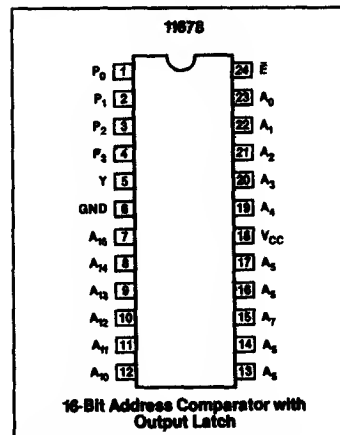
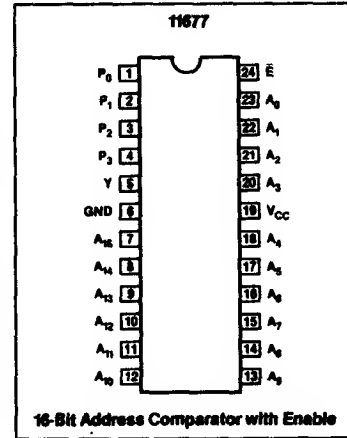
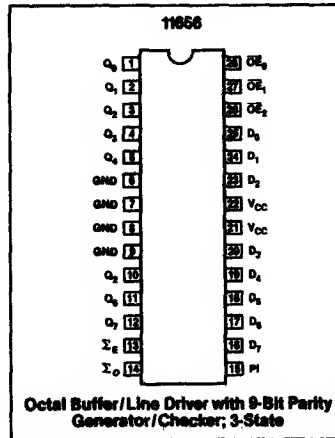
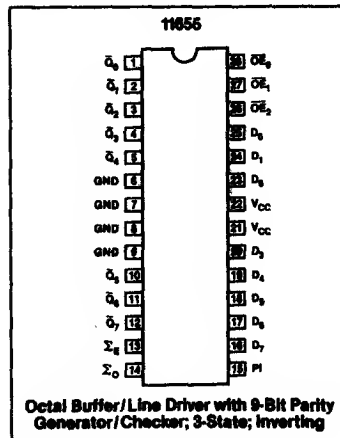
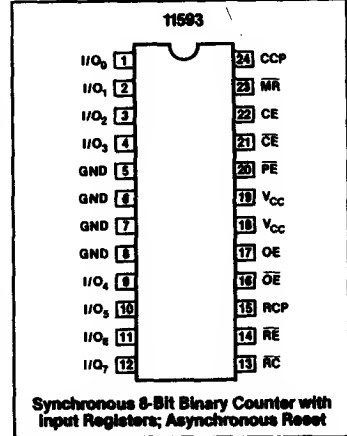
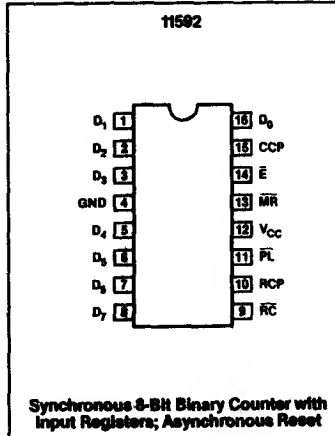
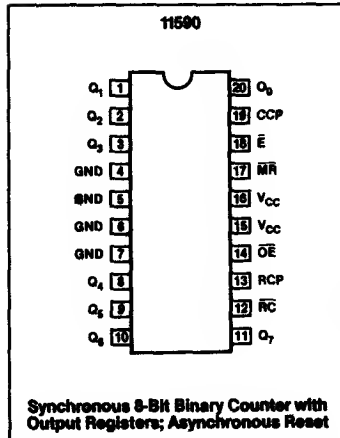
ACL Pinouts



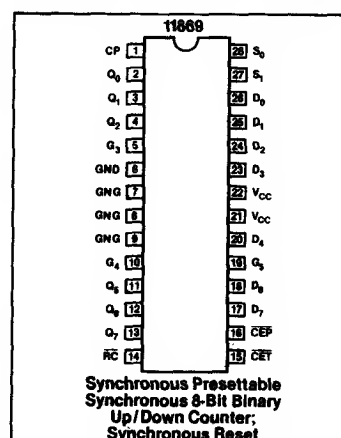
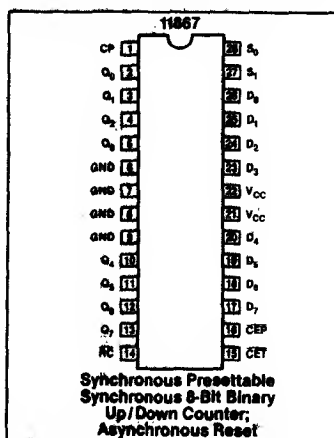
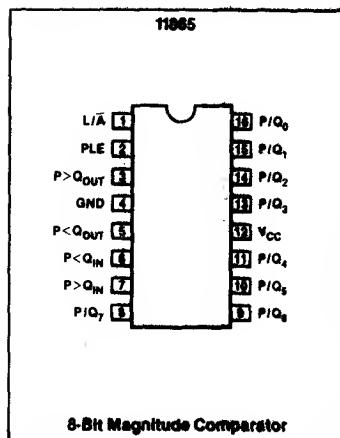
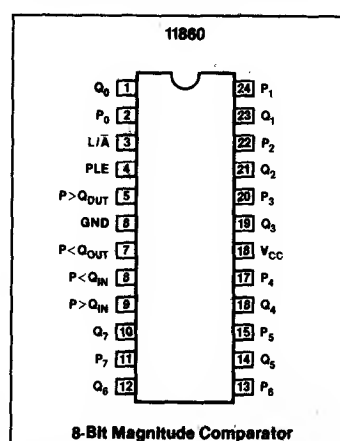
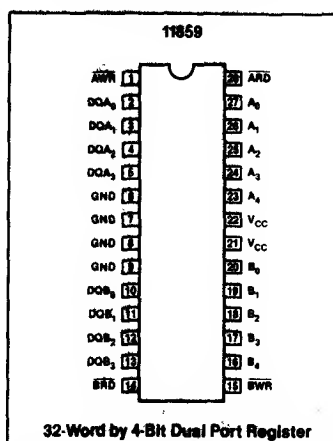
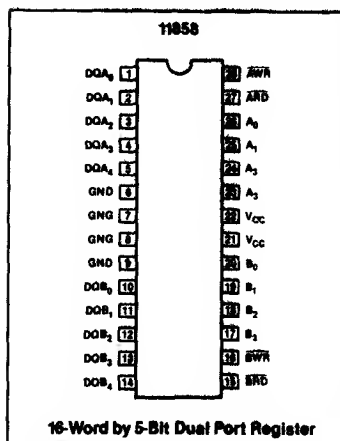
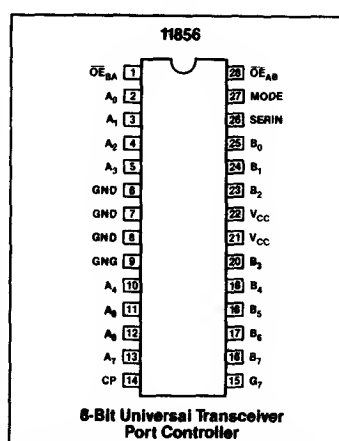
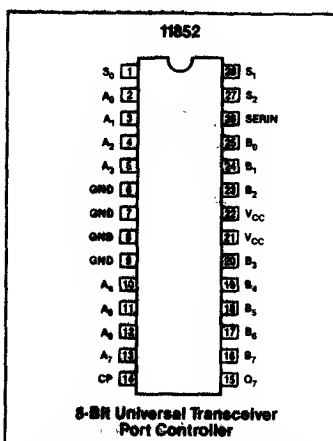
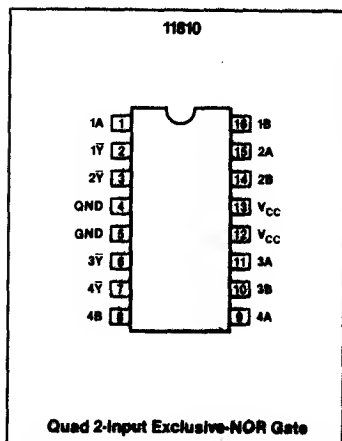
ACL Pinouts



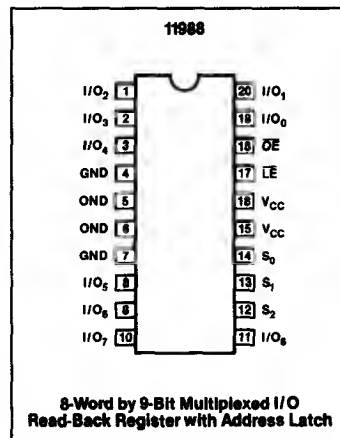
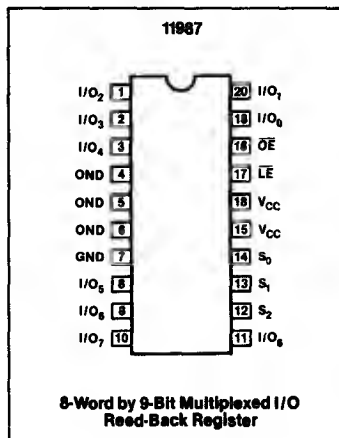
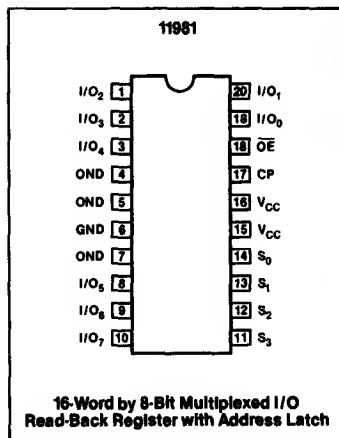
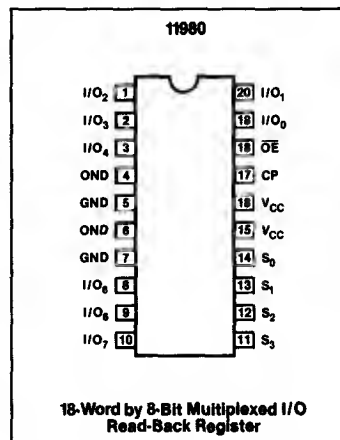
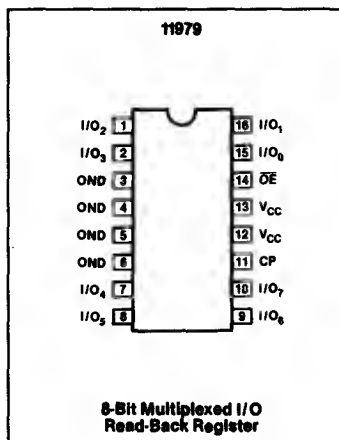
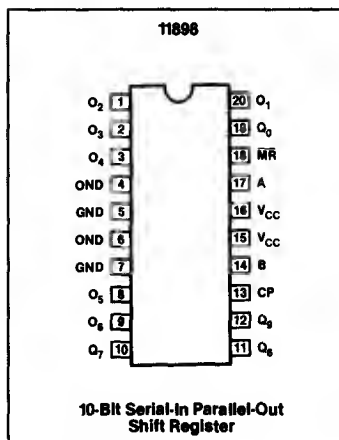
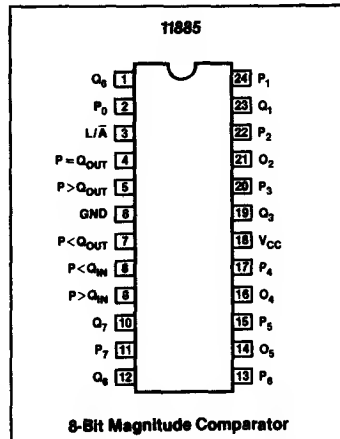
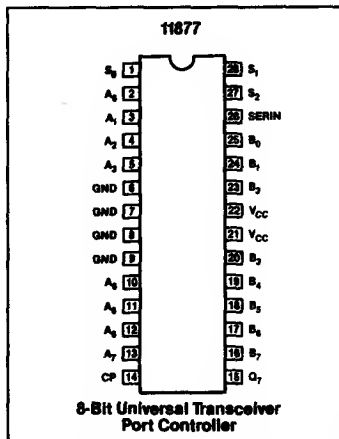
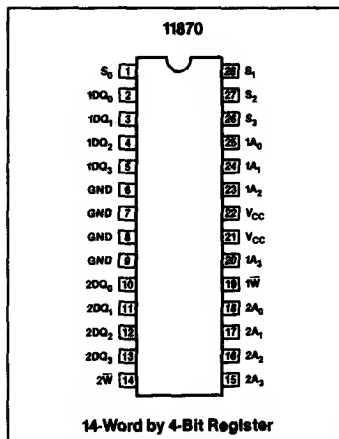
ACL Pinouts



ACL Pinouts



ACL Pinouts





Section 5

ACL Data Sheets

74AC/ACT11000

Quad 2-Input NAND Gate

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11000 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11000 provides four separate 2-input NAND gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, to Y	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.7	6.5	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	33	23	pF
C_{in}	Input capacitance	$V_i = 0\text{V or } V_{CC}$	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

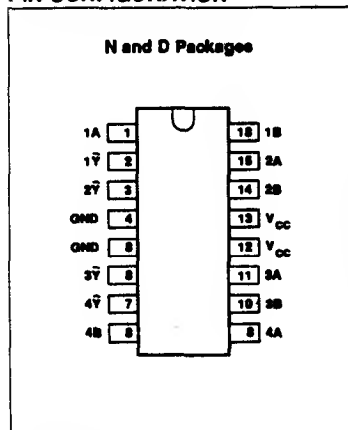
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

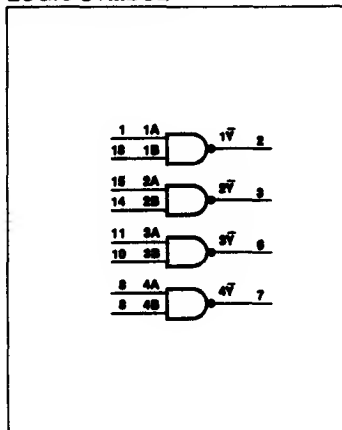
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11000N 74ACT11000N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11000D 74ACT11000D

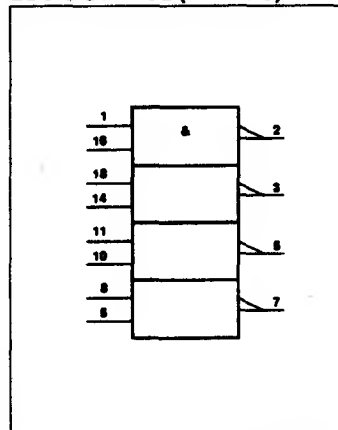
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad 2-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11000

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 15, 11, 9	1A - 4A	Data inputs
16, 14, 10, 8	1B - 4B	Data inputs
2, 3, 6, 7	1Y - 4Y	Data outputs
4, 5	GND	Ground (0V)
12, 13	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		OUTPUT
nA	nB	nY
L	L	H
L	H	H
H	L	H
H	H	L

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11000			74ACT11000			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad 2-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11000

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	74AC11000					74ACT11000				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10							V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90						V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44						
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5			1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

Quad 2-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11000

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $3.3V \pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

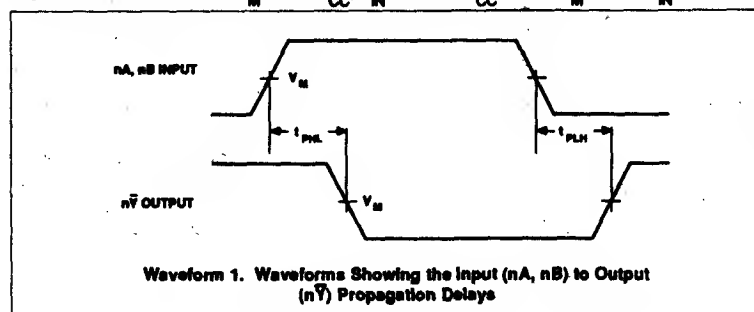
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11000						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	7.2 5.8	9.8 6.6	1.5 1.5	11.1 9.6	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $5.0V \pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11000						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.0 4.4	6.5 6.1	1.5 1.5	7.4 6.6	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $5.0V \pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11000						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PLH}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	7.2 5.8	10.9 8.0	1.5 1.5	12.3 8.6	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11002

Quad 2-Input NOR Gate

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11002 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11002 provides four separate 2-input NOR gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PLL}	Propagation delay A, B, to \bar{Y}	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	4.3	5.7	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	32	29	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

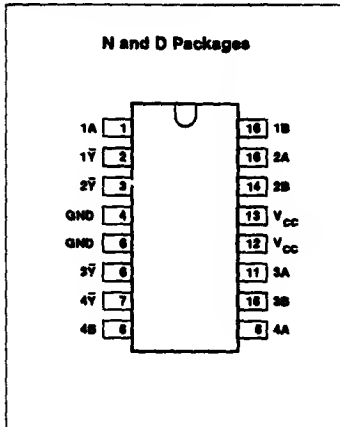
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

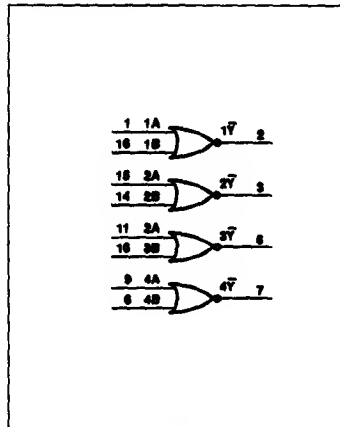
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11002N 74ACT11002N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11002D 74ACT11002D

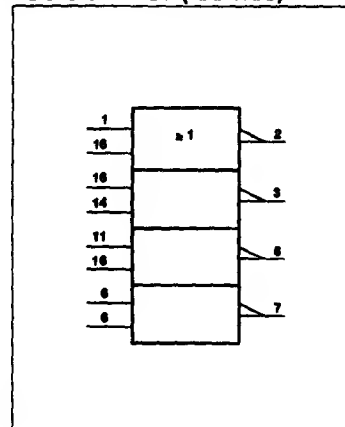
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad 2-Input NOR Gate

74AC/ACT11002

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 15, 11, 9	1A - 4A	Data inputs
16, 14, 10, 8	1B - 4B	Data inputs
2, 3, 6, 7	1Y - 4Y	Data outputs
4, 5	GND	Ground (0V)
12, 13	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		OUTPUT
nA	nB	nY
L	L	H
L	H	L
H	L	L
H	H	L

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11002			74ACT11002			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad 2-Input NOR Gate

74AC/ACT11002

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74ACT1002				74ACT11002				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
			I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.65				3.65		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
				5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5									
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Quad 2-Input NOR Gate

74AC/ACT11002

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

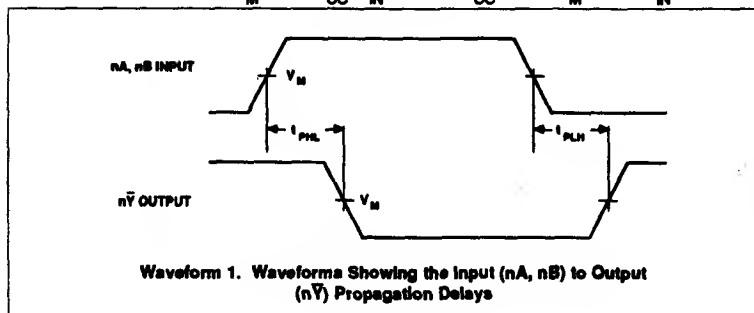
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11002					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	7.0 6.0	8.6 7.5	1.5 1.5	9.9 8.4	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11002						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.5 4.0	6.1 5.7	1.5 1.5	6.9 6.4	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11002						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.1 5.3	9.4 7.8	1.5 1.5	10.8 8.7	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = GND$ to V_{CC} ; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = GND$ to 3.0V

74AC/ACT11004

Hex Inverter

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11004 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11004 provides six separate inverters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, to \bar{Y}	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.0	5.9	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	19	26	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

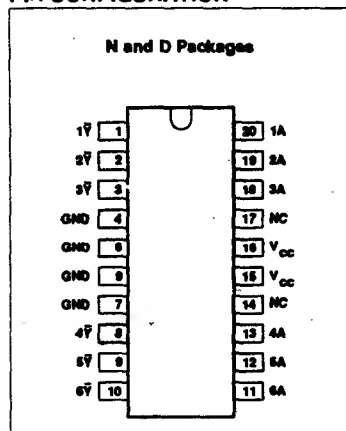
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

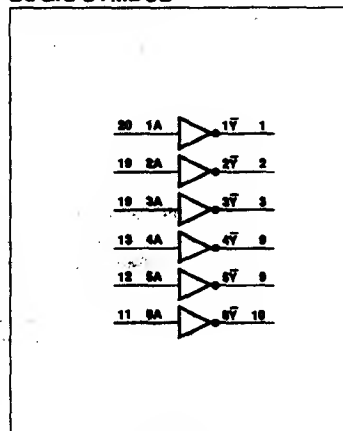
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11004N 74ACT11004N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11004D 74ACT11004D

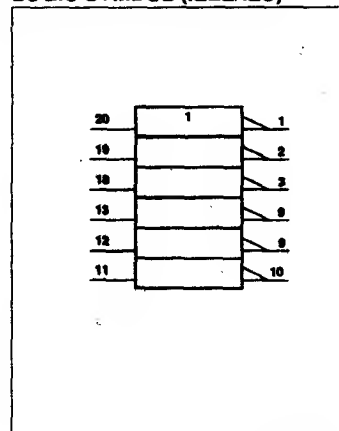
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Hex Inverter

74AC/ACT11004

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
20, 19, 18, 13, 12, 11	1A - 6A	Data inputs
1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10	1Y - 6Y	Data outputs
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

INPUT	OUTPUT
nA	nY
L	H
H	L

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11004			74ACT11004			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

- No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±150	mA
	DC ground current		±150	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Hex Inverter

74AC/ACT11004

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74AC11004				74ACT11004				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1						V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0	0.36		0.44						
				4.5	0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5	0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5			1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND		5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0		5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND		5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

1. Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
2. This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

Hex Inverter

74AC/ACT11004

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

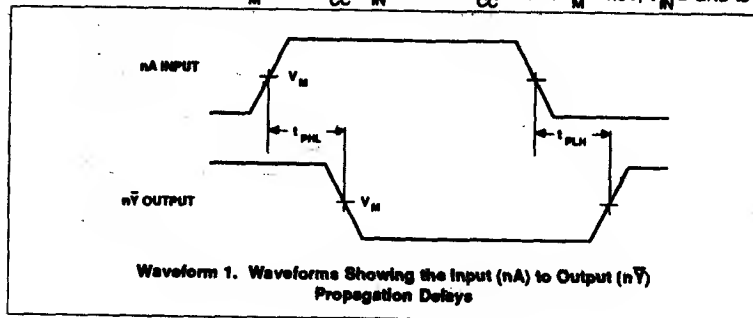
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11004						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.1 5.2	9.0 7.4	1.5 1.5	10.0 8.2	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11004					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.2 3.8	6.3 5.5	1.5 1.5	7.1 6.0	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11004					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.3 6.4	9.0 8.7	1.5 1.5	9.7 9.6	ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11008

Quad 2-Input AND Gate

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11008 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11008 provides four separate 2-input AND gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.2	5.5	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	29	29	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

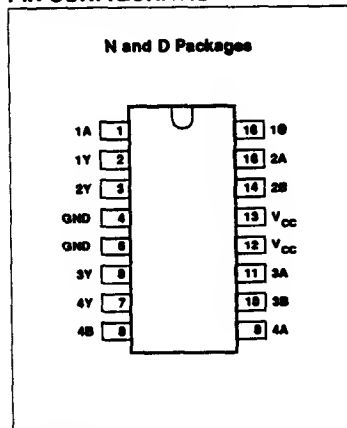
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

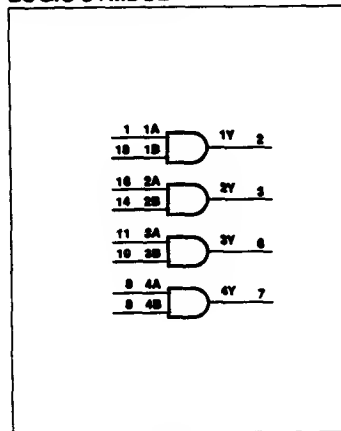
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11008N 74ACT11008N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11008D 74ACT11008D

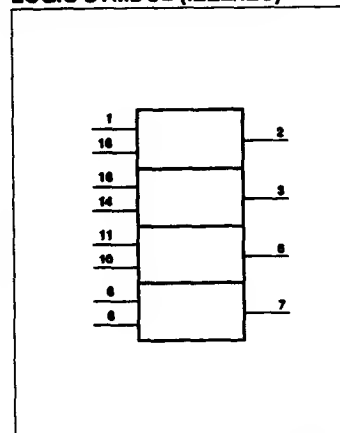
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad 2-Input AND Gate

74AC/ACT11008

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 15, 11, 9	1A - 4A	Data inputs
16, 14, 10, 8	1B - 4B	Data inputs
2, 3, 6, 7	1Y - 4Y	Data outputs
4, 5	GND	Ground (0V)
12, 13	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		OUTPUT
nA	nB	nY
L	L	L
L	H	L
H	L	L
H	H	H

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11008			74ACT11008			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/Δt	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad 2-Input AND Gate

74AC/ACT11008

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74AC11008				74ACT11008				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	4.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44						
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5			1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND		5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0		5.5		4.0		4.0		4.0		4.0	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND		5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

Quad 2-Input AND Gate

74AC/ACT11008

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

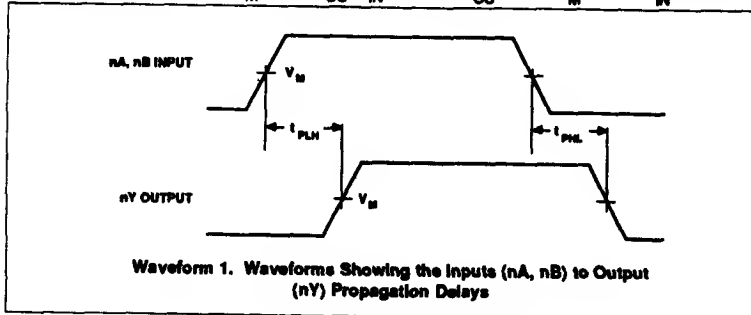
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11008					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.3 5.6	9.0 7.8	1.5 1.5	10.2 8.6	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11008					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.3 4.0	6.2 5.9	1.5 1.5	6.9 6.5	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11008					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.8 5.2	8.0 7.7	1.5 1.5	9.0 8.2	ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC : $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = GND$ to V_{CC} ; ACT : $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = GND$ to $3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11010

Triple 3-Input NAND Gate

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11010 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11010 provides three separate 3-input NAND gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, C to \bar{Y}	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	4.5	5.8	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	23	27	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

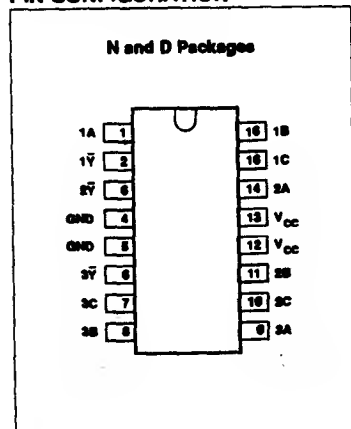
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

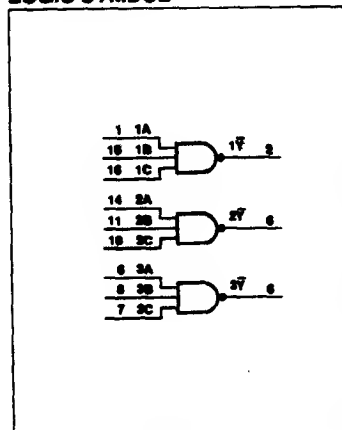
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11010N 74ACT11010N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11010D 74ACT11010D

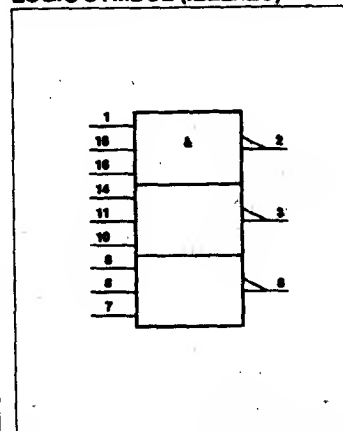
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Triple 3-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11010

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 14, 9	1A - 3A	Data inputs
16, 11, 8	1B - 3B	Data inputs
15, 10, 7	1C - 3C	Data inputs
2, 3, 6	1Y - 3Y	Data outputs
4, 5	GND	Ground (0V)
12, 13	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

INPUTS			OUTPUT
nA	nB	nC	nY
L	L	L	H
L	L	H	H
L	H	L	H
L	H	H	H
H	L	L	H
H	L	H	H
H	H	L	H
H	H	H	L

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11010			74ACT11010			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/Δt	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Triple 3-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11010

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74AC11010				74ACT11010				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
			I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44						
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5			1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Triple 3-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11010

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

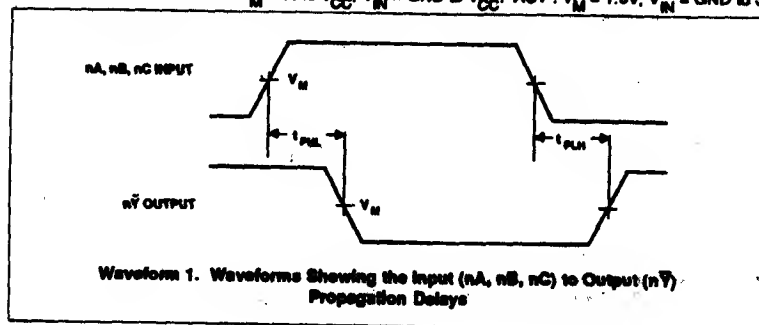
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11010						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.9 5.8	8.5 9.0	1.5 1.5	9.3 9.9	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11010						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.4 4.6	6.2 6.4	1.5 1.5	6.7 7.0	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11010						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	1	1.5 1.5	3.8 5.7	5.2 7.4	1.5 1.5	5.9 8.2	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = GND$ to V_{CC} ; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$; $V_{IN} = GND$ to 3.0V

74AC/ACT11011

Triple 3-Input AND Gate

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11011 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11011 provides three separate 3-input AND gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, C to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.3	6.0	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	28	28	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V or } V_{CC}$	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

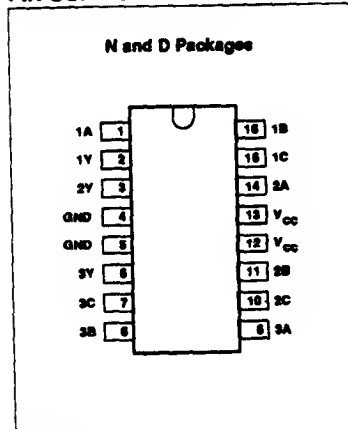
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

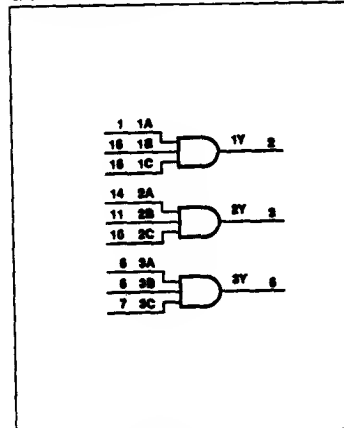
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11011N 74ACT11011N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11011D 74ACT11011D

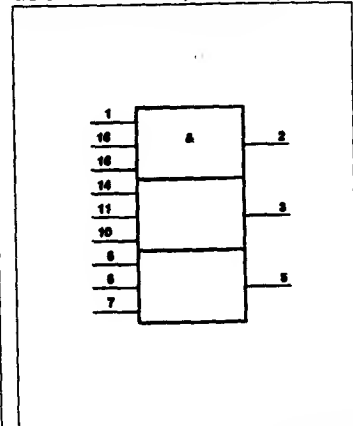
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Triple 3-Input AND Gate

74AC/ACT11011

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 14, 9	1A - 3A	Data inputs
16, 11, 8	1B - 3B	Data inputs
15, 10, 7	1C - 3C	Data inputs
2, 3, 6	1Y - 3Y	Data outputs
4, 5	GND	Ground (0V)
12, 13	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS			OUTPUT
nA	nB	nC	nY
L	L	L	L
L	L	H	L
L	H	L	L
L	H	H	L
H	L	L	L
H	L	H	L
H	H	L	L
H	H	H	H

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11011			74ACT11011			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔVΔv	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those tested may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Triple 3-Input AND Gate

74AC/ACT11011

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74AC11011				74ACT11011				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
			I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1					V
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5				1.65				1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Triple 3-Input AND Gate

74AC/ACT11011

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V ± 0.3 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

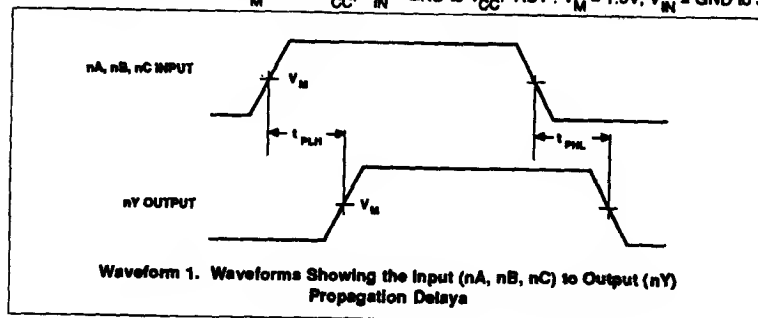
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11011					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.0 6.0	8.3 8.2	1.5 1.5	9.1 9.0	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11011						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.0 4.5	5.9 6.4	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.9	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11011						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.5 5.5	8.8 7.9	1.5 1.5	9.6 8.7	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5$ V, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0$ V

74AC/ACT11013

Dual 4-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11013 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11013 provides two separate 4-input NAND gate functions which are capable of transforming slowly changing input signals into sharply defined, jitter-free output signals. In addition, they have greater noise margin than conventional NAND gates.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, C, D to \bar{Y}	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	5.2		ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	29		pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5		pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500		mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	100		ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

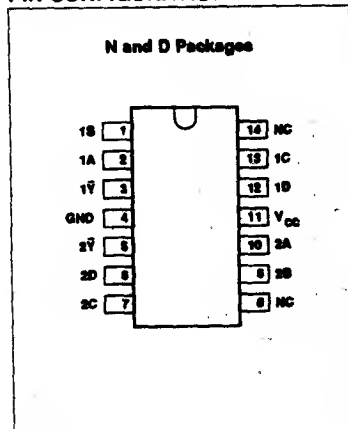
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

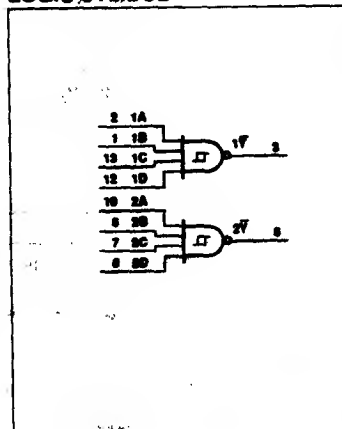
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
14-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11013N 74ACT11013N
14-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11013D 74ACT11013D

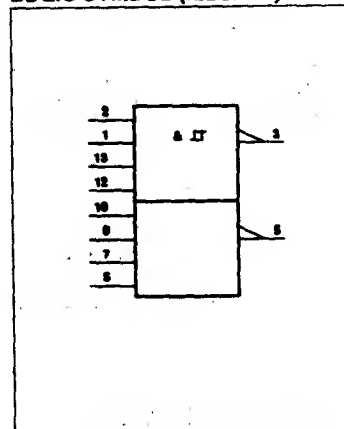
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Dual 4-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger

74AC/ACT11013

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
2, 10	1A - 2A	Data inputs
1, 9	1B - 2B	Data inputs
13, 7	1C - 2C	Data inputs
12, 6	1D - 2D	Data inputs
3, 5	1Y - 2Y	Data outputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
11	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS				OUTPUT
nA	nB	nC	nD	nY
H	H	H	H	L
L	X	X	X	H
X	L	X	X	H
X	X	L	X	H
X	X	X	L	H

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11013			74ACT11013			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/Δt	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		100	0		100	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Dual 4-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger

74AC/ACT11013

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	74AC11013				74ACT11013				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{T+}	Positive-going threshold		3.0		2.2		2.2					V
			4.5		3.2		3.2		2.0		2.0	
			5.5		3.9		3.9		2.0		2.0	
V _{T-}	Negative-going threshold		3.0	0.5		0.5						V
			4.5	0.9		0.9			0.8		0.8	
			5.5	1.1		1.1			0.8		0.8	
ΔV _T	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})		3.0	0.3	1.2	0.3	1.2					V
			4.5	0.4	1.4	0.4	1.4	0.4	1.2	0.4	1.2	
			5.5	0.5	1.8	0.5	1.8	0.4	1.2	0.4	1.2	
V _H	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _L	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _L or V _H	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58	2.48						
				4.5	3.94	3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94	4.8		4.94		4.8		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _L or V _H	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	I _{OL} = -75mA ¹	3.0			1.65				1.65	μA
				4.5								
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0	40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5					0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Dual 4-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger

74AC/ACT11013

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $3.3V \pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

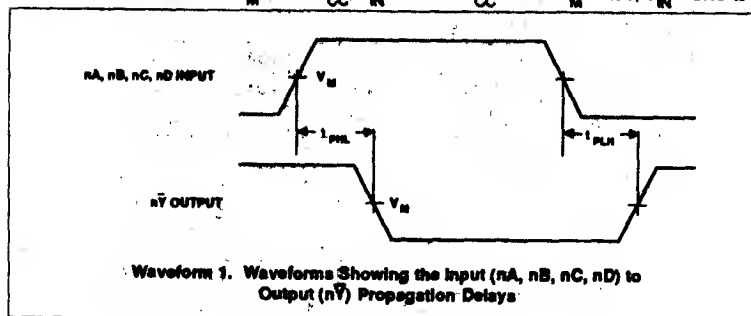
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11013						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC, nD to nY	1	1.5 1.5	7.3 7.2	8.7 8.7	1.5 1.5	10.0 10.2	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $5.0V \pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11013						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC, nD to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.1 5.2	8.4 7.0	1.5 1.5	7.3 8.1	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $5.0V \pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11013						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC, nD to nY	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11014

Hex Inverter Schmitt-Trigger

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω Incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11014 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11014 provides six separate inverters which are capable of transforming slowly changing input signals into sharply defined, jitter-free output signals. In addition, they have greater noise margin than conventional inverters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	6.9		ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	27		pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V or } V_{CC}$	3.5		pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500		mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	100		ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

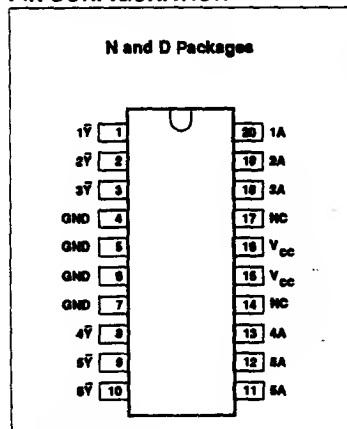
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

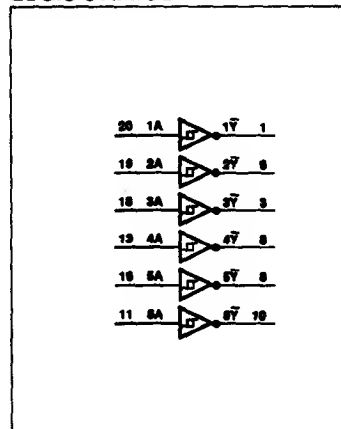
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11014N 74ACT11014N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11014D 74ACT11014D

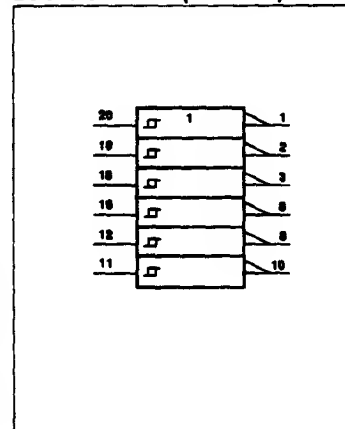
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Hex Inverter Schmitt-Trigger

74AC/ACT11014

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
20, 19, 18, 13, 12, 11	1A - 6A	Data inputs
1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10	1Y - 6Y	Data outputs
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

INPUT	OUTPUT
nA	nY
L	H
H	L

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11014			74ACT11014			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/ΔV	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		100	0		100	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±150	mA
	DC ground current		±150	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Hex Inverter Schmitt-Trigger

74AC/ACT11014

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	74AC11014				74ACT11014				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{T+}	Positive-going threshold		3.0		2.2		2.2					V	
			4.5		3.2		3.2		2.0		2.0		
			5.5		3.9		3.9		2.0		2.0		
V _{T-}	Negative-going threshold		3.0	0.5		0.5						V	
			4.5	0.9		0.9			0.8		0.8		
			5.5	1.1		1.1			0.8		0.8		
ΔV _T	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})		3.0	0.3	1.2	0.3	1.2					V	
			4.5	0.4	1.4	0.4	1.4	0.4	1.2	0.4	1.2		
			5.5	0.5	1.6	0.5	1.8	0.4	1.2	0.4	1.2		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
			I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
				5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
			I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5				1.65					1.65
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

Hex Inverter Schmitt-Trigger

74AC/ACT11014

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

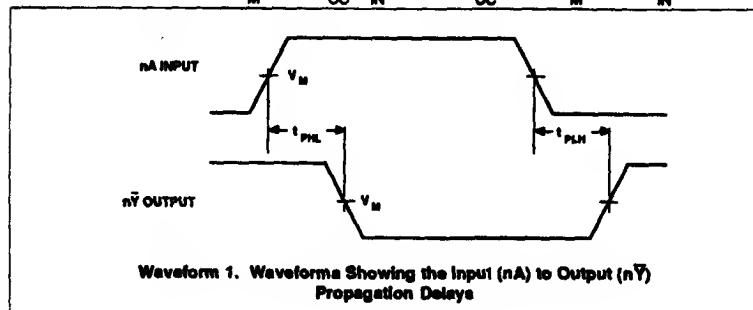
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11014						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.6 6.5	9.3 8.4	1.5 1.5	10.1 9.2	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11014						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.6 4.9	6.9 6.8	1.5 1.5	7.4 7.3	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11014						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11020

Dual 4-Input NAND Gate

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11020 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11020 provides two separate 4-input NAND gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PLL}	Propagation delay A, B, C, D to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	4.4	5.9	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	19	27	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jedic JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

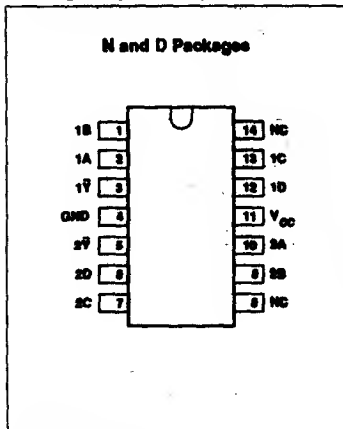
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

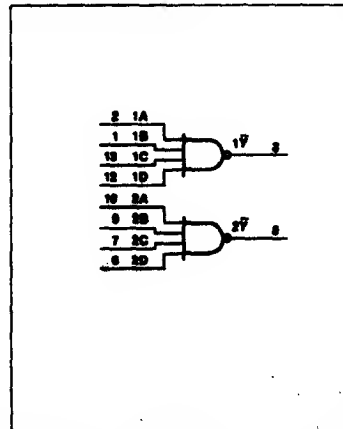
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
14-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11020N 74ACT11020N
14-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11020D 74ACT11020D

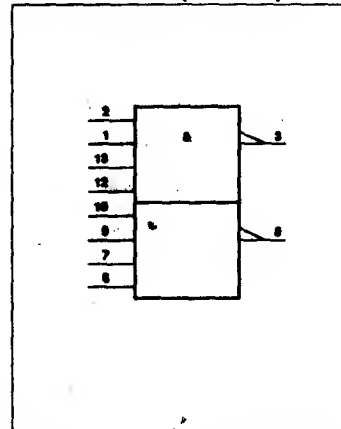
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Dual 4-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11020

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
2, 10	1A - 2A	Data inputs
1, 9	1B - 2B	Data inputs
13, 7	1C - 2C	Data inputs
12, 6	1D - 2D	Data inputs
3, 5	1Y - 2Y	Data outputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
11	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS				OUTPUT
nA	nB	nC	nD	nY
H	H	H	H	L
L	X	X	X	H
X	L	X	X	H
X	X	L	X	H
X	X	X	L	H

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11020			74ACT11020			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/Δt	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Dual 4-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11020

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11020				74ACT11020				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
				I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85				
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5			1.65				
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Dual 4-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11020

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V ± 0.3 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

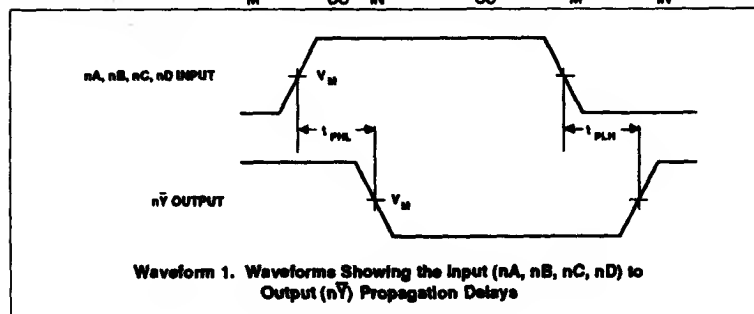
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11020						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC, nD to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.4 6.4	8.6 9.2	1.5 1.5	9.4 10.1	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11020						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC, nD to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.3 4.4	6.3 6.7	1.5 1.5	6.7 7.3	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11020						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC, nD to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.6 6.1	8.5 8.4	1.5 1.5	9.1 9.2	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5$ V, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0$ V

74AC/ACT11021

Dual 4-Input AND Gate

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11021 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11021 provides two separate 4-input AND gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, C, D to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	5.1	6.1	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	38	37	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

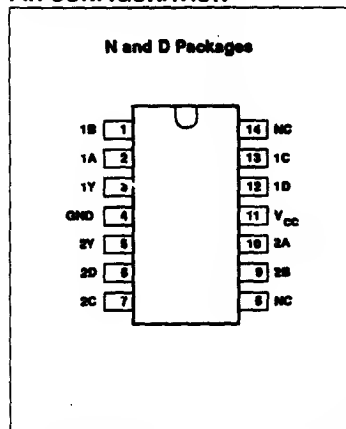
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

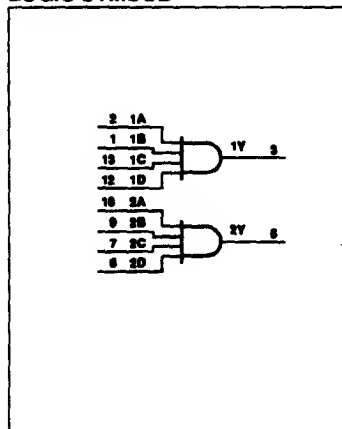
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
14-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11021N 74ACT11021N
14-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11021D 74ACT11021D

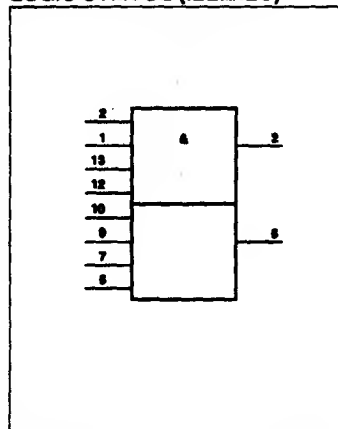
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Dual 4-Input AND Gate

74AC/ACT11021

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
2, 10	1A - 2A	Data inputs
1, 9	1B - 2B	Data inputs
13, 7	1C - 2C	Data inputs
12, 6	1D - 2D	Data inputs
3, 5	1Y - 2Y	Data outputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
11	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS				OUTPUT
nA	nB	nC	nD	nY
H	H	H	H	H
L	X	X	X	L
X	L	X	X	L
X	X	L	X	L
X	X	X	L	L

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11021			74ACT11021			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Dual 4-Input AND Gate

74AC/ACT11021

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74ACT11021				74ACT11021				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.85		1.85		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44						
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	3.0			1.85				1.65	μA	
				4.5									
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

Dual 4-Input AND Gate

74AC/ACT11021

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $3.3V \pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

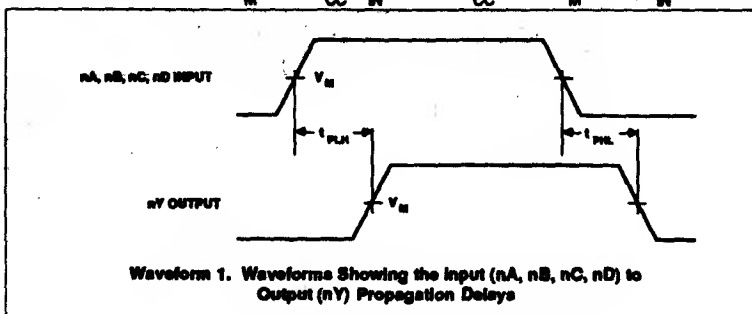
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11021						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC, nD to nY	1	1.5 1.5	8.2 6.4	11.4 8.7	1.5 1.5	13.0 9.3	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $5.0V \pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11021						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC, nD to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.6 4.6	7.8 6.5	1.5 1.5	8.8 6.9	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT $5.0V \pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11021						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC, nD to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.7 5.4	8.8 8.3	1.5 1.5	9.8 8.9	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = GND$ to V_{CC} ; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = GND$ to $3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11027

Triple 3-Input NOR Gate

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11027 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11027 provides three separate 3-input NOR gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, C to \bar{Y}	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.4	5.5	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	24	27	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_i = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jedec JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta v$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

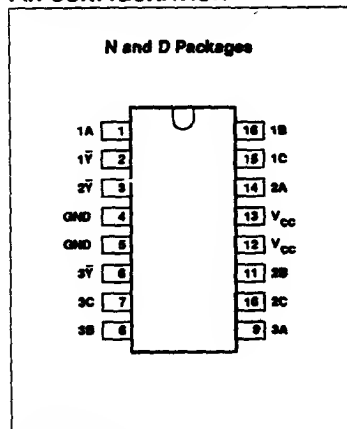
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

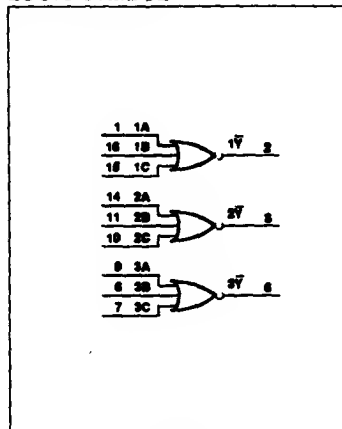
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11027N 74ACT11027N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11027D 74ACT11027D

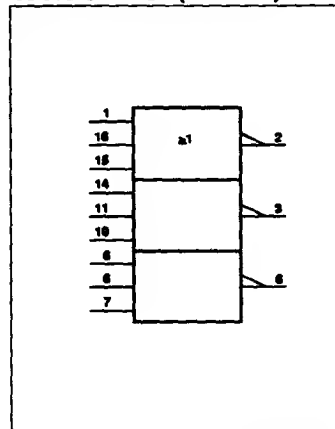
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Triple 3-Input NOR Gate

74AC/ACT11027

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 14, 9	1A - 3A	Data inputs
18, 11, 8	1B - 3B	Data inputs
15, 10, 7	1C - 3C	Data inputs
2, 3, 6	1Y - 3Y	Data outputs
4, 5	GND	Ground (0V)
12, 13	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

INPUTS			OUTPUT
nA	nB	nC	nY
L	L	L	H
X	X	H	L
X	H	X	L
H	X	X	L

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11027			74ACT11027			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/ΔV	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Triple 3-Input NOR Gate

74AC/ACT11027

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74AC11027				74ACT11027				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44						
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5			1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

Triple 3-Input NOR Gate

74AC/ACT11027

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

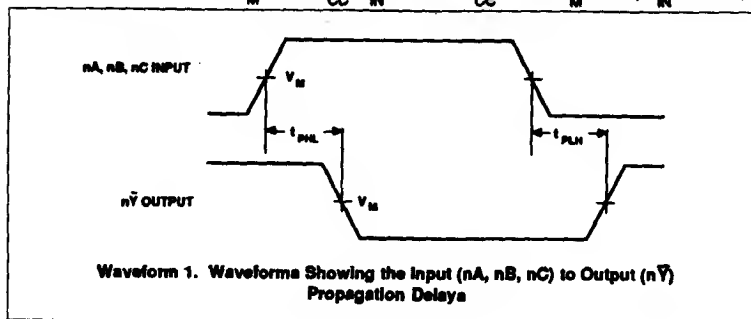
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11027						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.3 7.6	9.8 10.9	1.5 1.5	10.9 12.0	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11027						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.3 4.5	6.8 7.5	1.5 1.5	7.7 8.1	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11027						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.0 6.0	9.2 8.8	1.5 1.5	10.1 9.4	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC : $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT : $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11030

8-Input NAND Gate

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11030 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11030 provides one 8-input NAND gate function.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A through H to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	4.8	5.7	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	42	41	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

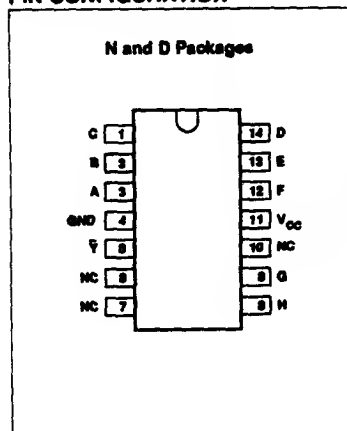
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

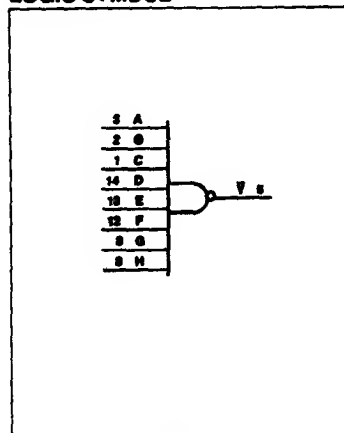
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
14-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11030N 74ACT11030N
14-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11030D 74ACT11030D

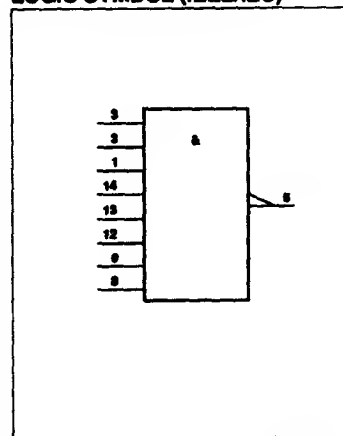
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



8-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11030

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
3, 2, 1, 14 13, 12, 9, 8	A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H	Data inputs
5	\bar{Y}	Data output
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS	OUTPUT
A through H	\bar{Y}
All inputs H	L
One or more inputs L	H

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11030			74ACT11030			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V_{CC} +0.5	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V_{CC} +0.5	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

8-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11030

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS												
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11030				74ACT11030				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.25		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
				5.5			3.85				3.85	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5			1.65				1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

8-Input NAND Gate

74AC/ACT11030

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V ± 0.3 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

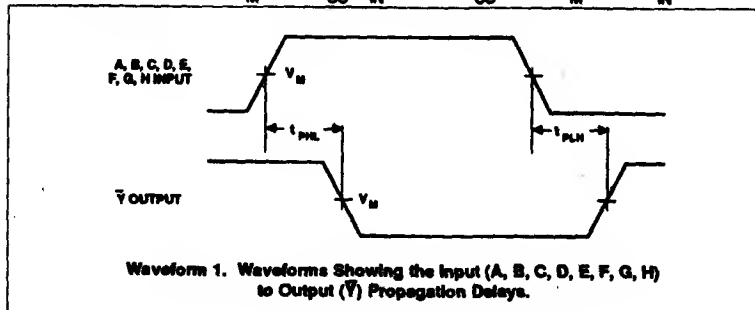
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11030						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H to \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	6.9 6.4	9.1 8.8	1.5 1.5	9.9 9.8	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11030						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H to \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	4.8 4.8	8.7 8.7	1.5 1.5	7.2 7.4	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11030						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H to \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	5.4 5.9	8.1 7.8	1.5 1.5	8.5 8.7	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5$ V, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0$ V

74AC/ACT11032

Quad 2-Input OR Gate

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11032 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11032 provides four separate 2-input OR gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	4.1	4.8	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	24	25	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

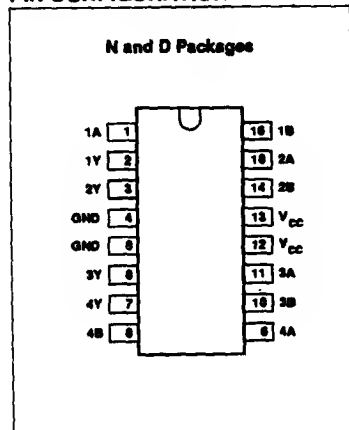
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

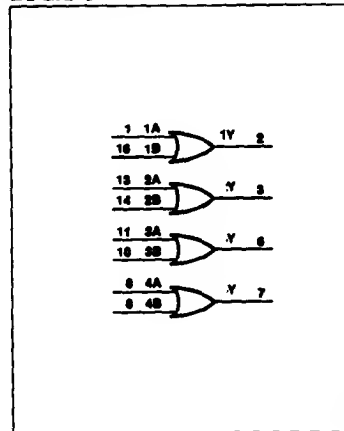
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11032N 74ACT11032N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11032D 74ACT11032D

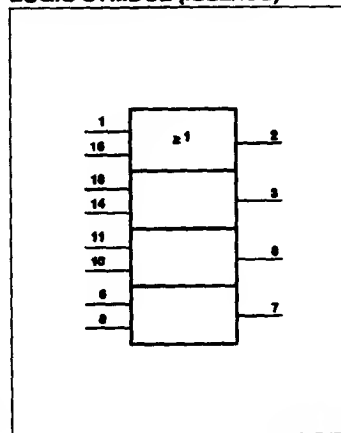
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad 2-Input OR Gate

74AC/ACT11032

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 15, 11, 9	1A - 4A	Data inputs
16, 14, 10, 8	1B - 4B	Data inputs
2, 3, 6, 7	1Y - 4Y	Data outputs
4, 5	GND	Ground (0V)
12, 13	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		OUTPUT
nA	nB	nY
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	L	H
H	H	H

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11032			74ACT11032			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/ΔV	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad 2-Input OR Gate

74AC/ACT11032

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS														
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC}	74AC11032				74ACT11032				UNIT	
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				5.5			3.85				3.85			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V		
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1			
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1			
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44							
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44			
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44			
				5.5			1.65				1.55			
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Quad 2-Input OR Gate

74AC/ACT11032

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

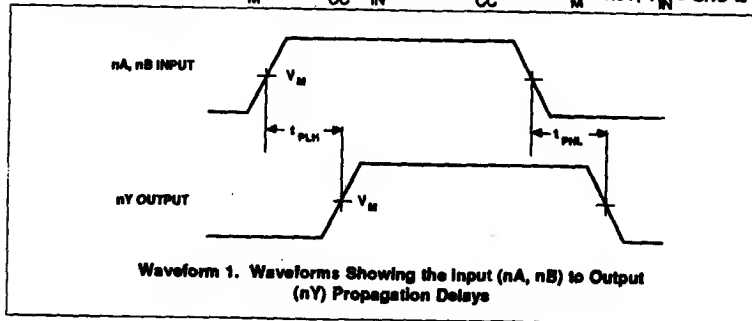
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11002					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.3 5.4	8.7 7.4	1.5 1.5	9.7 8.0	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11032					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.3 3.8	6.2 5.5	1.5 1.5	6.7 5.9	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11032					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.3 4.3	8.1 7.4	1.5 1.5	9.0 8.0	ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = GND$ to V_{CC} ; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$; $V_{IN} = GND$ to 3.0V

74AC/ACT11034

Hex Non-Inverter

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11034 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11034 provides six separate non-inverters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PLL}	Propagation delay A, B, to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.0	5.7	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	27	29	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V or } V_{CC}$	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta v$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

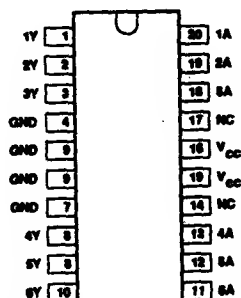
$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

ORDERING INFORMATION

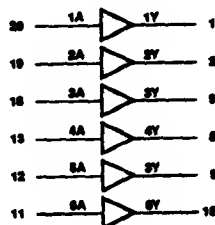
PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11034N 74ACT11034N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11034D 74ACT11034D

PIN CONFIGURATION

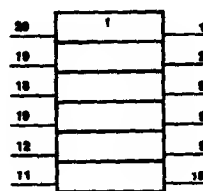
N and D Packages



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Hex Non-Inverter

74AC/ACT11034

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
20, 19, 18, 13, 12, 11	1A - 6A	Data inputs
1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10	1Y - 6Y	Data outputs
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUT	OUTPUT
nA	nY
L	L
H	H

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11034			74ACT11034			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±150	mA
	DC ground current		±150	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-45 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Hex Non-Inverter

74AC/ACT11034

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74AC11034				74ACT11034				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.68		2.68						
				4.5	3.94		3.9		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
			V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1		
4.5		0.1						0.1		0.1		0.1	
5.5		0.1						0.1		0.1		0.1	
I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0					0.36		0.44					
	4.5					0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5					0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
	5.5							1.65				1.65	
I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5												
	I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Hex Non-Inverter

74AC/ACT11034

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

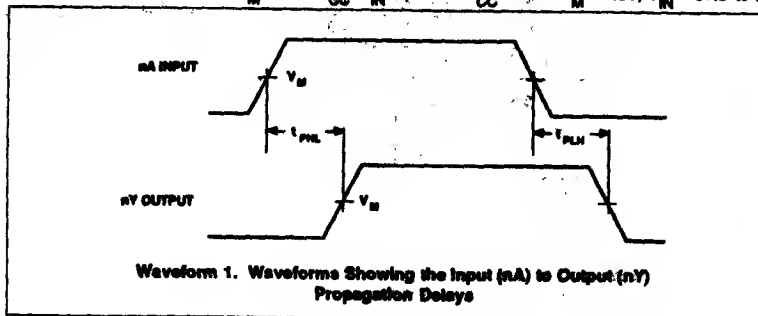
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11034						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.7 5.5	9.1 6.3	1.5 1.5	10.1 9.2	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11034					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.0 4.0	6.3 6.2	1.5 1.5	6.9 6.6	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11034					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.1 5.2	8.9 8.0	1.5 1.5	9.9 8.9	ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = GND$ to V_{CC} ; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$; $V_{IN} = GND$ to 3.0V

74AC/ACT11074

Dual D-Type Flip-Flop w/Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11074 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11074 provides two D-type flip-flops with independent Data, Clock, Set and Reset inputs, and complementary Q and \bar{Q} outputs.

Set (\bar{S}_1) and Reset (\bar{R}_1) are asynchronous active-Low inputs and operate independently of the Clock input. Information on the Data (D) input is transferred to the Q output on the Low-to-High transition of the clock pulse. Clock triggering occurs at a voltage level of the clock pulse and is not directly related to the transition time of the positive-going pulse. The D inputs must be stable one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition for predictable operation.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP_n to Q_n or \bar{Q}_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	5.2	5.9	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	30	30	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	150	125	MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

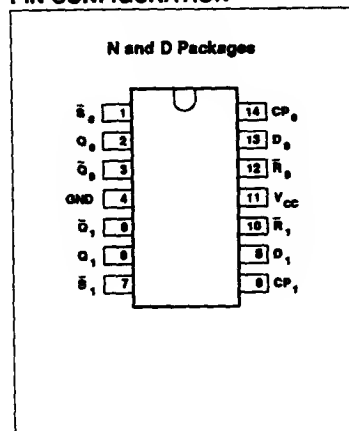
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

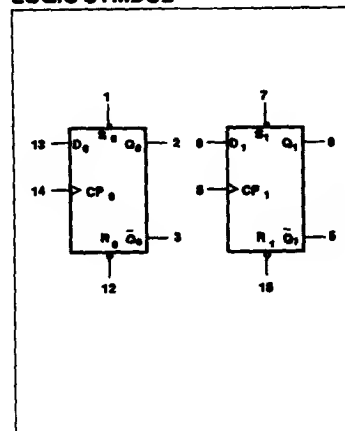
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
14-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11074N 74ACT11074N
14-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11074D 74ACT11074D

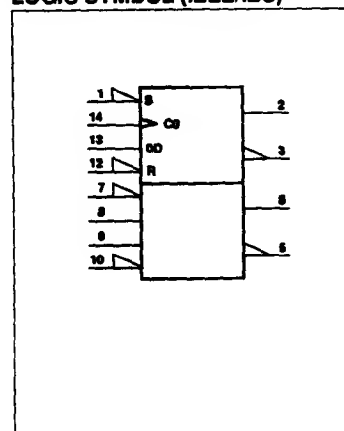
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Dual D-Type Flip-Flop w/Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11074

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
13, 9	$D_0 - D_1$	Data inputs
2, 6	$Q_0 - Q_1$	Data outputs
3, 5	$\bar{Q}_0 - \bar{Q}_1$	Data outputs (complements of Q_n outputs)
1, 7	$\bar{S}_0 - \bar{S}_1$	Set inputs (active Low)
12, 10	$\bar{R}_0 - \bar{R}_1$	Reset inputs (active Low)
14, 8	$CP_0 - CP_1$	Clock inputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
11	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS				OUTPUTS	
	\bar{S}	\bar{R}	CP	D	Q	\bar{Q}
Asynchronous set	L	H	X	X	H	L
Asynchronous reset	H	L	X	X	L	H
Undetermined ¹	L	L	X	X	H	H
Load "1" (set)	H	H	↑	h	H	L
Load "0" (reset)	H	H	↑	l	L	H
No change - hold	H	H	L	X	Q_0	\bar{Q}_0

H = High voltage level steady state

h = High voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

L = Low voltage level steady state

l = Low voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

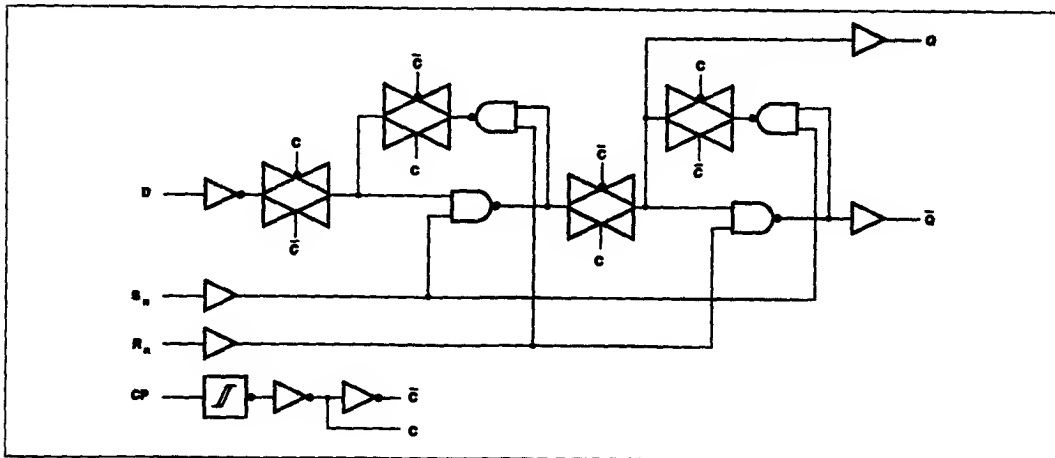
X = Don't care

↑ = Low-to-High clock transition

NOTE:

- This configuration is nonstable; that is, it will not persist when either Set or Reset returns to its inactive (High) level.

LOGIC DIAGRAM



Dual D-Type Flip-Flop w/Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11074

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11074			74ACT11074			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Dual D-Type Flip-Flop w/Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11074

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	74AC11074				74ACT11074				UNIT		
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C				
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V		
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0				
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0				
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V		
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8			
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8			
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V		
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				5.5			3.85				3.85			
			V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1			
4.5		0.1						0.1		0.1		0.1		
5.5		0.1						0.1		0.1		0.1		
I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0					0.36		0.44						
	4.5					0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5					0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
	5.5							1.65				1.65		
I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5													
	I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Dual D-Type Flip-Flop w/Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11074

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11074					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	100	125		100		MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP _n to Q _n , Q̄ _n	1	1.5 1.5	7.7 7.3	10.5 9.7	1.5 1.5	11.3 10.6	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n , R _n to Q _n , Q̄ _n	2	1.5 1.5	5.8 6.5	9.3 11.4	1.5 1.5	10.0 12.2	ns
t _S	Setup time, High or Low D _n to CP _n	1	5.0			5.0		ns
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CP _n to D _n	1	0			0		ns
t _W	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	5.0			5.0		ns
t _W	S _n or R _n pulse width, Low	2	4.0			4.0		ns
t _{REC}	Recovery time S _n or R _n to CP _n	3	1.0			1.0		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11074					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	125	150		125		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP_n to Q_n , $\overline{\text{Q}}_n$	1	1.5 1.5	5.4 5.0	7.5 6.9	1.5 1.5	8.2 7.5	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay S_n , R_n to Q_n , $\overline{\text{Q}}_n$	2	1.5 1.5	4.2 4.7	6.6 6.2	1.5 1.5	7.1 9.0	ns
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low D_n to CP_n	1	3.5			3.5		ns
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low CP_n to D_n	1	0			0		ns
t_{W}	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	4.0			4.0		ns
t_{W}	S_n or R_n pulse width, Low	2	4.0			4.0		ns
t_{REC}	Recovery time S_n or R_n to CP_n	3	1.0			1.0		ns

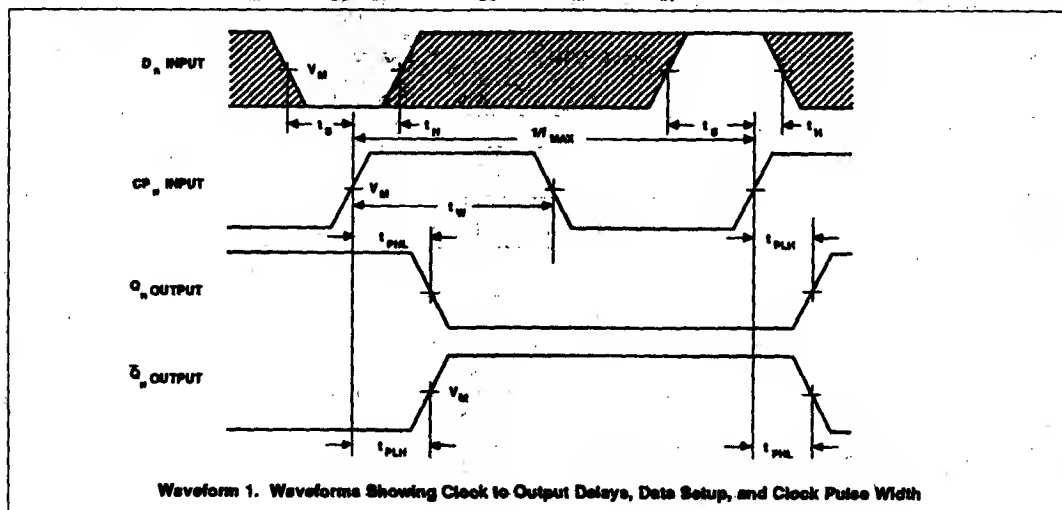
Dual D-Type Flip-Flop w/Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11074

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_H = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11074						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	100	125		100		MHz	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP _n to Q _n , Q̄ _n	1	1.5 1.5	6.0 5.7	8.5 8.0	1.5 1.5	9.4 8.8	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S̄ _n , R̄ _n to Q _n , Q̄ _n	2	1.5 1.5	5.7 6.6	8.9 11.3	1.5 1.5	9.6 12.5	ns	
t _S	Setup time, High or Low D _n to CP _n	1	4.5			4.5		ns	
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CP _n to D _n	1	0			0		ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	5.0			5.0		ns	
t _W	S̄ _n or R̄ _n pulse width, Low	2	5.0			5.0		ns	
t _{REC}	Recovery time S̄ _n or R̄ _n to CP _n	3	2.0			2.0		ns	

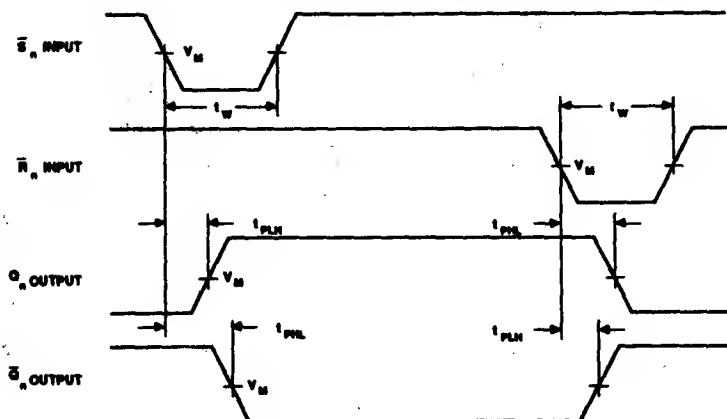
AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = GND$ to V_{CC} ; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = GND$ to 5.0V



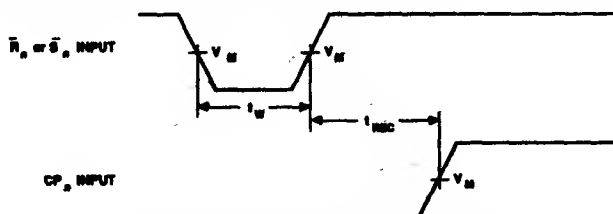
Dual D-Type Flip-Flop w/Set and Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11074

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$, ACT: $V_M = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{V}$ (Continued)



Waveform 2. Waveforms Showing Set and Reset to Output Delays, Set and Reset Pulse Widths



Waveform 3. Waveforms Showing Recovery Time

74AC/ACT11086

Quad 2-Input Exclusive-OR Gate

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11086 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11086 provides four separate 2-input exclusive-OR gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	5.0	6.5	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	27	26	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

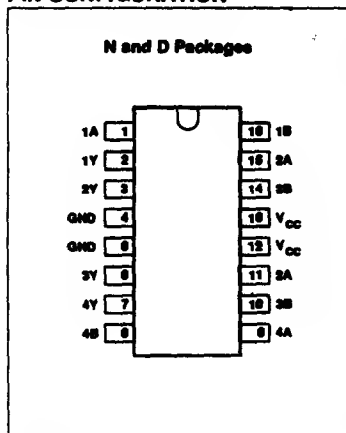
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

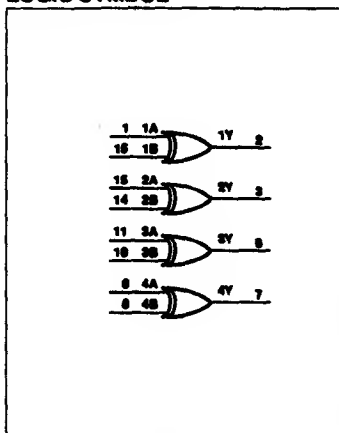
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11086N 74ACT11086N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11086D 74ACT11086D

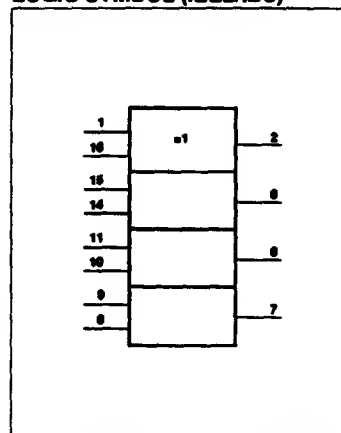
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad 2-Input Exclusive-OR Gate

74AC/ACT11086

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 15, 11, 9	1A - 4A	Data inputs
16, 14, 10, 8	1B - 4B	Data inputs
2, 3, 6, 7	1Y - 4Y	Data outputs
4, 5	GND	Ground (0V)
12, 13	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		OUTPUT
nA	nB	nY
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	L	H
H	H	L

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11086			74ACT11086			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad 2-Input Exclusive-OR Gate

74AC/ACT11086

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11086				74ACT11086				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
			V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1		
4.5		0.1						0.1		0.1		0.1	
5.5		0.1						0.1		0.1		0.1	
I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0					0.36		0.44					
	4.5					0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5					0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
	5.5							1.65				1.65	
I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5												
	I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

Quad 2-Input Exclusive-OR Gate

74AC/ACT11086

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

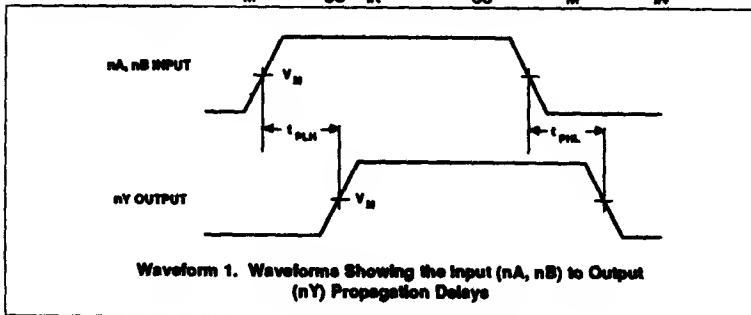
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11086					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	7.0 6.0	9.0 7.5	1.5 1.5	10.1 8.1	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11086					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.0 4.9	8.7 6.2	1.5 1.5	7.4 6.8	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11086					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.6 6.4	8.7 8.1	1.5 1.5	9.4 8.7	ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = GND$ to V_{CC} ; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = GND$ to 3.0V

74AC/ACT11109

Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Positive Edge-Triggered

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11109 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11109 provides two J-K flip-flops with independent Data, Clock, Set and Reset inputs, and complementary Q and \bar{Q} outputs.

Set (\bar{S}_1) and Reset (\bar{R}_1) are asynchronous active-Low inputs and operate independently of the Clock input.

Information at the J and K inputs is transferred to the Q output on the Low-to-High transition of the clock pulse. Clock triggering occurs at a voltage level of the clock pulse and is not directly related to the transition time of the positive-going pulse. The J and K inputs must be stable one set-

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP_n to Q_n or \bar{Q}_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	5.3	5.8	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	32	31	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	125	125	MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

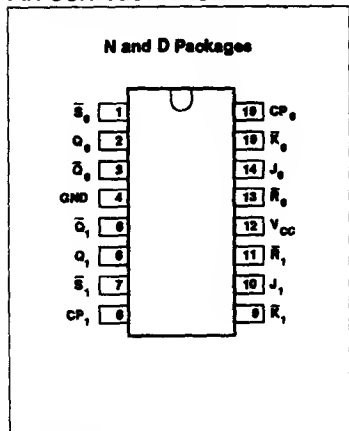
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11109N 74ACT11109N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11109D 74ACT11109D

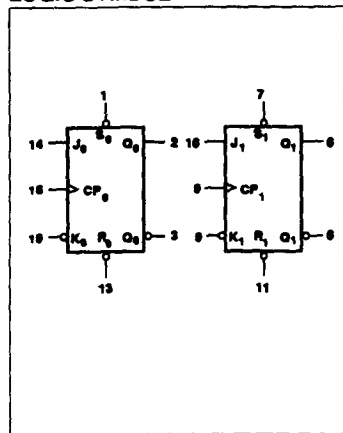
up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition for predictable operation. The J

and K inputs may be tied together to allow operation as a D flip-flop.

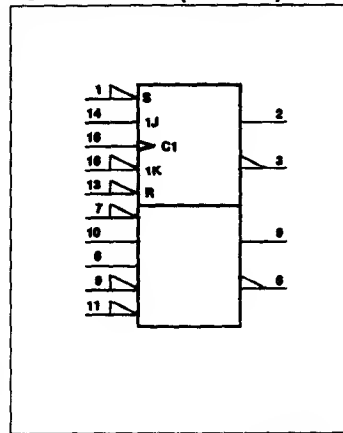
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Positive Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11109

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
14, 10	$J_0 - J_1$	Data inputs
15, 9	$\bar{K}_0 - \bar{K}_1$	Data inputs
2, 6	$Q_0 - Q_1$	Data outputs
3, 5	$\bar{Q}_0 - \bar{Q}_1$	Data outputs (complements of Q_n outputs)
1, 7	$\bar{S}_0 - \bar{S}_1$	Set inputs (active Low)
13, 11	$\bar{R}_0 - \bar{R}_1$	Reset inputs (active Low)
16, 8	$CP_0 - CP_1$	Clock inputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
12	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS					OUTPUTS	
	\bar{S}	\bar{R}	CP	J	K	Q	\bar{Q}
Asynchronous set	L	H	X	X	X	H	L
Asynchronous reset (clear)	H	L	X	X	X	L	H
Undetermined ¹	L	L	X	X	X	H	H
Load "0" (reset)	H	H	↑	l	l	L	H
Load "1" (set)	H	H	↑	h	h	H	L
Toggle	H	H	↑	h	l	\bar{q}	q
No change - hold	H	H	L	X	X	Q_0	\bar{Q}_0

H = High voltage level steady state

h = High voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

L = Low voltage level steady state

l = Low voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

X = Don't care

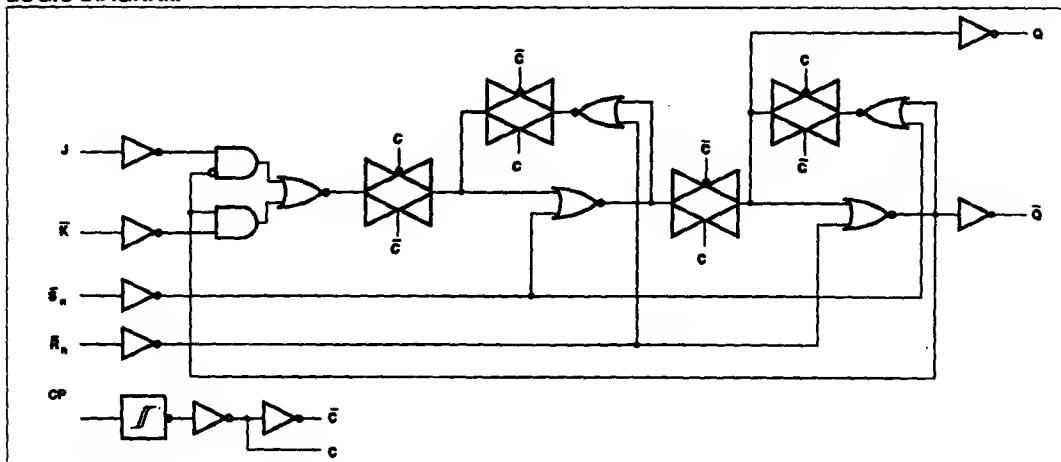
q = Lower case letters indicate the state of the referenced output prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

↑ = Low-to-High clock transition

NOTE:

1. This configuration is nonatable; that is, it will not persist when either Set or Reset returns to its inactive (High) level.

LOGIC DIAGRAM



Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Positive Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11109

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11109			74ACT11109			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Positive Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11109

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11109				74ACT11109				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0	0.36		0.44						
				4.5	0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5	0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5			1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Positive Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11109

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11109					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	70	100		70		MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP _n to Q _n , Q̄ _n	1	1.5 1.5	8.0 7.5	11.4 10.5	1.5 1.5	12.7 11.8	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n , R _n to Q _n , Q̄ _n	2	1.5 1.5	6.5 8.0	9.0 12.6	1.5 1.5	9.9 13.7	ns
t _S	Setup time, High or Low J _n or K _n to CP _n	1	5.5			5.5		ns
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CP _n to J _n or K _n	1	0			0		ns
t _W	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	7.2			7.2		ns
t _W	S _n or R _n pulse width, Low	2	5.0			5.0		ns
t _{REC}	Recovery time S _n or R _n to CP _n	3	2.5			2.5		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11109					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	100	125		100		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP_n to Q_n , $\overline{\text{Q}}_n$	1	1.5 1.5	5.5 5.0	7.9 7.3	1.5 1.5	8.8 8.1	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay S_n , R_n to Q_n , $\overline{\text{Q}}_n$	2	1.5 1.5	4.5 5.0	6.5 8.6	1.5 1.5	7.1 9.6	ns
t_s	Setup time, High or Low J_n or K_n to CP_n	1	4.5			4.5		ns
t_h	Hold time, High or Low CP_n to J_n or K_n	1	0			0		ns
t_w	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	5.0			5.0		ns
t_w	S_n or R_n pulse width, Low	2	4.0			4.0		ns
t_{REC}	Recovery time S_n or R_n to CP_n	3	2.0			2.0		ns

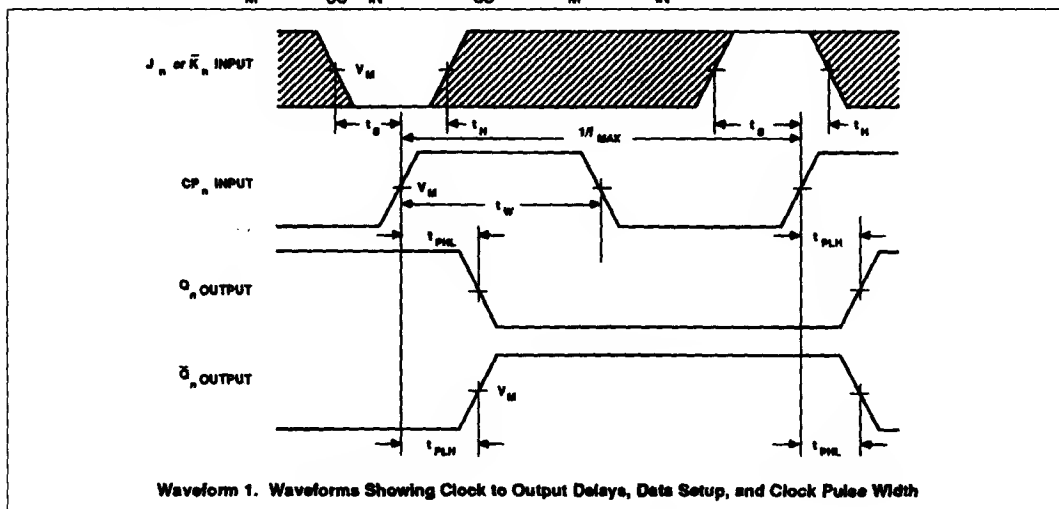
Dual J- \bar{K} Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Positive Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11109

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11109					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	100	125		100		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP_n to Q_n , $\bar{\text{Q}}_n$	1	1.5 1.5	8.0 5.5	8.3 7.8	1.5 1.5	9.1 8.3	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay $\bar{\text{S}}_n$, $\bar{\text{R}}_n$ to Q_n , $\bar{\text{Q}}_n$	2	1.5 1.5	5.5 6.0	8.6 10.8	1.5 1.5	9.2 11.8	ns
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low J_n or $\bar{\text{K}}_n$ to CP_n	1	5.5			5.5		ns
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low CP_n to J_n or $\bar{\text{K}}_n$	1	0			0		ns
t_{W}	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	5.0			5.0		ns
t_{W}	$\bar{\text{S}}_n$ or $\bar{\text{R}}_n$ pulse width, Low	2	5.5			5.5		ns
t_{REC}	Recovery time $\bar{\text{S}}_n$ or $\bar{\text{R}}_n$ to CP_n	3	2.0			2.0		ns

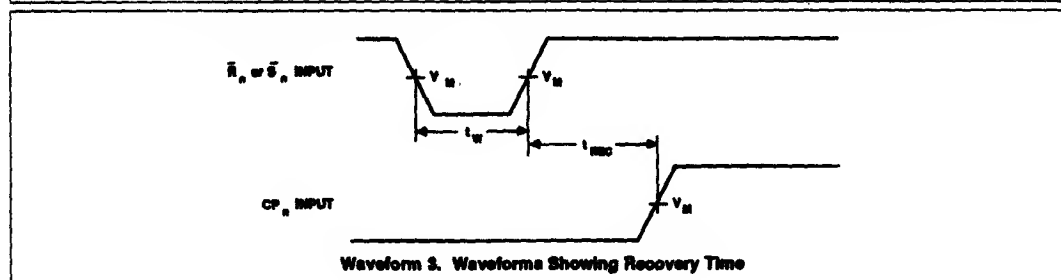
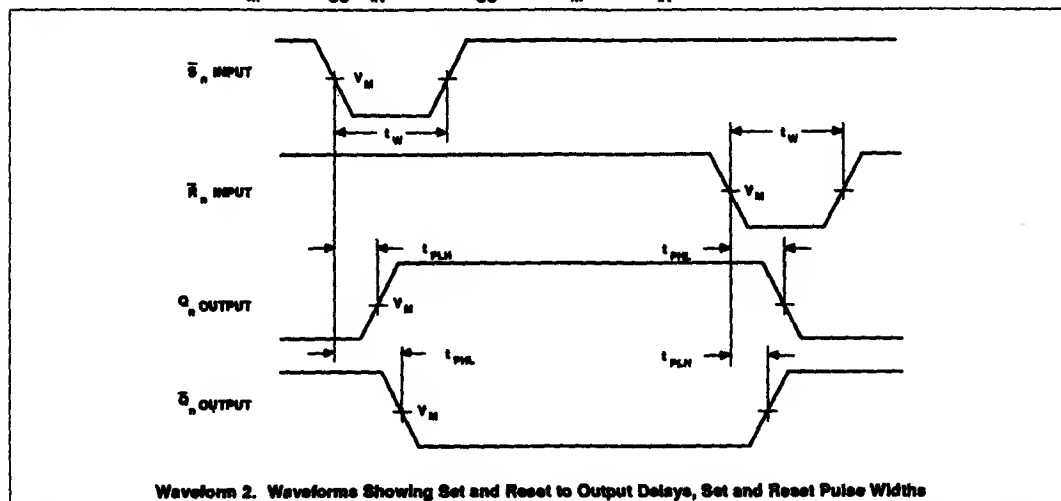
AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{V}$



Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Positive Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11109

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ (Continued)



74AC/ACT11112

Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Negative Edge-Triggered

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11112 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11112 provides two J-K flip-flops with independent Data, Clock, Set and Reset inputs, and complementary nQ and nQ outputs.

Set ($\overline{nS_D}$) and Reset ($\overline{nR_D}$) are asynchronous active-Low inputs and operate independently of the Clock inputs.

Information at the J and K inputs is transferred to the outputs on the High-to-Low transition of the clock pulse. The J and K inputs must be stable one set-up time prior to the High-to-Low clock transition for predictable operation.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nCP to nQ or nQ	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.5	6.7	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per flip-flop ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	37	39	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	180	150	MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

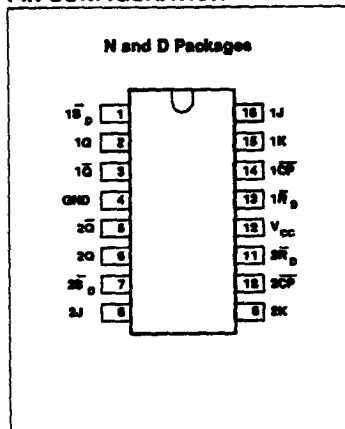
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

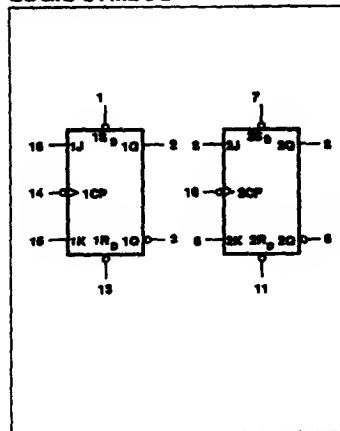
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11112N 74ACT11112N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11112D 74ACT11112D

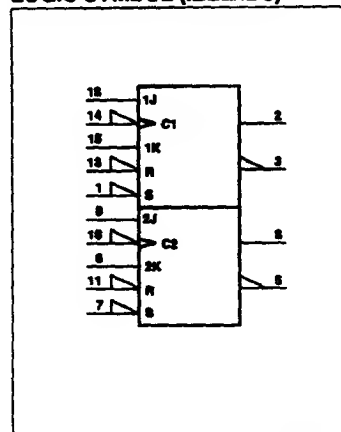
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Negative Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11112

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
16, 8	1J - 2J	Data inputs
15, 9	1K - 2K	Data inputs
2, 6	1Q - 2Q	Data outputs
3, 5	1 \bar{Q} - 2 \bar{Q}	Data outputs (complements of Q _n outputs)
1, 7	1 \bar{S}_D - 2 \bar{S}_D	Set inputs (active Low)
13, 11	1 \bar{R}_D - 2 \bar{R}_D	Reset inputs (active Low)
14, 10	1 \bar{CP} - 2 \bar{CP}	Clock inputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
12	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS					OUTPUTS	
	\bar{S}_D	\bar{R}_D	\bar{CP}	J	K	Q	\bar{Q}
Asynchronous set	L	H	X	X	X	H	L
Asynchronous reset (clear)	H	L	X	X	X	L	H
Undetermined ¹	L	L	X	X	X	H	H
Toggle	H	H	↓	h	h	\bar{q}	q
Load "0" (reset)	H	H	↓	l	h	L	H
Load "1" (set)	H	H	↓	h	l	H	L
No change - hold	H	H	↓	l	l	q	\bar{q}
No change - hold	H	H	H	X	X	Q	\bar{Q}

H = High voltage level steady state

h = High voltage level one set-up time prior to the High-to-Low clock transition

L = Low voltage level steady state

l = Low voltage level one set-up time prior to the High-to-Low clock transition

X = Don't care

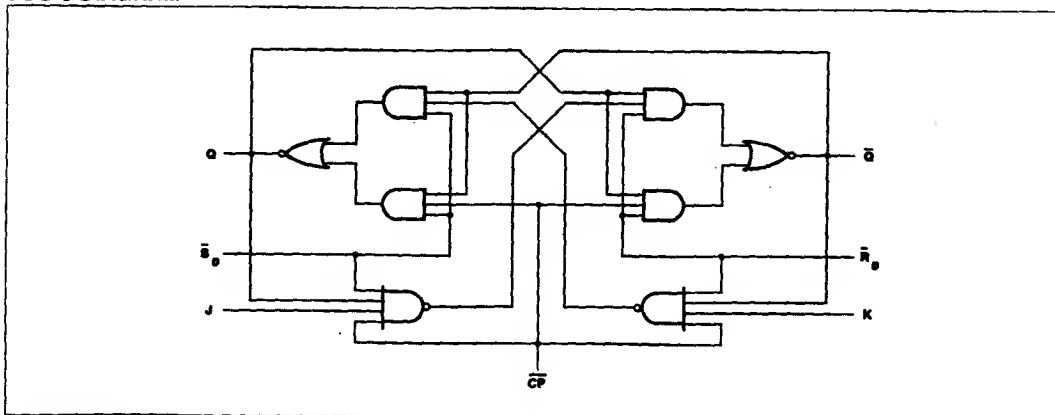
q = Lower case letters indicate the state of the referenced output prior to the High-to-Low clock transition

↓ = High-to-Low clock transition

NOTE:

1. This configuration is nonstable; that is, it will not persist when either Set or Reset returns to its inactive (High) level.

LOGIC DIAGRAM



Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Negative Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11112

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11112			74ACT11112			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Negative Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11112

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11112				74ACT11112				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
			5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
			V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1			
4.5		0.1					0.1		0.1		0.1		
5.5		0.1				0.1		0.1		0.1			
I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0					0.36	0.44						
	4.5					0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5					0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
	5.5						1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND				5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Negative Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11112

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11112						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	80	110		80		MHz	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay $n\text{CP}$ to $n\text{Q}$, $n\bar{\text{Q}}$	1	1.5 1.5	6.2 6.6	6.2 8.5	1.5 1.5	9.0 9.3	ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay $n\text{S}_D$, $n\text{R}_D$ to $n\text{Q}$, $n\bar{\text{Q}}$	2	1.5 1.5	5.7 7.7	7.7 10.0	1.5 1.5	6.3 10.9	ns	
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low $n\text{J}$ or $n\text{K}$ to $n\text{CP}$	1	6.0			6.0		ns	
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low $n\text{CP}$ to $n\text{J}$ or $n\text{K}$	1	0			0		ns	
t_{W}	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	6.3			6.3		ns	
t_{W}	$n\text{S}_D$ or $n\text{R}_D$ pulse width, Low	2	4.5			4.5		ns	
t_{REC}	Recovery time $n\text{S}_D$ or $n\text{R}_D$ to $n\text{CP}$	3	1.5			1.5		ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

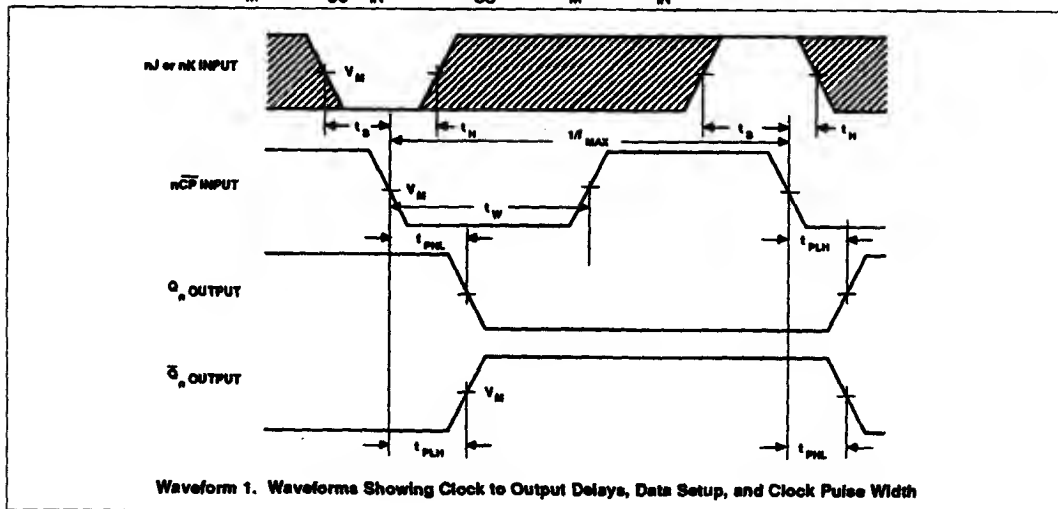
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11112						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	125	180		125		MHz	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay $n\overline{\text{CP}}$ to $n\text{Q}$, $n\overline{\text{Q}}$	1	1.5 1.5	4.2 4.7	5.6 6.2	1.5 1.5	6.4 6.9	ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay $n\overline{\text{S}}_{\text{D}}$, $n\overline{\text{R}}_{\text{D}}$ to $n\text{Q}$, $n\overline{\text{Q}}$	2	1.5 1.5	3.9 5.4	5.5 7.1	1.5 1.5	5.9 7.8	ns	
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low $n\text{J}$ or $n\text{K}$ to $n\overline{\text{CP}}$	1	4.0			4.0		ns	
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low $n\overline{\text{CP}}$ to $n\text{J}$ or $n\text{K}$	1	0.5			0.5		ns	
t_{W}	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	4.0			4.0		ns	
t_{W}	$n\overline{\text{S}}_{\text{D}}$ or $n\overline{\text{R}}_{\text{D}}$ pulse width, Low	2	4.0			4.0		ns	
t_{REC}	Recovery time $n\overline{\text{S}}_{\text{D}}$ or $n\overline{\text{R}}_{\text{D}}$ to $n\overline{\text{CP}}$	3	1.0			1.0		ns	

Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Negative Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11112

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

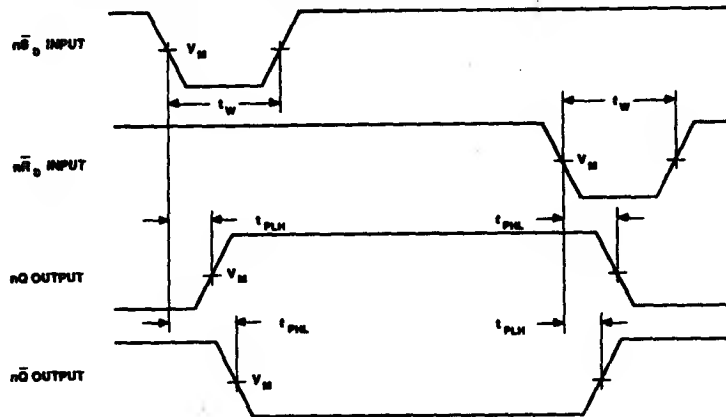
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11112					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	125	150		125		MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nCP to nQ , nQ	1	1.5 1.5	6.8 6.8	8.2 8.4	1.5 1.5	9.0 9.3	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nS _D , nR _D to nQ , nQ	2	1.5 1.5	5.9 7.4	7.6 9.1	1.5 1.5	8.1 9.9	ns
t _S	Setup time, High or Low nJ or nK to nCP	1	4.0			4.0		ns
t _H	Hold time, High or Low nCP to nJ or nK	1	1.0			1.0		ns
t _W	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	4.0			4.0		ns
t _W	nS _D or nR _D pulse width, Low	2	4.5			4.5		ns
t _{REC}	Recovery time nS _D or nR _D to nCP	3	2.0			2.0		ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{V}$


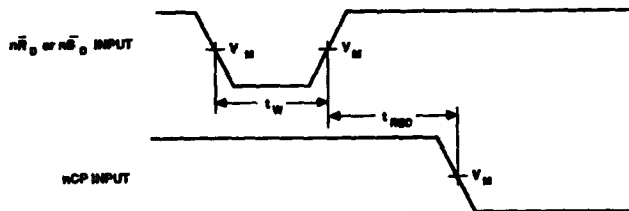
Dual J-K Flip-Flop with Set and Reset; Negative Edge-Triggered

74AC/ACT11112

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ (Continued)



Waveform 2. Waveforms Showing Set and Reset to Output Delays, Set and Reset Pulse Widths



Waveform 3. Waveforms Showing Recovery Time

74AC/ACT11132

Quad 2-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11132 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11132 provides four separate 2-input NAND gate functions which are capable of transforming slowly changing input signals into sharply defined, jitter-free output signals. In addition, they have greater noise margin than conventional NAND gates.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	5.2		ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	27		pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC}	3.5		pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500		mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	100		ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

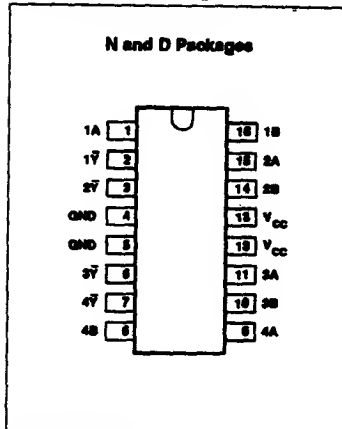
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

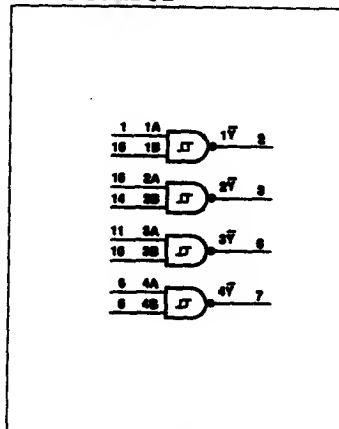
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11132N 74ACT11132N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11132D 74ACT11132D

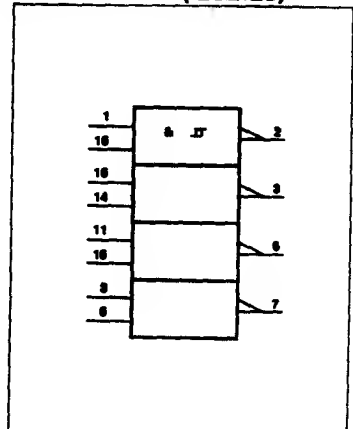
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad 2-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger

74AC/ACT11132

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 15, 11, 9	1A - 4A	Data inputs
16, 14, 10, 8	1B - 4B	Data inputs
2, 3, 6, 7	1Y - 4Y	Data outputs
4, 5	GND	Ground (0V)
12, 13	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		OUTPUT
nA	nB	nY
L	L	H
L	H	H
H	L	H
H	H	L

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11132			74ACT11132			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		100	0		100	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad 2-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger

74AC/ACT11132

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	74AC11132				74ACT11132				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{T+}	Positive-going threshold		3.0		2.2		2.2					V	
			4.5		3.2		3.2		2.0		2.0		
			5.5		3.9		3.9		2.0		2.0		
V _{T-}	Negative-going threshold		3.0	0.5		0.5						V	
			4.5	0.9		0.9			0.8		0.8		
			5.5	1.1		1.1			0.8		0.5		
ΔV _T	Hysteresis (V _{T+} - V _{T-})		3.0	0.3	1.2	0.3	1.2					V	
			4.5	0.4	1.4	0.4	1.4	0.4	1.2	0.4	1.2		
			5.5	0.5	1.6	0.5	1.6	0.4	1.2	0.4	1.2		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.5		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
				5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
			I _{OL} = 24mA	3.0		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Quad 2-Input NAND Schmitt-Trigger

74AC/ACT11132

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V ± 0.3 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

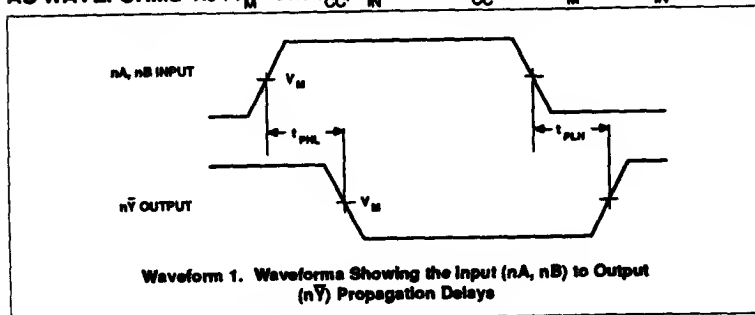
74AC11132									UNIT
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.9 7.6	9.0 9.5	1.5 1.5	9.7 10.4	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ±0.5V AND 50% R _{FF} = 10kΩ ±1kΩ									
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11132						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.9 5.4	6.6 7.0	1.5 1.5	7.1 7.6	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11132						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5$ V, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0$ V

74AC/ACT11138

3-to-8 Line Decoder/ Demultiplexer; Active-Low

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

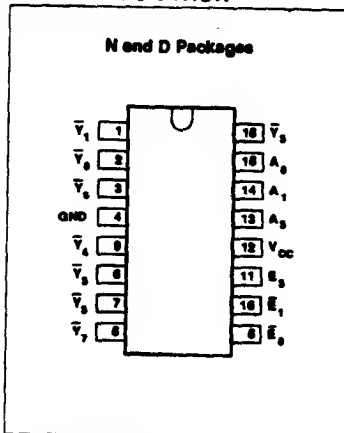
- Demultiplexing capability
- Multiple input enable for easy expansion
- Ideal for memory chip select decoding
- Inverting outputs
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11138 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11138 decoders accept three binary weighted inputs (A_0, A_1, A_2) and when enabled, provide eight mutually exclusive, active-Low outputs ($\bar{Y}_0 - \bar{Y}_7$). The devices feature three enable inputs; two active-Low (\bar{E}_1, \bar{E}_2) and one active-High (E_3). Every output will be High unless E_1 and E_2 are Low and E_3 is High. This multiple enable function allows easy parallel expansion of the devices to a 1-of-32 (5 lines to 32 lines) decoder with just four '11138's and one inverter.

PIN CONFIGURATION



GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A_n to \bar{Y}_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	6.0	6.1	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	56	61	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

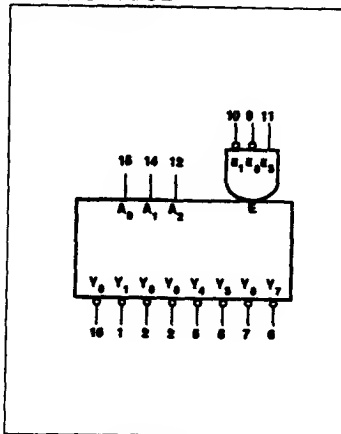
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11138N 74ACT11138N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11138D 74ACT11138D

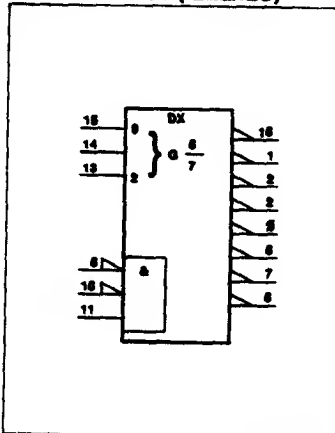
parallel expansion of the devices to a 1-of-32 (5 lines to 32 lines) decoder with just four '11138's and one inverter.

The devices can be used as eight output demultiplexers by using one of the active-Low enable inputs as the data input and the remaining enable inputs as strobes.

LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-Low

74AC/ACT11138

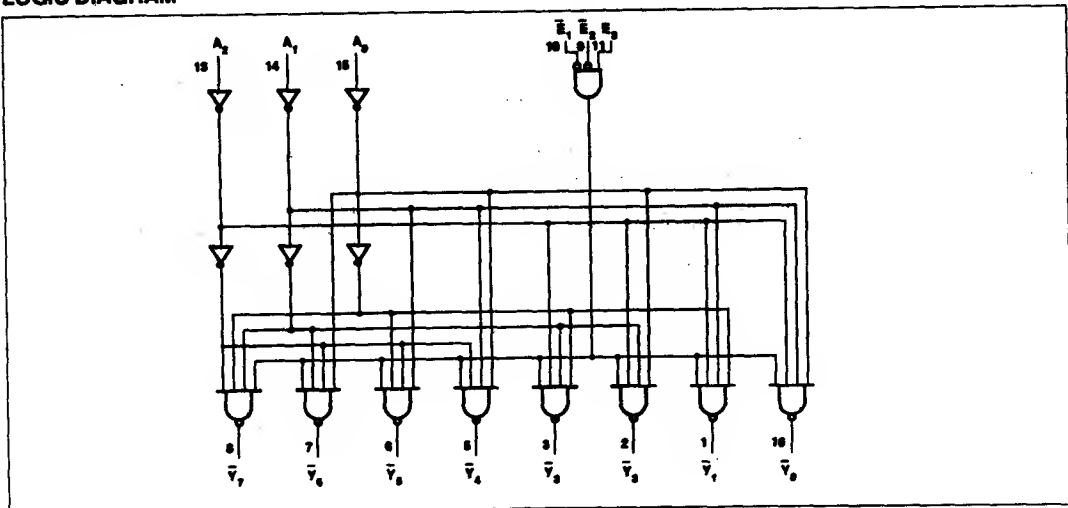
PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
15, 14, 13	A_0 to A_2	Address inputs
10, 9	\bar{E}_1, \bar{E}_2	Enable inputs (active Low)
11	E_3	Enable input (active High)
16, 8, 7, 6, 5, 3, 2, 1	\bar{Y}_0 to \bar{Y}_7	Outputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
12	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS						OUTPUTS							
\bar{E}_1	\bar{E}_2	E_3	A_0	A_1	A_2	\bar{Y}_0	\bar{Y}_1	\bar{Y}_2	\bar{Y}_3	\bar{Y}_4	\bar{Y}_5	\bar{Y}_6	\bar{Y}_7
H	X	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
X	H	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
X	X	L	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	H	L	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	H	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H
L	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H
L	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H
L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L

LOGIC DIAGRAM



3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer: Active-Low

74AC/ACT11138

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11138			74ACT11138			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 200	mA
	DC ground current		± 200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-Low

74AC/ACT11138

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11138				74ACT11138				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44						
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5			1.65						1.85
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer; Active-Low

74AC/ACT11138

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V ± 0.3 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11138						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	8.3 8.9	10.2 10.9	1.5 1.5	11.4 12.2	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E ₃ to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	7.2 7.3	9.2 9.4	1.5 1.5	10.2 10.5	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E _n to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	8.2 8.3	10.4 10.4	1.5 1.5	11.5 11.8	ns	

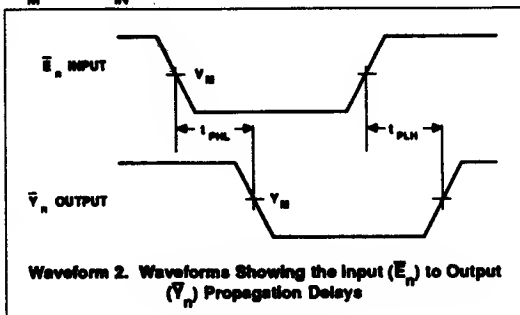
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11138						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	5.7 8.2	7.3 7.9	1.5 1.5	8.1 8.8	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E ₃ to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	5.1 5.2	8.9 8.9	1.5 1.5	7.5 7.7	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E _n to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	5.8 5.8	7.6 7.5	1.5 1.5	8.3 8.3	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11138						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	5.7 8.4	8.1 8.0	1.5 1.5	8.8 9.1	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E ₃ to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	5.3 5.8	7.5 7.5	1.5 1.5	8.1 8.4	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E _n to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	8.2 5.8	8.1 8.0	1.5 1.5	8.8 8.9	ns	

The diagram shows two input waveforms, A_n and E_n , which are complementary square waves. The output waveform V_n is a square wave that follows the inputs but with a delay. The propagation delay t_{PHL} is the time from the falling edge of A_n to the falling edge of V_n . The propagation delay t_{PLH} is the time from the rising edge of A_n to the rising edge of V_n .



74AC/ACT11151

8-Input Multiplexer

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω Incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11151 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11151 provides an 8-to-1 multiplexer with three select lines and a common enable. The state of the Select (S_n) inputs determines the particular input line from which the data comes. The Enable (\bar{E}) input is active-Low. When \bar{E} is High, the Y output is forced Low and the \bar{Y} is forced High regardless of all other input conditions.

The device is the logic implementation of a single pole, 8 position switch where the position of the switch is determined by the logic levels supplied to the Select inputs.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay I_n to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.8	6.6	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	52	56	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
$\Delta V/\Delta v$	Maximum input rise or fall rate; Data inputs	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ at -55°C	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

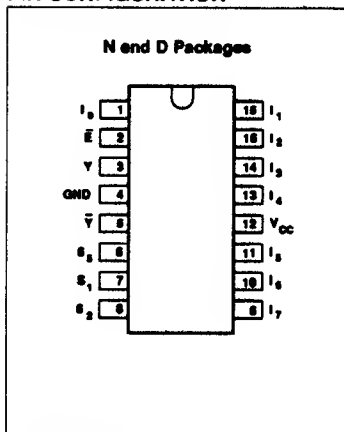
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

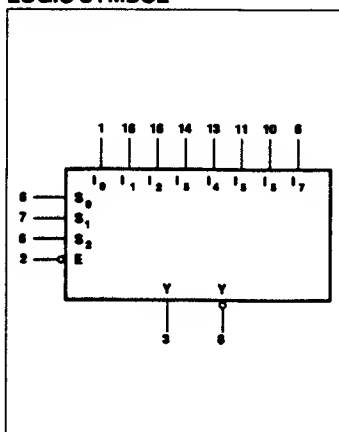
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11151N 74ACT11151N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11151D 74ACT11151D

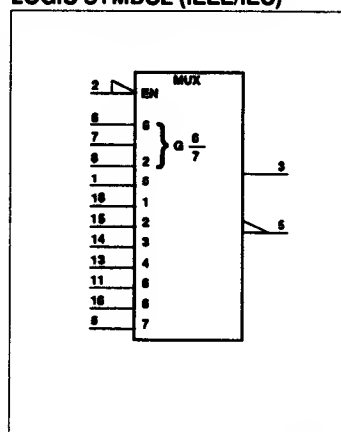
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



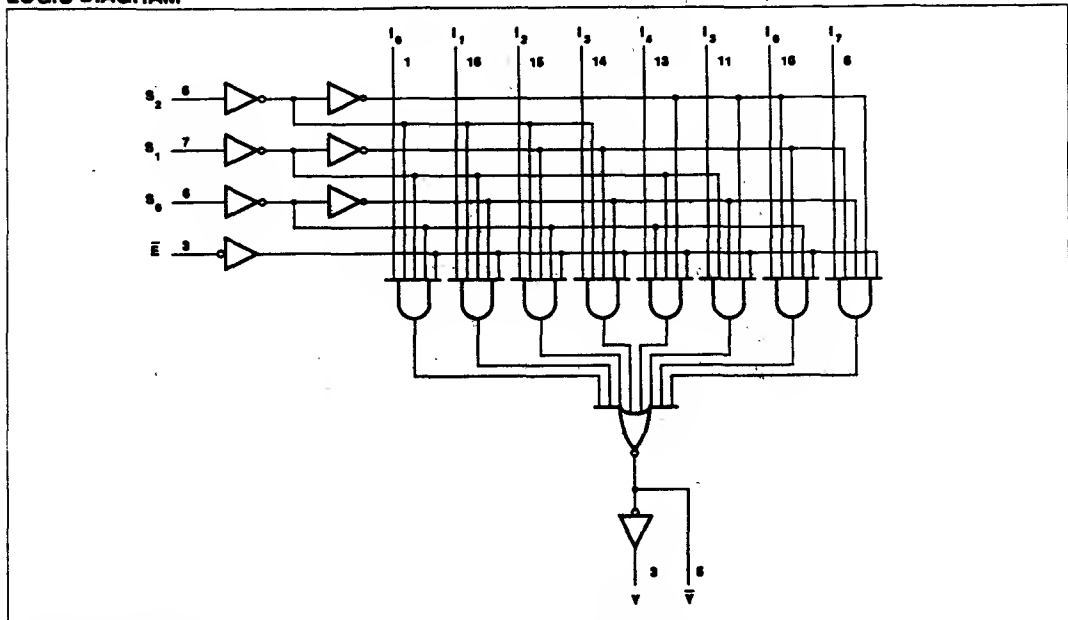
LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



8-Input Multiplexer

74AC/ACT11151

LOGIC DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
6, 7, 8	S_n	Select inputs
2	\bar{E}	Output enable input
1, 16, 15, 14 13, 11, 10, 9	$I_0 - I_7$	Data inputs
3, 5	Y, \bar{Y}	Data outputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
12	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS				OUTPUTS	
S_2	S_1	S_0	E	Y	\bar{Y}
X	X	X	H	L	H
L	L	L	L	I_0	\bar{I}_0
L	L	H	L	I_1	\bar{I}_1
L	H	L	L	I_2	\bar{I}_2
L	H	H	L	I_3	\bar{I}_3
H	L	L	L	I_4	\bar{I}_4
H	L	H	L	I_5	\bar{I}_5
H	H	L	L	I_6	\bar{I}_6
H	H	H	L	I_7	\bar{I}_7

8-Input Multiplexer

74AC/ACT11151

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11151			74ACT11151			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

8-Input Multiplexer

74AC/ACT11151

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	74ACT11151				74ACT11151				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.65		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

8-Input Multiplexer

74AC/ACT11151

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11151					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Y	2	1.5 1.5	7.2 7.3	8.5 8.9	1.5 1.5	9.4 9.6	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to \bar{Y}	2	1.5 1.5	7.0 7.0	6.3 6.4	1.5 1.5	9.1 9.1	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to Y	2	1.5 1.5	10.1 10.0	11.7 12.1	1.5 1.5	12.6 13.1	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to \bar{Y}	2	1.5 1.5	9.8 9.9	11.8 11.7	1.5 1.5	12.6 12.7	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to Y	1	1.5 1.5	4.5 4.6	5.7 6.0	1.5 1.5	6.2 6.5	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	5.2 5.0	6.4 6.3	1.5 1.5	6.6 6.6	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11151					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Y	2	1.5 1.5	4.7 4.8	6.0 8.1	1.5 1.5	6.6 6.6	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to \bar{Y}	2	1.5 1.5	4.5 4.7	5.7 5.9	1.5 1.5	6.2 6.5	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to Y	2	1.5 1.5	6.4 6.5	7.8 6.0	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.6	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to \bar{Y}	2	1.5 1.5	6.3 6.3	7.6 7.7	1.5 1.5	6.3 6.5	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to Y	1	1.5 1.5	3.1 3.3	4.3 4.8	1.5 1.5	4.6 5.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	3.7 3.5	4.9 4.6	1.5 1.5	5.3 5.0	ns

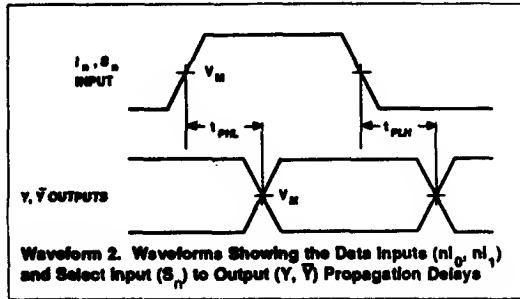
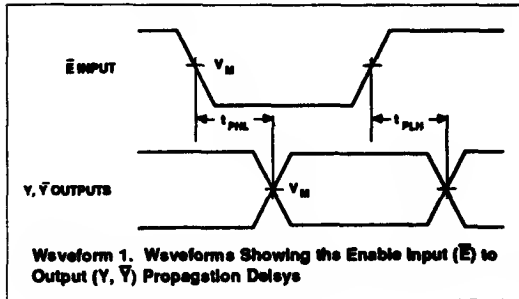
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11151					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Y	2	1.5 1.5	6.3 6.9	7.7 6.4	1.5 1.5	8.3 9.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to \bar{Y}	2	1.5 1.5	6.2 5.7	7.7 7.0	1.5 1.5	6.2 7.7	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to Y	2	1.5 1.5	9.0 6.3	10.5 10.1	1.5 1.5	11.5 11.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to \bar{Y}	2	1.5 1.5	7.6 8.4	9.4 10.0	1.5 1.5	10.3 11.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to Y	1	1.5 1.5	4.9 4.4	6.3 5.7	1.5 1.5	6.6 6.2	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	5.0 5.3	8.2 8.7	1.5 1.5	6.7 7.1	ns

8-Input Multiplexer

74AC/ACT11151

AC WAVEFORMS AC : $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT : $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$



74AC/ACT11158

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer; INV

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11158 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11158 provides four 2-to-1 multiplexers with a common selector and a common enable. The state of the Select (S) input determines the particular register from which the data comes. The Enable (E) input is active-Low. When E is High, all of the inverting outputs (\bar{Y}) are forced High regardless of all other input conditions.

The device is the logic implementation of a 4-pole, 2 position switch where the position of the switch is determined by the logic levels supplied to the Select input.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nI_0, nI_1 to $n\bar{Y}$	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	3.9		ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	33		pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5		pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500		mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate; Data inputs	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ at -55°C	10		ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

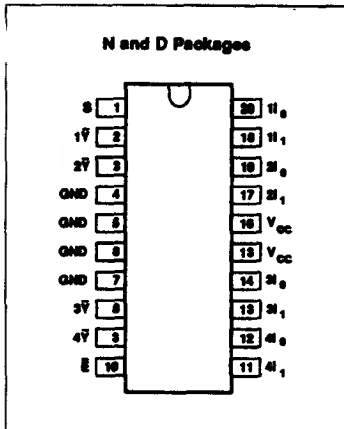
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

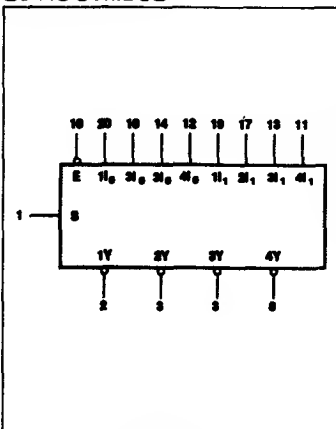
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11158N 74ACT11158N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11158D 74ACT11158D

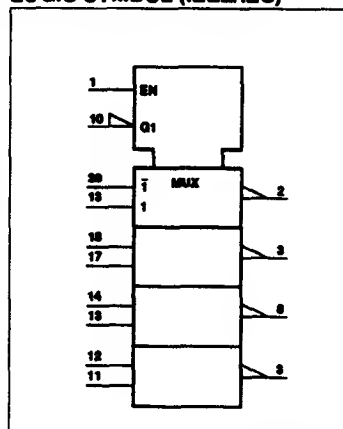
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



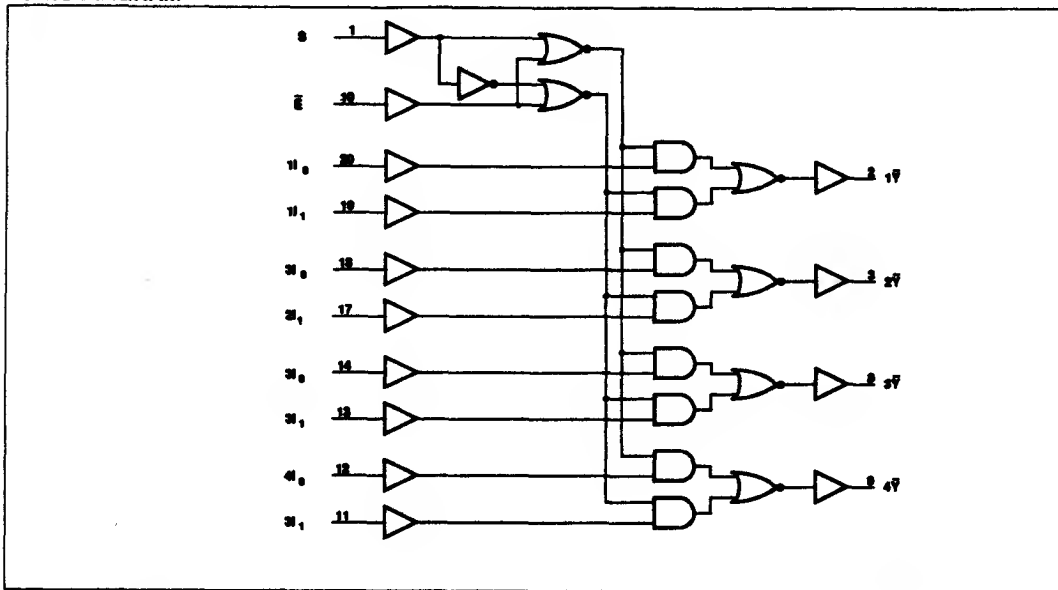
LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad 2-Input Multiplexer; INV

74AC/ACT11158

LOGIC DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	S	Common select input
20, 18, 14, 12	$nl_0 - nl_0$	Data inputs
19, 17, 13, 11	$nl_1 - nl_1$	Data inputs
2, 3, 8, 9	$1Y - 4Y$	Data outputs
10	\bar{E}	Output enable input
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

ENABLE	SELECT INPUT	DATA INPUTS		OUTPUT
\bar{E}	S	nl_0	nl_1	Y
H	X	X	X	H
L	L	L	X	H
L	L	H	X	L
L	H	X	L	H
L	H	X	H	L

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer; INV

74AC/ACT11158

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11158			74ACT11158			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Input transition rise or fall rate	Data		10	0			ns/V
		Select and Enable		5	0			
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V_{CC} +0.5	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V_{CC} +0.5	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer; INV

74AC/ACT11158

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11158				74ACT11158				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
				5.5			3.85				3.85	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5			1.65				1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer; INV

74AC/ACT11158

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

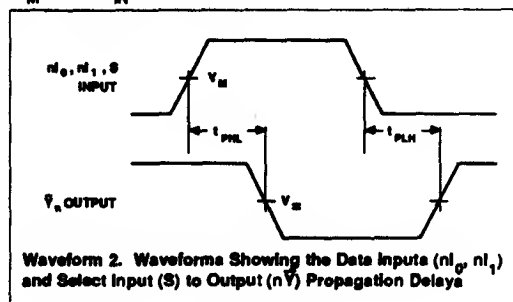
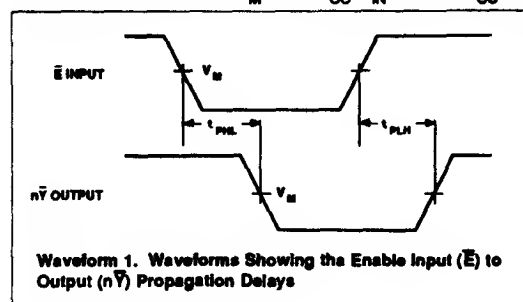
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11158					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nI ₀ , nI ₁ to nY	2	1.5 1.5	5.3 5.4	7.3 7.7	1.5 1.5	7.9 8.4	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.3 5.8	7.2 7.8	1.5 1.5	7.9 8.7	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to nY	2	1.5 1.5	8.0 8.2	8.1 8.5	1.5 1.5	8.9 9.4	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11158						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nI ₀ , nI ₁ to nY	2	1.5 1.5	3.8 4.0	5.4 5.8	1.5 1.5	5.7 6.4	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to nY	1	1.5 1.5	3.9 4.3	5.4 5.8	1.5 1.5	5.9 6.4	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to nY	2	1.5 1.5	4.3 4.5	6.1 8.1	1.5 1.5	6.7 8.9	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11158					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nI ₀ , nI ₁ to nY	2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to nY	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to nY	2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11160

Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Synchronous counting and loading
- Two count enable inputs for n-bit cascading
- Positive edge-triggered clock
- Asynchronous reset
- Output capability: $\pm 24\text{mA}$
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11160 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11160 4-bit synchronous presettable decade counters feature an internal carry look-ahead and can be used for high-speed counting. Synchronous operation is provided by having all flip-flops clocked simultaneously on the positive-going edge of the clock.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP_n to Q_n ($PE = \text{High}$)	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	6.4		ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	49		pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5		pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta v$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	175		MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

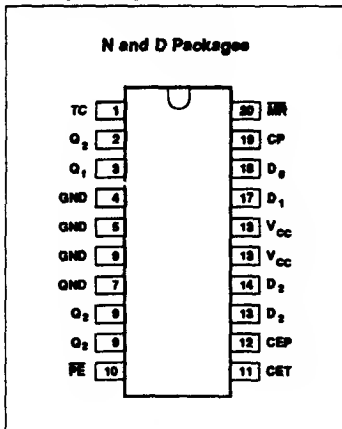
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

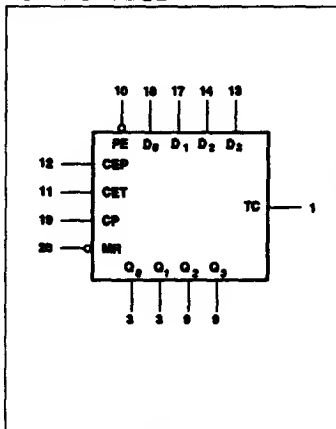
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11160N 74ACT11160N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11160D 74ACT11160D

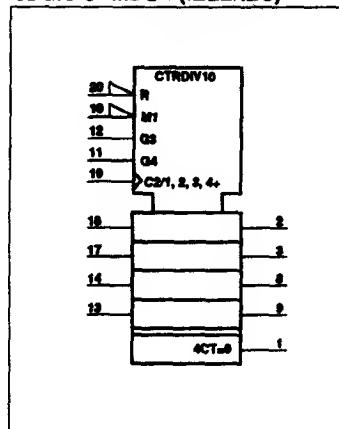
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11160

The outputs of the counters may be preset to High or Low levels. A Low level at the Parallel Enable (\overline{PE}) input disables the counting action and causes the data at the $D_0 - D_3$ inputs to be loaded into the counter on the rising edge of the clock. Preset takes place regardless of the levels at Count Enable (\overline{CEP} , \overline{CET}) inputs.

A Low level at the Master Reset (\overline{MR}) input sets all four outputs of the flip-flops ($Q_0 - Q_3$) to Low levels, regardless of the levels at \overline{CP} , \overline{PE} , \overline{CET} , and \overline{CEP} inputs (thus providing an asynchronous clear function).

The carry look-ahead simplifies serial cascading of the counters. Both Count Enable inputs (\overline{CEP} and \overline{CET}) must be High to count. The \overline{CET} input is fed forward to enable the Terminal Count (TC) output. The TC output thus enabled will produce a High output pulse of a duration approximately equal to the High level output of Q_0 . This pulse can be used to enable the next cascaded stage.

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
20	\overline{MR}	Asynchronous master reset (active Low)
19	\overline{CP}	Clock input (Low-to-High, edge-triggered)
18, 17, 14, 13	$D_0 - D_3$	Data inputs
12	\overline{CEP}	Count enable input
10	\overline{PE}	Parallel enable input (active Low)
11	\overline{CET}	Count enable carry input
18, 17, 14, 13	$Q_0 - Q_3$	Counter outputs
1	TC	Terminal count output
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS						OUTPUTS	
	\overline{MR}	\overline{CP}	\overline{CEP}	\overline{CET}	\overline{PE}	D_n	Q_n	TC
Reset (clear)	L	X	X	X	X	X	L	L
Parallel load ¹	H	↑	X	X	L	L	L	L
	H	↑	X	X	L	h	H	
Count ¹	H	↑	h	h	h	X	count	
Hold (do nothing) ¹	H	X	L	X	h	X	Q_n	
	H	X	X	L	h	X	Q_n	L

H = High voltage level

L = Low voltage level

h = High voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

L = Low voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

X = Don't care

q = State of the referenced output prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

↑ = Low-to-High clock transition

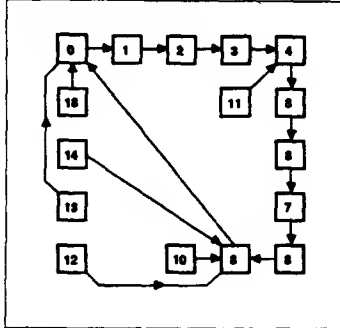
NOTE:

1. The TC output is High when \overline{CET} is High and the counter is at Terminal Count (HLLH).

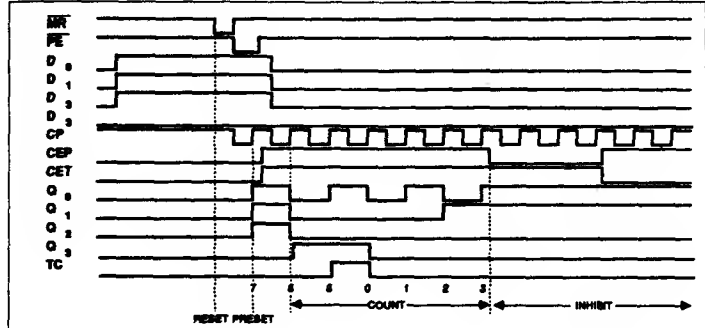
Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11160

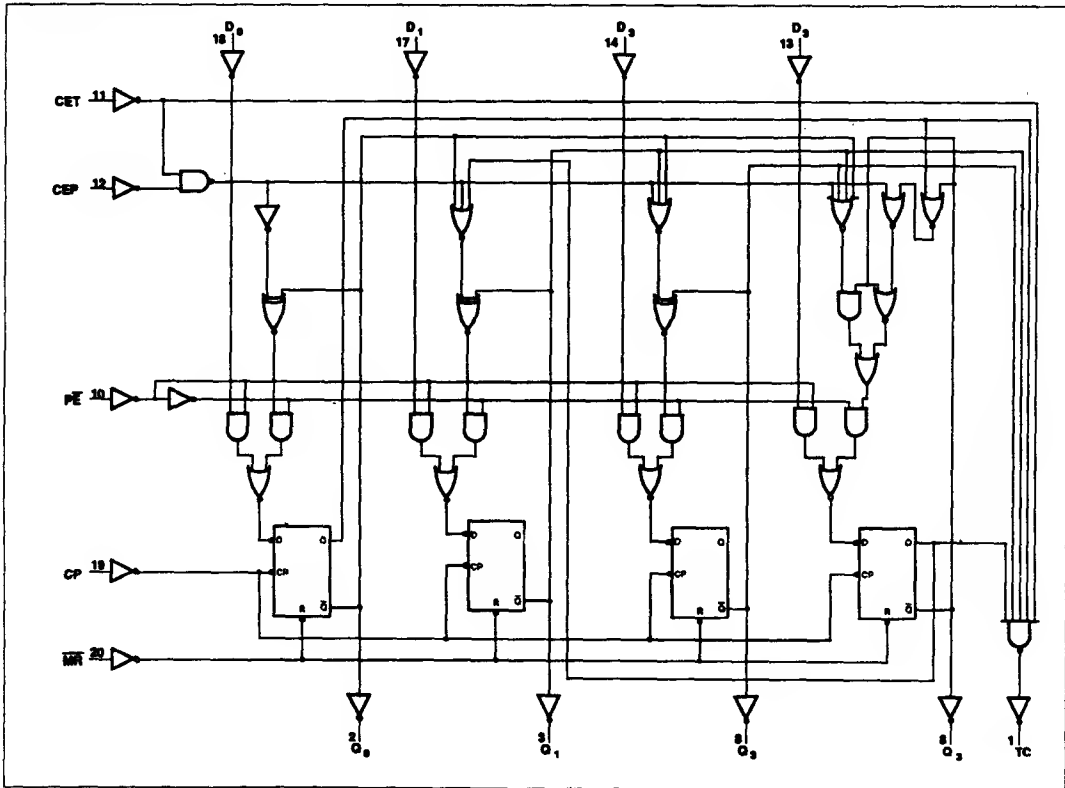
STATE DIAGRAM



TIMING DIAGRAM



LOGIC DIAGRAM



Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11160

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11160			74ACT11160			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

- No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±125	mA
	DC ground current		±125	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11160

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11160				74ACT11160				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
			I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85				3.85	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5			1.65				1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11160

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V ± 0.3 V GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11160						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	110	130		90		MHz	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n (PE = "H")	1	1.5 1.5	6.4 9.0	11.4 12.1	1.5 1.5	12.5 13.6	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n (PE = "L")	1	1.5 1.5	8.2 8.5	10.9 11.4	1.5 1.5	12.1 12.7	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC	1	1.5 1.5	10.6 11.2	13.7 14.1	1.5 1.5	15.2 16.1	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CET to TC	3	1.5 1.5	5.9 6.1	7.9 8.2	1.5 1.5	8.6 8.9	ns	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q _n	2	1.5	9.2	12.1	1.5	13.4	ns	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to TC	2	1.5	11.7	14.4	1.5	16.3	ns	
t _S	Setup time, High or Low D _n to CP	4	4.0			4.5		ns	
t _H	Hold time, High or Low D _n to CP	4	0.0			0.5		ns	
t _S	Setup time, High or Low PE to CP	4	5.5			6.0		ns	
t _H	Hold time, High or Low PE to CP	4	0.0			0.0		ns	
t _S	Setup time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	5	5.0			5.5		ns	
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	5	0.0			0.0		ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width (load) High or Low	1	4.6			5.6		ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width (count) High or Low	1	4.6			5.6		ns	
t _W	MR pulse width, Low	2	4.6			5.6		ns	
t _{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	2	5.5			6.0		ns	

Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11160

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11160						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	150	175		130		MHz	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n (PE = "H")	1	1.5 1.5	6.1 6.6	8.3 8.9	1.5 1.5	9.0 9.9	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n (PE = "L")	1	1.5 1.5	6.0 6.4	8.0 8.4	1.5 1.5	8.8 9.3	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC	1	1.5 1.5	7.4 8.4	9.4 10.4	1.5 1.5	10.3 11.9	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CET to TC	3	1.5 1.5	4.3 4.9	5.8 6.4	1.5 1.5	8.3 7.2	ns	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q _n	2	1.5	6.6	6.6	1.5	10.0	ns	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to TC	2	1.5	8.7	10.8	1.5	12.0	ns	
t _S	Setup time, High or Low D _n to CP	4	3.0			3.5		ns	
t _H	Hold time, High or Low D _n to CP	4	1.0			1.0		ns	
t _S	Setup time, High or Low PE to CP	4	4.0			4.0		ns	
t _H	Hold time, High or Low PE to CP	4	0.5			0.5		ns	
t _S	Setup time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	5	3.5			4.0		ns	
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	5	0.5			0.5		ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width (load) High or Low	1	3.3			3.9		ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width (count) High or Low	1	3.3			3.9		ns	
t _W	MR pulse width, Low	2	3.3			3.7		ns	
t _{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	2	4.0			4.5		ns	

Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11160

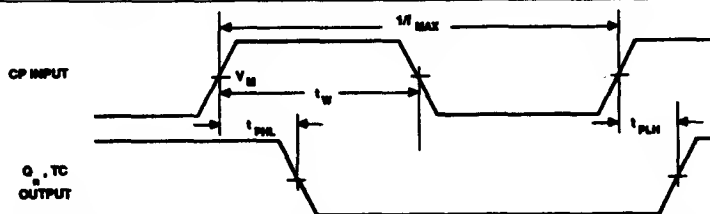
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11160						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1							MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n ($\overline{\text{PE}} = \text{"H"}$)	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5			ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n ($\overline{\text{PE}} = \text{"L"}$)	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5			ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5			ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CET to TC	3	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5			ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q_n	2	1.5			1.5			ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to TC	2	1.5			1.5			ns
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low D_n to CP	4							ns
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low D_n to CP	4							ns
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low $\overline{\text{PE}}$ to CP	4							ns
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low $\overline{\text{PE}}$ to CP	4							ns
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	5							ns
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	5							ns
t_{W}	Clock pulse width (load) High or Low	1							ns
t_{W}	Clock pulse width (count) High or Low	1							ns
t_{W}	MR pulse width, Low	2							ns
t_{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	2							ns

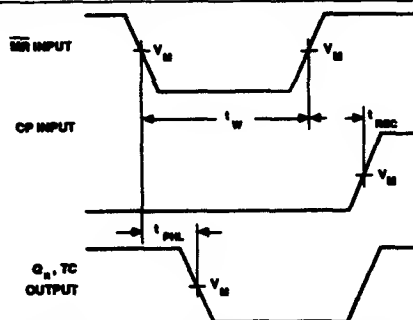
Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decade Counter; Asynchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11160

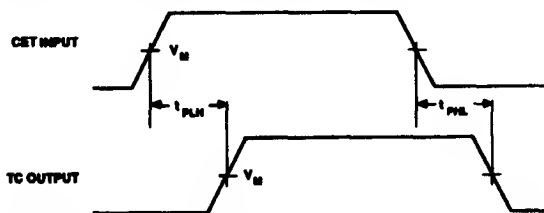
AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{V}$



Waveform 1. Waveforms Showing Clock to Output Propagation Delays and Clock Pulse Width



Waveform 2. Waveforms Showing the Master Reset (MR) Pulse Width, the Master Reset to Output (Qn, TC) Propagation Delays, and the Master Reset to Clock (CP) Recovery Time

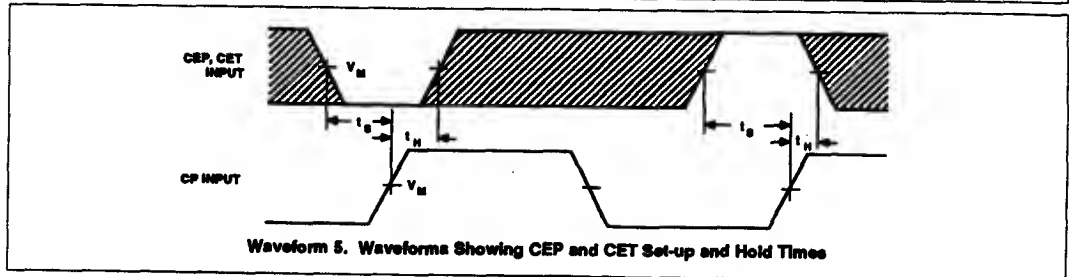
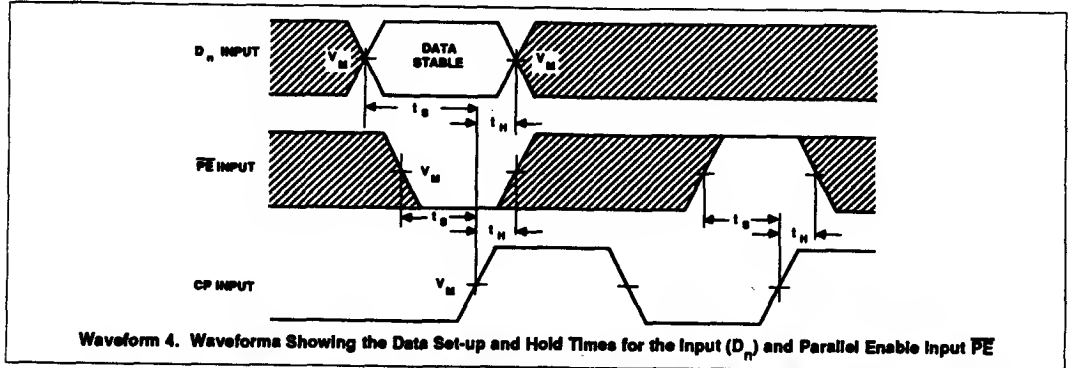


Waveform 3. Waveforms Showing the Input (CET) to Output (TC) Propagation Delays

Synchronous Presettable Synchronous BCD Decode Counter; Asynchronous Reset

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AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ (Continued)



74AC/ACT11162

Synchronous Presetable BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Synchronous counting and loading
- Two count enable Inputs for n-bit cascading
- Positive edge-triggered clock
- Synchronous reset
- Output capability: $\pm 24\text{mA}$
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω Incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{in} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- L category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11162 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11162 4-bit synchronous presetable decade counters feature an internal carry look-ahead and can be used for high-speed counting. Synchronous operation is provided by having all flip-flops clocked simultaneously on the positive-going edge of the clock.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP_n to Q_n ($PE = \text{High}$)	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	6.4		ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	66		pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5		pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per JEDEC JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	175		MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

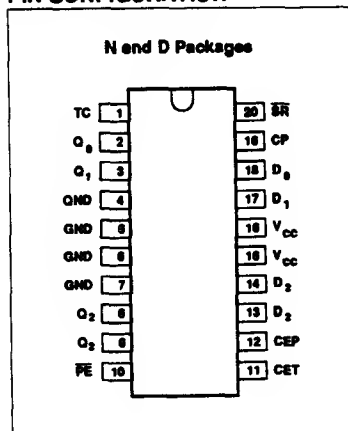
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

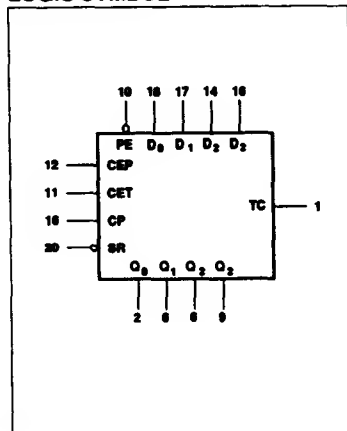
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11162N 74ACT11162N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11162D 74ACT11162D

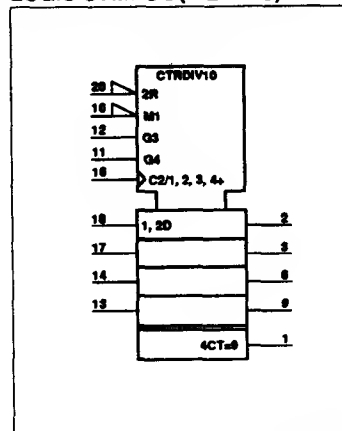
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Synchronous Presettable BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11162

The outputs of the counters may be preset to High or Low levels. A Low level at the Parallel Enable (PE) input disables the counting action and causes the data at the $D_0 - D_3$ inputs to be loaded into the counter on the rising edge of the clock. Preset takes place regardless of the levels at Count Enable (CEP, CET) inputs.

A Low level at the Reset (\overline{SR}) input sets all four outputs of the flip-flops ($Q_0 - Q_3$) to

Low levels after the next positive-going transition on the clock (CP) input. This action occurs regardless of the levels at PE, CET, and CEP inputs. This synchronous reset feature enables the designer to modify the maximum count with only one external NAND gate.

The carry look-ahead simplifies serial cascading of the counters. Both Count Enable inputs (CEP and CET) must be

High to count. The CET input is fed forward to enable the Terminal Count (TC) output. The TC output thus enabled will produce a High output pulse of a duration approximately equal to the High level output of Q_0 . This pulse can be used to enable the next cascaded stage.

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
20	\overline{SR}	Synchronous reset (active Low)
19	CP	Clock input (Low-to-High edge-triggered)
18, 17, 14, 13	$D_0 - D_3$	Data inputs
12	CEP	Count enable input
10	PE	Parallel enable input (active Low)
11	CET	Count enable carry input
18, 17, 14, 13	$Q_0 - Q_3$	Counter outputs
1	TC	Terminal count output
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS						OUTPUTS	
	\overline{SR}	CP	CEP	CET	PE	D_n	Q_n	TC
Reset (clear)	l	↑	X	X	X	X	L	L
Parallel load ¹	h	↑	X	X	l	l	L	L
	h	↑	X	X	l	h	H	
Count ¹	h	↑	h	h	h	X	count	
Hold (do nothing) ¹	h	X	l	X	h	X	q_n	
	h	X	X	l	h	X	q_n	L

H = High voltage level

L = Low voltage level

h = High voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

l = Low voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

X = Don't care

q = State of the referenced output prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

↑ = Low-to-High clock transition

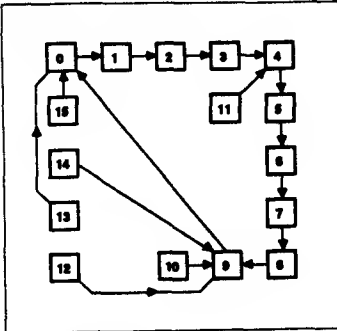
NOTE:

1. The TC output is High when CET is High and the counter is at Terminal Count (HLLH).

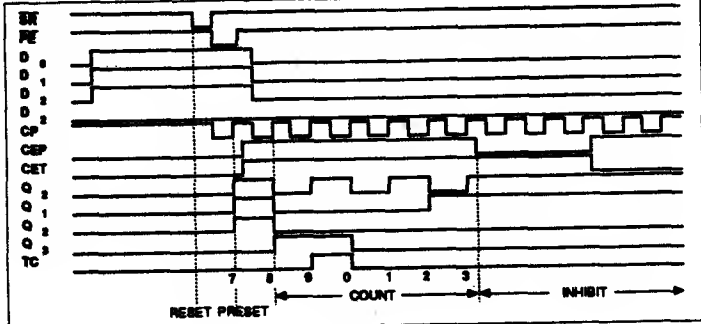
Synchronous Presettable BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11162

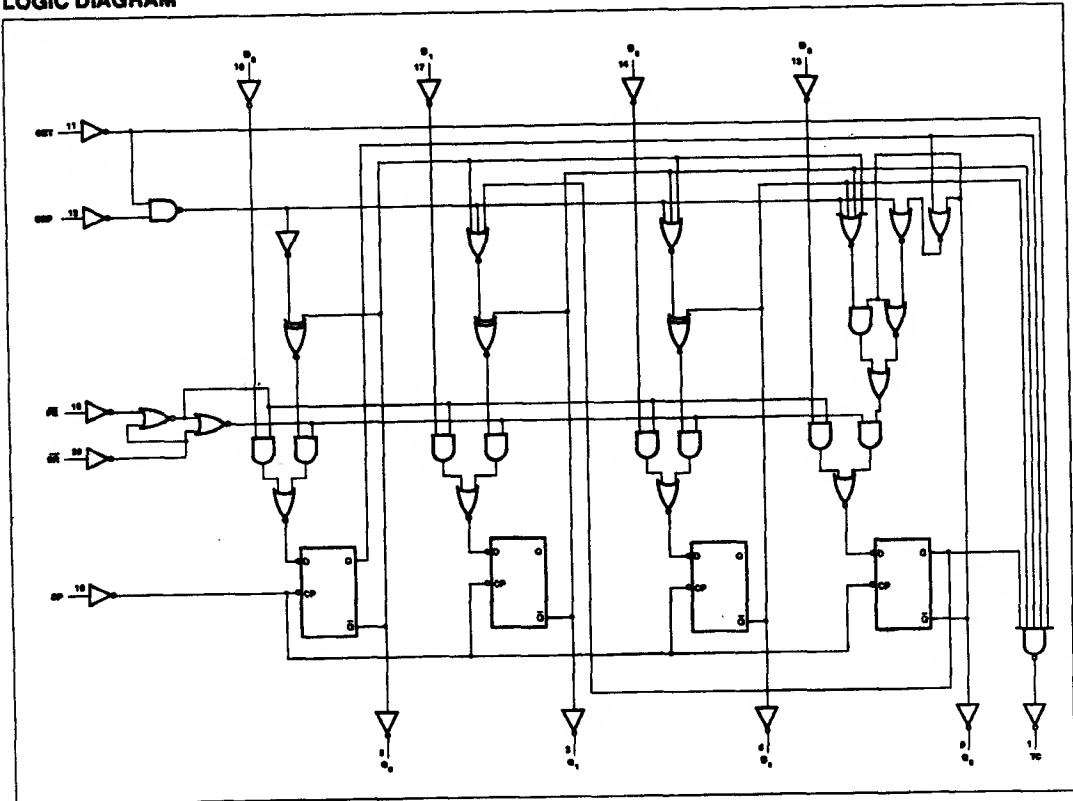
STATE DIAGRAM



TIMING DIAGRAM



LOGIC DIAGRAM



Synchronous Presettable BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11162

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11162			74ACT11162			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V_{CC} +0.5	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V_{CC} +0.5	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±125	mA
	DC ground current		±125	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Synchronous Presettable BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11162

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS														
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC}	74ACT11162					74ACT11162				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10							V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90						V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				5.5			3.85				3.85			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V		
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1			
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1			
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0	0.36	0.44								
				4.5	0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44				
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5	0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44				
				5.5			1.65				1.65			
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Synchronous Presettable BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11162

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11162						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	110	130		90		MHz	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n ($PE = "H"$)	1	1.5 1.5	6.4 9.0	11.4 12.1	1.5 1.5	12.5 13.6	ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n ($PE = "L"$)	1	1.5 1.5	8.2 6.5	10.9 11.4	1.5 1.5	12.1 12.7	ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC	1	1.5 1.5	10.6 11.2	13.7 14.1	1.5 1.5	15.2 16.1	ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CET to TC	2	1.5 1.5	5.9 6.1	7.9 8.2	1.5 1.5	8.6 6.9	ns	
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low D_n to CP	3	4.0			4.5		ns	
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low D_n to CP	3	0.0			0.5		ns	
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low PE or SR to CP	3	5.5			6.0		ns	
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low PE or SR to CP	3	0.0			0.0		ns	
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	4	5.0			5.5		ns	
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	4	0.0			0.0		ns	
t_{W}	Clock pulse width (load) High or Low	1	4.6			5.6		ns	
t_{W}	Clock pulse width (count) High or Low	1	4.6			5.6		ns	

Synchronous Presettable BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11162

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11162						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	150	175		130		MHz	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n (PE = "H")	1	1.5 1.5	6.1 6.6	8.3 8.9	1.5 1.5	9.0 9.9	ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n (PE = "L")	1	1.5 1.5	6.0 6.4	8.0 8.4	1.5 1.5	8.8 9.3	ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC	1	1.5 1.5	7.4 6.4	9.4 10.4	1.5 1.5	10.3 11.9	ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CET to TC	2	1.5 1.5	4.3 4.9	5.6 6.4	1.5 1.5	6.3 7.2	ns	
t_S	Setup time, High or Low D_n to CP	3	3.0			3.5		ns	
t_H	Hold time, High or Low D_n to CP	3	1.0			1.0		ns	
t_S	Setup time, High or Low PE or SR to CP	3	4.0			4.0		ns	
t_H	Hold time, High or Low PE or SR to CP	3	0.5			0.5		ns	
t_S	Setup time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	4	3.5			4.0		ns	
t_H	Hold time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	4	0.5			0.5		ns	
t_W	Clock pulse width (load) High or Low	1	3.3			3.9		ns	
t_W	Clock pulse width (count) High or Low	1	3.3			3.9		ns	

Synchronous Presettable BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11162

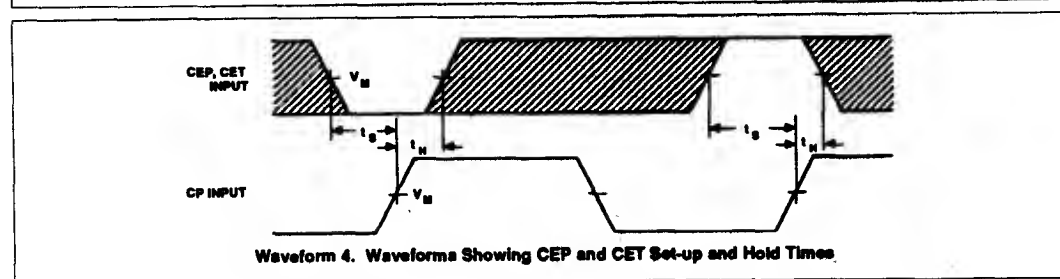
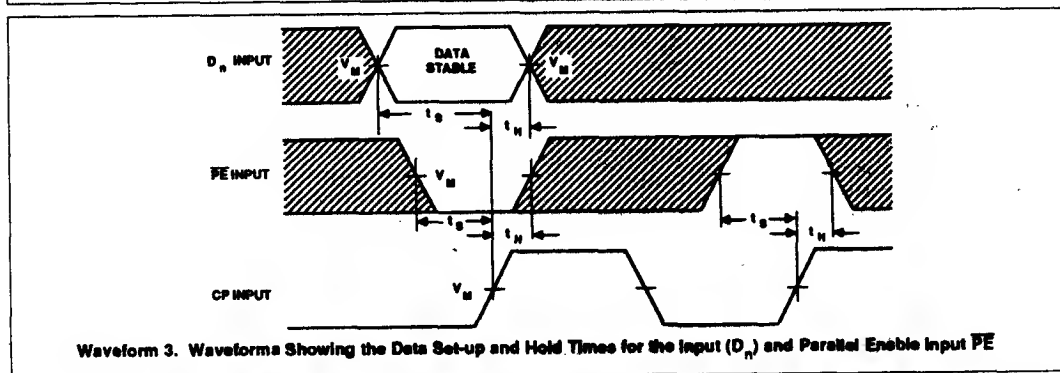
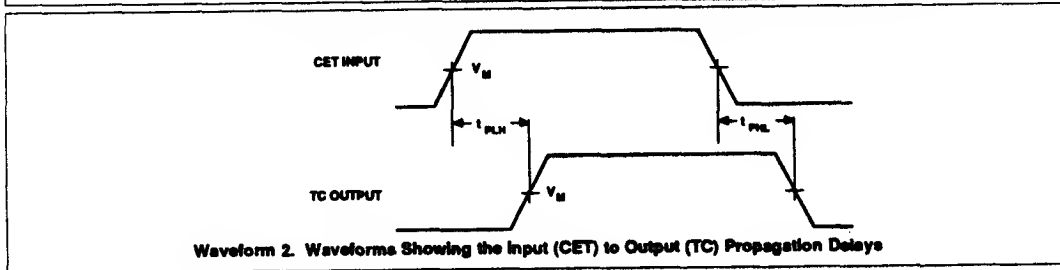
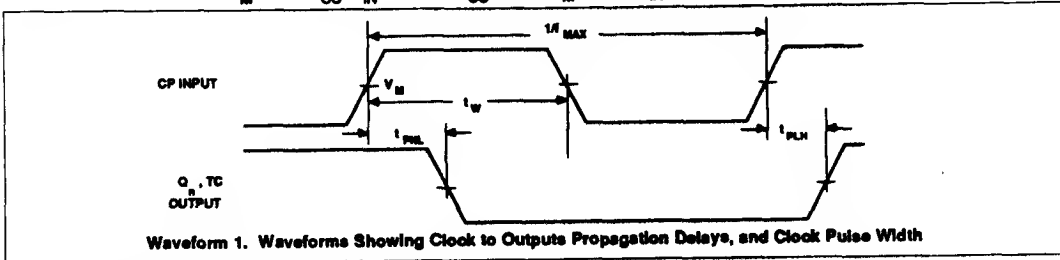
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V: $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11162					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1						MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n (PE = "H")	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n (PE = "L")	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CET to TC	2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _S	Setup time, High or Low D _n to CP	3						ns
t _H	Hold time, High or Low D _n to CP	3						ns
t _S	Setup time, High or Low PE or SR to CP	3						ns
t _H	Hold time, High or Low PE or SR to CP	3						ns
t _S	Setup time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	4						ns
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CEP or CET to CP	4						ns
t _W	Clock pulse width (load) High or Low	1						ns
t _W	Clock pulse width (count) High or Low	1						ns

Synchronous Presettable BCD Decade Counter; Synchronous Reset

74AC/ACT11162

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{V}$



74AC/ACT11175

Quad D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11175 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11175 provides four D-type flip-flops with independent Data inputs, shared Clock and Master Reset inputs, and complementary Q and \bar{Q} outputs.

Master Reset (\bar{MR}) is an asynchronous active-Low input and operates independently of the Clock input. Information on the Data (D) input is transferred to the Q output on the Low-to-High transition of the clock pulse. Clock triggering is threshold voltage dependent. The D inputs must be stable one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition for predictable operation.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n or \bar{Q}_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	6.3	7.3	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	47	42	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	135	120	MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

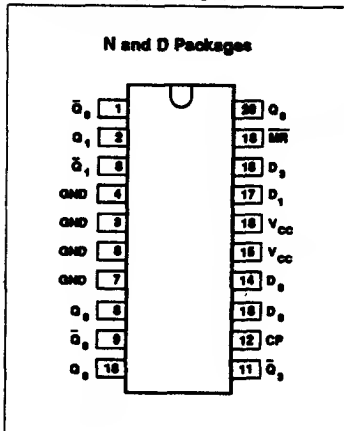
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

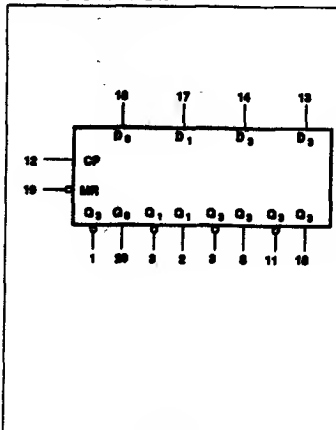
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11175N 74ACT11175N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11175D 74ACT11175D

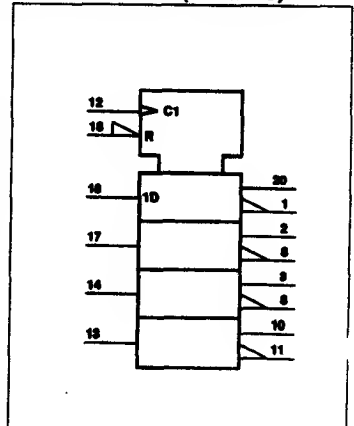
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11175

PIN DESCRIPTION

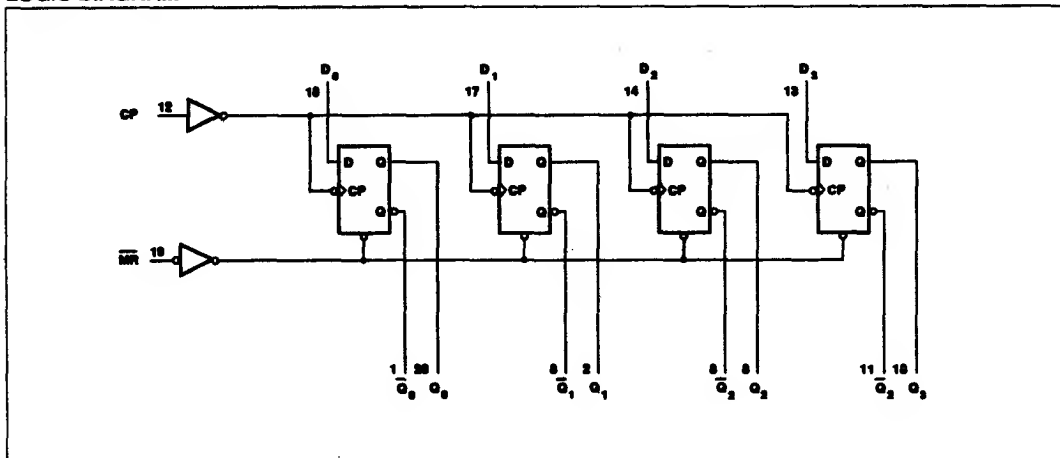
PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
18, 17, 14, 13	$D_0 - D_3$	Data inputs
20, 2, 8, 10	$Q_0 - Q_3$	Data outputs
1, 3, 9, 11	$\overline{Q}_0 - \overline{Q}_3$	Data outputs (complements of Q_n outputs)
19	MR	Master reset input (active Low)
12	CP	Clock input
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS			OUTPUTS	
	MR	CP	D_n	Q_n	\overline{Q}_n
Asynchronous reset	L	X	X	L	H
Load "1" (set)	H	↑	h	H	L
Load "0" (reset)	H	↑	l	L	H

H = High voltage level steady state
 h = High voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition
 L = Low voltage level steady state
 l = Low voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition
 X = Don't care
 ↑ = Low-to-High clock transition

LOGIC DIAGRAM



Quad D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11175

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11175			74ACT11175			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

- No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 100	mA
	DC ground current		± 100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11175

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11175				74ACT11175				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.85		1.65		0.6		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	3.0									
				4.5									
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
				5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
			I _{OL} = 24mA	3.0									
				4.5									
I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	3.0				1.65				1.85				
	4.5												
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Quad D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11175

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11175					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	100	115		100		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n , \bar{Q}_n	1	1.5 1.5	7.8 10.8	10.0 13.7	1.5 1.5	10.9 14.8	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q_n , \bar{Q}_n	2	1.5 1.5	7.9 11.4	9.8 13.7	1.5 1.5	10.8 14.6	ns
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low D_n to CP	1	8.0			8.0		ns
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low CP to D_n	1	0.0			0.0		ns
t_{W}	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	5.0			5.0		ns
t_{W}	MR pulse width, Low	2	5.0			5.0		ns
t_{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	3	1.0			1.0		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11175					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	110	135		110		MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n , Q̄ _n	1	1.5 1.5	5.4 7.2	7.2 9.8	1.5 1.5	7.8 10.7	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q _n , Q̄ _n	2	1.5 1.5	5.4 8.1	7.0 9.8	1.5 1.5	7.5 10.7	ns
t _S	Setup time, High or Low D _n to CP	1	5.5			5.5		ns
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CP to D _n	1	0.5			0.5		ns
t _W	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	4.5			4.5		ns
t _W	MR pulse width, Low	2	4.5			4.5		ns
t _{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	3	1.0			1.0		ns

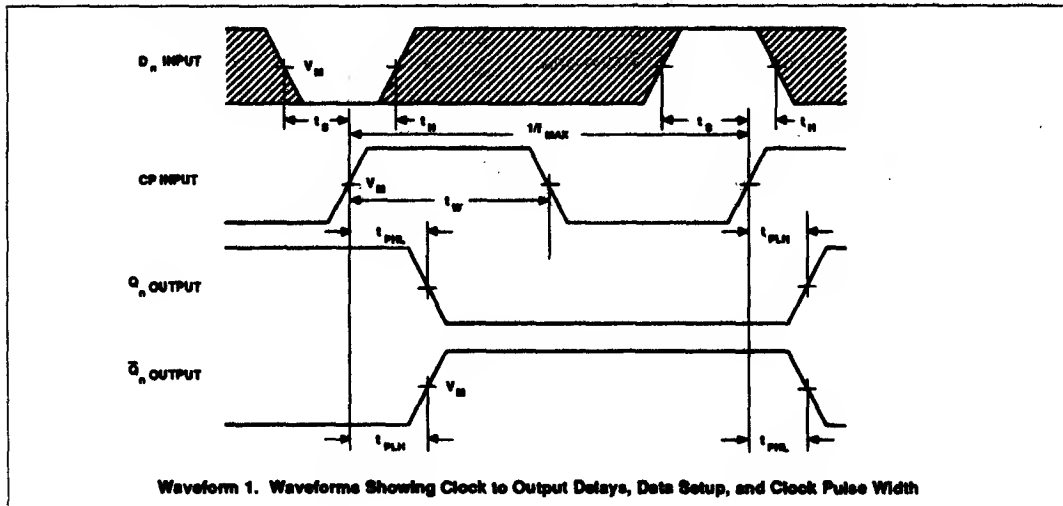
Quad D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11175

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11175					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	100	120		100		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n, \bar{Q}_n	1	1.5 1.5	8.1 8.4	7.8 10.8	1.5 1.5	8.3 11.6	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q_n, \bar{Q}_n	2	1.5 1.5	8.9 9.5	8.4 11.8	1.5 1.5	8.9 12.5	ns
t_S	Setup time, High or Low D_n to CP	1	5.5			5.5		ns
t_H	Hold time, High or Low CP to D_n	1	1.0			1.0		ns
t_W	Clock pulse width High or Low	1	5.0			5.0		ns
t_W	MR pulse width, Low	2	5.0			5.0		ns
t_{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	3	1.5			1.5		ns

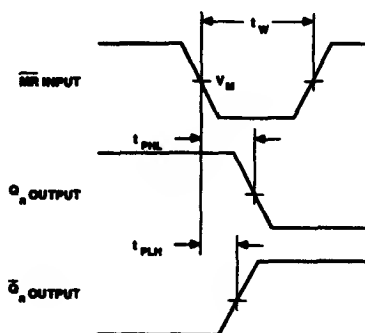
AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_N = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5$ V, $V_N = \text{GND to } 3.0$ V



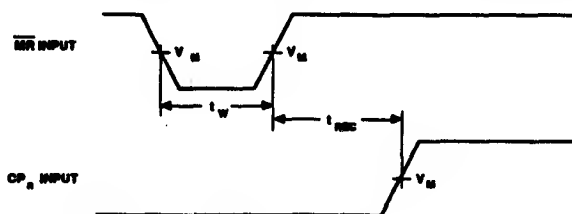
Quad D-Type Flip-Flop w/Reset; Positive-Edge Trigger

74AC/ACT11175

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{V}$ (Continued)



Waveform 2. Waveforms Showing Reset to Output Delay and Reset Pulse Width



Waveform 3. Waveforms Showing Recovery Time

74AC/ACT11190

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- High-speed—___MHz typical f_{max}
- Synchronous, reversible counting
- Positive edge-triggered clock
- BCD/decade
- Asynchronous Parallel Load capability
- Output capability: $\pm 24\text{mA}$
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{cc} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{cc} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11190 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11190 is an asynchronously presettable up/down BCD decade counter. It contains four master/slave flip-flops with internal gating and steering logic to provide asynchronous preset and synchronous count-up and count-down operation.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n ($PE = \text{High}$)	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$			ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$			pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}			pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jedic JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$			MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

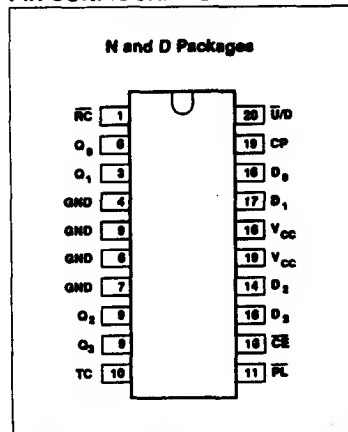
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

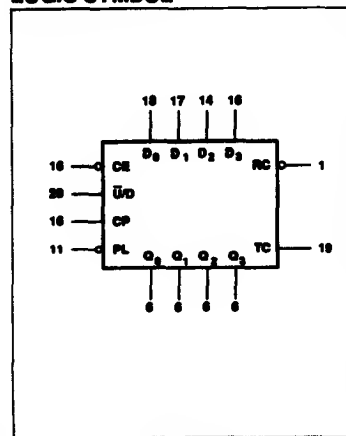
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11190N 74ACT11190N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11190D 74ACT11190D

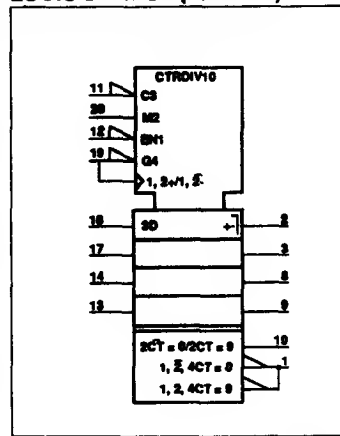
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11190

Asynchronous Parallel Load capability permits the counter to be preset to any desired number. Information present on the parallel Data inputs ($D_3 - D_0$) is loaded into the counter and appears on the outputs when the Parallel Load (\overline{PL}) input is Low. As indicated in the Mode Select Table, this operation overrides the counting function.

Counting is inhibited by a High level on the Count Enable (\overline{CE}) input.

Overflow/underflow indications are provided by two types of outputs, the Terminal Count (TC) and Ripple Clock (\overline{RC}). The TC output is normally Low and goes High when: 1) the count reaches zero in the count-down mode or 2) reaches "9" in the Count-up mode. The TC output will remain High until a state change occurs, either by counting or presetting, or until $\overline{U}/\overline{D}$ is changed. TC output should not be used as a clock signal because it is subject to decoding spikes. The TC signal is

used internally to enable the \overline{RC} output. When TC is High and \overline{CE} is Low, the \overline{RC} follows the Clock Pulse. The \overline{RC} output essentially duplicates the Low clock pulse width, although delayed in time by two gate delays. The 74AC/ACT11190 simplifies the design of multistage counters, as indicated in Figures 1a and 1b.

In Figure 1a, each \overline{RC} output is used as the Clock input for the next higher stage. When the Clock input source has limited drive capability this configuration is particularly advantageous, since the clock source drives only the first stage. It is only necessary to inhibit the first stage to prevent counting in all stages, since a High signal on \overline{CE} inhibits the \overline{RC} output pulse as indicated in the Mode Select Table. The timing skew between state changes in the first and last stages is represented by the cumulative delay of the clock as it ripples through the preceding stages. This is a disadvantage of the configuration in some applications.

Figure 1b shows a method of causing state changes to occur simultaneously in all stages. The \overline{RC} outputs propagate the carry/borrow signals in ripple fashion and all Clock inputs are driven in parallel. The Low state duration of the clock in this configuration must be long enough to allow the negative-going edge of the carry/borrow signal to ripple through to the last stage before the clock goes High. Since the \overline{RC} output of any package goes High shortly after its CP input goes High, there is no such restriction on the High state duration of the clock.

In Figure 1c, the configuration shown avoids ripple delays and their associated restrictions. Combining the TC signals from all the preceding stages forms the \overline{CE} input signal for a given stage. An enable signal must be included in each carry gate in order to inhibit counting. The TC output of a given stage is not affected by its own \overline{CE} , therefore, the simple inhibit scheme of Figure 1a and 1b does not apply.

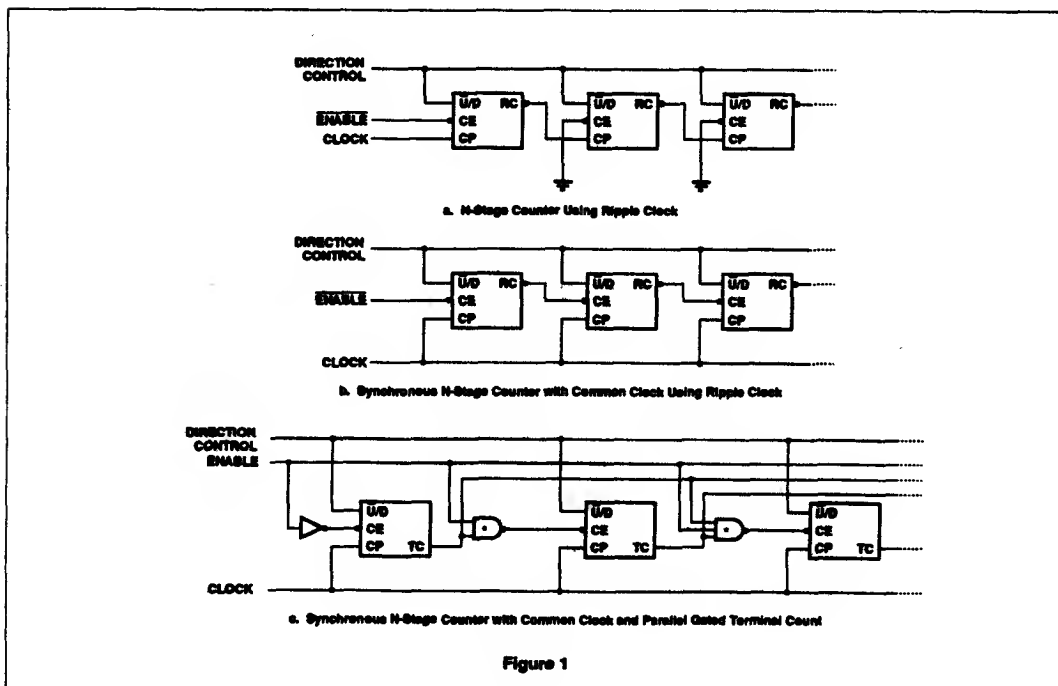


Figure 1

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11190

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
20	\bar{U}/D	Up/down count control input
12	\bar{CE}	Count enable input (active-Low)
18, 17, 14, 13	$D_0 - D_3$	Data inputs
19	CP	Clock pulse input (active rising edge)
11	\bar{PI}	Asynchronous load input (active-Low)
2, 3, 8, 9	$Q_0 - Q_3$	Counter outputs
1	\bar{RC}	Ripple clock output (active-Low)
10	TC	Terminal count output
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

MODE SELECT — FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS					OUTPUTS
	\bar{PI}	\bar{U}/D	\bar{CE}	CP	D_n	Q_n
Parallel load	L	X	X	X	L	L
	L	X	X	X	H	H
Count up	H	L	1	↑	X	count up
Count down	H	H	1	↑	X	count down
Hold (do nothing)	H	X	H	X	X	no change

TC AND \bar{RC} FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS			TERMINAL COUNT STATE				OUTPUTS	
\bar{U}/D	\bar{CE}	CP	Q_0	Q_1	Q_2	Q_3	TC	\bar{RC}
H	H	X	H	X	X	H	L	H
L	H	X	H	X	X	H	H	H
L	L	↓	H	X	X	H	H	↓
L	H	X	L	L	L	L	L	H
H	H	X	L	L	L	L	H	H
H	L	↓	L	L	L	L	H	↓

H = High voltage level

L = Low voltage level

h = High voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

l = Low voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

X = Don't care

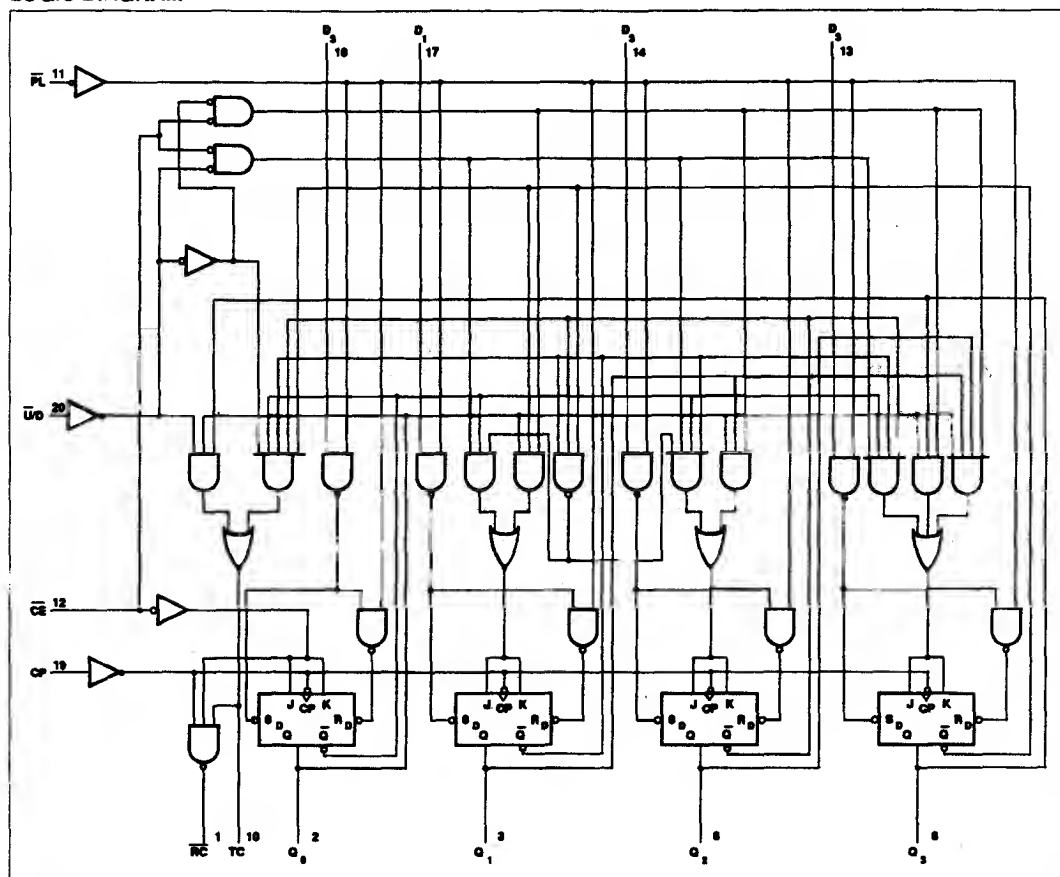
↑ = Low-to-High clock transition

↓ = Low pulse

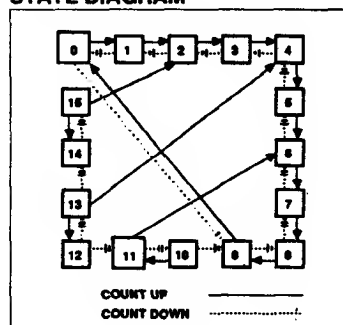
Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11190

LOGIC DIAGRAM



STATE DIAGRAM



Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11190

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11190			74ACT11190			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V_{CC} +0.5	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V_{CC} +0.5	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±150	mA
	DC ground current		±150	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11190

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	74AC11190					74ACT11190				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C				
				V	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10							V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0				
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0				
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90						V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8			
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8			
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				5.5			3.85				3.85			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44						
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5				1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11190

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		WAVEFORM	74AC11190					UNIT
				T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	CP to Q _n	1						MHz
		CP to RC							MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n)		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CE to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to RC		2						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to TC		4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to Q _n		3						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to TC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to RC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to Q _n		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to TC		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to RC		5						ns
t _s (H) t _s (L)	Setup time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _h (H) t _h (L)	Hold time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _s (L)	Setup time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _h (L)	Hold time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _s (H) t _s (L)	Setup time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _h (H) t _h (L)	Hold time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _w (L)	PL pulse width, Low		5						ns
t _w (H) t _w (L)	CP pulse width, High or Low		1						ns
t _{REC}	Recover time, PL to CP		5						ns

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11190

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		WAVEFORM	74AC11190					UNIT
				T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	CP to Q _n	1						MHz
		CP to RC							MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n)		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CE to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to RC		2						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to TC		4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to Q _n		3						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to TC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to RC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to Q _n		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to TC		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to RC		5						ns
t _S (H) t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _H (H) t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _S (H) t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _H (H) t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _w (L)	PL pulse width, Low		5						ns
t _w (H) t _w (L)	CP pulse width, High or Low		1						ns
t _{REC}	Recover time, PL to CP		5						ns

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11190

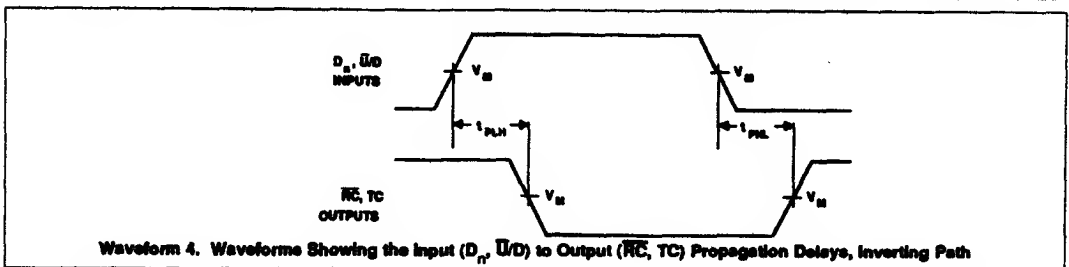
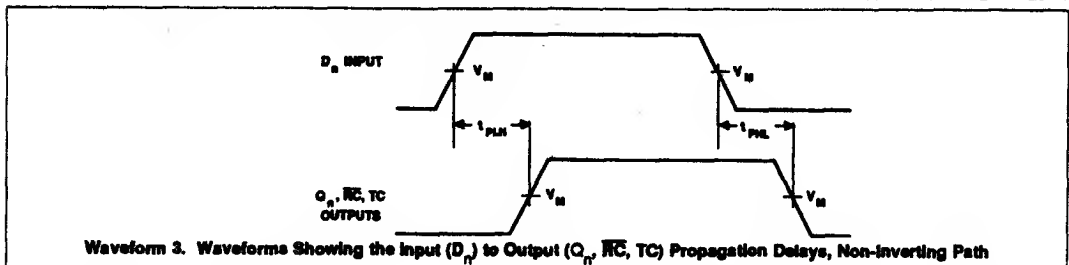
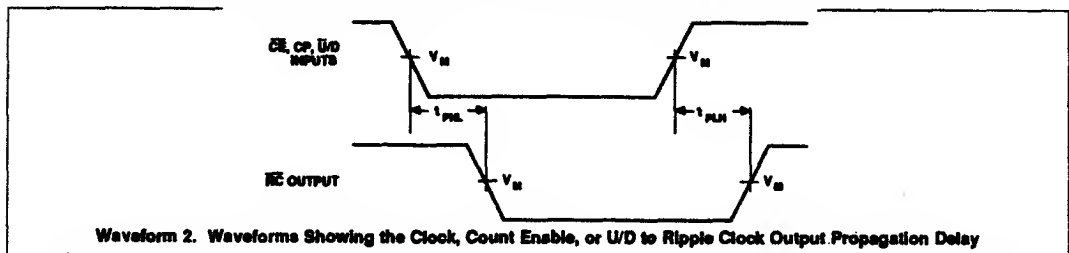
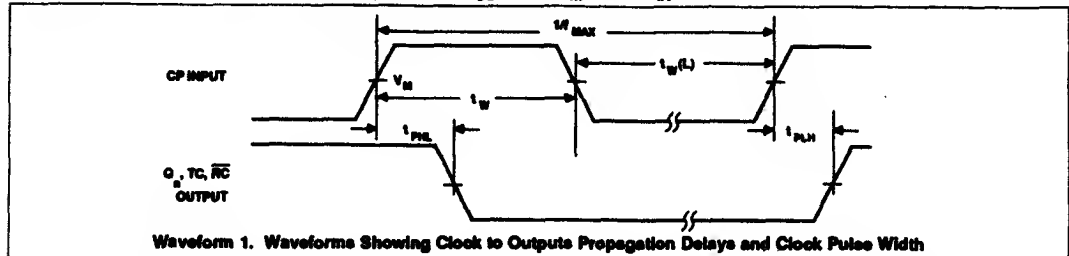
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V: $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		WAVEFORM	74ACT11190					UNIT
				T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	CP to Q _n	1						MHz
		CP to RC							MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n)		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CE to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to RC		2						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to TC		4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to Q _n		3						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to TC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to RC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to Q _n		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to TC		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to RC		5						ns
t _S (H) t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _H (H) t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _S (H) t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _H (H) t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _w (L)	PL pulse width, Low		5						ns
t _w (H) t _w (L)	CP pulse width, High or Low		1						ns
t _{REC}	Recover time, PL to CP		5						ns

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11190

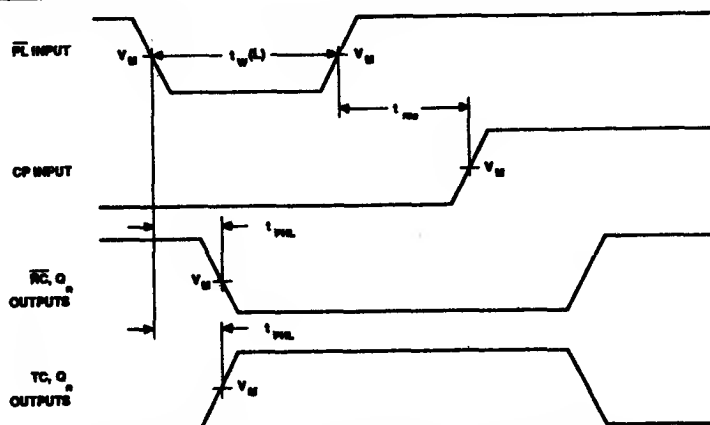
AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$



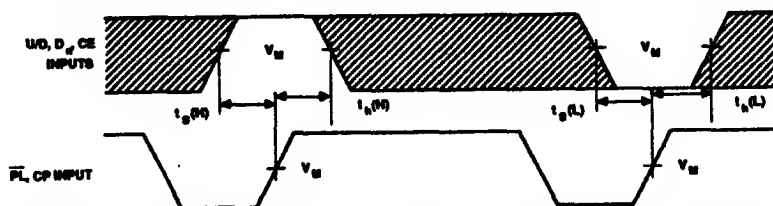
Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous Decade Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11190

AC WAVEFORMS AC : $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT : $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ (Continued)



Waveform 5. Waveforms Showing the Parallel Load Pulse Width, Parallel Load to Output Delay and Parallel Load to Clock Recovery Time



Waveform 6. Waveforms Showing Setup Time and Hold Time for D_n to \overline{PL} , U/D to CP and CE to CP

74AC/ACT11191

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/ Down Counter w/Single Clock

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- High-speed—____MHz typical f_{max}
- Synchronous, reversible counting
- Positive edge-triggered clock
- 4-bit binary
- Asynchronous Parallel Load capability
- Output capability: $\pm 24\text{mA}$
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{cc} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{cc} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11191 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11191 is an asynchronously presettable up/down 4-bit binary counter. It contains four master/slave flip-flops with internal gating and steering logic to provide asynchronous preset and synchronous count-up and count-down operation.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n ($PE = \text{High}$)	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$			ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$			pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}			pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$			MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

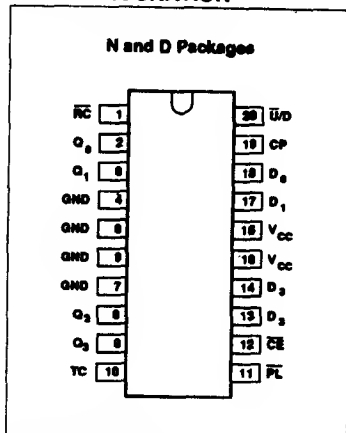
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

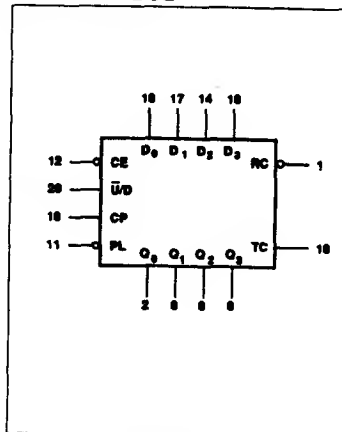
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11191N 74ACT11191N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11191D 74ACT11191D

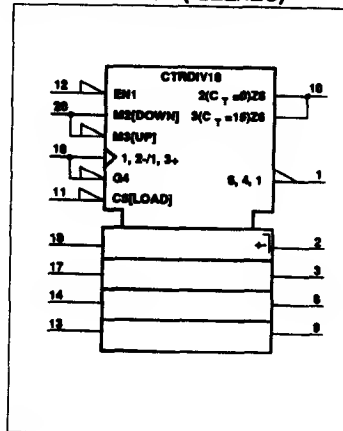
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11191

Asynchronous Parallel Load capability permits the counter to be preset to any desired number. Information present on the parallel Data inputs ($D_3 - D_0$) is loaded into the counter and appears on the outputs when the Parallel Load (\overline{PL}) input is Low. As indicated in the Mode Select Table, this operation overrides the counting function.

Counting is inhibited by a High level on the Count Enable (\overline{CE}) input.

Overflow/underflow indications are provided by two types of outputs, the Terminal Count (TC) and Ripple Clock (RC). The TC output is normally Low and goes High when: 1) the count reaches zero in the count-down mode or 2) reaches "15" in the Count-up mode. The TC output will remain High until a state change occurs, either by counting or presetting, or until \overline{U}/D is changed. TC output should not be used as a clock signal because it is subject to decoding spikes. The TC signal is

used internally to enable the RC output. When TC is High and \overline{CE} is Low, the RC follows the Clock Pulse. The RC output essentially duplicates the Low clock pulse width, although delayed in time by two gate delays. The 74AC/ACT11191 simplifies the design of multistage counters, as indicated in Figures 1a and 1b.

In Figure 1a, each RC output is used as the Clock input for the next higher stage. When the Clock input source has limited drive capability this configuration is particularly advantageous, since the clock source drives only the first stage. It is only necessary to inhibit the first stage to prevent counting in all stages, since a High signal on \overline{CE} inhibits the RC output pulse as indicated in the Mode Select Table. The timing skew between state changes in the first and last stages is represented by the cumulative delay of the clock as it ripples through the preceding stages. This is a disadvantage of the configuration in some applications.

Figure 1b shows a method of causing state changes to occur simultaneously in all stages. The RC outputs propagate the carry/borrow signals in ripple fashion and all Clock inputs are driven in parallel. The Low state duration of the clock in this configuration must be long enough to allow the negative-going edge of the carry/borrow signal to ripple through to the last stage before the clock goes High. Since the RC output of any package goes High shortly after its CP input goes High, there is no such restriction on the High state duration of the clock.

In Figure 1c, the configuration shown avoids ripple delays and their associated restrictions. Combining the TC signals from all the preceding stages forms the \overline{CE} input signal for a given stage. An enable signal must be included in each carry gate in order to inhibit counting. The TC output of a given stage is not affected by its own \overline{CE} , therefore, the simple inhibit scheme of Figure 1e and 1b does not apply.

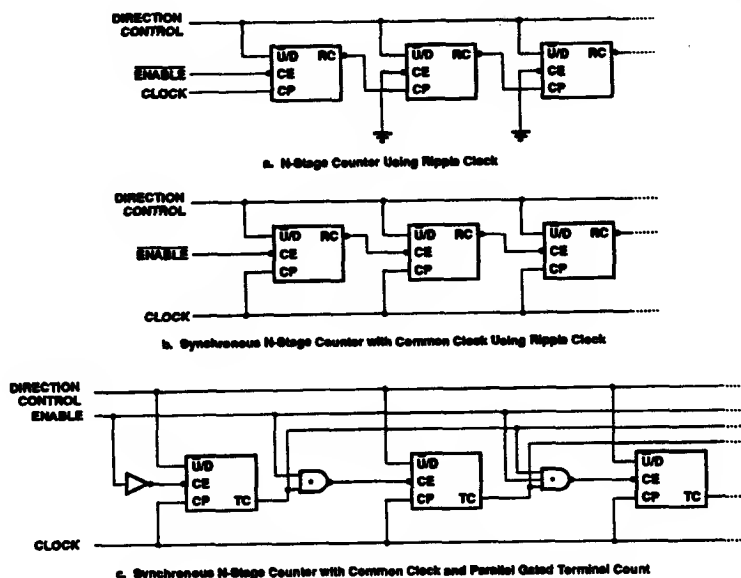


Figure 1

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11191

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
20	\bar{U}/D	Up/down count control input
12	\bar{CE}	Count enable input (active-Low)
18, 17, 14, 13	$D_0 - D_3$	Data inputs
19	CP	Clock pulse input (active rising edge)
11	\bar{PI}	Asynchronous load input (active-Low)
2, 3, 6, 9	$Q_0 - Q_3$	Counter outputs
1	\bar{RC}	Ripple clock output (active-Low)
10	TC	Terminal count output
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

MODE SELECT — FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS					OUTPUTS
	\bar{PI}	\bar{U}/D	\bar{CE}	CP	D_n	Q_n
Parallel load	L	X	X	X	L	L
	L	X	X	X	H	H
Count up	H	L	I	↑	X	count up
Count down	H	H	I	↑	X	count down
Hold (do nothing)	H	X	H	X	X	no change

TC AND \bar{RC} FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS			TERMINAL COUNT STATE				OUTPUTS	
\bar{U}/D	\bar{CE}	CP	Q_0	Q_1	Q_2	Q_3	TC	\bar{RC}
H	H	X	H	H	H	H	L	H
L	H	X	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	↓	H	H	H	H	H	↓
L	H	X	L	L	L	L	L	H
H	H	X	L	L	L	L	H	H
H	L	↓	L	L	L	L	H	↓

H = High voltage level

L = Low voltage level

h = High voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

l = Low voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

X = Don't care

↑ = Low-to-High clock transition

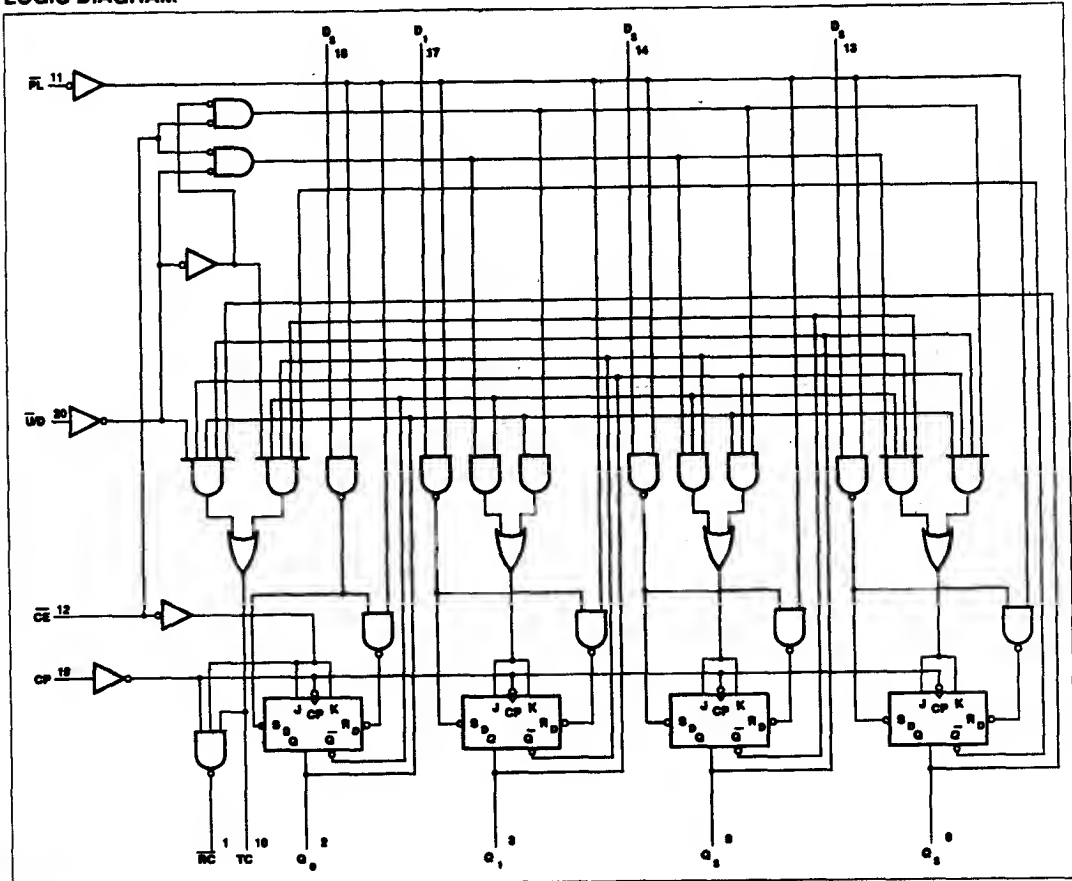
↓ = High-to-Low Trickle Clock transition

↓ = Low pulse

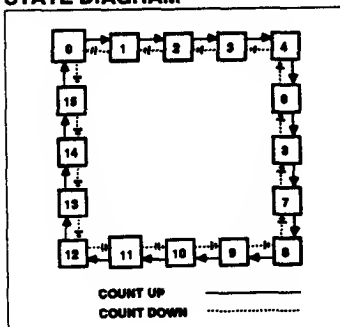
Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11191

LOGIC DIAGRAM



STATE DIAGRAM



Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11191

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11191			74ACT11191			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

- No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±150	mA
	DC ground current		±150	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11191

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS														
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC}	74AC11191					74ACT11191				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V		
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				5.5			3.85				3.85			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V		
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1			
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1			
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0	0.36		0.44							
				4.5	0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44			
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5	0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44			
				5.5			1.65				1.65			
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11191

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		WAVEFORM	74AC11191					UNIT
				T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	CP to Q _n CP to RC	1						MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n)		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CE to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to RC		2						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to TC		4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to Q _n		3						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to TC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to RC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to Q _n		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to TC		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to RC		5						ns
t _S (H) t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _H (H) t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _S (H) t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _H (H) t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _w (L)	PL pulse width, Low		5						ns
t _w (H) t _w (L)	CP pulse width, High or Low		1						ns
t _{REC}	Recover time, PL to CP		5						ns

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11191

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		WAVEFORM	74AC11191					UNIT
				T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	CP to Q _n	1						MHz
		CP to RC							MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n)		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CE to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to RC		2						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to TC		4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to Q _n		3						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to TC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to RC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to Q _n		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to TC		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to RC		5						ns
t _S (H) t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _H (H) t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _S (H) t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _H (H) t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _w (L)	PL pulse width, Low		5						ns
t _w (H) t _w (L)	CP pulse width, High or Low		1						ns
t _{REC}	Recover time, PL to CP		5						ns

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11191

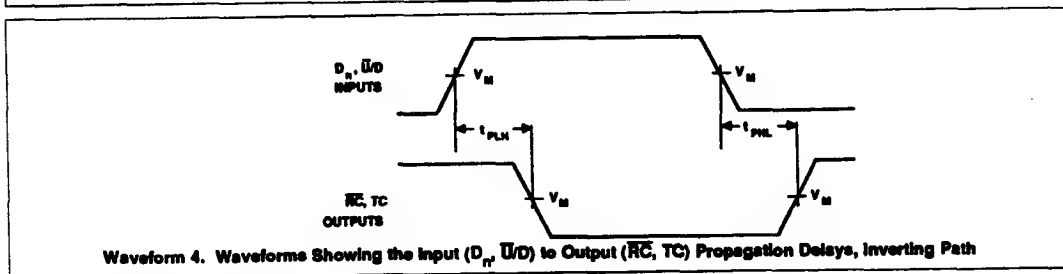
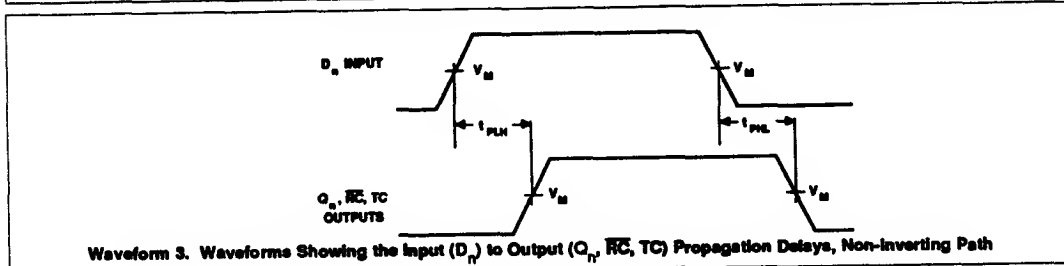
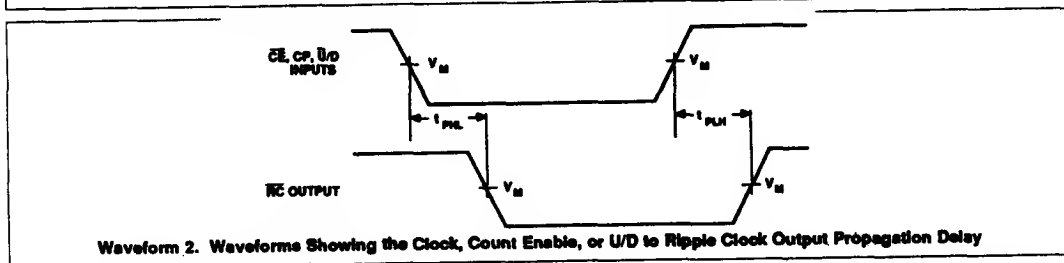
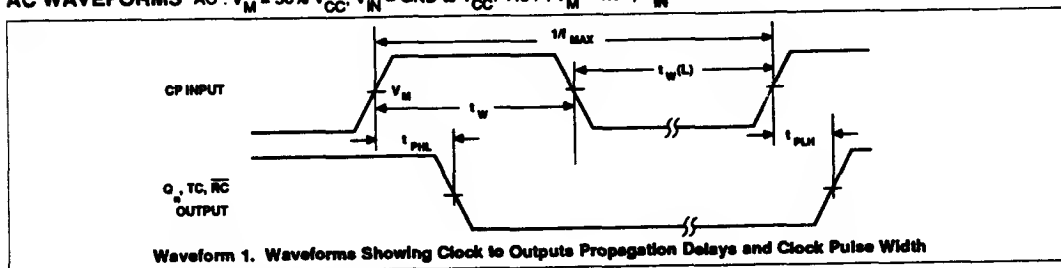
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		WAVEFORM	74ACT11191					UNIT
				T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	CP to Q _n CP to RC	1						MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to TC		1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CE to RC		2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to RC		2						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay U/D to TC		4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to Q _n		3						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to TC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to RC		3, 4						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to Q _n		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to TC		5						ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PL to RC		5						ns
t _S (H) t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _H (H) t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low D _n to PL		6						ns
t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low CE to CP		6						ns
t _S (H) t _S (L)	Setup time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _H (H) t _H (L)	Hold time, High or Low U/D to CP		6						ns
t _w (L)	PL pulse width, Low		5						ns
t _w (H) t _w (L)	CP pulse width, High or Low		1						ns
t _{REC}	Recover time, PL to CP		5						ns

Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11191

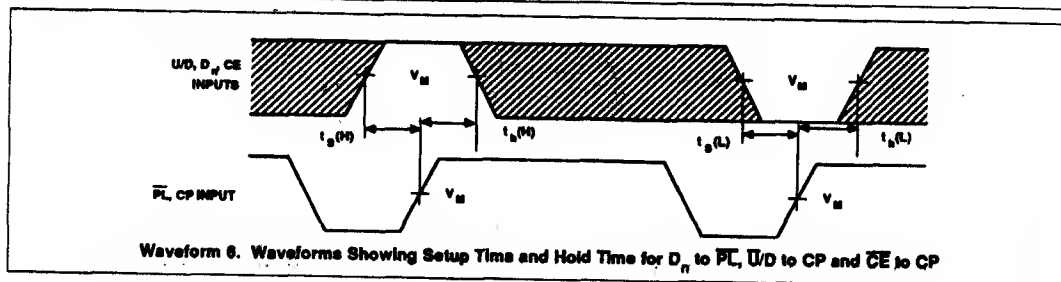
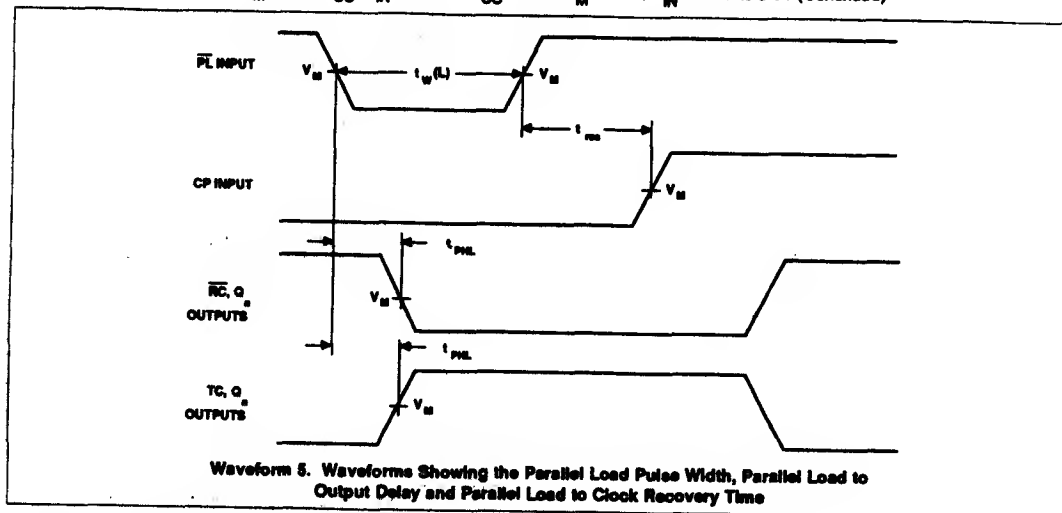
AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$



Asynchronous Presettable Synchronous 4-Bit Binary Up/Down Counter w/Single Clock

74AC/ACT11191

AC WAVEFORMS AC : $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT : $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ (Continued)



74AC/ACT11194

4-Bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Shift left and shift right capability
- Synchronous Parallel and Serial data transfers
- Easily expanded for both Serial and Parallel operation
- Asynchronous reset
- Output capability: $\pm 24\text{mA}$
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11194 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11194 4-bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register is fully synchronous, making the device especially useful for implementing very high speed CPUs, or for memory buffer registers.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n ($MR = \text{High}$)	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	4.8	5.8	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$	66	69	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_i = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current ¹	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.0V$	150	130	MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

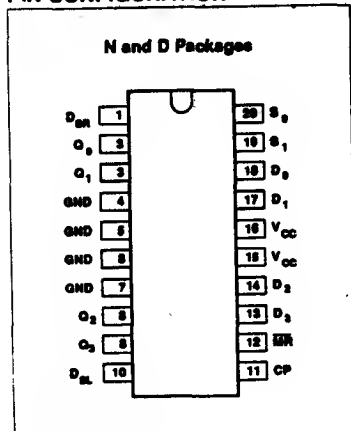
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

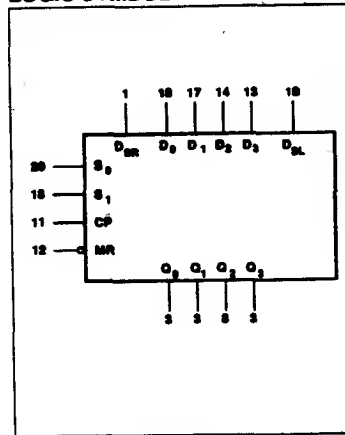
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11194N 74ACT11194N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11194D 74ACT11194D

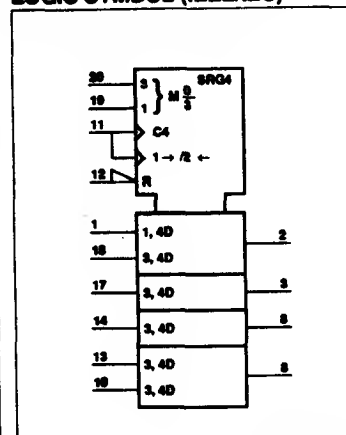
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



4-Bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register

74AC/ACT11194

The 74AC/ACT11194 design has special logic features which increase the range of application. The synchronous operation of the device is determined by two Mode Select inputs, S_0 and S_1 . As shown in the Function Table, data can be entered and shifted from left to right (shift right, $Q_0 \rightarrow Q_1$, etc.), or right to left (shift left, $Q_3 \rightarrow Q_2$, etc.), or parallel data can be entered, loading all 4 bits of the register simultaneously. When both S_0 and S_1 are Low, existing data is retained in a hold (do nothing) mode. The first and last stages provide D-type Serial Data input (D_{SR} ,

D_{SL}) to allow multistage shift right or shift left data transfers without interfering with parallel load operation.

Mode select and Data Inputs on the 74AC/ACT11194 are edge-triggered, responding only to the Low-to-High transition of the Clock (CP). Therefore, the only timing restriction is that the Mode Control and selected Data inputs must be stable one setup time prior to the positive transition of the clock pulse. Signals on the Select, Parallel Data ($D_0 - D_3$) and Serial Data (D_{SR} , D_{SL}) inputs can change when

the clock is in either state, provided only the recommended setup and hold times, with respect to the clock rising edge are observed.

The four Parallel Data inputs ($D_0 - D_3$) are D-type inputs. Data appearing on $D_0 - D_3$ inputs when S_0 and S_1 are High is transferred to the $Q_0 - Q_3$ outputs respectively, following the next Low-to-High transition of the clock. When Low, the asynchronous Master Reset (\overline{MR}) overrides all other input conditions and forces the Q outputs Low.

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
12	\overline{MR}	Asynchronous master reset (active Low)
11	CP	Clock input (Low-to-High, edge-triggered)
18, 17, 14, 13	$D_0 - D_3$	Data inputs
1	D_{SR}	Serial data input (shift right)
10	D_{SL}	Serial data input (shift left)
20, 19	S_0, S_1	Mode control inputs
2, 3, 8, 9	$Q_0 - Q_3$	Parallel outputs
1	TC	Terminal count output
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS							OUTPUTS			
	CP	\overline{MR}	S_1	S_0	D_{SR}	D_{SL}	D_n	Q_0	Q_1	Q_2	Q_3
Reset (clear)	X	L	X	X	X	X	X	L	L	L	L
Hold (do nothing)	X	H	l	l	X	X	X	q_0	q_1	q_2	q_3
Shift Left	\uparrow	H	h	l	X	l	X	q_1	q_2	q_3	L
	\uparrow	H	h	l	X	h	X	q_1	q_2	q_3	H
Shift Right	\uparrow	H	l	h	l	X	X	L	q_0	q_1	q_2
	\uparrow	H	l	h	h	X	X	H	q_0	q_1	q_2
Parallel Load	\uparrow	H	h	h	X	X	d_n	d_0	d_1	d_2	d_3

H = High voltage level

L = Low voltage level

h = High voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

l = Low voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

X = Don't care

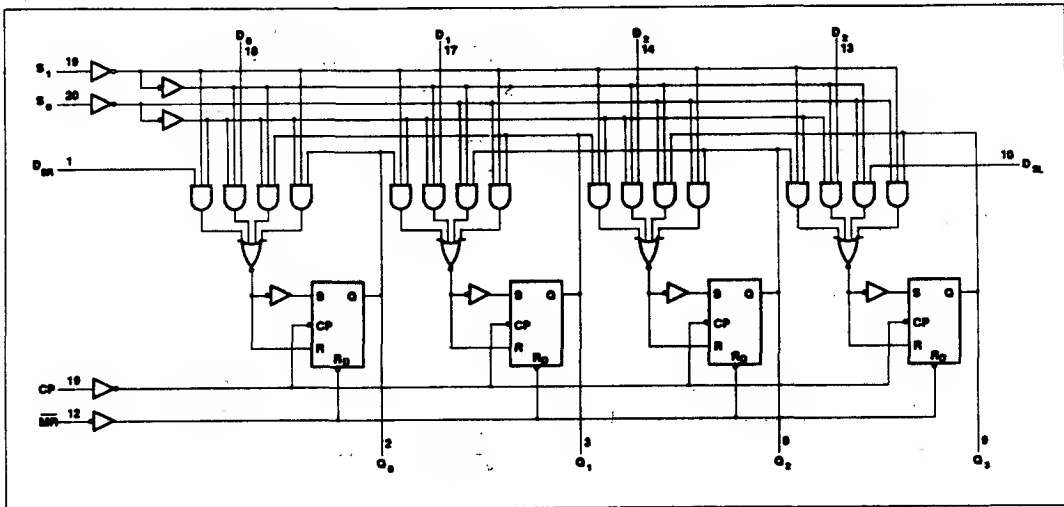
d_n (q_n) = State of the referenced input (or output) one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

\uparrow = Low-to-High clock transition

4-Bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register

74AC/ACT11194

LOGIC DIAGRAM



4-Bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register

74AC/ACT11194

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11194			74ACT11194			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 100	mA
	DC ground current		± 100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

4-Bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register

74AC/ACT11194

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	74AC11194				74ACT11194				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				V	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min		Max
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.65		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
				5.5				1.65					1.65
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

1. Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
2. This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

4-Bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register

74AC/ACT11194

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11194					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	100	125		100		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n	1	1.5 1.5	6.4 7.1	8.9 9.5	1.5 1.5	9.5 10.2	ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q_n	2	1.5	7.6	10.2	1.5	10.9	ns
t_s	Setup time, High or Low D_n , D_{SR} , D_{SL} to CP	3	4.0			4.0		ns
t_h	Hold time, High or Low CP to D_n , D_{SR} , D_{SL}	3	0.0			0.0		ns
t_s	Setup time, High or Low S_n to CP	3	5.5			5.5		ns
t_h	Hold time, High or Low CP to S_n	3	1.0			1.0		ns
t_w	Clock pulse width (load) High or Low	1	5.0			5.0		ns
t_w	Clock pulse width (count) High or Low	1	5.0			5.0		ns
t_w	MR pulse width, Low	2	4.0			4.0		ns
t_{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	2	0.5			0.5		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

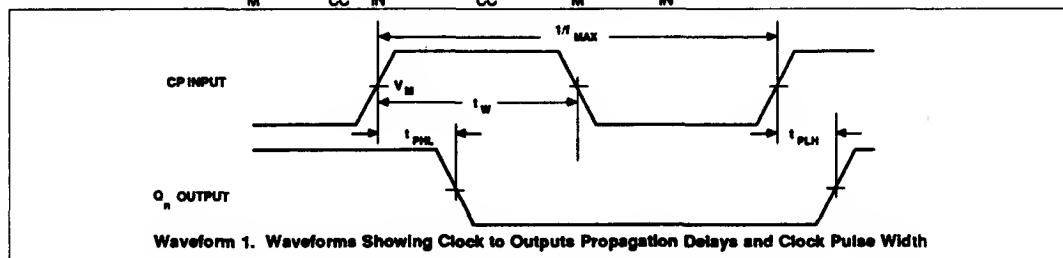
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11194					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	125	150		125		MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	4.5 5.0	6.6 7.1	1.5 1.5	7.1 7.7	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q _n	2	1.5	5.4	7.5	1.5	8.1	ns
t _S	Setup time, High or Low D _n , D _{SR} , D _{SL} to CP	3	0.5			0.5		ns
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CP to D _n , D _{SR} , D _{SL}	3	1.0			1.0		ns
t _S	Setup time, High or Low S _n to CP	3	4.0			4.0		ns
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CP to S _n	3	1.0			1.0		ns
t _W	Clock pulse width (load) High or Low	1	4.0			4.0		ns
t _W	Clock pulse width (count) High or Low	1	4.0			4.0		ns
t _W	MR pulse width, Low	2	4.0			4.0		ns
t _{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	2	1.0			1.0		ns

4-Bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register

74AC/ACT11194

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

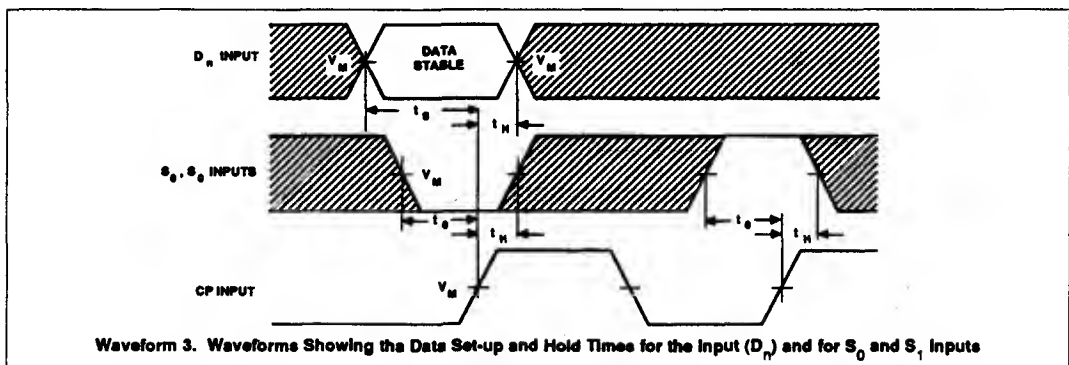
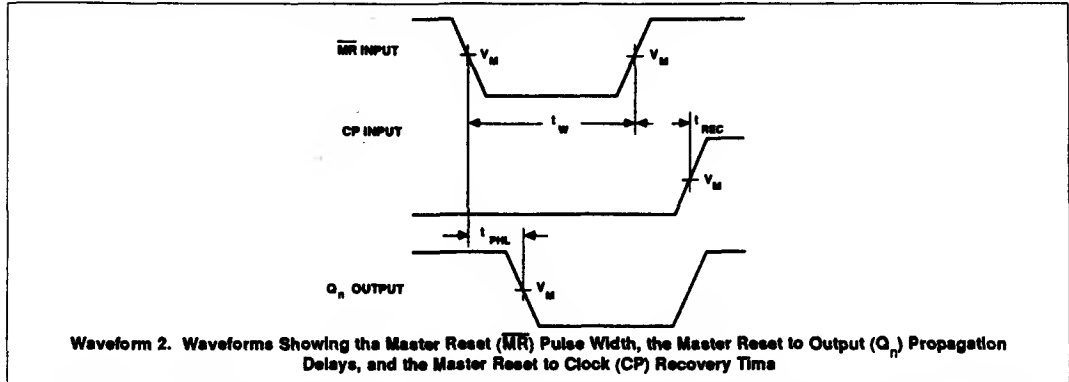
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11194						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	100	130		100		MHz	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	5.5 6.1	6.6 7.6	1.5 1.5	7.3 8.3	ns	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q _n	2	1.5	7.5	9.1	1.5	9.8	ns	
t _S	Setup time, High or Low D _n , D _{SR} , D _{SL} to CP	3	4.5			4.5		ns	
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CP to D _n , D _{SR} , D _{SL}	3	1.0			1.0		ns	
t _S	Setup time, High or Low S _n to CP	3	6.0			6.0		ns	
t _H	Hold time, High or Low CP to S _n	3	2.0			2.0		ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width (load) High or Low	1	5.0			5.0		ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width (count) High or Low	1	5.0			5.0		ns	
t _W	MR pulse width, Low	2	4.5			4.5		ns	
t _{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	2	1.0			1.0		ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = GND$ to V_{CC} . ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = GND$ to 3.0V

4-Bit Bidirectional Universal Shift Register

74AC/ACT11194

AC WAVEFORMS AC : $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT : $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ (Continued)



74AC/ACT11238

3-to-8 Line Decoder/ Demultiplexer

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Multiple input enable for easy expansion
- Ideal for memory chip select decoding
- Non-inverting outputs
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11238 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11238 decoders accept three binary weighted inputs (A_0, A_1, A_2) and when enabled, provide eight mutually exclusive, active-High outputs ($Y_0 - Y_7$). The devices feature three enable inputs; two active-Low (E_1, E_2) and one active-High (E_3). Every output will be Low unless E_1 and E_2 are Low and E_3 is High. This multiple enable function allows easy parallel expansion of the devices to a 1-of-32

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A_n to Y_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	5.9	5.6	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	55	57	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta v$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

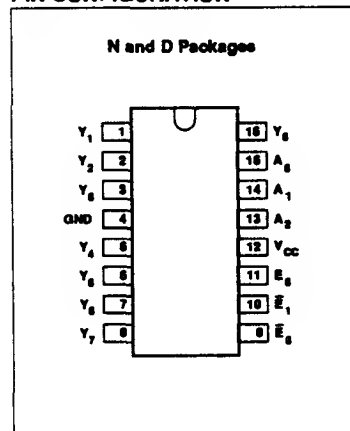
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11238N 74ACT11238N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11238D 74ACT11238D

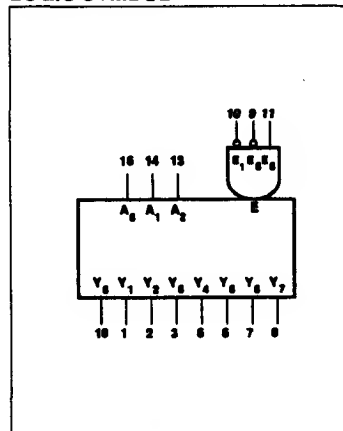
(5 lines to 32 lines) decoder with just four
"11238's and one inverter.

The devices can be used as eight output
demultiplexers by using one of the active-
Low enable inputs as the data input and
the remaining enable inputs as strobes.

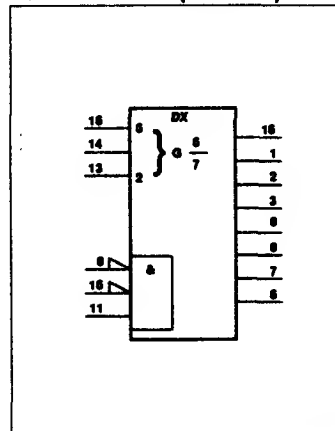
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer

74AC/ACT11238

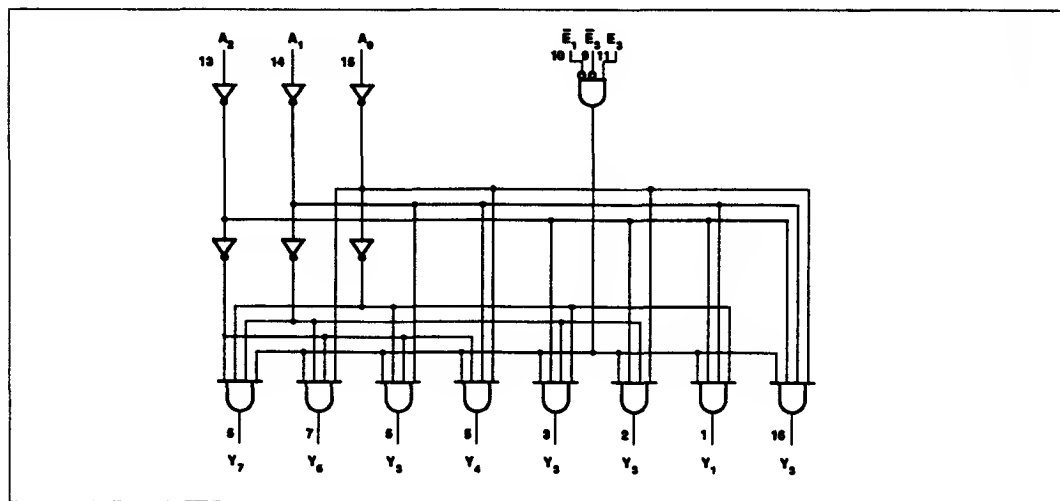
PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
15, 14, 13	A_0 to A_2	Address inputs
10, 9	\bar{E}_1, \bar{E}_2	Enable inputs (active Low)
11	E_3	Enable input (active High)
16, 8, 7, 6, 5, 3, 2, 1	Y_0 to Y_7	Outputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
12	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS						OUTPUTS							
\bar{E}_1	\bar{E}_2	E_3	A_0	A_1	A_2	Y_0	Y_1	Y_2	Y_3	Y_4	Y_5	Y_6	Y_7
H	X	X	X	X	X	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
X	H	X	X	X	X	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
X	X	L	X	X	X	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	L	H	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	L	H	H	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	L	H	L	H	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L
L	L	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L
L	L	H	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L
L	L	H	H	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L
L	L	H	L	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L
L	L	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H

LOGIC DIAGRAM



3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer

74AC/ACT11238

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11238			74ACT11238			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±200	mA
	DC ground current		±200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer

74AC/ACT11238

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11238				74ACT11238				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
		4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0				
		5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0				
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
		4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8			
		5.5		1.85		1.65		0.8		0.8			
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
				5.5				1.65					1.65
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer

74AC/ACT11238

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11238					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	8.5 9.6	10.6 11.9	1.5 1.5	11.7 13.3	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E ₃ to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	8.2 9.6	10.3 11.7	1.5 1.5	11.4 13.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E _n to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	9.1 10.7	11.2 12.9	1.5 1.5	12.5 14.5	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11238					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	5.4 8.3	7.0 8.2	1.5 1.5	8.2 9.7	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E ₃ to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	5.2 6.5	8.7 8.2	1.5 1.5	7.9 9.6	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E _n to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	5.8 7.2	7.1 6.9	1.5 1.5	8.5 9.8	ns

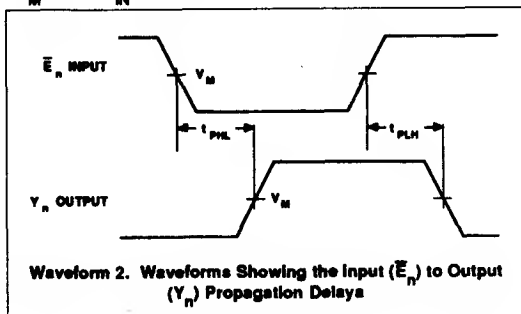
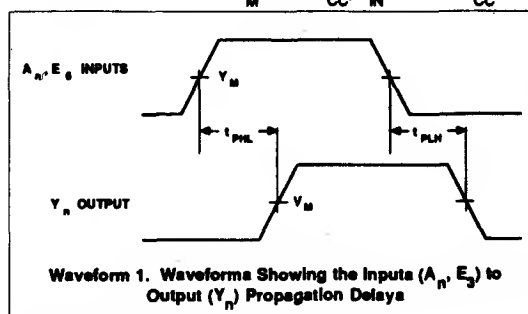
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11238					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	5.1 6.1	7.1 7.8	1.5 1.5	7.8 8.6	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E ₃ to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	5.5 6.0	7.1 6.1	1.5 1.5	7.8 9.1	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E _n to Y _n	2	1.5 1.5	5.4 7.1	7.8 8.6	1.5 1.5	8.3 9.7	ns

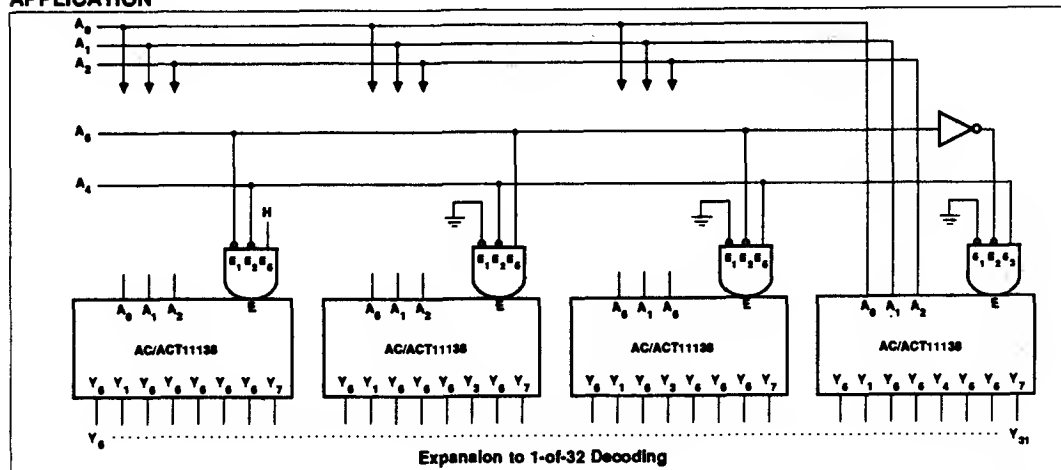
3-to-8 Line Decoder/Demultiplexer

74AC/ACT11238

AC WAVEFORMS AC : $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT : $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$



APPLICATION



74AC/ACT11240

Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State; INV

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Octal bus interface
- 3-State buffers
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11240 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11240 device is an octal buffer that is ideal for driving bus lines or buffer memory address registers. The device features two Output Enables (\overline{OE}), each controlling four of the 3-State outputs.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A_n to \overline{Y}_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	5.0	6.3	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per buffer ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	39	47	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	12	13	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	4.0	4.0	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	10	10	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jedic JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate; Data inputs	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

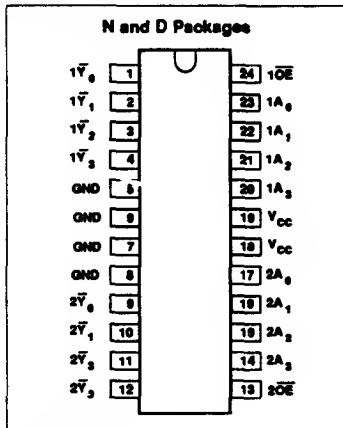
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

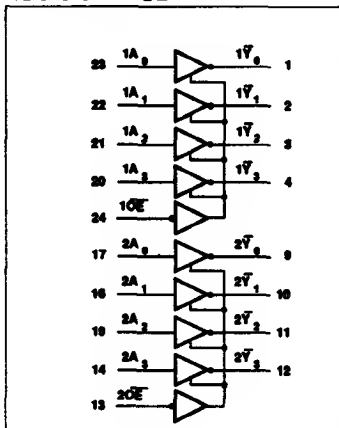
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
24-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11240N 74ACT11240N
24-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11240D 74ACT11240D

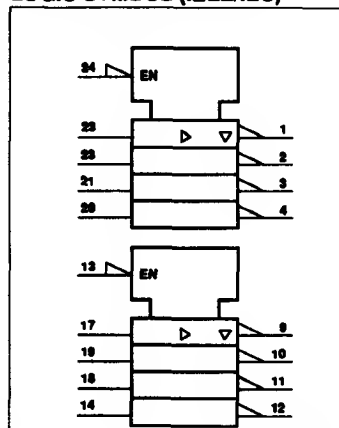
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State; INV

74AC/ACT11240

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
23, 22, 21, 20	$1I_0 - 1I_3$	Data Inputs
17, 16, 15, 14	$2I_0 - 2I_3$	Data inputs
1, 2, 3, 4	$1V_0 - 1V_3$	Data outputs
9, 10, 11, 12	$2V_0 - 2V_3$	Data outputs
24, 13	$1OE, 2OE$	Output enables
5, 6, 7, 8	GND	Ground (0V)
18, 19	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS				OUTPUT	
$1OE$	$1A_n$	$2OE$	$2A_n$	$1V_n$	$2V_n$
L	L	L	L	H	H
L	H	L	H	L	L
H	X	H	X	Z	Z

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11240			74ACT11240			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	Data		10	0		10	ns/V
		Output enable		5	0		10	
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC}$	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 200	mA
	DC ground current		± 200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State; INV

74AC/ACT11240

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11240				74ACT11240				UNIT		
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C				
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V		
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0				
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0				
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V		
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8			
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8			
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V		
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				5.5			3.85				3.85			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V		
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1	
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44						
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44	
				5.5				1.65					1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA		
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

1. Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
2. This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State; INV

74AC/ACT11240

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

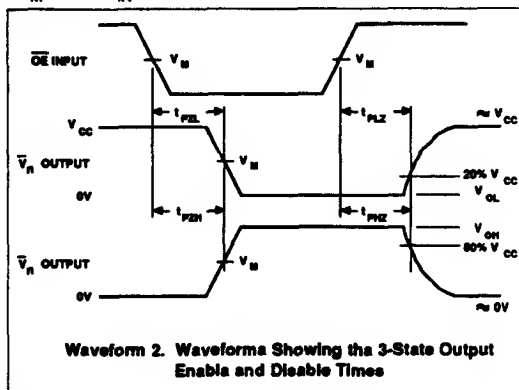
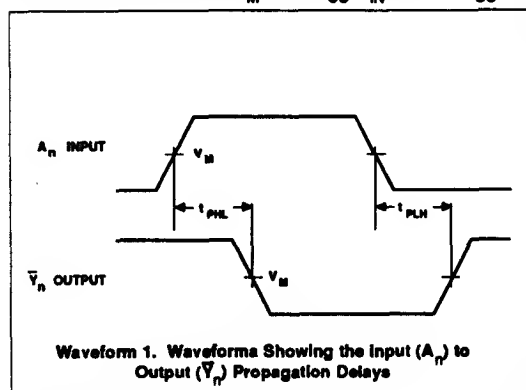
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11240					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	7.6 6.3	10.5 8.6	1.5 1.5	11.7 9.5	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	6.2 7.6	11.6 10.8	1.5 1.5	12.7 12.0	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	5.5 6.7	7.5 9.4	1.5 1.5	7.8 9.6	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11240					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	5.4 4.8	7.5 6.6	1.5 1.5	6.4 7.2	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	5.7 5.3	8.2 7.7	1.5 1.5	9.2 8.7	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	4.7 5.2	6.3 7.3	1.5 1.5	6.6 7.7	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11240					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.0	9.9 8.0	1.5 1.5	10.6 8.7	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	7.5 7.3	11.7 11.5	1.5 1.5	12.5 12.3	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	7.3 7.9	9.4 10.3	1.5 1.5	10.0 10.8	ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11241

Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Octal bus interface
- 3-State buffers
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11241 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11241 device is an octal buffer that is ideal for driving bus lines or buffer memory address registers. The device features two Output Enables (1OE and 2OE), each controlling four of the 3-State outputs.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A_n to Y_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.7	6.5	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per buffer ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	26	27	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	10	9	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_i = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	4.0	4.0	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_i = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	10	10	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate; Data inputs	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

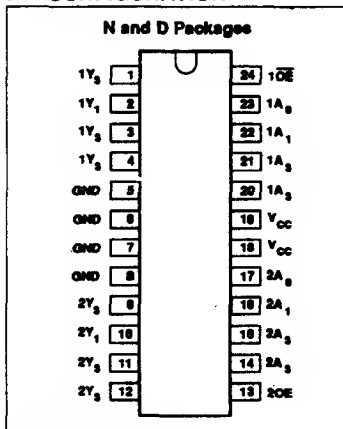
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

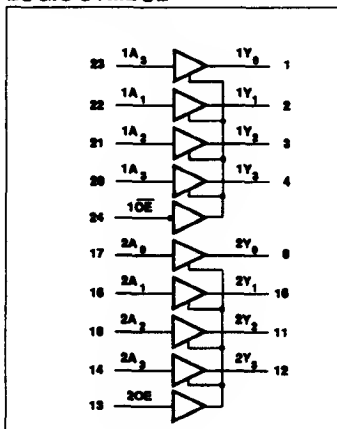
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
24-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11241N 74ACT11241N
24-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11241D 74ACT11241D

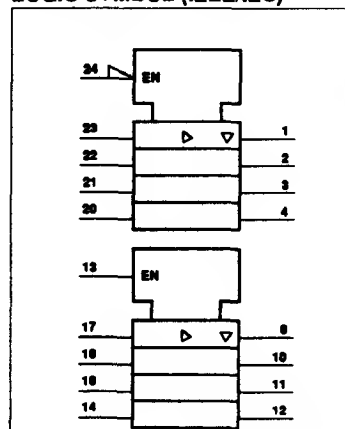
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State

74AC/ACT11241

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
23, 22, 21, 20	1A ₀ - 1A ₃	Data inputs
17, 16, 15, 14	2A ₀ - 2A ₃	Data inputs
1, 2, 3, 4	1Y ₀ - 1Y ₃	Data outputs
9, 10, 11, 12	2Y ₀ - 2Y ₃	Data outputs
24, 13	1OE, 2OE	Output enables
5, 6, 7, 8	GND	Ground (0V)
18, 19	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS				OUTPUT	
1OE	1A _n	2OE	2A _n	1Y _n	2Y _n
L	L	H	L	L	L
L	H	H	H	H	H
H	X	L	X	Z	Z

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11241			74ACT11241			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
	Data			10			10	
	Output enable	0		5	0		10	
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±200	mA
	DC ground current		±200	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State

74AC/ACT11241

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74AC11241				74ACT11241				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.85		1.85		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
				5.5				1.65					1.65
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND		5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND		5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0		5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND		5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State

74AC/ACT11241

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

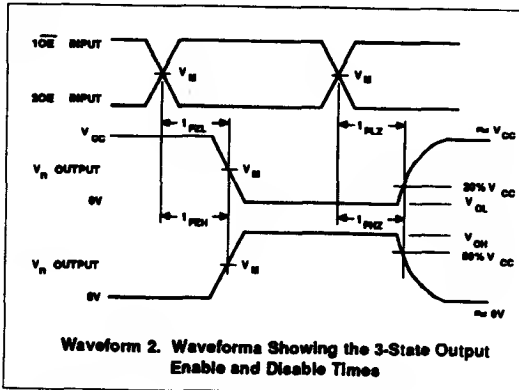
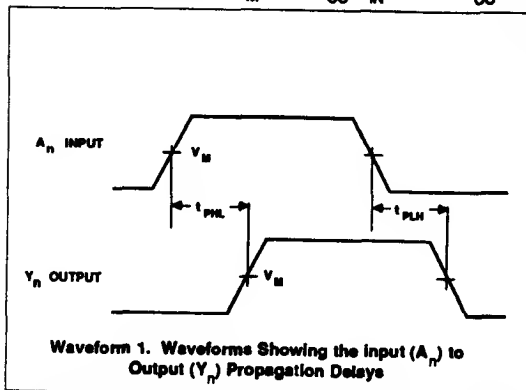
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11241						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	7.0 6.2	10.0 8.4	1.5 1.5	11.4 9.2	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	7.8 7.7	11.4 10.6	1.5 1.5	12.9 11.7	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	5.8 7.1	7.8 9.3	1.5 1.5	7.9 9.9	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11241					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	4.9 4.5	7.1 6.3	1.5 1.5	8.0 6.8	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	5.4 5.3	8.0 7.8	1.5 1.5	9.0 8.4	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	4.9 5.6	6.6 7.5	1.5 1.5	6.9 8.0	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11241						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	6.6 6.3	9.0 8.5	1.5 1.5	10.0 9.1	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	7.5 7.4	11.3 10.5	1.5 1.5	12.3 11.3	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	7.6 8.2	10.6 11.2	1.5 1.5	11.0 11.7	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11244

Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Octal bus interface
- 3-State buffers
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11244 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11244 device is an octal buffer that is ideal for driving bus lines or buffer memory address registers. The device features two Output Enables ($1\overline{OE}$, $2\overline{OE}$), each controlling four of the 3-State outputs.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A_n to Y_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	4.7	5.7	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per buffer ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$ $V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	27	27	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	4.0	4.0	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	10	10	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate; Data inputs	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

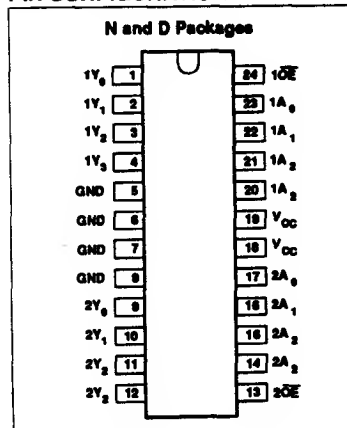
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

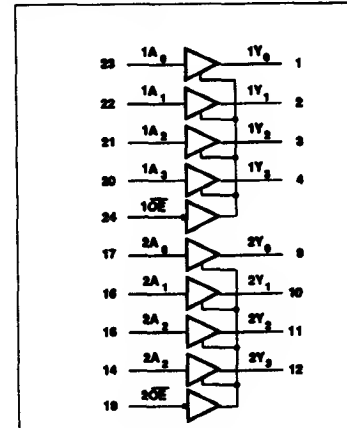
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
24-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11244N 74ACT11244N
24-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11244D 74ACT11244D

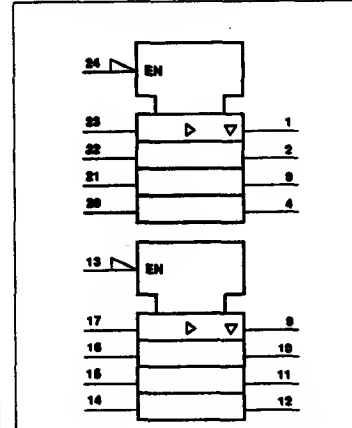
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State

74AC/ACT11244

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
23, 22, 21, 20	$1A_0 - 1A_3$	Data inputs
17, 16, 15, 14	$2A_0 - 2A_3$	Data inputs
1, 2, 3, 4	$1Y_0 - 1Y_3$	Data outputs
9, 10, 11, 12	$2Y_0 - 2Y_3$	Data outputs
24, 13	$1OE, 2OE$	Output enables
5, 6, 7, 8	GND	Ground (0V)
18, 19	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS				OUTPUT	
$1OE$	$1I_n$	$2OE$	$2I_n$	$1Y_n$	$2Y_n$
L	L	L	L	L	L
L	H	L	H	H	H
H	X	H	X	Z	Z

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11244			74ACT11244			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate							
	Data	0		10	0		10	ns/V
	Output enable	0		5	0		10	
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 200	mA
	DC ground current		± 200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State

74AC/ACT11244

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11244				74ACT11244				UNIT		
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C				
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V		
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0				
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0				
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V		
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8			
			5.5		1.65		1.85		0.8		0.8			
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V		
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				5.5			3.85				3.85			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V		
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1	
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44						
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44	
				5.5				1.65					1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA		
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Octal Buffer/Line Driver; 3-State

74AC/ACT11244

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

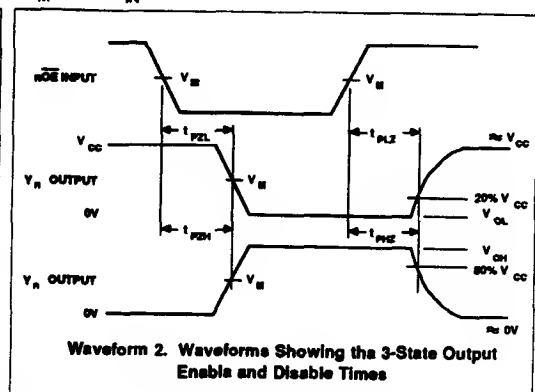
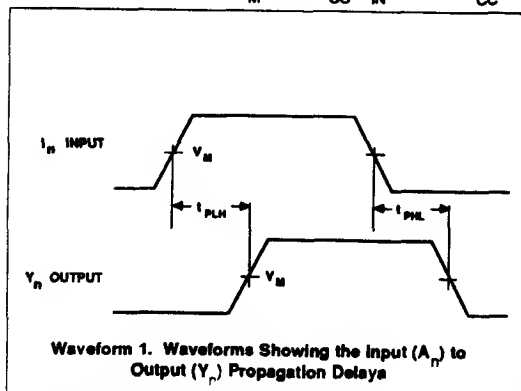
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11244					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	7.1 8.3	9.3 6.6	1.5 1.5	10.2 9.5	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	8.0 7.9	10.7 10.8	1.5 1.5	11.8 11.9	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	5.9 7.2	7.9 9.4	1.5 1.5	8.3 9.9	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11244					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	4.9 4.5	6.7 6.4	1.5 1.5	7.3 6.9	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	5.4 5.4	7.7 7.6	1.5 1.5	8.5 8.5	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	5.2 5.8	7.0 7.8	1.5 1.5	7.3 8.2	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11244						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to Y _n	1	1.5 1.5	6.0 5.4	8.9 8.8	1.5 1.5	9.9 9.2	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	6.8 6.7	11.3 10.5	1.5 1.5	12.5 11.4	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	7.4 7.8	9.8 10.6	1.5 1.5	10.4 11.2	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11245

Octal Transceiver with Direction Pin; 3-State

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Octal bidirectional bus interface
- 3-State buffers
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11245 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11245 device is an octal transceiver featuring noninverting 3-State bus compatible outputs in both send and receive directions. The control function implementation minimizes external timing requirements. The device features an Output Enable (OE) input for easy cascading and a Direction (DIR) input for direction control.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A_n to B_n , or B_n to A_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.5	5.8	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per buffer ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	64	66	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	18	19	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	4.0	4.0	pF
C_{IO}	I/O capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	12	12	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

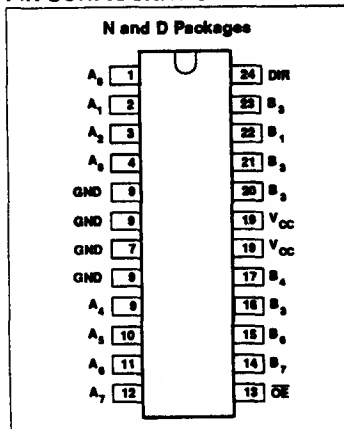
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

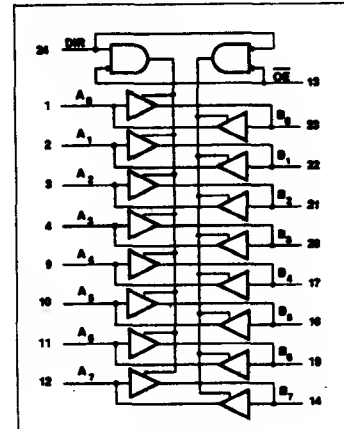
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
24-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11245N 74ACT11245N
24-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11245D 74ACT11245D

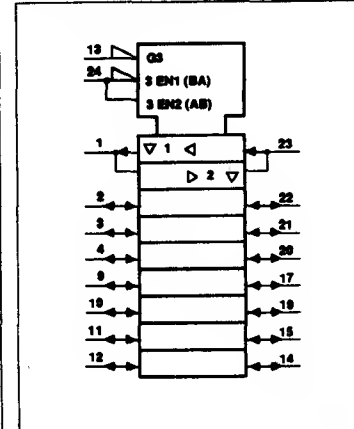
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Octal Transceiver with Direction Pin; 3-State

74AC/ACT11245

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
24	DIR	Direction control input
1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12	$A_0 - A_7$	Data inputs/outputs (A side)
23, 22, 21, 20, 17, 16, 15, 14	$B_0 - B_7$	Data inputs/outputs (B side)
13	\overline{OE}	Output enable
5, 6, 7, 8	GND	Ground (0V)
16, 19	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		INPUTS/OUTPUTS	
\overline{OE}	DIR	A_n	B_n
L	L	$A = B$	inputs
L	H	inputs	$B = A$
H	X	Z	Z

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11245			74ACT11245			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 200	mA
	DC ground current		± 200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Octal Transceiver with Direction Pin; 3-State

74AC/ACT11245

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC}	74AC11245				74ACT11245				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
			I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1					V
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	3.0		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5				1.85				1.65				
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND		5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND		5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0		5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND		5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Octal Transceiver with Direction Pin; 3-State

74AC/ACT11245

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

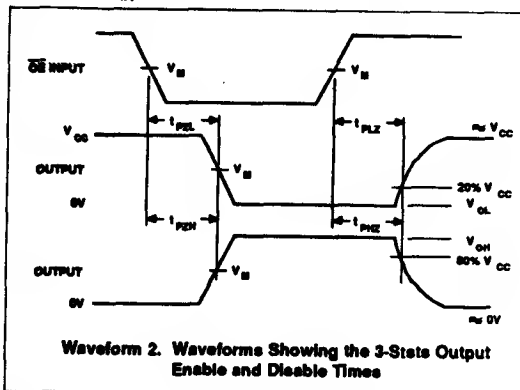
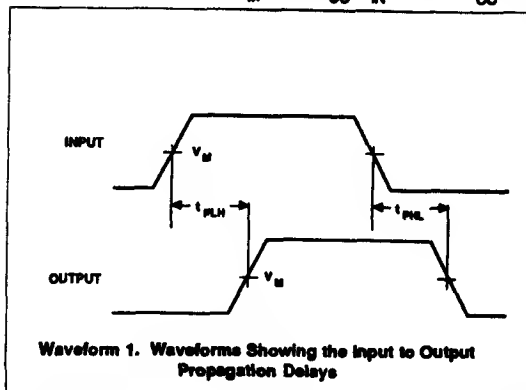
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11245					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to B _n , B _n to A _n	1	1.5 1.5	6.5 5.7	11.2 8.5	1.5 1.5	12.5 9.7	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	8.8 6.2	14.2 11.5	1.5 1.5	15.9 12.7	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	7.7 8.5	10.5 12.0	1.5 1.5	11.3 13.0	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11245						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to B _n , B _n to A _n	1	1.5 1.5	4.8 4.1	6.5 8.3	1.5 1.5	9.5 8.9	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	6.2 5.9	10.2 8.6	1.5 1.5	11.4 9.5	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	6.4 7.0	8.8 9.6	1.5 1.5	9.5 10.4	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11245						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to B _n , B _n to A _n	1	1.5 1.5	8.2 5.4	9.2 8.6	1.5 1.5	10.0 9.1	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	6.1 8.2	12.0 11.7	1.5 1.5	13.2 12.9	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	9.3 9.8	11.6 12.9	1.5 1.5	12.9 13.9	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_N = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_N = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11251

8-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11251 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11251 provides an 8-to-1 multiplexer with three select lines and a common output enable. The state of the Select (S_n) inputs determines the particular input line from which the data comes. The Output Enable (\overline{OE}) input is active-Low. When \overline{OE} is High, both the Y output and the \overline{Y} output are in the High-impedance "OFF" state regardless of all other input conditions.

The device is the logic implementation of a single pole, 8 position switch where the position of the switch is determined by the logic levels supplied to the Select inputs.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay I_n to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	4.8	6.6	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	55	60	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	13	16	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	3.5	3.5	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}; \text{Disabled}$	8.0	8.0	pF
$\Delta V/\Delta v$	Maximum input rise or fall rate; Data inputs	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

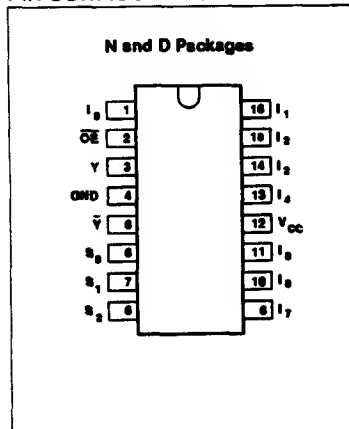
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

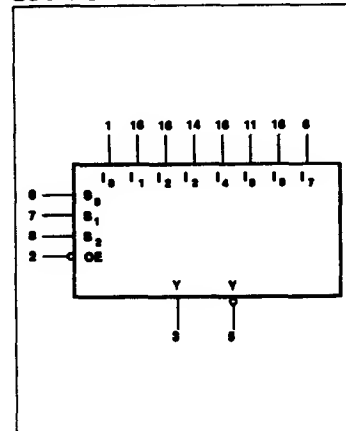
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11251N 74ACT11251N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11251D 74ACT11251D

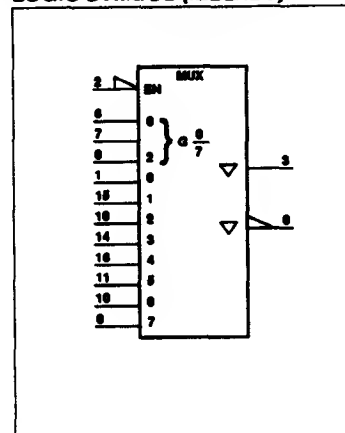
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



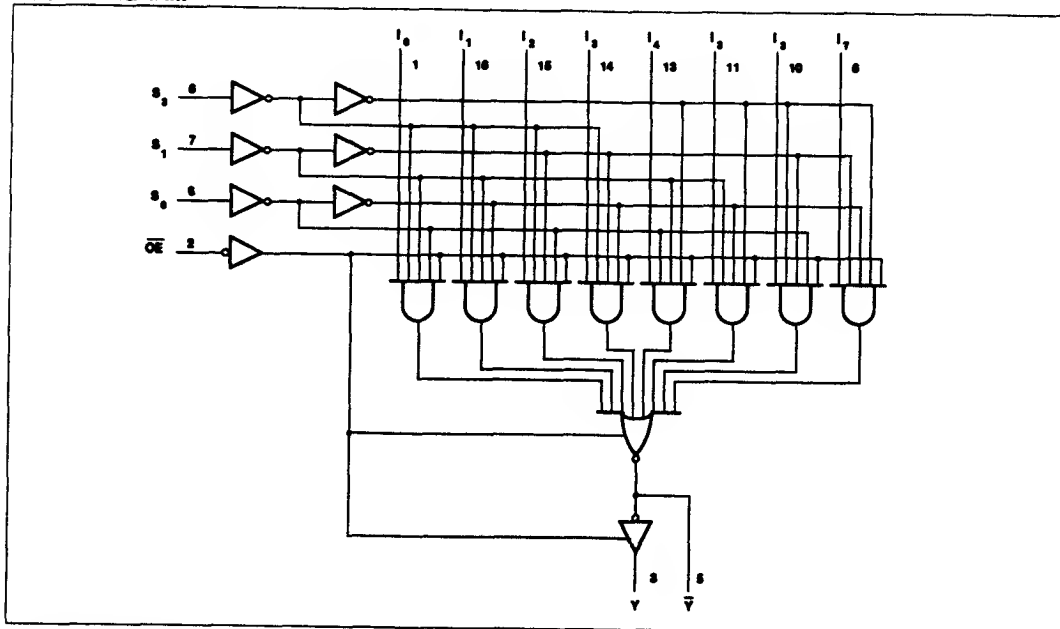
LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



8-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

74AC/ACT11251

LOGIC DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
6, 7, 8	S_n	Select inputs
2	\overline{OE}	Output enable input
1, 16, 15, 14 13, 11, 10, 9	$I_0 - I_7$	Data inputs
3, 5	Y, \overline{Y}	Data outputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
12	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS				OUTPUTS	
s_2	s_1	s_0	\overline{OE}	Y	\overline{Y}
X	X	X	H	Z	Z
L	L	L	L	I_0	$\overline{I_0}$
L	L	H	L	I_1	$\overline{I_1}$
L	H	L	L	I_2	$\overline{I_2}$
L	H	H	L	I_3	$\overline{I_3}$
H	L	L	L	I_4	$\overline{I_4}$
H	L	H	L	I_5	$\overline{I_5}$
H	H	L	L	I_6	$\overline{I_6}$
H	H	H	L	I_7	$\overline{I_7}$

8-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

74AC/ACT11251

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11151			74ACT11151			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 100	mA
	DC ground current		± 100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

8-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

74AC/ACT11251

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11251				74ACT11251				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.85		1.85		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
				5.5			3.85				3.85	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5			1.85				1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

8-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

74AC/ACT11251

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11251					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Y	1	1.5 1.5	7.0 8.9	8.8 8.3	1.5 1.5	9.3 8.9	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	6.1 6.8	7.5 6.0	1.5 1.5	8.1 6.8	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n to Y	1	1.5 1.5	10.0 9.6	11.8 11.1	1.5 1.5	12.8 12.1	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n to \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	8.9 9.6	10.4 11.1	1.5 1.5	11.3 12.1	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Propagation delay OE to Y	2	1.5 1.5	4.6 5.5	5.9 8.8	1.5 1.5	6.3 7.2	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Propagation delay OE to \bar{Y}	2	1.5 1.5	4.1 5.0	5.4 8.3	1.5 1.5	5.8 6.8	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay OE to Y	2	1.5 1.5	4.3 5.0	5.5 6.2	1.5 1.5	5.7 8.4	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay OE to \bar{Y}	2	1.5 1.5	4.0 4.4	5.1 5.8	1.5 1.5	5.4 5.8	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

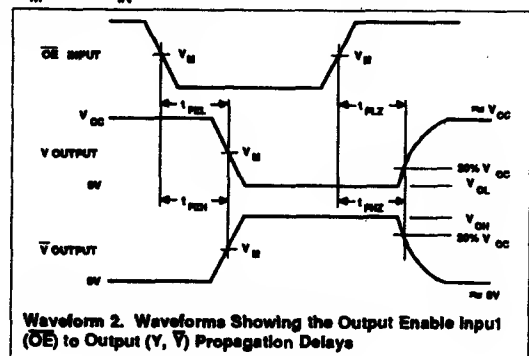
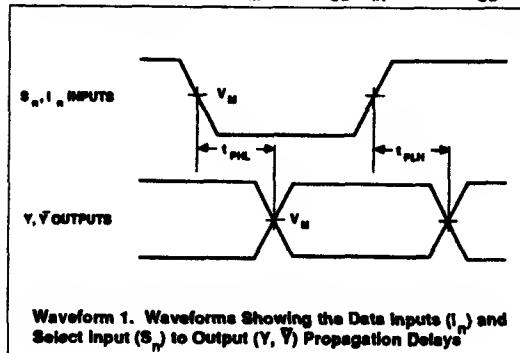
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11251					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Y	1	1.5 1.5	4.8 4.7	6.1 6.0	1.5 1.5	6.7 6.5	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	4.1 4.5	5.4 5.9	1.5 1.5	5.6 6.4	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n to Y	1	1.5 1.5	6.8 8.5	7.9 7.8	1.5 1.5	6.6 6.5	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n to \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	5.9 6.3	7.2 7.7	1.5 1.5	7.8 6.4	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Propagation delay OE to Y	2	1.5 1.5	3.2 3.8	4.5 5.1	1.5 1.5	4.7 5.4	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Propagation delay OE to \bar{Y}	2	1.5 1.5	2.9 3.5	4.2 4.8	1.5 1.5	4.4 5.1	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay OE to Y	2	1.5 1.5	4.0 4.4	5.3 5.6	1.5 1.5	5.4 5.9	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay OE to \bar{Y}	2	1.5 1.5	3.8 3.7	4.8 4.9	1.5 1.5	5.0 5.1	ns

8-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

74AC/ACT11251

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11251					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Y	1	1.5 1.5	8.4 6.7	7.8 8.1	1.5 1.5	8.5 8.7	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Y	1	1.5 1.5	6.0 5.9	7.4 7.3	1.5 1.5	7.9 7.9	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n to Y	1	1.5 1.5	9.3 8.2	10.9 9.6	1.5 1.5	11.8 10.7	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n to Y	1	1.5 1.5	7.8 8.8	9.5 10.4	1.5 1.5	10.2 11.4	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Propagation delay OE to Y	2	1.5 1.5	5.3 4.6	6.7 6.2	1.5 1.5	7.0 6.8	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Propagation delay OE to Y	2	1.5 1.5	5.2 4.7	6.5 6.0	1.5 1.5	7.0 6.4	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay OE to Y	2	1.5 1.5	6.0 5.2	7.3 6.4	1.5 1.5	7.7 6.7	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay OE to Y	2	1.5 1.5	5.9 4.9	7.2 8.2	1.5 1.5	7.6 6.4	ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{V}$ 

74AC/ACT11253

Dual 4-Input Multiplexer;

3-State

Product Specification

FEATURES

- 3-State outputs for bus interface and multiplex expansion
- Separate 3-State Output Enable Inputs
- Common Select Inputs
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11253 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11253 device provides two identical 4-input multiplexers with 3-State outputs which select two bits from four sources selected by common select inputs (S_0, S_1). When the individual output enable ($1OE, 2OE$) inputs of the 4-input multiplexers are High, the outputs are forced to a high impedance state.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay $11_n, 21_n$ to nY	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.7	6.5	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per multiplexer ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	35	41	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	11	15	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC} ; Disabled	8	8	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta v$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

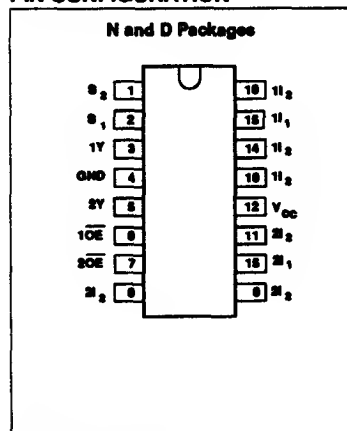
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

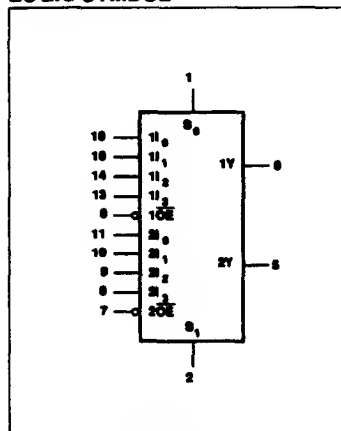
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11253N 74ACT11253N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11253D 74ACT11253D

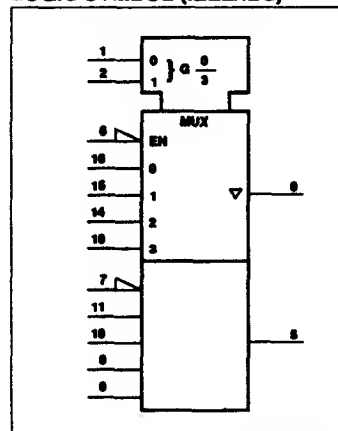
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State

74AC/ACT11253

The 74AC/ACT11253 devices are the logic implementation of a 2-pole, 4-position switch; the position of the switch being determined by the logic levels supplied to the two select inputs.

The '11253 is the non-inverting version of the '11353.

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 2	S_0, S_1	Common select inputs
16, 15, 14, 13	$1I_0 - 1I_3$	Port A data inputs
11, 10, 9, 8	$2I_0 - 2I_3$	Port B data inputs
6	$1OE$	Port A output enable input
7	$2OE$	Port B output enable input
3, 5	$1Y, 2Y$	3-State data outputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
12	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS							OUTPUT
OE_n	S_0	S_1	I_{0n}	I_{1n}	I_{2n}	I_{3n}	Y_n
H	X	X	X	X	X	X	Z
L	L	L	L	X	X	X	L
L	L	L	H	X	X	X	H
L	H	L	X	L	X	X	L
L	H	L	X	H	X	X	H
L	L	H	X	X	L	X	L
L	L	H	X	X	H	X	H
L	H	H	X	X	X	L	L
L	H	H	X	X	X	H	H

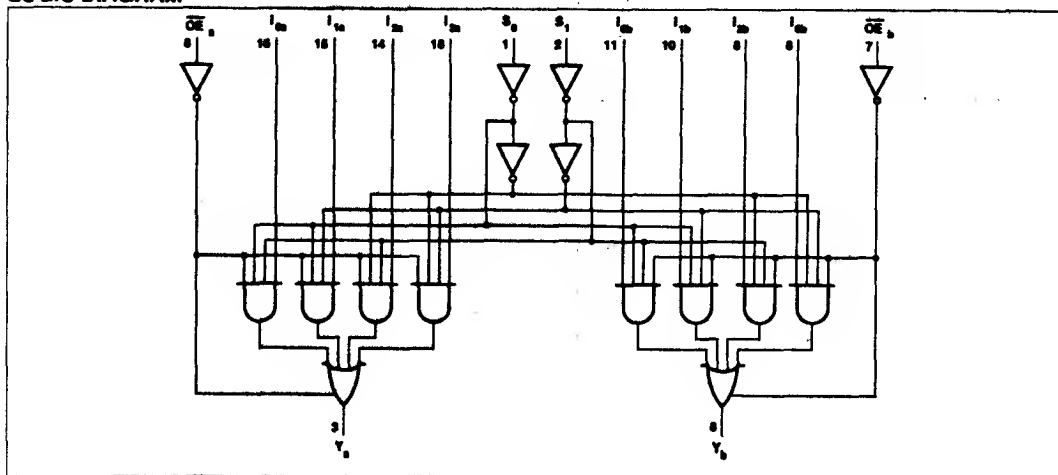
H = High voltage level steady state

L = Low voltage level steady state

X = Don't care

Z = High-impedance "OFF" state

LOGIC DIAGRAM



Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State

74AC/ACT11253

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11253			74ACT11253			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State

74AC/ACT11253

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC}	74AC11253				74ACT11253				UNIT	
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			V	3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			V	3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
				5.5		1.85		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	V	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	V	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				5.5			3.85				3.85			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	V	3.0		0.1		0.1					V
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	V	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5				1.85				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA		
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

1. Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
2. This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State

74AC/ACT11253

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11253					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.6 7.0	6.3 6.8	1.5 1.5	9.3 9.6	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nS to nY	1	1.5 1.5	7.1 7.5	9.7 10.1	1.5 1.5	11.0 11.4	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	4.8 5.6	6.2 7.4	1.5 1.5	6.8 6.2	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	5.0 5.2	6.3 6.5	1.5 1.5	6.7 6.9	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11253					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _O to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.5 4.6	5.9 6.3	1.5 1.5	6.6 6.9	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nS to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.9 5.2	7.0 7.3	1.5 1.5	7.9 8.2	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	3.4 4.0	4.6 5.3	1.5 1.5	5.1 5.8	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	4.7 4.6	6.0 5.9	1.5 1.5	6.3 6.2	ns

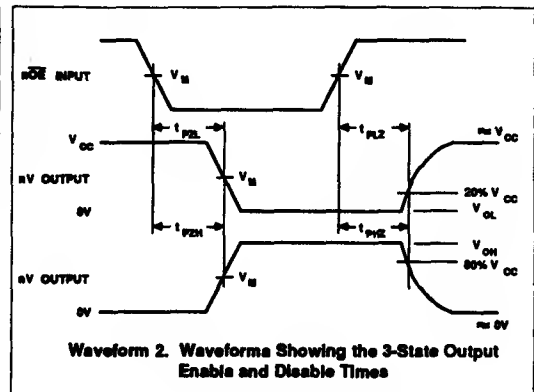
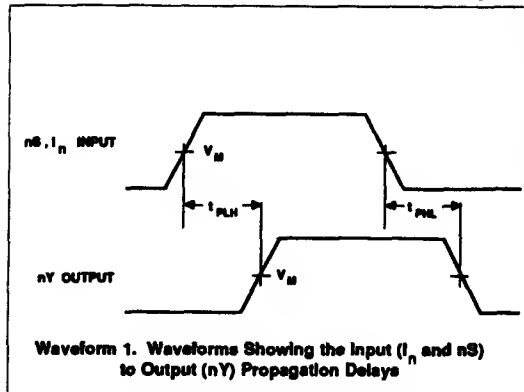
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11253						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.7 7.2	7.4 10.5	1.5 1.5	6.3 11.7	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nS to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.6 9.1	9.8 12.6	1.5 1.5	11.0 14.3	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	5.0 4.6	7.6 7.3	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.1	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	6.4 5.9	6.6 7.4	1.5 1.5	9.2 7.8	ns	

Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State

74AC/ACT11253

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$



74AC/ACT11257

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11257 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11257 provides four 2-to-1 multiplexers with 3-State outputs which have a common selector and a common output enable. The state of the Select (S) Input determines the particular register from which the data comes. The Output Enable (\overline{OE}) input is active-Low. When \overline{OE} is High, all of the outputs (Y) are forced to a High-impedance state regardless of all other input conditions.

The device is the logic implementation of a 4-pole, 2 position switch where the position of the switch is determined by the logic levels supplied to the Select input.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay nI_0, nI_1 to nY	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.3	5.7	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per multiplexer ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	37	41	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	11	14	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or $V_{CC}; \text{Disabled}$	8.0	8.0	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

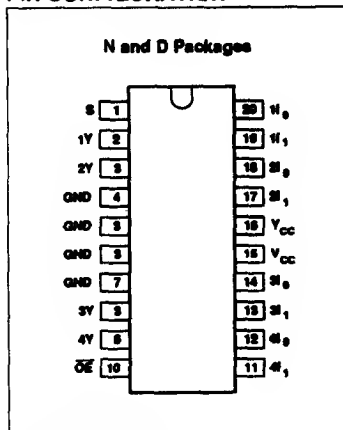
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

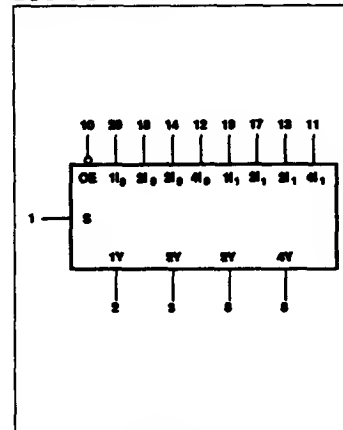
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11257N 74ACT11257N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11257D 74ACT11257D

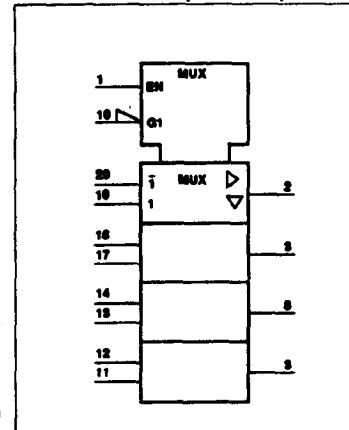
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



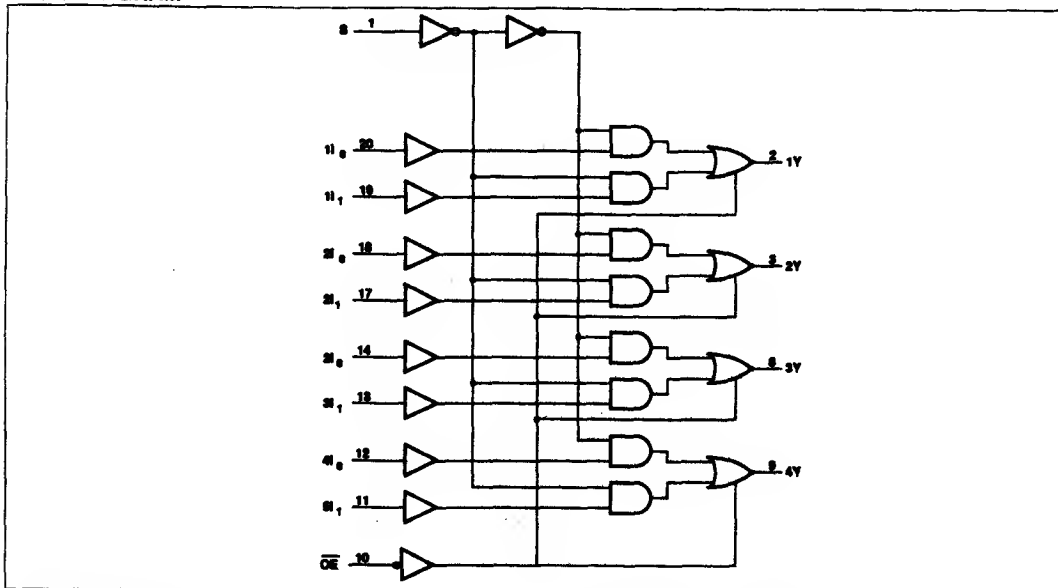
LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

74AC/ACT11257

LOGIC DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	S	Common select input
20, 18, 14, 12	ni ₀ - ni ₀	Data inputs
19, 17, 13, 11	ni ₁ - ni ₁	Data inputs
2, 3, 8, 9	1Y - 4Y	Data outputs
10	OE	Output enable input
4, 5, 8, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

ENABLE	SELECT INPUT	DATA INPUTS		OUTPUT
OE	S	ni ₀	ni ₁	Y
H	X	X	X	Z
L	H	X	L	L
L	H	X	H	H
L	L	L	X	L
L	L	H	X	H

H = High voltage level

L = Low voltage level

X = Don't care

Z = High-impedance (OFF) state

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

74AC/ACT11257

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11257			74ACT1257			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 100	mA
	DC ground current		± 100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

74AC/ACT11257

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS														
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74AC11257				74ACT11257				UNIT	
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
				5.5		1.65		1.85		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	4.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				5.5			3.85				3.85			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44						
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5				1.65				1.65					
	I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _I or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

74AC/ACT11257

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11257						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nI ₀ , nI ₁ to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.8 8.6	8.0 9.1	1.5 1.5	8.8 10.0	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to nY	1	1.5 1.5	8.7 7.5	9.2 10.1	1.5 1.5	10.0 11.4	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	5.9 7.5	8.2 10.7	1.5 1.5	8.6 12.0	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	8.1 8.8	8.0 6.9	1.5 1.5	8.5 9.6	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11257						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nI ₀ , nI ₁ to nY	1	1.5 1.5	3.9 4.8	5.7 6.5	1.5 1.5	6.1 7.1	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.5 5.2	8.4 7.4	1.5 1.5	7.0 6.1	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	4.1 5.2	5.8 7.5	1.5 1.5	6.2 8.2	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	5.1 5.5	6.7 7.1	1.5 1.5	7.1 7.6	ns	

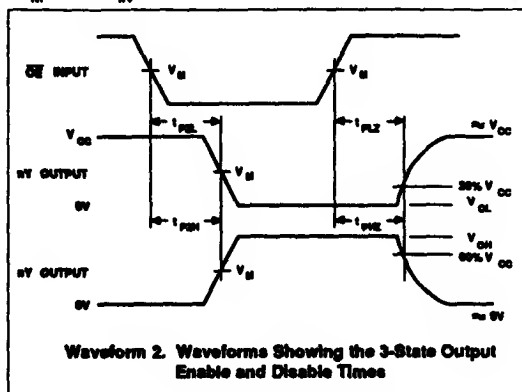
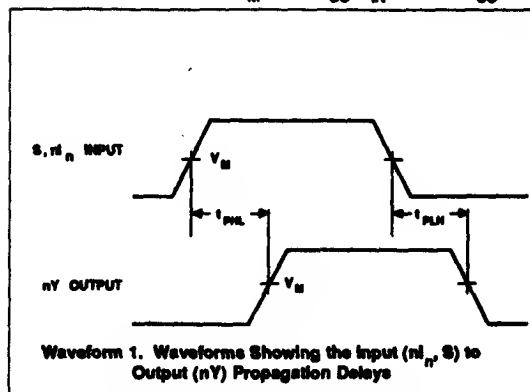
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11257						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nI ₀ , nI ₁ to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.2 6.2	7.0 8.9	1.5 1.5	7.5 9.7	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.1 8.9	6.5 9.0	1.5 1.5	9.2 10.0	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	5.2 6.4	7.5 9.1	1.5 1.5	6.0 10.0	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	8.5 6.6	8.2 6.4	1.5 1.5	6.9 9.2	ns	

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State)

74AC/ACT11257

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{V}$



74AC/ACT11258

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State), Inverting

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11258 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11258 provides four 2-to-1 multiplexers with 3-State inverting outputs which have a common selector and a common output enable. The state of the Select (S) input determines the particular register from which the data comes. The Output Enable (OE) input is active-Low. When E is High, all of the outputs (Y) are forced to a High-impedance state regardless of all other input conditions.

The device is the logic implementation of a 4-pole, 2 position switch where the position of the switch is determined by the logic levels supplied to the Select input.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay n_0, n_1 to nY	$C_L = 50pF; V_{CC} = 5V$	4.1	5.4	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per multiplexer	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1MHz;$ $C_L = 50pF; \text{Enabled}$ $V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1MHz;$ $C_L = 50pF; \text{Disabled}$	33 13	35 16	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	3.5	3.5	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}; \text{Disabled}$	9	9	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50pF; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

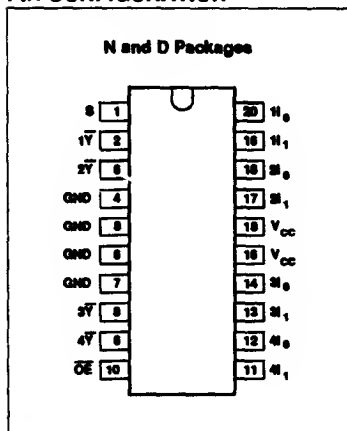
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

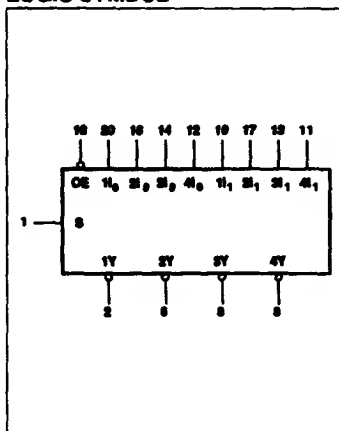
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11258N 74ACT11258N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11258D 74ACT11258D

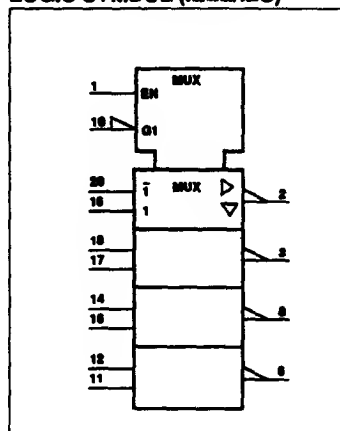
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



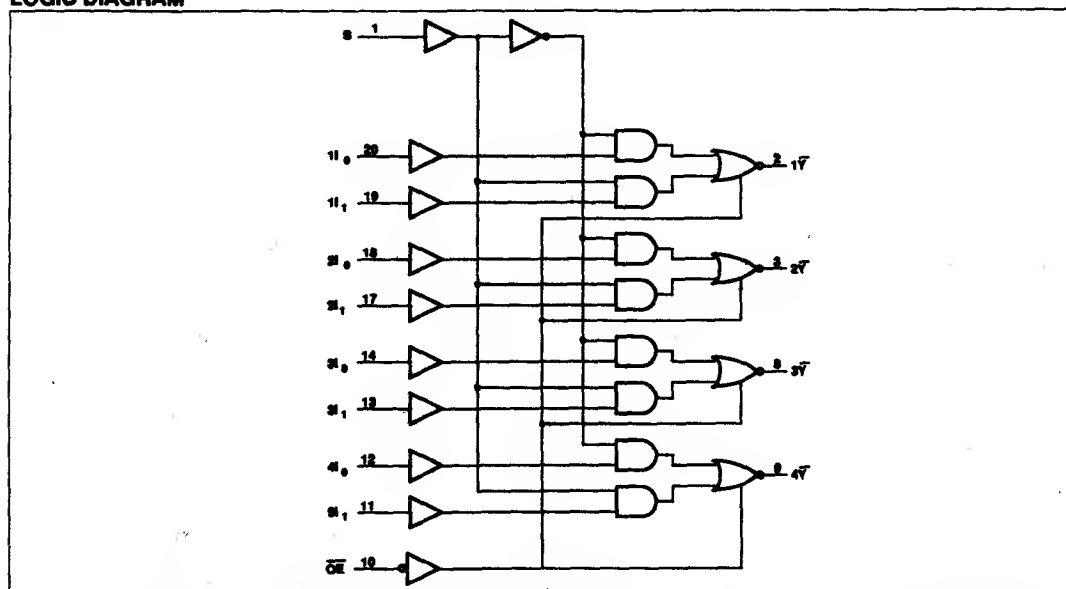
LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11258

LOGIC DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	S	Common select input
20, 18, 14, 12	$nl_0 - nl_0$	Data inputs
19, 17, 13, 11	$nl_1 - nl_1$	Data inputs
2, 3, 8, 9	$1Y - 4Y$	Data outputs
10	OE	Output enable input
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

ENABLE	SELECT INPUT	DATA INPUTS		OUTPUT
OE	S	nl_0	nl_1	Y
H	X	X	X	Z
L	H	X	L	H
L	H	X	H	L
L	L	L	X	H
L	L	H	X	L

H = High voltage level

L = Low voltage level

X = Don't care

Z = High-impedance (OFF) state

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11258

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11258			74ACT1258			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 100	mA
	DC ground current		± 100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11258

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11258				74ACT11258				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
			I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44						
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5			1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _I or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

1. Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
2. This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11258

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V ± 0.3 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT1258						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay n ₀ , n ₁ to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.4 6.2	6.6 7.7	1.5 1.5	7.3 6.4	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to nY	1	1.5 1.5	6.1 6.9	7.6 6.5	1.5 1.5	6.1 9.3	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	5.3 6.9	6.7 6.6	1.5 1.5	7.2 9.3	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	5.6 6.1	7.0 7.6	1.5 1.5	7.4 6.5	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11258						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nI ₀ , nI ₁ to nY	1	1.5 1.5	3.7 4.4	5.0 6.0	1.5 1.5	5.3 6.7	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.2 4.9	5.5 6.5	1.5 1.5	5.6 7.3	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	3.7 4.8	5.0 6.4	1.5 1.5	5.2 7.0	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	4.6 4.9	6.0 6.5	1.5 1.5	6.3 7.1	ns	

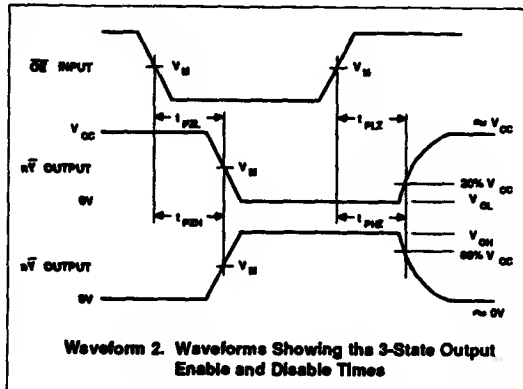
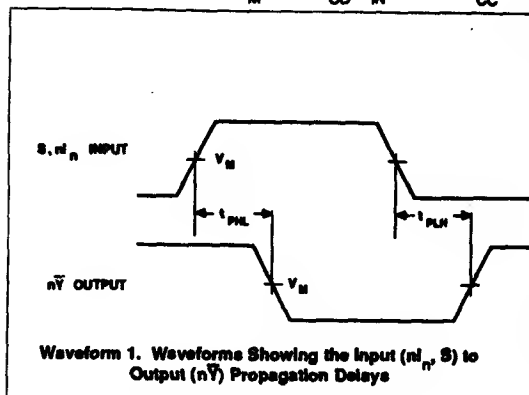
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11258						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nI ₀ , nI ₁ to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.4 5.3	7.0 7.0	1.5 1.5	7.4 7.6	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.7 6.6	7.2 6.3	1.5 1.5	7.7 9.0	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	5.0 6.0	6.4 7.7	1.5 1.5	6.6 6.3	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	5.9 6.2	7.3 7.8	1.5 1.5	7.7 6.5	ns	

Quad 2-Input Multiplexer (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11258

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$



74AC/ACT11280

9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Word length easily expanded by cascading
- Output capability: $\pm 24\text{mA}$
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11280 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11280 9-bit parity generator or checker is commonly used to detect errors in high-speed data transmission or data retrieval systems. Both Even and Odd parity outputs are available for generating or checking even or odd parity on up to 9 bits.

The Even parity output (Σ_E) is High when an even number of Data inputs ($I_0 - I_8$) is High. The Odd parity output (Σ_O) is High when an odd number of Data inputs are High.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay I_n to Σ_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	6.9	7.7	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	55	65	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

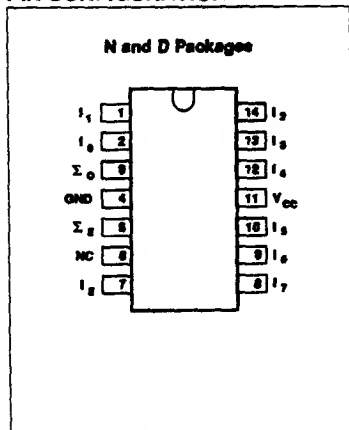
$\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

ORDERING INFORMATION

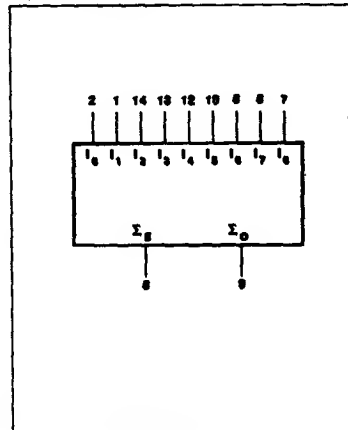
PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
14-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11280N 74ACT11280N
14-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11280D 74ACT11280D

Expansion to larger word sizes is accomplished by tying the Even outputs of up to nine parallel devices to the data inputs of the final stage.

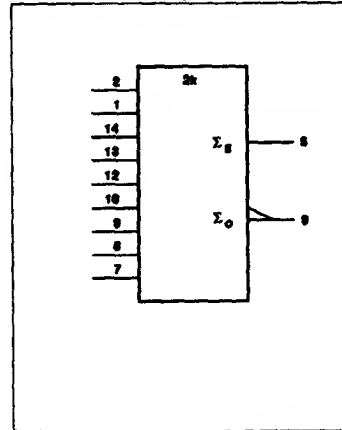
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



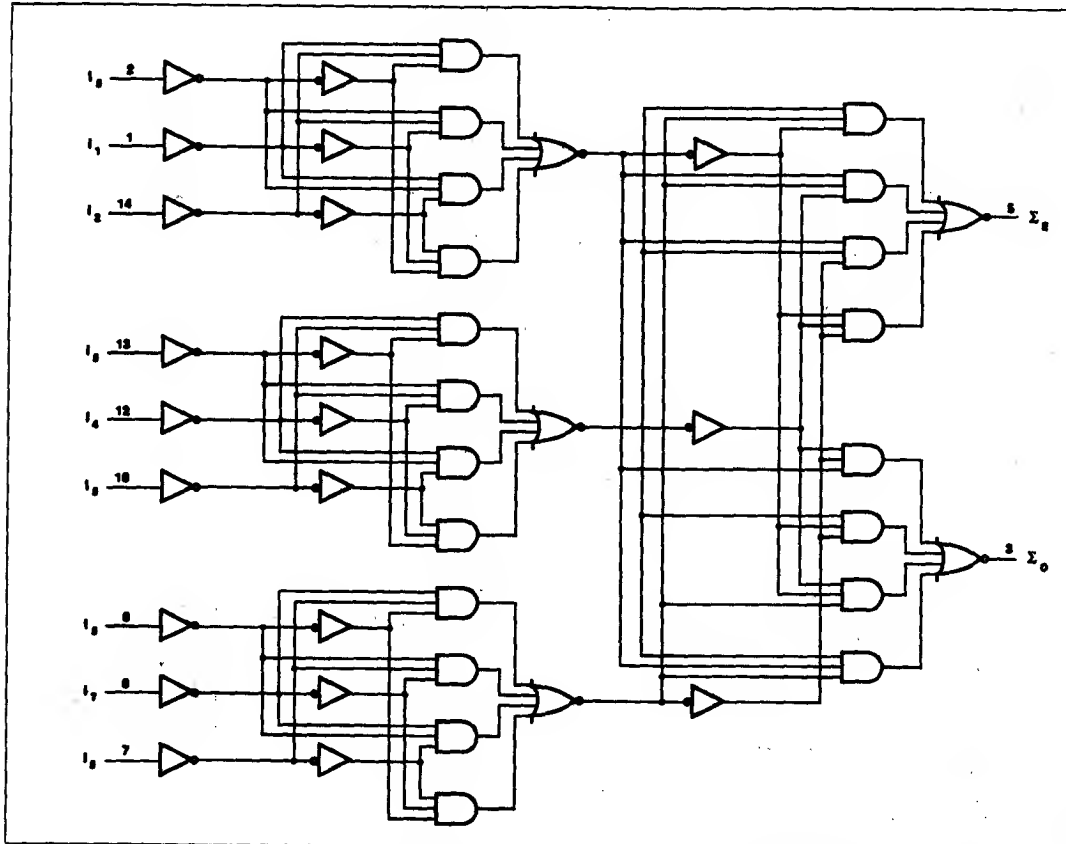
LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker

74AC/ACT11280

LOGIC DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
2, 1, 14, 13, 12, 10, 9, 8, 7	$I_0 - I_8$	Data Inputs
5	Σ_E	Even parity output
3	Σ_O	Odd parity output
4	GND	Ground (0V)
11	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS	OUTPUTS	
Number of High Data Inputs ($I_0 - I_8$)	Σ_E	Σ_O
Even - 0, 2, 4, 6, 8	H	L
Odd - 1, 3, 5, 7, 9	L	H

H = High voltage level
L = Low voltage level

9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker

74AC/ACT11280

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11280			74ACT11280			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 5V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 100	mA
	DC ground current		± 100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker

74AC/ACT11280

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11280				74ACT11280				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
			I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85				3.85	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0	0.36		0.44					
				4.5	0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5	0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5			1.65				1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker

74AC/ACT11280

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

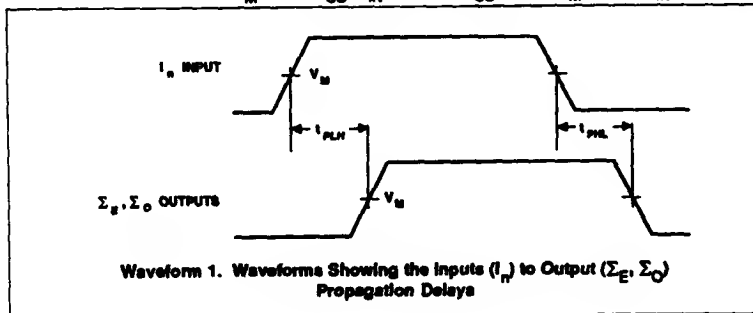
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11280						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Σ _E	1	1.5 1.5	10.2 11.5	11.8 13.0	1.5 1.5	12.9 14.0	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Σ _O	1	1.5 1.5	11.0 11.4	12.5 12.8	1.5 1.5	13.7 14.0	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11280						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay I_{O} to Σ_{E}	1	1.5 1.5	6.1 7.2	6.3 9.5	1.5 1.5	9.1 10.4	ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay I_{O} to Σ_{O}	1	1.5 1.5	6.6 7.5	6.9 9.7	1.5 1.5	9.7 10.6	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11280						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Σ _E	1	1.5 1.5	7.5 6.0	11.2 10.6	1.5 1.5	12.3 11.8	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to Σ _O	1	1.5 1.5	7.4 8.0	10.6 10.4	1.5 1.5	11.9 11.6	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11286

9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker with Bus Drive I/O Port

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Generates either odd or even parity for nine data lines
- Word length easily expanded by cascading
- Direct bus connection for parity generation or for checking by using the parity I/O port
- Glitch-free bus during power up/down
- Output capability: $\pm 24\text{mA}$
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11286 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11286 9-bit parity generator or checker is commonly used to detect errors in high-speed data transmission or data retrieval systems. It features a local output for parity checking and a bus-driv-

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay I_n to PARITY ERROR	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	6.9	8.6	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	53	56	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	46	50	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	3.5	3.5	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}; \text{Disabled}$	8.5	8.0	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

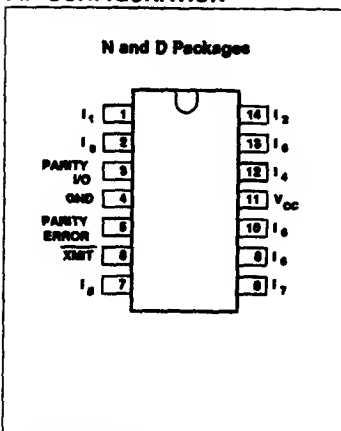
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

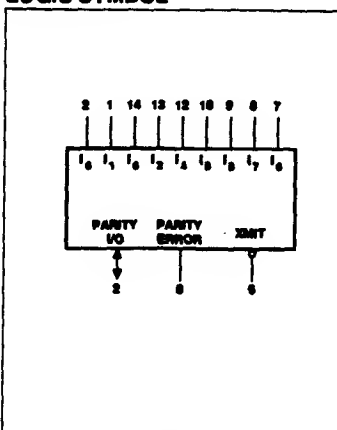
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
14-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11286N 74ACT11286N
14-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11286D 74ACT11286D

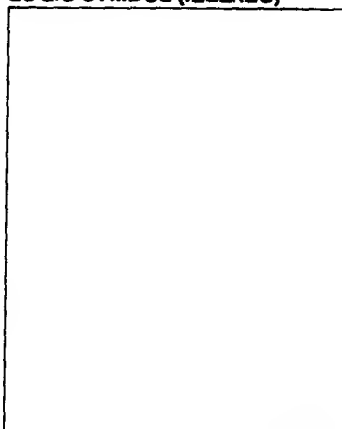
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker with Bus Drive I/O Port

74AC/ACT11286

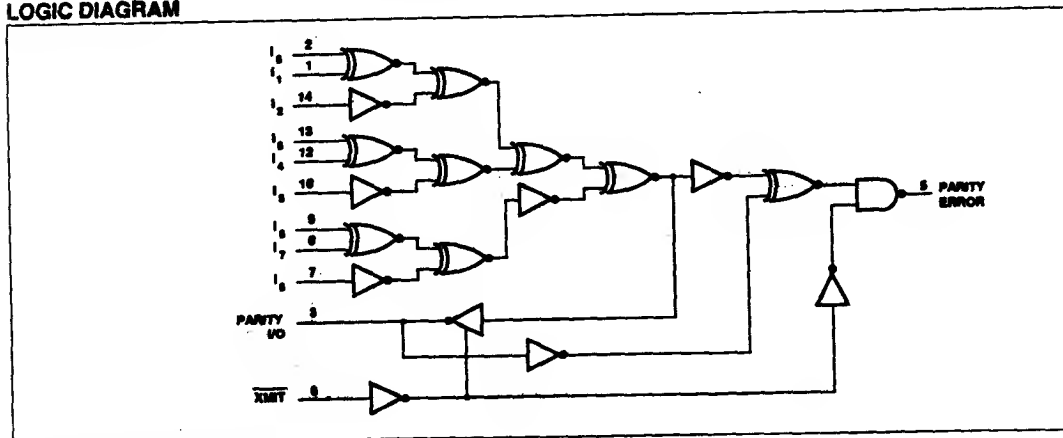
ing parity I/O port for parity generation/checking.

The $\overline{\text{XMIT}}$ control input is implemented specifically for cascading for expanding word length. When $\overline{\text{XMIT}}$ is held Low the parity tree is disabled and the Parity Error

output remains at a High logic level regardless of the other inputs ($I_0 - I_8$). When $\overline{\text{XMIT}}$ is High the parity tree is enabled. Parity Error indicates a parity error when either an even number of inputs are High and Parity I/O is forced to Low, or when an odd number of inputs are High and Parity I/O is forced High.

The I/O control circuitry is designed so that the I/O port will remain in the high-impedance state during power-up or power-down to prevent bus glitches.

LOGIC DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
2, 1, 14, 13, 12, 10, 9, 8, 7	$I_0 - I_8$	Data inputs
3	PARITY I/O	Parity I/O
6	$\overline{\text{XMIT}}$	Transmit input (active Low)
5	PARITY ERROR	Parity error output
4	GND	Ground (0V)
11	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

Number of High Data Inputs ($I_0 - I_8$)	$\overline{\text{XMIT}}$	PARITY I/O	PARITY ERROR
0, 2, 4, 6, 8	l	H	H
1, 3, 5, 7, 9	l	L	H
0, 2, 4, 6, 8	h	h	H
	h	l	H
1, 3, 5, 7, 9	h	h	L
	h	l	H

l = Low voltage level input
h = High voltage level input
H = High voltage level output
L = Low voltage level output

9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker with Bus Drive I/O Port

74AC/ACT11286

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11286			74ACT11286			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 125	mA
	DC ground current		± 125	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker with Bus Drive I/O Port

74AC/ACT11286

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS												
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11286				74ACT11286				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
			I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85				3.85	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5			1.85				1.85	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker with Bus Drive I/O Port

74AC/ACT11286

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11286						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to PARITY I/O	1	1.5 1.5	9.3 10.5	13.2 14.5	1.5 1.5	15.2 17.2	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to PARITY ERROR	1	1.5 1.5	10.1 11.0	14.4 15.1	1.5 1.5	16.3 17.1	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PARITY I/O to PARITY ERROR	1	1.5 1.5	5.4 7.3	6.7 9.5	1.5 1.5	9.5 10.7	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PHZ}	Propagation delay XMIT to PARITY I/O	2	1.5 1.5	5.0 4.8	6.8 5.2	1.5 1.5	7.5 8.5	ns	
t _{PZL} t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay XMIT to PARITY I/O	2	1.5 1.5	9.1 5.4	11.9 5.9	1.5 1.5	13.1 7.4	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11286						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to PARITY I/O	1	1.5 1.5	5.0 5.9	6.8 9.6	1.5 1.5	10.0 11.1	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to PARITY ERROR	1	1.5 1.5	5.6 7.2	9.4 10.1	1.5 1.5	10.5 11.4	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PARITY I/O to PARITY ERROR	1	1.5 1.5	4.4 5.0	5.1 6.7	1.5 1.5	5.5 7.4	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PHZ}	Propagation delay XMIT to PARITY I/O	2	1.5 1.5	3.4 4.4	5.0 5.7	1.5 1.5	5.4 6.0	ns	
t _{PZL} t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay, XMIT to PARITY I/O	2	1.5 1.5	5.7 4.6	7.9 5.9	1.5 1.5	9.0 6.3	ns	

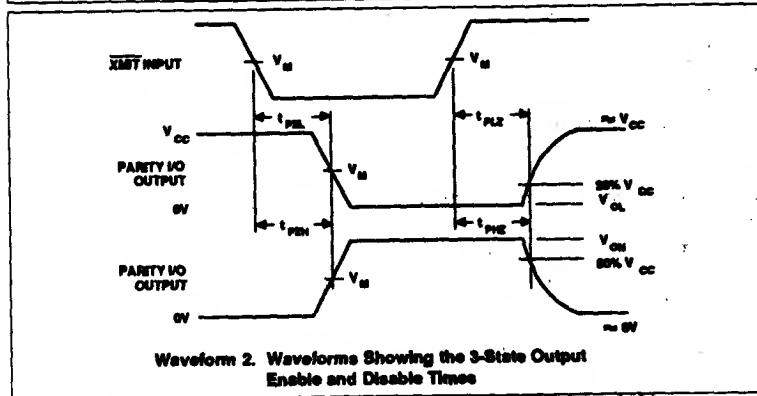
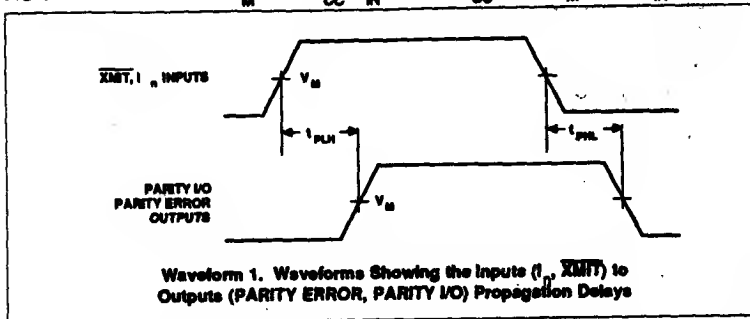
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11286						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to PARITY I/O	1	1.5 1.5	7.8 6.5	10.6 11.6	1.5 1.5	12.1 13.3	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay I _n to PARITY ERROR	1	1.5 1.5	6.3 6.8	11.1 11.9	1.5 1.5	12.7 13.4	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay PARITY I/O to PARITY ERROR	1	1.5 1.5	5.0 6.7	7.8 5.3	1.5 1.5	6.5 9.2	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PHZ}	Propagation delay XMIT to PARITY I/O	2	1.5 1.5	5.3 6.7	7.4 7.9	1.5 1.5	6.0 6.5	ns	
t _{PZL} t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay XMIT to PARITY I/O	2	1.5 1.5	7.9 5.8	10.5 5.0	1.5 1.5	11.6 6.7	ns	

9-Bit Odd/Even Parity Generator/Checker with Bus Drive I/O Port

74AC/ACT11286

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$, ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$



74AC/ACT11353

Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State; INV

Product Specification

FEATURES

- 3-State outputs for bus interface and multiplex expansion
- Separate 3-State Output Enable Inputs
- Common Select Inputs
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω Incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11353 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11353 device provides two identical 4-input multiplexers with 3-State outputs which select two bits from four sources selected by common select inputs (S_0, S_1). When the individual output enable ($1OE, 2OE$) inputs of the 4-input multiplexers are High, the outputs are forced to a high impedance state.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay $1I_n, 2I_n$ to nY	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.6	5.8	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per multiplexer ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	31	39	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	12	19	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or $V_{CC}; \text{Disabled}$	8	8	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

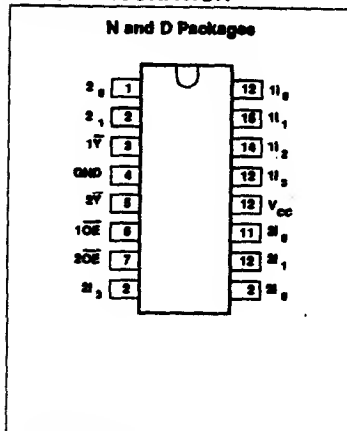
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

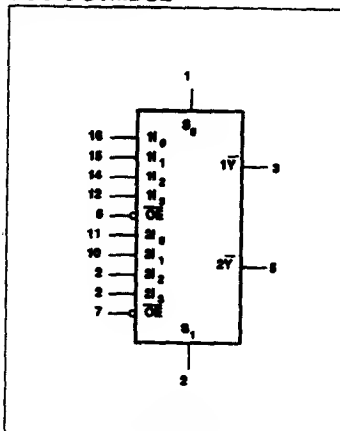
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11353N 74ACT11353N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	74AC11353D 74ACT11353D

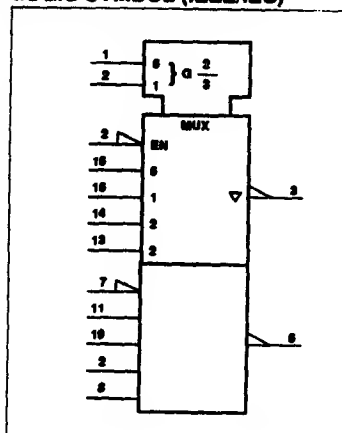
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State; INV

74AC/ACT11353

The 74AC/ACT11353 devices are the logic implementation of a 2-pole, 4-position switch; the position of the switch being determined by the logic levels supplied to the two select inputs.

The '11253 is the non-inverting version of the '11353.

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 2	S_0, S_1	Common select inputs
16, 15, 14, 13	$1I_0 - 1I_3$	Port A data inputs
11, 10, 9, 8	$2I_0 - 2I_3$	Port B data inputs
6	$1OE$	Port A output enable input
7	$2OE$	Port B output enable input
3, 5	$1V, 2V$	3-State data outputs
4	GND	Ground (0V)
12	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS							OUTPUT
nOE	S_0	S_1	nI_0	nI_1	nI_2	nI_3	nY
H	X	X	X	X	X	X	Z
L	L	L	L	X	X	X	H
L	L	L	H	X	X	X	L
L	H	L	X	L	X	X	H
L	H	L	X	H	X	X	L
L	L	H	X	X	L	X	H
L	L	H	X	X	H	X	L
L	H	H	X	X	X	L	H
L	H	H	X	X	X	H	L

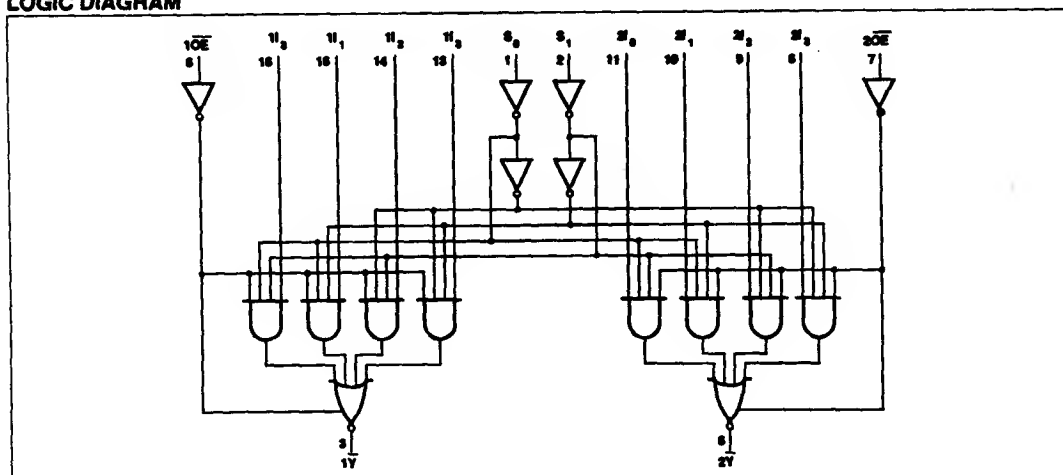
H = High voltage level steady state

L = Low voltage level steady state

X = Don't care

Z = High-impedance "OFF" state

LOGIC DIAGRAM



Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State; INV

74AC/ACT11353

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11353			74ACT11353			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 100	mA
	DC ground current		± 100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State; INV

74AC/ACT11353

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

74ACT11353													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74AC11353				74ACT11353				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.85		1.85		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1					V
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5				1.65				1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Dual 4-Input Multiplexer; 3-State; INV

74AC/ACT11353

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11353					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay n _I to n \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.6	6.6 6.7	1.5 1.5	9.8 9.7	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n to n \bar{Y}	1	1.5 1.5	7.0 7.2	9.6 9.8	1.5 1.5	10.7 10.9	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	4.4 5.4	6.0 7.2	1.5 1.5	6.6 7.9	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	4.6 4.9	6.2 6.3	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.6	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

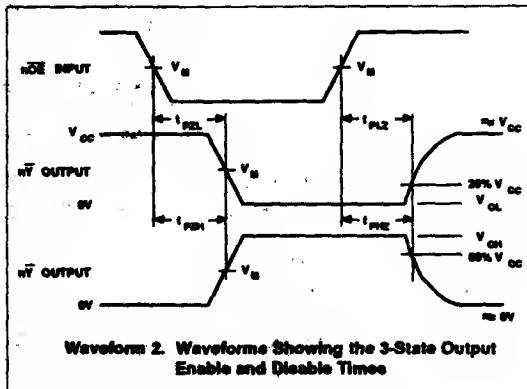
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11353					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nI _n to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.5 4.6	5.9 6.1	1.5 1.5	6.6 6.6	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.0 4.2	6.6 6.9	1.5 1.5	7.4 7.6	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	2.9 3.4	4.4 5.1	1.5 1.5	4.6 5.6	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	4.4 4.1	5.8 5.5	1.5 1.5	6.1 5.8	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11353					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nI _n to nY	1	1.5 1.5	8.3 5.3	9.6 7.2	1.5 1.5	11.0 8.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay S _n to nY	1	1.5 1.5	8.6 5.9	11.1 6.3	1.5 1.5	12.7 9.4	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	4.3 4.2	8.8 6.7	1.5 1.5	7.4 7.4	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	6.1 5.4	7.6 6.9	1.5 1.5	8.2 7.3	ns

Waveform 1. Waveforms Showing the Input (nI , S_n) to Output (nV) Propagation Delays

Waveform 1. Waveforms Showing the Input (n_i , S_n) to Output (nY) Propagation Delays



Waveform 2. Waveforms Showing the 3-State Output Enable and Disable Times

74AC/ACT11373

Octal D-Type Transparent Latch; 3-State

Product Specification

FEATURES

- 8-bit transparent latch
- 3-State output buffers
- Common 3-State Output Enable
- Independent register and 3-State buffer operation
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11373 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11373 device is an octal transparent latch coupled to eight 3-State output buffers. The two sections of the device are controlled independently by Latch Enable (LE) and Output Enable (\overline{OE}) control gates.

The data on the D inputs are transferred to the latch outputs when the Latch Enable (LE) input is High. The latch remains

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay D_n to Q_n	$C_L = 50pF; V_{CC} = 5V$	5.8	7.0	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per latch ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1MHz; C_L = 50pF; \text{Enabled}$	47	65	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1MHz; C_L = 50pF; \text{Disabled}$	36	54	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	4.0	4.0	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	10	10	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate; Data inputs	$C_L = 50pF; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

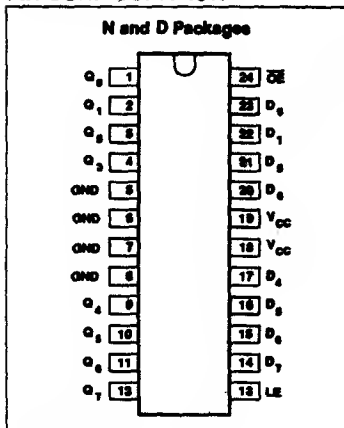
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

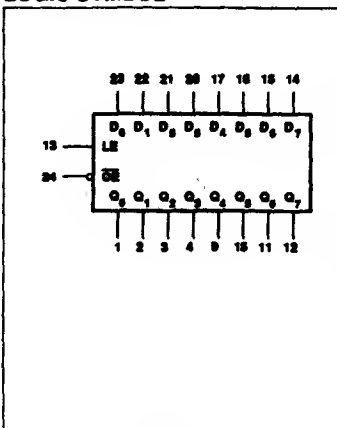
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
24-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11373N 74ACT11373N
24-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11373D 74ACT11373D

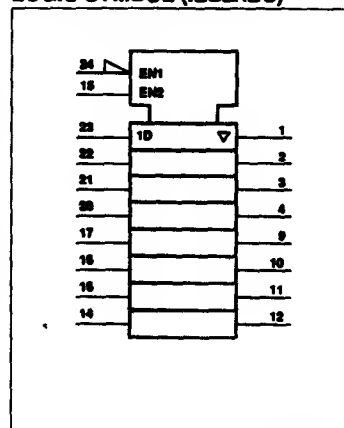
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Octal D-Type Transparent Latch; 3-State

74AC/ACT11373

transparent to the data inputs while LE is High, and stores the data that is present one setup time before the High-to-Low enable transition.

MOS memories, or MOS microprocessors. The active-Low Output Enable (\overline{OE}) controls all eight 3-State buffers independent of the latch operation.

\overline{OE} is High, the outputs are in the High-impedance "OFF" state, which means they will neither drive nor load the bus.

The 3-State output buffers are designed to drive heavily loaded 3-State buses.

When \overline{OE} is Low, the latched or transparent data appears at the outputs. When

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
24	\overline{OE}	Output enable
23, 22, 21, 20, 17, 16, 15, 14	$D_0 - D_7$	Data inputs
1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12	$Q_0 - Q_7$	Data outputs
13	LE	Latch enable
5, 6, 7, 8	GND	Ground (0V)
18, 19	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODES	INPUTS			INTERNAL REGISTER	OUTPUTS
	\overline{OE}	LE	D_n		Q_n
Enable and read register	L	H	L	L	L
	L	H	H	H	H
Latch and read register	L	↓	l	L	L
	L	↓	h	H	H
Hold	L	L	X	NC	NC
Disable outputs	H	X	X	X	Z

H = High voltage level steady state

h = High voltage level one set-up time prior to the High-to-Low E transition

L = Low voltage level steady state

l = Low voltage level one set-up time prior to the High-to-Low E transition

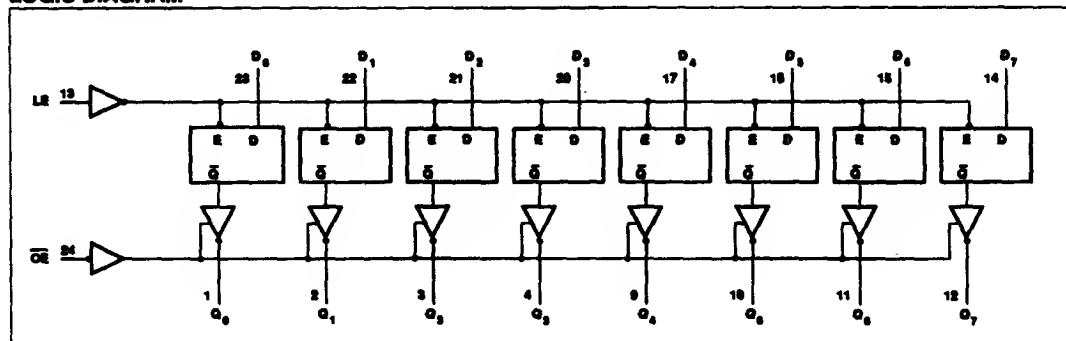
X = Don't care

NC = No change

Z = High-impedance "OFF" state

↓ = High-to-Low transition

LOGIC DIAGRAM



Octal D-Type Transparent Latch; 3-State

74AC/ACT11373

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11373			74ACT11373			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	Data, E		10	0		10	ns/V
		Output enable		5	0		10	
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 200	mA
	DC ground current		± 200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Octal D-Type Transparent Latch; 3-State

74AC/ACT11373

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11373				74ACT11373				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0			
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0			
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8		
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8		
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
			I _{OH} = -75mA ¹	5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44						
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	5.5			1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Octal D-Type Transparent Latch; 3-State

74AC/ACT11373

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11373					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay D_n to Q_n	1	1.5 1.5	9.0 8.0	13.1 10.6	1.5 1.5	14.8 11.7	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay LE to Q_n	4	1.5 1.5	10.0 9.5	14.5 12.8	1.5 1.5	16.3 14.2	ns
t_{PZH} t_{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	9.0 8.5	13.1 11.6	1.5 1.5	14.7 13.1	ns
t_{PHZ} t_{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	9.5 7.5	12.0 10.2	1.5 1.5	12.7 10.8	ns
t_W	LE Pulse Width High or Low	4	5.5			5.5		ns
t_S	Setup time D_n to LE \downarrow	3	4.0			4.0		ns
t_H	Hold time D_n to LE \downarrow	3	2.0			2.0		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

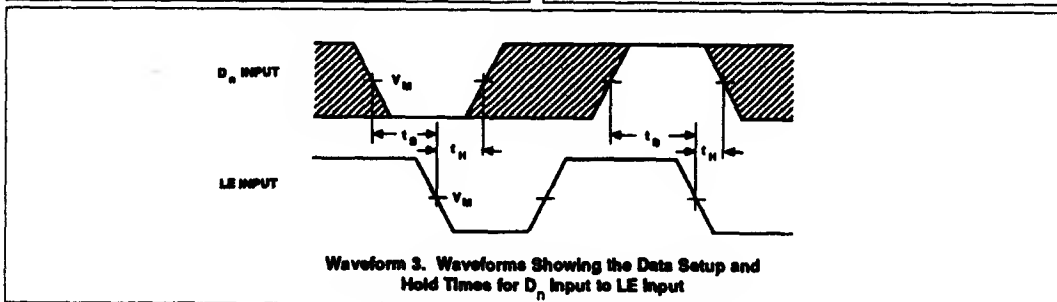
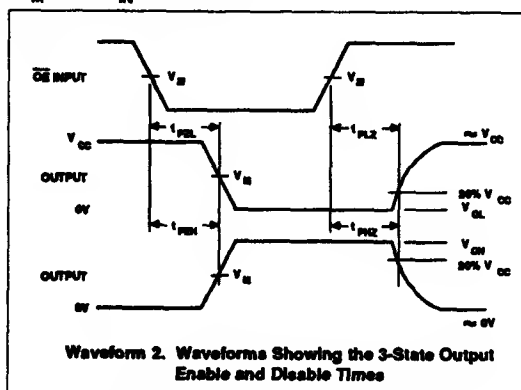
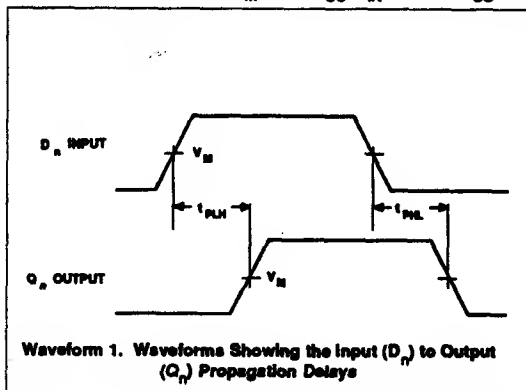
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11373						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay D_n to Q_n	1	1.5 1.5	6.0 5.5	8.9 7.6	1.5 1.5	10.3 8.4	ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay LE to Q_n	4	1.5 1.5	8.5 6.5	10.0 9.1	1.5 1.5	11.3 10.2	ns	
t_{PZH} t_{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	8.5 6.0	9.5 8.6	1.5 1.5	10.8 9.7	ns	
t_{PHZ} t_{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	8.5 8.0	10.6 8.2	1.5 1.5	11.1 8.7	ns	
t_W	LE Pulse Width High or Low	4	4.0			4.0		ns	
t_S	Setup time D_n to LE \downarrow	3	3.5			3.5		ns	
t_H	Hold time D_n to LE \downarrow	3	2.0			2.0		ns	

Octal D-Type Transparent Latch; 3-State

74AC/ACT11373

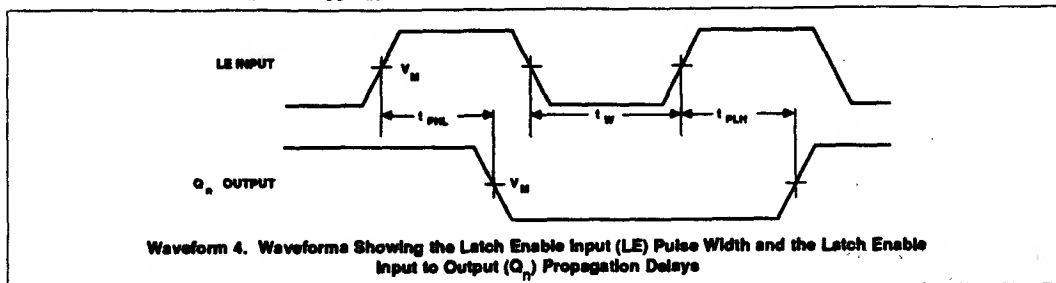
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11373					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	7.5 8.5	10.3 9.3	1.5 1.5	11.8 10.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay LE to Q _n	4	1.5 1.5	8.5 8.5	11.3 10.9	1.5 1.5	13.0 12.2	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	7.0 7.5	10.7 10.9	1.5 1.5	12.5 12.0	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	10.0 7.5	12.1 9.5	1.5 1.5	12.5 10.1	ns
t _W	LE Pulse Width High or Low	4	5.0			5.0		ns
t _S	Setup time D _n to LE↓	3	3.5			3.5		ns
t _H	Hold time D _n to LE↓	3	3.5			3.5		ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5$ V, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0$ V

Octal D-Type Transparent Latch; 3-State

74AC/ACT11373

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{V}$ (Continued)

74AC/ACT11374

Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger; 3-State

Product Specification

FEATURES

- 3-State output buffers
- Common 3-State Output Enable
- Independent register and 3-State buffer operation
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11374 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11374 device is an 8-bit, edge-triggered register coupled to eight 3-State output buffers. The two sections of the device are controlled independently by Clock (CP) and Output Enable (OE) control gates. The register is fully edge-triggered. Once the set-up requirements are met, when the Clock Pulse (CP) rises the state of each D input is transferred to the corresponding flip-flop's Q output.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	6.0	8.5	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per flip-flop ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	75	107	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	66	96	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	4.0	4.0	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	10	10	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate; Data inputs	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	110	70	MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

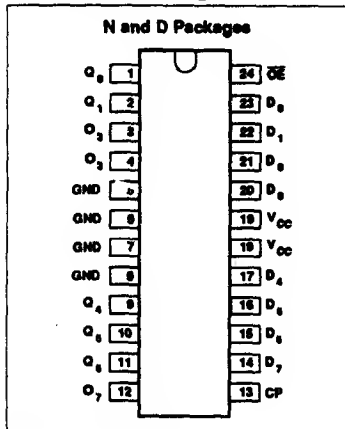
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

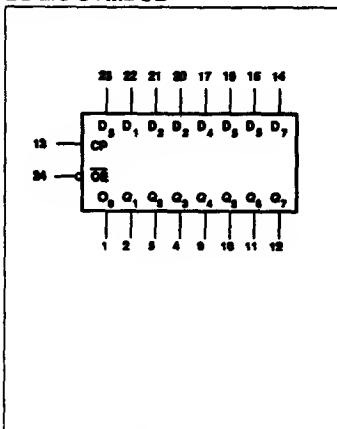
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
24-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11374N 74ACT11374N
24-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11374D 74ACT11374D

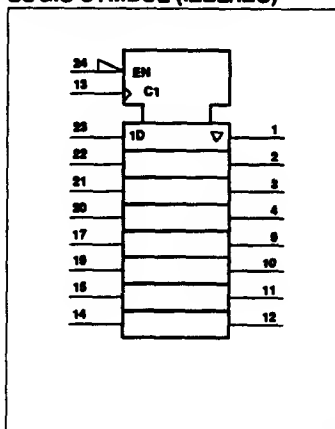
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger; 3-State

74AC/ACT11374

The 3-State output buffers are designed to drive heavily loaded 3-State buses, MOS memories, or MOS microprocessors. The active-Low Output Enable (\overline{OE}) controls all eight 3-State buffers independent of the latch operation.

When \overline{OE} is Low, the stored data appears at the outputs. When \overline{OE} is High, the outputs are in the High-impedance "OFF" state, which means they will neither drive nor load the bus.

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
24	\overline{OE}	Output enable
23, 22, 21, 20, 17, 16, 15, 14	$D_0 - D_7$	Data inputs
1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12	$Q_0 - Q_7$	Data outputs
13	CP	Clock input
5, 6, 7, 8	GND	Ground (0V)
16, 19	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODES	INPUTS			INTERNAL REGISTER	OUTPUTS
	\overline{OE}	CP	D_n		Q_n
Load and read register	L	\uparrow	l	L	L
	L	\uparrow	h	H	H
Disable outputs	H	X	X	X	Z

H = High voltage level steady state

h = High voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

L = Low voltage level steady state

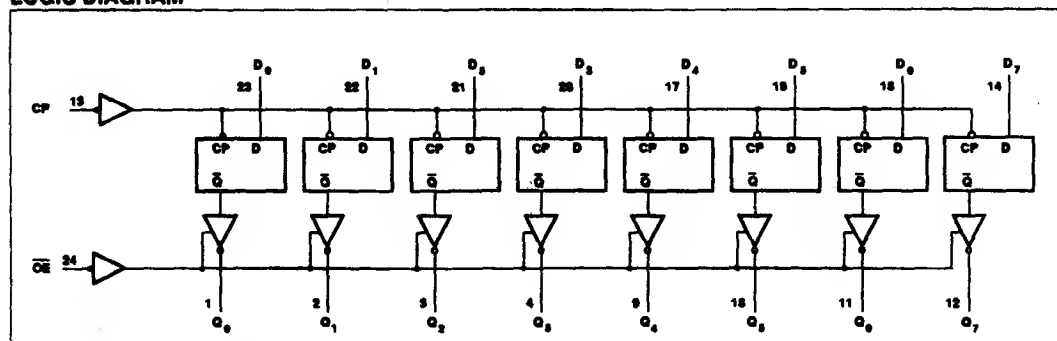
l = Low voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

X = Don't care

Z = High-impedance "OFF" state

\uparrow = Low-to-High transition

LOGIC DIAGRAM



Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger; 3-State

74AC/ACT11374

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11374			74ACT11374			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Input transition rise or fall rate	Data		10	0		10	ns/V
		Output enable		5	0		10	
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 200	mA
	DC ground current		± 200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger; 3-State

74AC/ACT11374

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74AC11374				74ACT11374				UNIT		
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C				
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V		
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0				
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0				
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V		
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8			
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8			
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V		
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
				5.5			3.85				3.85			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V		
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1	
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44						
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44	
				5.5				1.65					1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA		
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger; 3-State

74AC/ACT11374

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11374						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	75	90		75		MHz	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	9.5 9.0	12.5 12.6	1.5 1.5	14.2 14.0	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	8.0 8.0	10.9 11.1	1.5 1.5	12.3 12.3	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	10.0 8.0	12.1 10.7	1.5 1.5	12.5 11.6	ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width High or Low	3	6.5			6.5		ns	
t _S	Setup time D _n to CP	3	2.5			2.5		ns	
t _H	Hold time D _n to CP	3	4.5			4.5		ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

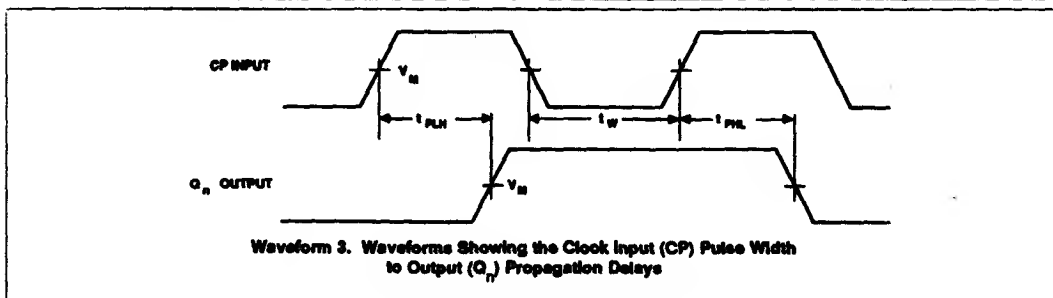
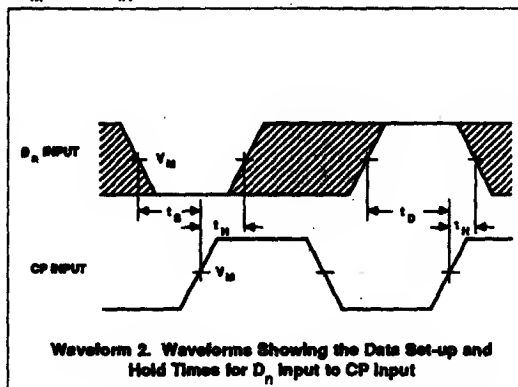
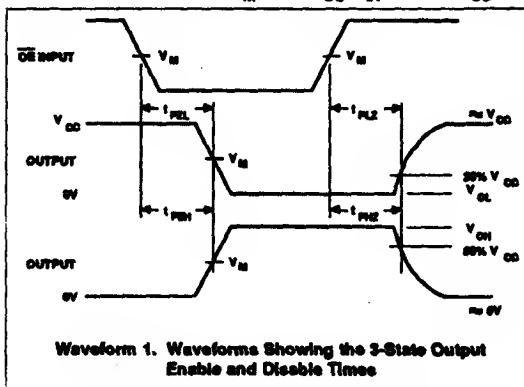
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11374					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	95	110		95		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n	1	1.5 1.5	6.5 5.5	9.0 9.1	1.5 1.5	10.2 10.1	ns
t_{PZH} t_{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	5.5 5.5	8.0 8.4	1.5 1.5	9.1 9.4	ns
t_{PHZ} t_{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	9.0 6.0	11.0 8.6	1.5 1.5	11.2 9.2	ns
t_{W}	Clock pulse width High or Low	3	5.0			5.0		ns
t_{S}	Setup time D_n to CP	3	2.5			2.5		ns
t_{H}	Hold time D_n to CP	3	3.5			3.5		ns

Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger; 3-State

74AC/ACT11374

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11374					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	55	70		55		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n	4	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.5	10.7 11.3	1.5 1.5	12.4 13.0	ns
t_{PZH} t_{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	7.5 7.5	11.0 11.0	1.5 1.5	12.3 12.3	ns
t_{PHZ} t_{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	11.0 8.0	12.7 10.0	1.5 1.5	13.2 10.8	ns
t_W	Clock pulse width High or Low	3	9.0			9.0		ns
t_S	Setup time D_n to CP	3	3.0			3.0		ns
t_H	Hold time D_n to CP	3	5.5			5.5		ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5$ V, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0$ V

74AC/ACT11520

8-Bit Identity Comparator with Input Pull-Up

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Compares two 8-bit words
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11520 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11520 identity comparators perform comparisons on two 8-bit binary or BCD words and provides a Low output when the two words match bit for bit.

The 74AC/ACT11520 identity comparators also feature 20-k ohm pull-up termination resistors on the Q inputs for analog or switch data and a provision for P-Q totem-pole outputs.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay P_n or Q_n to $P=Q$	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	5.0		ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	79		pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

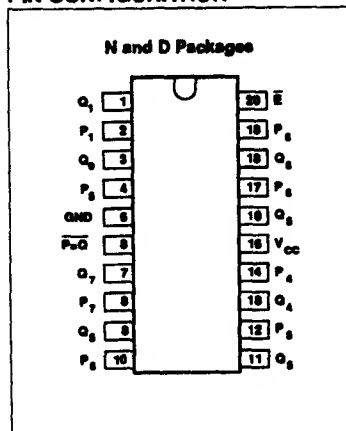
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

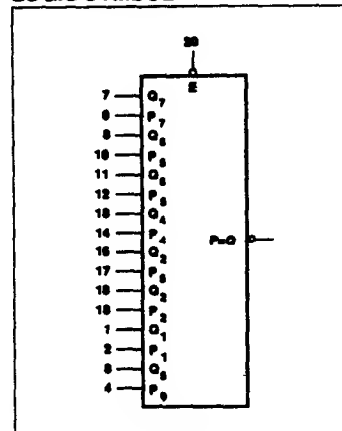
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11520N 74ACT11520N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11520D 74ACT11520D

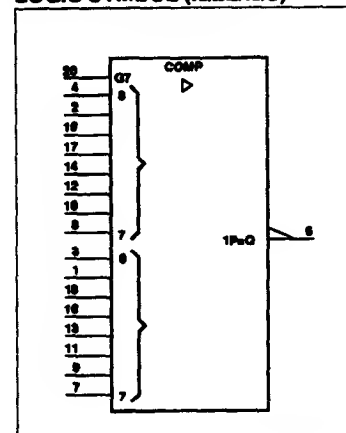
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



8-Bit Identity Comparator with Input Pull-up

74AC/ACT11520

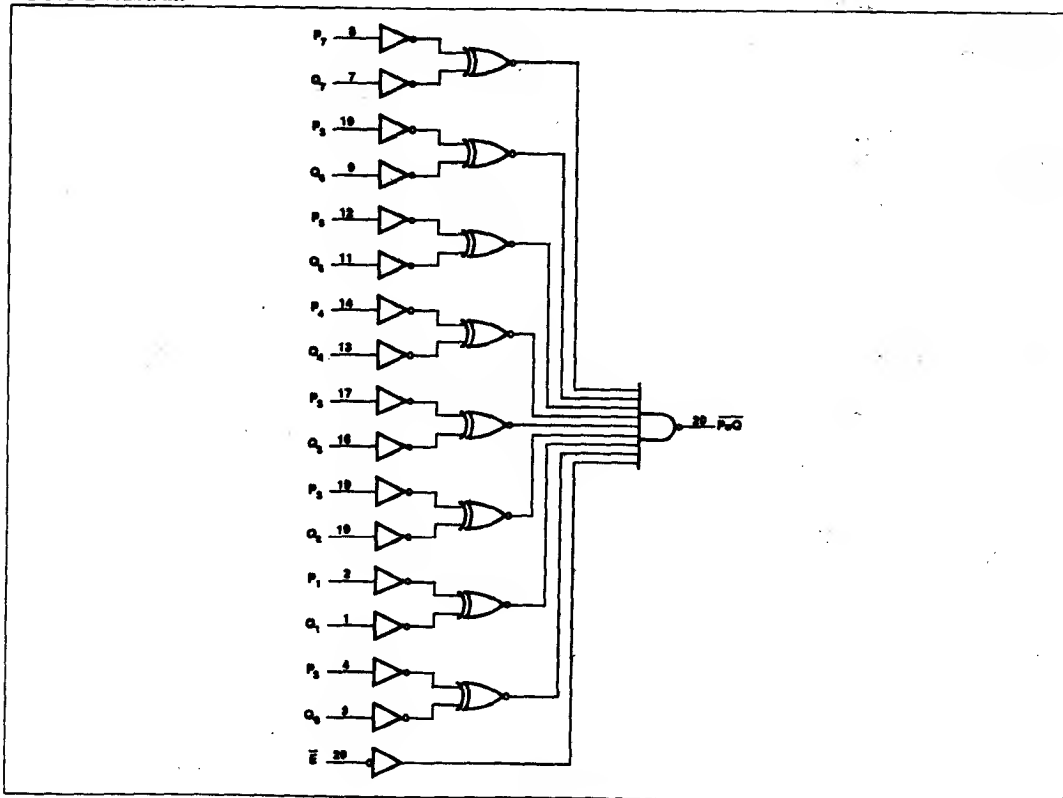
PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
4, 2, 19, 17 14, 12, 10, 8	P_0 to P_7	Data inputs
3, 1, 18, 16 13, 11, 9, 7	Q_0 to Q_7	Data inputs
11	\overline{E}	Enable input (active Low)
20	$P=Q$	Output
4	GND	Ground (0V)
12	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		OUTPUT
DATA P, Q	ENABLE \overline{E}	$P=Q$
$P = Q$	L	L
$P > Q$	L	H
$P < Q$	L	H
X	H	H

LOGIC DIAGRAM



8-Bit Identity Comparator with Input Pull-up

74AC/ACT11520

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11520			74ACT11520			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 200	mA
	DC ground current		± 200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

8-Bit Identity Comparator with Input Pull-up

74AC/ACT11520

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74ACT11520				74ACT11520				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.85		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
			I _{OH} = -24mA	3.0								
				4.5								
				5.5								
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	3.0								
				4.5								
				5.5								
I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	3.0			1.85				1.65				
	4.5											
	5.5											
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

8-Bit Identity Comparator with Input Pull-up

74AC/ACT11520

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

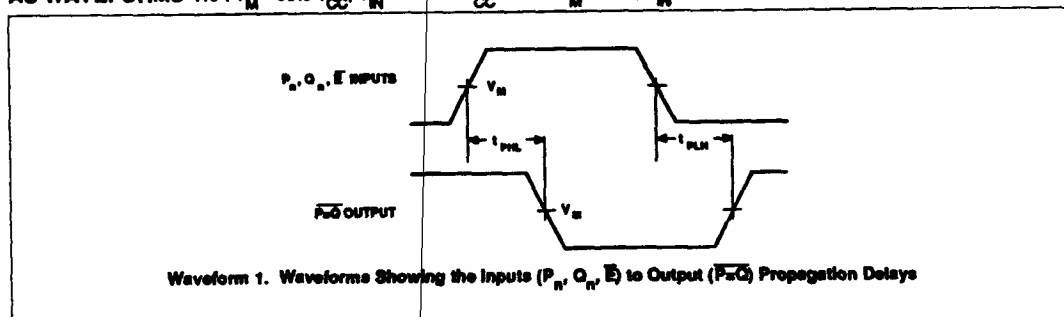
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11520					UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay P_n, Q_n to $P=Q$	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay E to $P=Q$	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

			74AC11520					UNIT
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay P_n, Q_n to $P=Q$	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay E to $P=Q$	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11520					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay P _n , Q _n to P=Q	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to P=Q	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11521

8-Bit Identity Comparator

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Compares two 8-bit words
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- Inputs are TTL-voltage compatible
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11521 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11521 identity comparators perform comparisons on two 8-bit binary or BCD words and provides a Low output when the two words match bit for bit.

The 74AC/ACT11521 identity comparators also feature a provision for $\overline{P=Q}$ totem-pole outputs.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay P_n or Q_n to $\overline{P=Q}$	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$	5.0		ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	79		pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

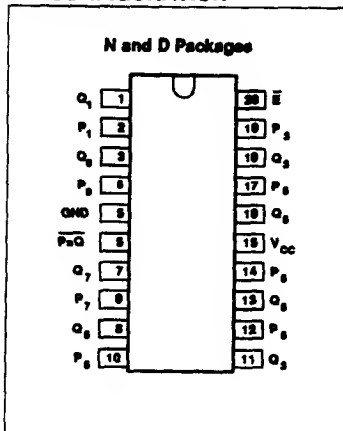
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

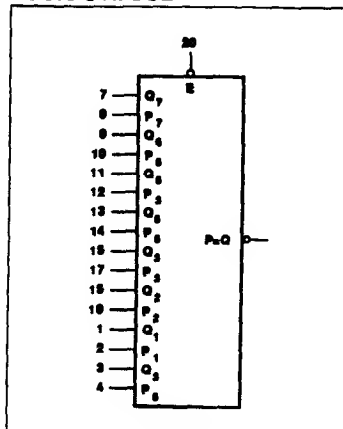
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11521N 74ACT11521N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11521D 74ACT11521D

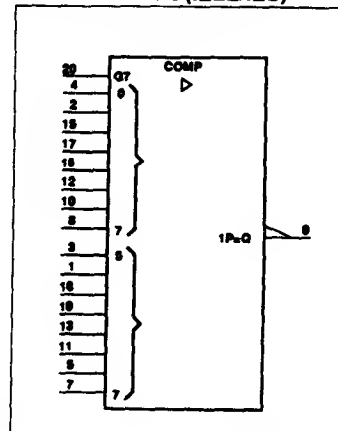
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



8-Bit Identity Comparator

74AC/ACT11521

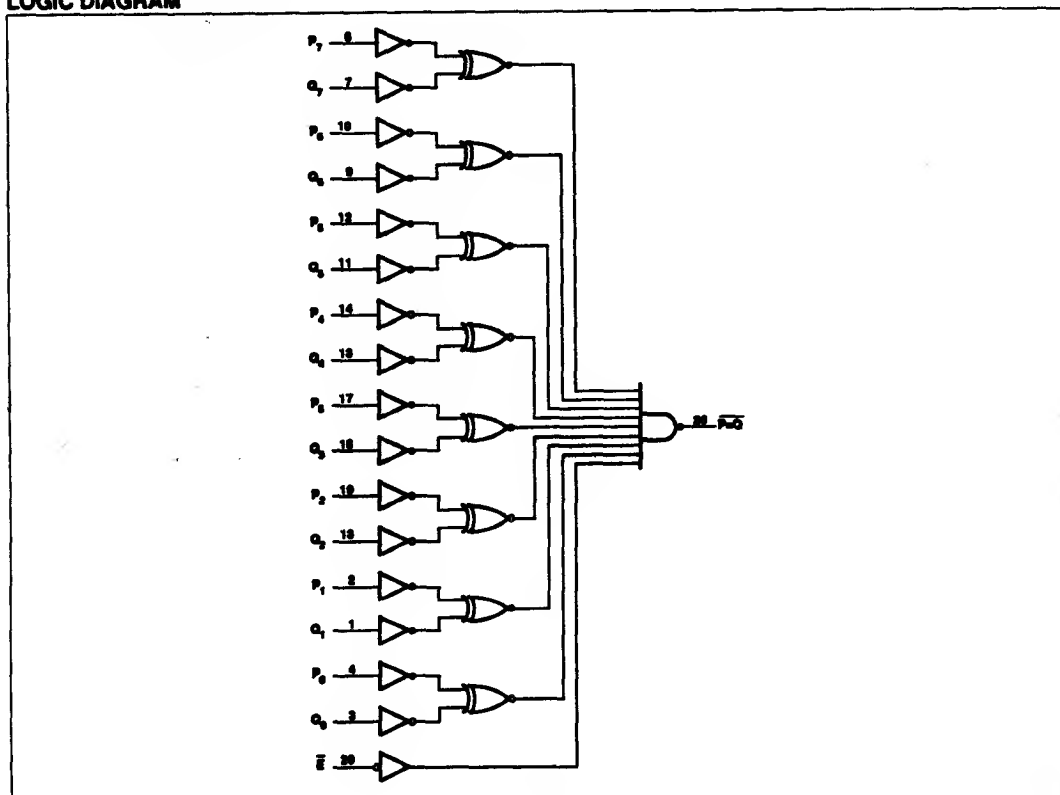
PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
4, 2, 19, 17 14, 12, 10, 8	P_0 to P_7	Data inputs
3, 1, 18, 18 13, 11, 9, 7	Q_0 to Q_7	Data inputs
11	\bar{E}	Enable input (active Low)
20	$P=Q$	Output
4	GND	Ground (0V)
12	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		OUTPUT
DATA P, Q	ENABLE \bar{E}	$P=Q$
$P=Q$	L	L
$P>Q$	L	H
$P<Q$	L	H
X	H	H

LOGIC DIAGRAM



8-Bit Identity Comparator

74AC/ACT11521

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11521			74ACT11521			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 200	mA
	DC ground current		± 200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

8-Bit Identity Comparator

74AC/ACT11521

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74AC11521				74ACT11521				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44						
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5			1.85				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

8-Bit Identity Comparator

74AC/ACT11521

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

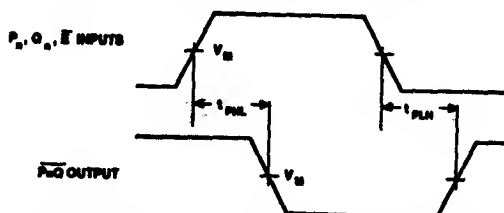
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11521					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay P _n , Q _n to P=Q	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to P=Q	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11521						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay P_n, Q_n to $P=Q$	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay E to $P=Q$	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11521						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay P _n , Q _n to P=Q	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay E to P=Q	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ Waveform 1. Waveforms Showing the Inputs (P_n, Q_n, E) to Output ($P=Q$) Propagation Delays

74AC/ACT11533

Octal D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State), Inverting

Product Specification

FEATURES

- 8-bit transparent latch
- 3-State output buffers
- Common 3-State Output Enable
- Independent register and 3-State buffer operation
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11533 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11533 device is an octal transparent latch coupled to eight 3-State inverting output buffers. The two sections of the device are controlled independently by Latch Enable (LE) and Output Enable (OE) control gates.

The data on the D inputs are transferred to the latch outputs when the Latch Enable (LE) input is High. The latch remains

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay D_n to Q_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	5.3	6.6	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per latch ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	55	69	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	44	58	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	4.0	4.0	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	10	10	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

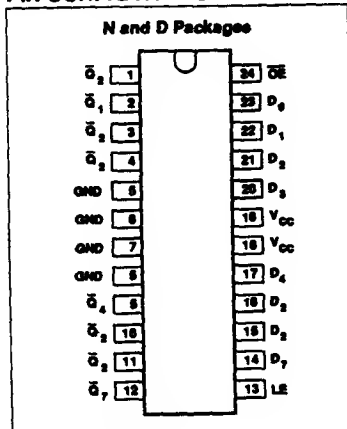
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

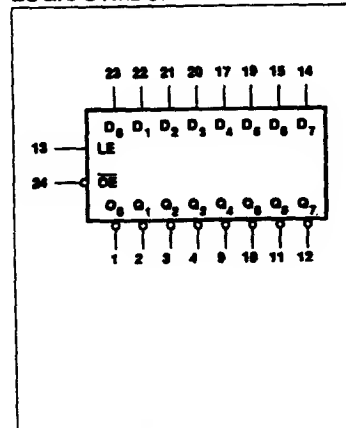
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
24-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11533N 74ACT11533N
24-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11533D 74ACT11533D

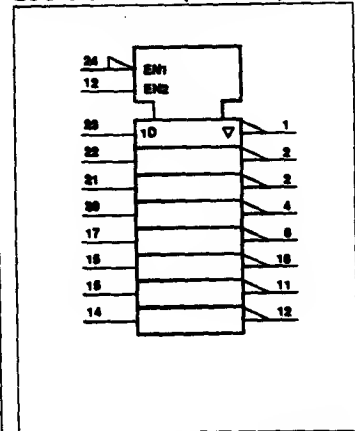
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Octal D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11533

transparent to the data inputs while LE is High, and stores the data that is present one setup time before the High-to-Low enable transition.

buses, MOS memories, or MOS micro-processors. The active-Low Output Enable (\overline{OE}) controls all eight 3-State buffers independent of the latch operation.

ent data appears at the outputs. When \overline{OE} is High, the outputs are in the High-impedance "OFF" state, which means they will neither drive nor load the bus.

The 3-State inverting output buffers are designed to drive heavily loaded 3-State

When \overline{OE} is Low, the latched or transpar-

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
24	\overline{OE}	Output enable
23, 22, 21, 20, 17, 16, 15, 14	$D_0 - D_7$	Data inputs
1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12	$\overline{Q}_0 - \overline{Q}_7$	Data outputs
13	LE	Latch enable
5, 6, 7, 8	GND	Ground (0V)
16, 19	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODES	INPUTS			INTERNAL REGISTER	OUTPUTS
	\overline{OE}	LE	D_n		\overline{Q}_n
Enable and read register	L	H	L	L	H
	L	H	H	H	L
Latch and read register	L	\downarrow	L	L	H
	L	\downarrow	H	H	L
Hold	L	L	X	NC	NC
Disable outputs	H	X	X	X	Z

H = High voltage level steady state

h = High voltage level one set-up time prior to the High-to-Low E transition

L = Low voltage level steady state

l = Low voltage level one set-up time prior to the High-to-Low E transition

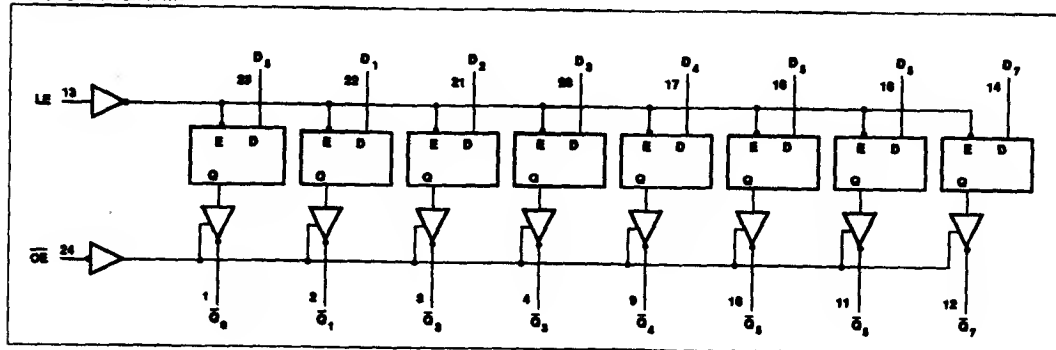
X = Don't care

NC = No change

Z = High-impedance "OFF" state

\downarrow = High-to-Low transition

LOGIC DIAGRAM



Octal D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11533

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11533			74ACT11533			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	Data, E		10	0		10	ns/V
	Output enable	0		10	0		10	
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±200	mA
	DC ground current		±200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Octal D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11533

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} V	74ACT11533				74ACT11533				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
				5.5			3.85				3.85	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5			1.65				1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH} ; V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Octal D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State), Inverting 74AC/ACT11533

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11533						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
¹ PLH ¹ PHL	Propagation delay D _n to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	8.5 7.5	12.8 10.1	1.5 1.5	14.3 11.3	ns	
¹ PLH ¹ PHL	Propagation delay LE to Q _n	4	1.5 1.5	10.0 9.5	14.5 12.8	1.5 1.5	16.5 14.3	ns	
¹ PZH ¹ PZL	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	9.0 8.5	13.1 11.6	1.5 1.5	14.7 13.1	ns	
¹ PHZ ¹ PLZ	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	9.5 7.5	12.0 10.2	1.5 1.5	12.8 11.0	ns	
¹ t _W	LE Pulse Width High or Low	4	5.5			5.5		ns	
¹ t _S	Setup time D _n to LE↓	3	4.0			4.0		ns	
¹ t _H	Hold time D _n to LE↓	3	2.0			2.0		ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

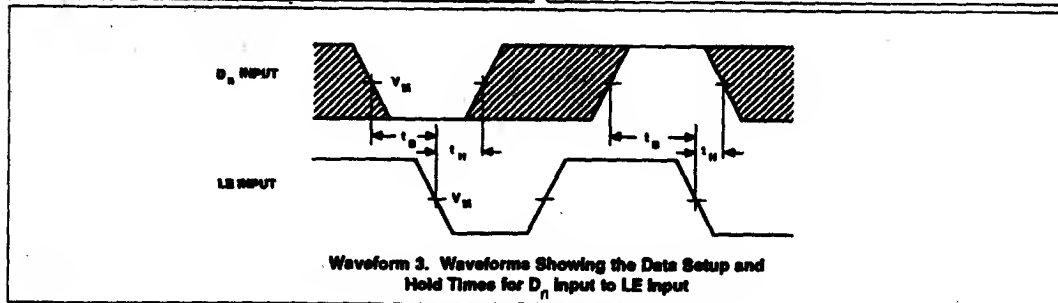
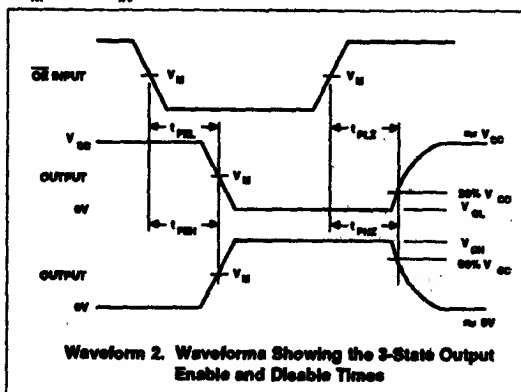
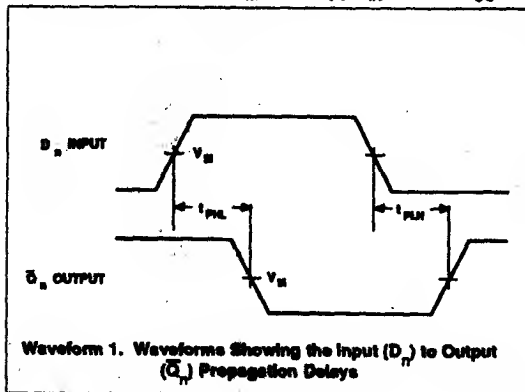
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11533						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
¹ PLH ¹ PHL	Propagation delay D _n to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	5.5 5.0	8.4 7.1	1.5 1.5	9.8 8.0	ns	
¹ PLH ¹ PHL	Propagation delay LE to Q _n	4	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.5	10.0 9.1	1.5 1.5	11.3 10.3	ns	
¹ PZH ¹ PZL	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.0	9.5 8.6	1.5 1.5	10.8 9.7	ns	
¹ PHZ ¹ PLZ	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	8.5 8.0	10.7 8.2	1.5 1.5	11.4 8.9	ns	
¹ W	LE Pulse Width High or Low	4	4.0			4.0		ns	
¹ S	Setup time D _n to LE↓	3	3.5			3.5		ns	
¹ H	Hold time D _n to LE↓	3	2.0			2.0		ns	

Octal D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11533

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

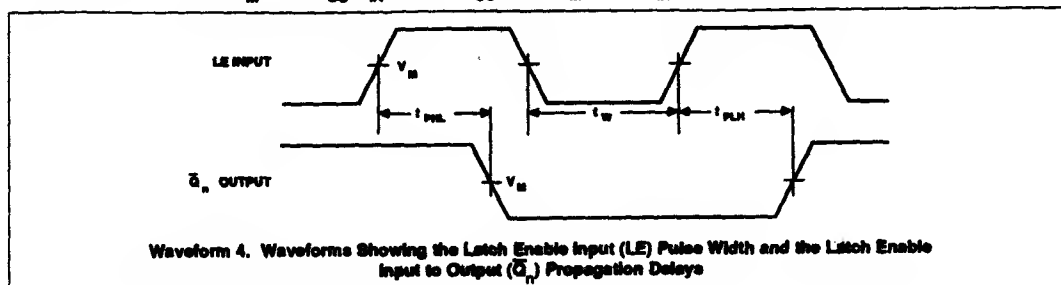
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11533						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay D _n to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	7.0 6.5	10.1 8.4	1.5 1.5	11.3 9.5	ns	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay LE to Q _n	4	1.5 1.5	8.5 8.5	11.3 10.7	1.5 1.5	13.0 12.2	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	7.5 7.5	10.7 10.9	1.5 1.5	12.5 12.0	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	10.5 7.5	12.1 9.5	1.5 1.5	12.8 10.3	ns	
t _W	LE Pulse Width High or Low	4	5.0			5.0		ns	
t _S	Setup time D _n to LE↓	3	3.5			3.5		ns	
t _H	Hold time D _n to LE↓	3	3.5			3.5		ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5$ V, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0$ V

Octal D-Type Transparent Latch (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11533

AC WAVEFORMS AC : $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ ACT : $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ (Continued)



74AC/ACT11534

Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State), Inverting

Product Specification

FEATURES

- 3-State output buffers
- Common 3-State Output Enable
- Independent register and 3-State buffer operation
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11534 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11534 device is an 8-bit, edge-triggered register coupled to eight 3-State, inverting output buffers. The two sections of the device are controlled independently by Clock (CP) and Output Enable (OE) control gates. The register is fully edge-triggered. Once the set-up requirements are met, when the Clock Pulse (CP) rises the state of each D input is transferred to the corresponding flip-flop's Q output.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	7.0	8.5	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per flip-flop ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$	75	92	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$	65	82	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V or } V_{CC}$	4	4	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V or } V_{CC}$	10	10	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate; Data inputs	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	100	70	MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

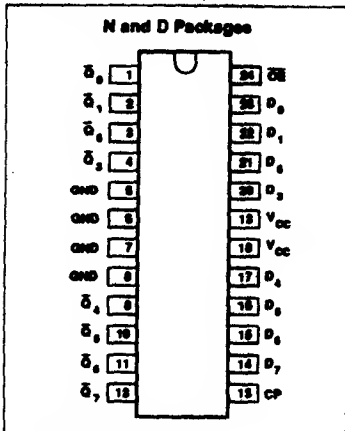
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

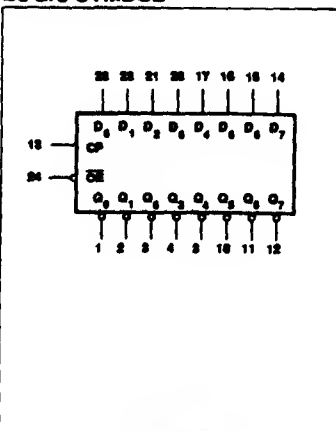
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
24-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11534N 74ACT11534N
24-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11534D 74ACT11534D

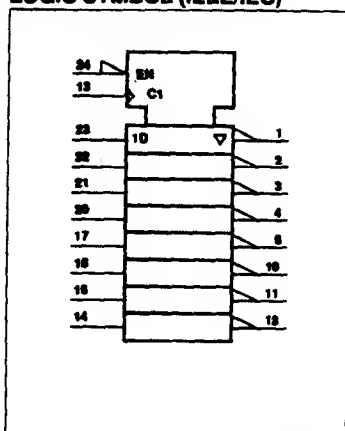
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11534

The 3-State output buffers are designed to drive heavily loaded 3-State buses, MOS memories, or MOS microprocessors. The active-Low Output Enable (\overline{OE}) controls all eight 3-State inverting buffers independent of the latch operation.

When \overline{OE} is Low, the stored data appears at the outputs. When \overline{OE} is High, the outputs are in the High-impedance "OFF" state, which means they will neither drive nor load the bus.

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
24	\overline{OE}	Output enable
23, 22, 21, 20, 17, 16, 15, 14	$D_0 - D_7$	Data inputs
1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12	$\overline{Q}_0 - \overline{Q}_7$	Data outputs
13	CP	Clock input
5, 6, 7, 8	GND	Ground (0V)
18, 19	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODES	INPUTS			INTERNAL REGISTER	OUTPUTS
	\overline{OE}	CP	D_n		\overline{Q}_n
Load and read register	L	\uparrow	l	L	H
	L	\uparrow	h	H	L
Disable outputs	H	X	X	X	Z

H = High voltage level steady state

h = High voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

L = Low voltage level steady state

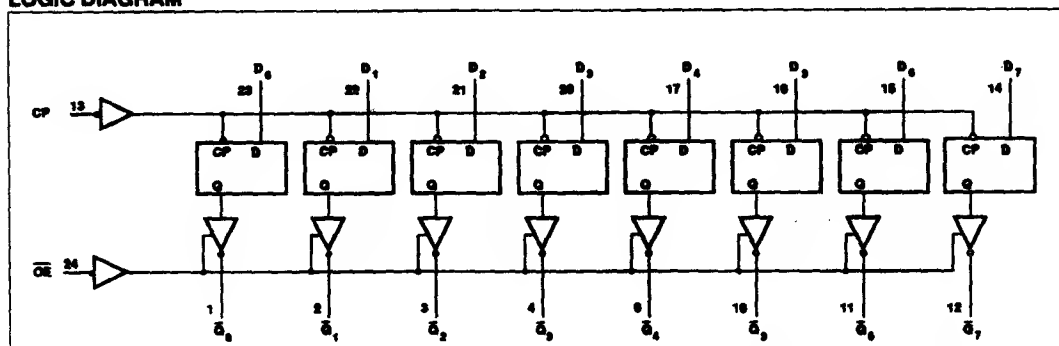
l = Low voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

X = Don't care

Z = High-impedance "OFF" state

\uparrow = Low-to-High transition

LOGIC DIAGRAM



Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11534

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74ACT11534			74ACT11534			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Input transition rise or fall rate	Data		10	0		10	ns/V
		Output enable		5	0		10	
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	± 50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		± 200	mA
	DC ground current		± 200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11534

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC} V	74ACT11534				74ACT11534				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1				V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1			0.1
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44					
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
				5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36			0.44
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	3.0								μA	
				4.5									
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND		5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA
I _{CC}	Supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0		5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND		5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11534

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11534						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
f _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	50	75		50		MHz	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	11.0 11.0	15.3 15.7	1.5 1.5	17.6 17.7	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	9.0 9.0	12.8 12.6	1.5 1.5	14.6 14.3	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	10.0 6.0	12.6 13.0	1.5 1.5	13.3 13.8	ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width High or Low	3	10.0			10.0		ns	
t _S	Setup time D _n to CP	3	3.5			3.5		ns	
t _H	Hold time D _n to CP	3	5.5			5.5		ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

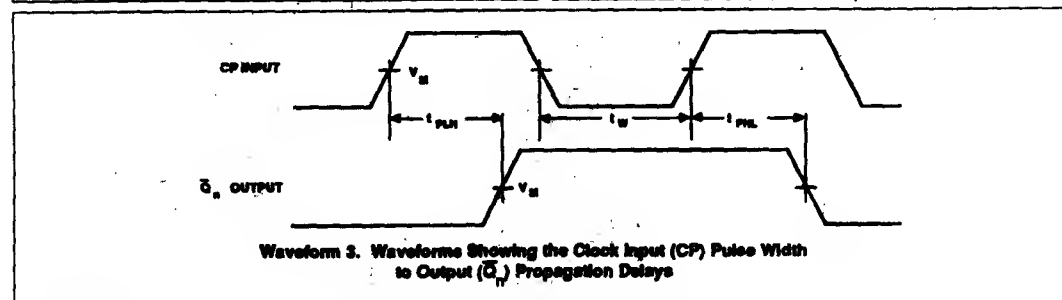
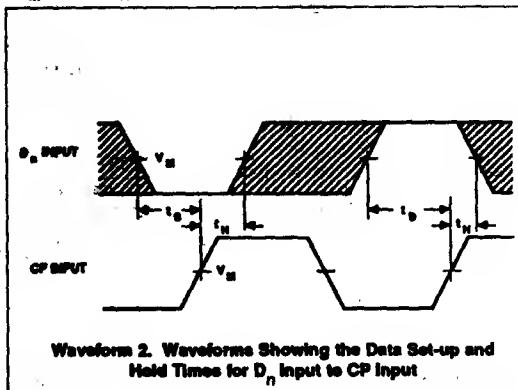
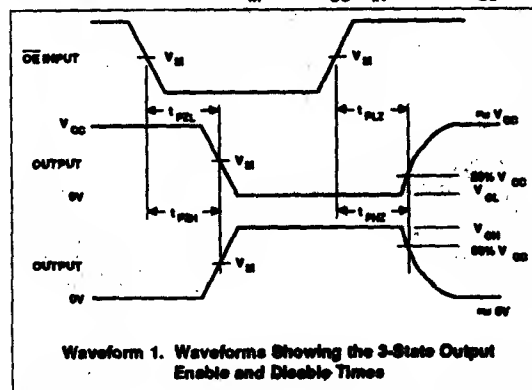
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11534						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	75	100		75		MHz	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	7.0 7.0	10.3 10.7	1.5 1.5	11.7 12.1	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	6.0 6.0	9.2 9.2	1.5 1.5	10.4 10.4	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	9.0 6.0	11.1 6.6	1.5 1.5	11.6 9.2	ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width High or Low	3	6.5			6.5		ns	
t _S	Setup time D _n to CP	3	3.5			3.5		ns	
t _H	Hold time D _n to CP	3	4.5			4.5		ns	

Octal D-Type Flip-Flop; Positive-Edge Trigger (3-State), Inverting

74AC/ACT11534

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11534						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	55	70		55		MHz	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n	4	1.5 1.5	8.5 8.5	12.7 13.3	1.5 1.5	14.5 15.0	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	7.5 7.5	12.0 12.2	1.5 1.5	13.3 13.5	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	11.0 8.0	12.9 11.2	1.5 1.5	13.5 12.0	ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width High or Low	3	9.0			9.0		ns	
t _S	Setup time D _n to CP	3	3.0			3.0		ns	
t _H	Hold time D _n to CP	3	5.5			5.5		ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11640

Octal Transceiver w/Direction
Pin; 3-State; INV

Product Specification

FEATURES

- Octal bidirectional bus interface
- 3-State buffers
- Inverting version of '245
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11640 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11640 device is an octal transceiver featuring inverting 3-State bus compatible outputs in both send and receive directions. The control function implementation minimizes external timing requirements. The device features an Output Enable (\overline{OE}) input for easy cascading and a Direction (\overline{DIR}) input for direction control.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; GND = 0V$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A_n to B_n , or B_n to A_n	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5V$		6.0	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per buffer ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Enabled}$		47	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0V; f = 1\text{MHz};$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}; \text{Disabled}$		12	
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC}	4.0	4.0	pF
C_{IO}	I/O capacitance	$V_I = 0V$ or V_{CC}	12	12	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5V$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

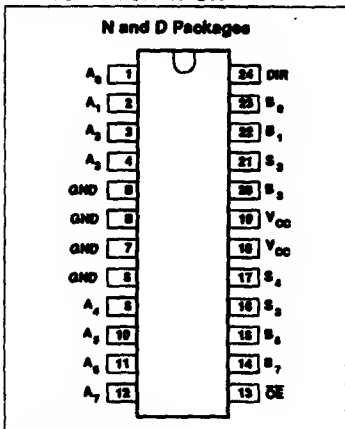
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

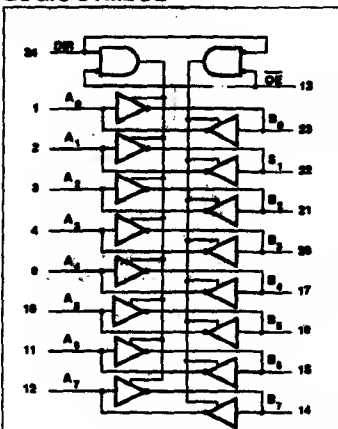
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
24-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11640N 74ACT11640N
24-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11640D 74ACT11640D

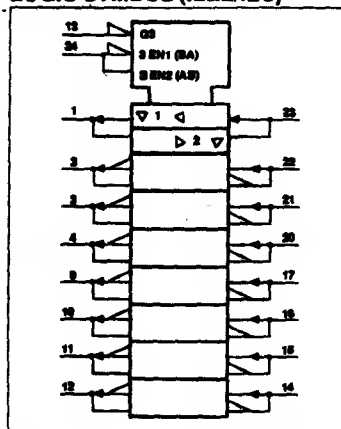
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Octal Transceiver w/Direction Pin; 3-State; INV

74AC/ACT11640

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
24	DIR	Direction control input
1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12	$A_0 - A_7$	Data inputs/outputs (A side)
23, 22, 21, 20, 17, 16, 15, 14	$B_0 - B_7$	Data inputs/outputs (B side)
13	\overline{OE}	Output enable
5, 6, 7, 8	GND	Ground (0V)
18, 19	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		INPUTS/OUTPUTS	
\overline{OE}	DIR	A_n	B_n
L	L	$A = \overline{B}$	inputs
L	H	inputs	$B = \overline{A}$
H	X	Z	Z

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11640			74ACT11640			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±200	mA
	DC ground current		±200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Octal Transceiver w/Direction Pin; 3-State; INV

74AC/ACT11640

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	74AC11640				74ACT11640				UNIT
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
				V	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10						V
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90					V
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9					V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4	
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4	
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48					
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8	
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8	
				5.5			3.85				3.85	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1	
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36	0.44					
				4.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5		0.36	0.44		0.36		0.44	
				5.5			1.85				1.65	
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA
I _{OZ}	3-State output off-state current	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH} , V _O = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.5		±5.0		±0.5		±5.0	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		8.0		80		8.0		80	μA
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

Octal Transceiver w/Direction Pin; 3-State; INV

74AC/ACT11640

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

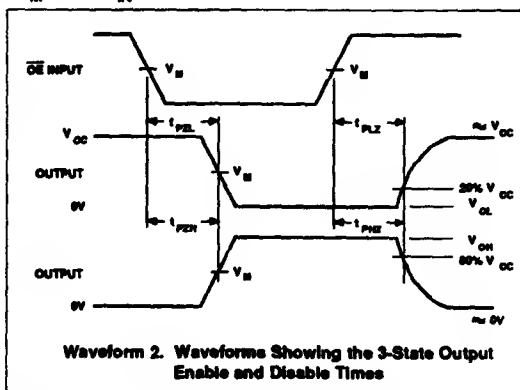
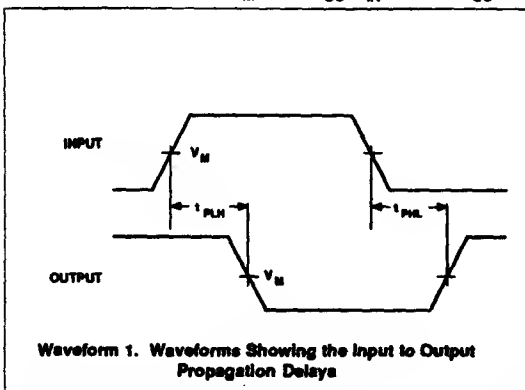
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11640					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to B _n , B _n to A _n	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11640					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to B _n , B _n to A _n	1	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5			1.5 1.5		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11640						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to B _n , B _n to A _n	1	1.5 1.5	8.3 5.7	9.8 8.6	1.5 1.5	10.5 9.5	ns	
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output enable time to High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	8.8 8.4	12.2 12.3	1.5 1.5	13.4 13.6	ns	
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from High and Low level	2	1.5 1.5	9.1 9.6	12.9 13.1	1.5 1.5	13.9 14.2	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5V$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0V$ 

74AC/ACT11810

Quad 2-Input Exclusive-NOR Gate

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: SSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11810 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11810 provides four separate 2-input exclusive-NOR gate functions.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay A, B, to Y	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	4.5	5.6	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	24	26	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jedic JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

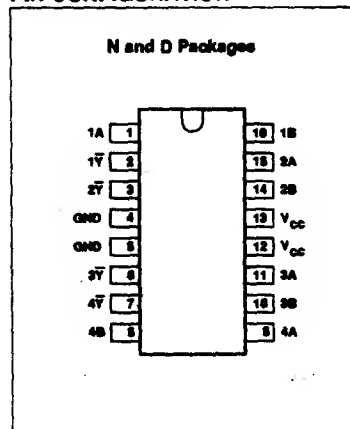
f_o = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs

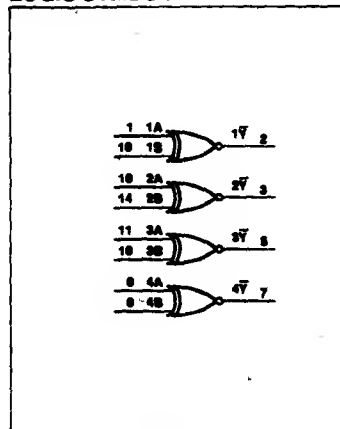
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
16-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11810N 74ACT11810N
16-pin plastic SO (150mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11810D 74ACT11810D

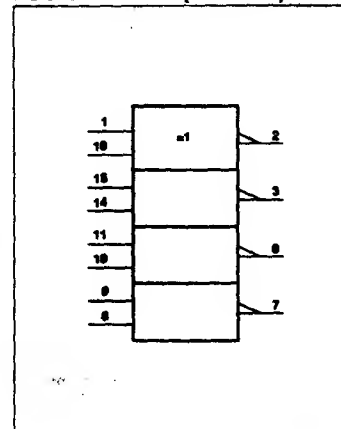
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



Quad 2-Input Exclusive-NOR Gate

74AC/ACT11810

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 15, 11, 9	1A - 4A	Data inputs
16, 14, 10, 8	1B - 4B	Data inputs
2, 3, 6, 7	1Y - 4Y	Data outputs
4, 5	GND	Ground (0V)
12, 13	V _{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		OUTPUT
nA	nB	nY
L	L	H
L	H	L
H	L	L
H	H	H

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11810			74ACT11810			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _I	Input voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
V _O	Output voltage	0		V _{CC}	0		V _{CC}	V
ΔV/ΔV	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at V_{CC} < 3V. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I _{IK} or V _I	DC input diode current ²	V _I < 0	-20	mA
		V _I > V _{CC}	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _{OK} or V _O	DC output diode current ²	V _O < 0	-50	mA
		V _O > V _{CC}	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V
I _O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	V _O = 0 to V _{CC}	±50	mA
I _{CC} or I _{GND}	DC V _{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		-85 to 150	°C
P _{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

Quad 2-Input Exclusive-NOR Gate

74AC/ACT11810

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	74ACT11810					74ACT11810				UNIT	
				T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C				
				V	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		3.0	2.10		2.10							V	
			4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0				
			5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0				
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		3.0		0.90		0.90						V	
			4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8			
			5.5		1.65		1.65		0.8		0.8			
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V	
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4			
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4			
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48							
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8			
				5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8			
			I _{OH} = -24mA	3.0										
				4.5										
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1		0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0		0.36		0.44						
				4.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5		0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	3.0										
				4.5										
I _{OL} = 75mA ¹	3.0				1.65				1.65					
	4.5													
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA		
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA		
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA		

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC} .

Quad 2-Input Exclusive-NOR Gate

74AC/ACT11810

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V ± 0.3 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

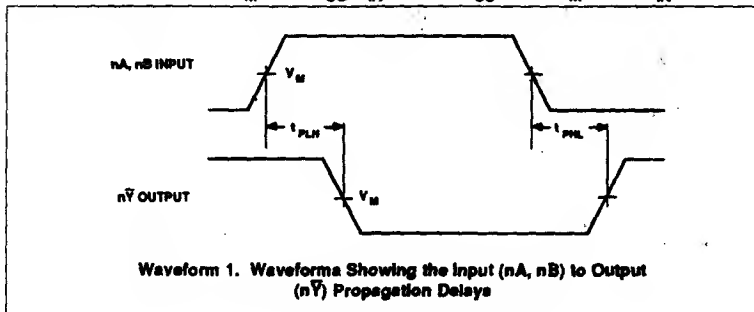
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11810						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.9 5.3	7.9 6.7	1.5 1.5	8.6 7.4	ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11810					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	4.5 4.4	6.2 5.7	1.5 1.5	6.7 6.2	ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_R = t_F = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11810						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay nA, nB to nY	1	1.5 1.5	5.6 5.6	7.2 7.1	1.5 1.5	7.8 7.7	ns	

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$; $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; ACT: $V_M = 1.5$ V, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0$ V

74AC/ACT11898

10-Bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register

Preliminary Specification

FEATURES

- Gated serial data inputs
- Fully buffered clock and data inputs
- Fully synchronous data transfers
- Typical shift frequency of 100MHz
- Asynchronous master reset
- Output capability: ± 24 mA
- CMOS (AC) and TTL (ACT) voltage level inputs
- 50 Ω incident wave switching
- Center-pin V_{CC} and ground configuration to minimize high-speed switching noise
- I_{CC} category: MSI

DESCRIPTION

The 74AC/ACT11898 high-performance CMOS devices combine very high speed and high output drive comparable to the most advanced TTL families.

The 74AC/ACT11898 10-bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register is an edge-triggered shift register with serial data entry and an output from each of the 10 stages. Data is entered serially through one of two inputs (A • B); either input can be used as an active-High enable for data entry through the other input. Otherwise

GENERAL INFORMATION

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; \text{GND} = 0\text{V}$	TYPICAL		UNIT
			AC	ACT	
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n ($MR = \text{High}$)	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$	7.0	7.6	ns
C_{PD}	Power dissipation capacitance per gate ¹	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}; f = 1\text{MHz}; C_L = 50\text{pF}$	121	117	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC}	3.5	3.5	pF
I_{LATCH}	Latch-up current	Per Jeduc JC40.2 Standard 17	500	500	mA
$\Delta V/\Delta V$	Maximum input rise or fall rate	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$	10	10	ns/V
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 50\text{pF}; V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	100	90	MHz

Note:

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_I + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O) \text{ where:}$$

f_I = input frequency in MHz, C_L = output load capacitance in pF,

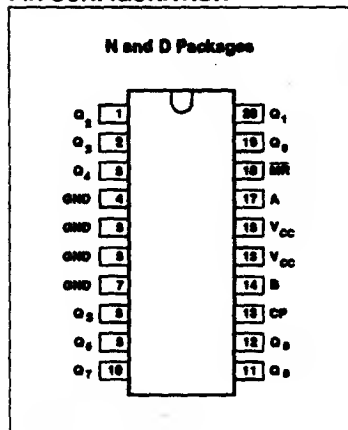
f_O = output frequency in MHz, V_{CC} = supply voltage in V,

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_O)$ = sum of outputs

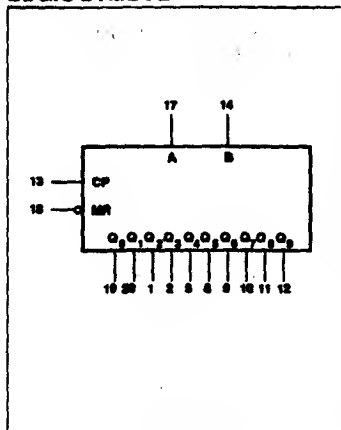
ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
20-pin plastic DIP (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11898N 74ACT11898N
20-pin plastic SO (300mil-wide)	-40°C to +85°C	74AC11898D 74ACT11898D

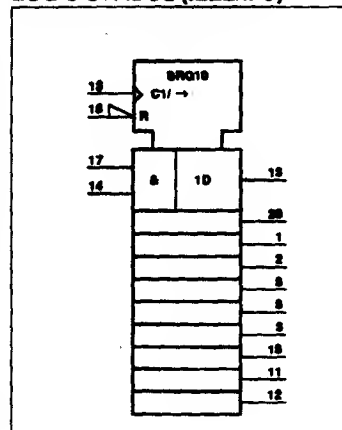
PIN CONFIGURATION



LOGIC SYMBOL



LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



10-Bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register

74AC/ACT11898

both inputs must be connected to the input data or an unused input must be tied High.

Data shifts one place to the right on each Low-to-High transition of the Clock (CP) input and enters the logical AND of the two inputs (A · B) that existed one setup time before the rising clock edge into Q_0 .

A Low level on the Master-Reset (MR) input overrides all other inputs and clears the register asynchronously, forcing all outputs Low.

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
16	MR	Asynchronous master reset (active Low)
13	CP	Clock input (Low-to-High, edge-triggered)
17, 14	A, B	Data inputs
19, 20, 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12	$Q_0 - Q_9$	Parallel outputs
4, 5, 6, 7	GND	Ground (0V)
15, 16	V_{CC}	Positive supply voltage

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS				OUTPUTS			
	MR	CP	A	B	Q_0	Q_1	—	Q_9
Reset (clear)	L	X	X	X	L	L	—	L
Shift	H	↑	l	l	L	Q_0	—	Q_9
	H	↑	l	h	L	Q_0	—	Q_9
	H	↑	h	l	L	Q_0	—	Q_9
	H	↑	h	h	H	Q_0	—	Q_9

H = High voltage level

L = Low voltage level

h = High voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

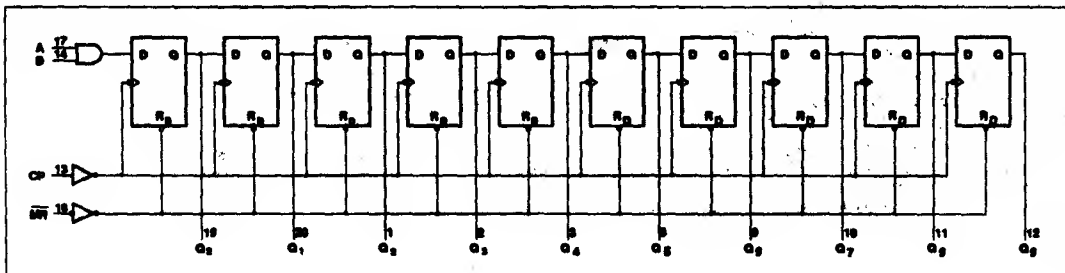
l = Low voltage level one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

X = Don't care

Q_n = State of the referenced input (or output) one setup time prior to the Low-to-High clock transition

↑ = Low-to-High clock transition

LOGIC DIAGRAM



10-Bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register

74AC/ACT11898

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	74AC11898			74ACT11898			UNIT
		Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage ¹	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0		V_{CC}	0		V_{CC}	V
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	0		10	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		+85	-40		+85	°C

NOTE:

1. No electrical or switching characteristics are specified at $V_{CC} < 3V$. Operation between 2V and 3V is not recommended, but within that range, a device output will maintain a previously established logic state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{IK} or V_I	DC input diode current ²	$V_I < 0$	-20	mA
		$V_I > V_{CC}$	20	
	DC input voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{OK} or V_O	DC output diode current ²	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
		$V_O > V_{CC}$	50	
	DC output voltage		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_O	DC output source or sink current per output pin	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	±50	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} current		±100	mA
	DC ground current		±100	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C
P_{TOT}	Power dissipation per package Plastic DIP	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 8mW/K	500	mW
	Power dissipation per package Plastic surface mount (SO)	Above 70°C: derate linearly by 6mW/K	400	mW

NOTES:

1. Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

10-Bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register

74AC/ACT11898

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS													
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V _{CC}	74AC11898				74ACT11898				UNIT
					T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		T _A = +25°C		T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage			3.0	2.10		2.10						V
				4.5	3.15		3.15		2.0		2.0		
				5.5	3.85		3.85		2.0		2.0		
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			3.0		0.90		0.90					V
				4.5		1.35		1.35		0.8		0.8	
				5.5		1.85		1.65		0.8		0.8	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OH} = -50μA	3.0	2.9		2.9						V
				4.5	4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4		
				5.5	5.4		5.4		5.4		5.4		
			I _{OH} = -4mA	3.0	2.58		2.48						
				4.5	3.94		3.8		3.94		3.8		
			I _{OH} = -24mA	5.5	4.94		4.8		4.94		4.8		
				5.5			3.85				3.85		
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	I _{OL} = 50μA	3.0		0.1	0.1					V	
				4.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
				5.5		0.1	0.1		0.1		0.1		
			I _{OL} = 12mA	3.0	0.36		0.44						
				4.5	0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
			I _{OL} = 24mA	5.5	0.36		0.44		0.36		0.44		
				5.5			1.65				1.65		
I _I	Input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5		±0.1		±1.0		±0.1		±1.0	μA	
I _{CC}	Quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5		4.0		40		4.0		40	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	Supply current, TTL inputs High ²	One input at 3.4V, other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	5.5						0.9		1.0	mA	

NOTES:

- Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10ms.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0V or V_{CC}.

10-Bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register

74AC/ACT11898

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11898						UNIT
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	60	70		60		MHz	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q_n	1	1.5 1.5	6.9 8.8	10.6 10.7	1.5 1.5	11.6 11.6	ns	
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q_n	2	1.5	9.6	11.5	1.5	12.6	ns	
t_{S}	Setup time, High or Low A, B to CP	3	13.5			13.5		ns	
t_{H}	Hold time, High or Low A, B to CP	3	0.0			0.0		ns	
t_{W}	Clock pulse width (shift) High or Low	1	6.0			6.0		ns	
t_{W}	MR pulse width, Low	2	3.0			3.0		ns	
t_{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	2	1.5			1.5		ns	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V $\pm 0.5V$ GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3ns$; $C_L = 50pF$

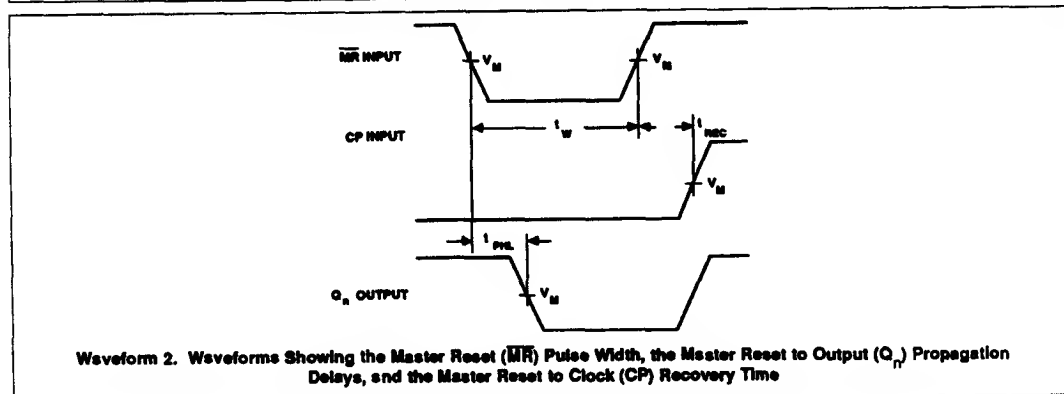
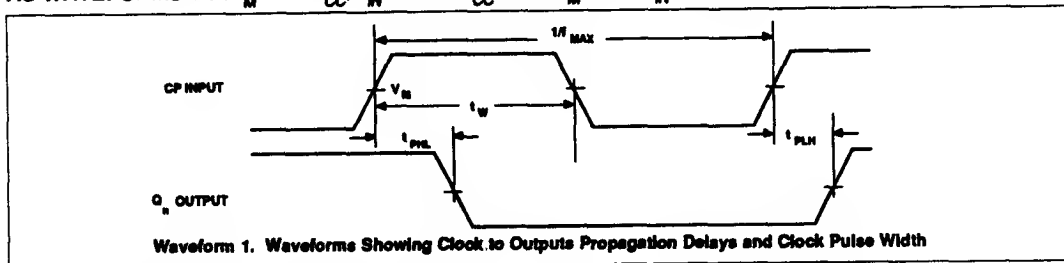
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74AC11898						UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C			
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max		
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	90	100		90		MHz	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	6.4 6.8	6.0 8.4	1.5 1.5	8.8 9.2	ns	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q _n	2	1.5	7.2	8.9	1.5	9.6	ns	
t _S	Setup time, High or Low A, B to CP	3	6.5			9.5		ns	
t _H	Hold time, High or Low A, B to CP	3	0.0			0.0		ns	
t _W	Clock pulse width (shift) High or Low	1	5.5			5.5		ns	
t _W	MR pulse width, Low	2	2.5			2.5		ns	
t _{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	2	1.5			1.5		ns	

10-Bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register

74AC/ACT11898

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 5.0V ± 0.5 V GND = 0V; $t_r = t_f = 3$ ns; $C_L = 50$ pF

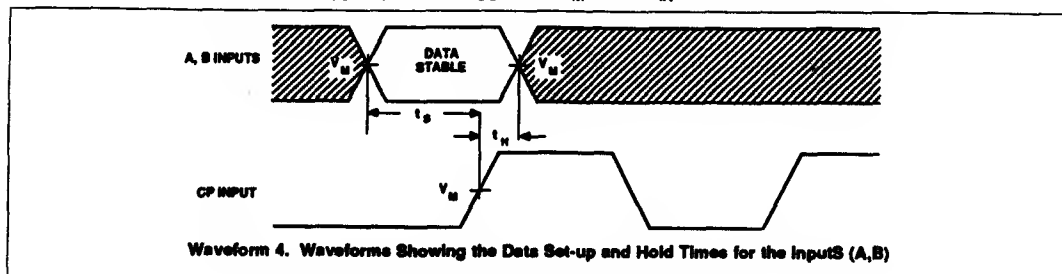
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	74ACT11898					UNIT
			T _A = +25°C			T _A = -40°C to +85°C		
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t _{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	1	80	90		80		MHz
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay CP to Q _n	1	1.5 1.5	7.5 7.7	9.0 9.1	1.5 1.5	9.8 10.0	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay MR to Q _n	2	1.5	9.5	11.0	1.5	11.9	ns
t _S	Setup time, High or Low A, B to CP	3	9.5			9.5		ns
t _H	Hold time, High or Low A, B to CP	3	0.0			0.0		ns
t _W	Clock pulse width (shift) High or Low	1	6.0			6.0		ns
t _W	MR pulse width, Low	2	4.0			4.0		ns
t _{REC}	Recovery time MR to CP	2	1.5			1.5		ns

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5$ V, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0$ V

10-Bit Serial-In Parallel-Out Shift Register

74AC/ACT11898

AC WAVEFORMS AC: $V_M = 50\% V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$. ACT: $V_M = 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = \text{GND to } 3.0\text{V}$ (Continued)



Section 6

Application Notes

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AN600

Handling Precautions

Application Note

ELECTROSTATIC CHARGES

Electrostatic charges can be stored in many things; for example, man-made fiber clothing, moving machinery, objects with air blowing across them, plastic storage bins, sheets of paper stored in plastic envelopes, paper from electrostatic copying machines, and people. The charges are caused by friction between two surfaces, at least one of which is non-conductive. The magnitude and polarity of the charges depends on the different affinities for electrons of the two materials rubbing together, the friction force and the humidity of the surrounding air.

Electrostatic discharge is the transfer of an electrostatic charge between bodies at different potentials and occurs with direct contact or when induced by an electrostatic field. All of our CMOS ICs are internally protected against electrostatic discharge, but they can be damaged if the following precautions are not taken.

WORK STATION

Figure 1 shows a working area suitable for safety handling electrostatic sensitive devices. It has a work bench, the surface of which is conductive or covered by an antistatic sheet. Typical resistivity for the

bench surface is $1\text{k}\Omega$ to $0.5\text{M}\Omega$ per cm^2 . The floor should also be covered with antistatic material. The following precautions should be observed:

- Persons at a work-bench should be grounded via a wrist strap and a resistor.
- All electrical equipment should be connected to the mains via a ground-leakage switch and the equipment cases should be grounded.
- Relative humidity should be maintained between 50% and 65%.
- An ionizer should be used to neutralize objects with immobile static charges.

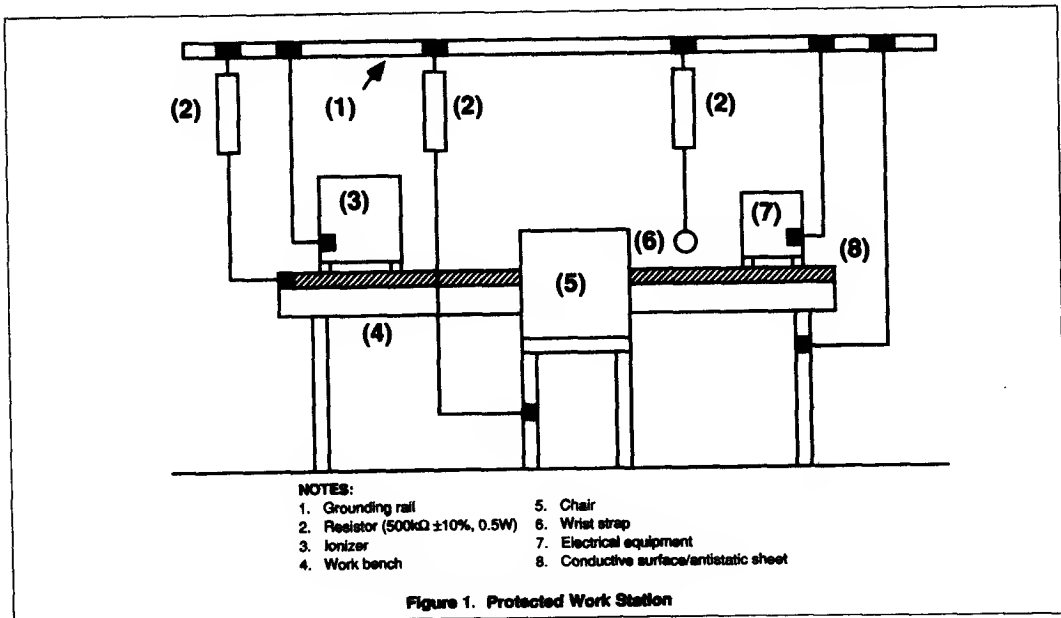


Figure 1. Protected Work Station

RECEIPT AND STORAGE

CMOS ICs are packed for dispatch in antistatic/conductive boxes, rails or blister tape. The fact that the ICs are sensitive to electrostatic discharge is shown by warning labels on both primary and secondary packing.

The ICs should be kept in their original packing while in storage. If a bulk container is partially unpacked, the tasks should be performed at a protected work station. Any CMOS ICs that are temporarily stored should be packed in conductive or antistatic packing or carriers.

ASSEMBLY

CMOS ICs must be removed from their protective packing with grounded compo-

nent-pincers or short-circuit clips. Short-circuit clips must remain in place during mounting, soldering and cleansing/drying processes. Do not remove more ICs from the storage packing than are needed at any one time. Production/assembly documents should state that the product contains electrostatic sensitive devices and that special precautions need to be taken.

During assembly, ensure that the CMOS ICs are the last of the components to be mounted and that this is done at a protected work station.

All tools used during assembly, including soldering tools and solder baths, must be grounded. All hand-tools should be of conductive or antistatic material and, where possible, not insulated.

Measuring and testing of completed circuit boards must be done at a protected work station. Place the soldered side of the circuit board on conductive or antistatic foam and remove the short-circuit clips. Remove the circuit board from the foam, holding the board only at the edges. Make sure the circuit board does not touch the conductive surface of the work bench. After testing, replace the circuit board on the conductive foam to await packing.

Handle assembled circuit boards containing CMOS ICs in the same way as unmounted CMOS ICs. They should also carry warning labels and be packed in conductive or antistatic packing.

AN601

Simultaneous Switching Evaluation of Advanced CMOS Logic

Application Note

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this paper is to define what Simultaneous Switching Evaluation (SSE) is, why it is tested, and how it is tested for the Advanced CMOS Logic (ACL) family of integrated circuits.

WHY SHOULD SSE BE PERFORMED

The purpose of SSE is to evaluate what effect switching more than one output simultaneously has on the performance of the circuit. SSE becomes important in any high-performance line of circuits because the propagation delays and output edge rates are very fast.

Fast edge rates can team up with parasitic inductances to produce unwanted side effects such as output disturbances and/or performance degradations. Output disturbances can manifest themselves in the form of glitches or bumps from solid low levels near or above the low threshold of a subsequent device, or from solid highs down near or below the high threshold of a subsequent

device. Degradations take the form of slowed propagation delays, abnormally slow or distorted output edges, or lost data in devices containing memory. Any and all of these unwanted side effects will cause a system to perform unpredictably and unreliably. Output disturbances especially can be the cause of a multitude of system performance abnormalities.

Since ACL is considered to be a high-performance family of circuits, SSE is necessary in order to insure that the circuits will perform as specified under any switching condition. To guarantee that ACL will perform satisfactorily under multiple output switching conditions, comprehensive SSE is performed prior to product release. Tests are done to evaluate the magnitude of output disturbances, the integrity of stored data, and the propagation delays and output transition times under conditions of multiple outputs switching.

Each of these evaluations will now be explained and a very general procedure for measuring each will be given. For a specific step-by-step procedure for measuring each,

including fixturing and equipment requirements, refer to Appendix 1.

OUTPUT DISTURBANCE TESTS

The purpose of these tests is to determine the magnitude of disturbances on the High and Low level of the outputs when multiple outputs are switching. The terms V_{OHV} and V_{OLP} are used to describe the level of these disturbances. V_{OHV} refers to the minimum 'valley' High level output voltage and V_{OLP} refers to the maximum 'peak' Low level output voltage. Figure 1 shows a typical example of what the output disturbances look like and also defines the points where V_{OLP} and V_{OHV} are measured.

For circuits with a single output or a single complementary output, the circuit is set up so that the pin under test is switching and the disturbance levels are then measured at the points on the waveform as shown in Figure 1. For all other circuits, the circuit is set up so that the pin under test is not switching while the other outputs are switching and the disturbance levels are then measured as shown in Figure 1.

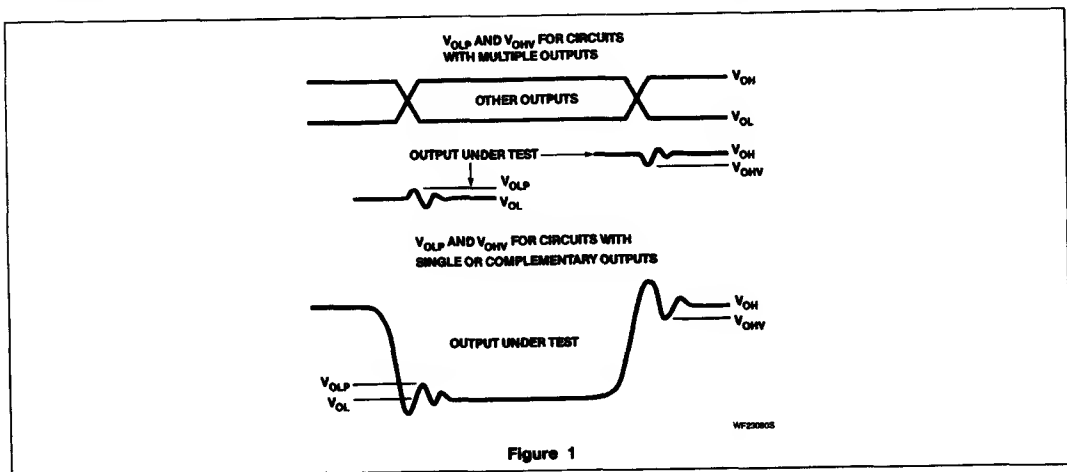


Figure 1

Simultaneous Switching Evaluation of Advanced CMOS Logic

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Output High Disturbance

For circuits with a single output or a single complimentary output, set the input conditions so the output(s) under test is switching. For all other circuits, set the input conditions so the output under test is High with as many other outputs as possible switching.

Examine the waveform and record the level of V_{OHV} with respect to V_{CC} as defined by Figure 1.

Output Low Disturbance

For circuits with a single output or a single complimentary output, set the input conditions so the output under test is switching. For all other circuits, set the input conditions so the output under test is Low with as many other outputs as possible switching.

Examine the waveform and record the level of V_{OLP} with respect to Ground as defined by Figure 1.

STORED DATA INTEGRITY

The purpose of this test is to determine what effect, if any, switching multiple outputs simul-

taneously has on integrity of data storage for circuits with internal storage elements. This test is necessary to insure that the contents of internal storage elements are never corrupted by voltage transients which appear not only on outputs, but also on internal chip supply lines. To perform this test:

- Store a logic 1 in an internal storage element.
- Switch all remaining outputs or, if possible, all outputs.
- Discontinue switching and set input conditions so that the contents of the internal storage elements can be observed.
- Verify that the internal storage element has not changed state.
- Store a logic 0 in an internal storage element and repeat the previous three steps.

SIMULTANEOUS SWITCHING INFLUENCE ON AC PARAMETERS

The purpose of these tests is to determine what effect switching multiple outputs simultaneously has on the propagation delays and

output transition times of a circuit. This test is necessary to insure that the propagation delays and output transition times are not significantly degraded by switching multiple outputs simultaneously. To perform these tests:

- Set the input conditions so that the output under test will be switching in the manner required for measurement of the desired propagation delay or output transit time.
- Switch as many other outputs as possible.
- Measure the propagation delay or output transition time on the output under test using any accurate method.

SUMMARY

The user of ACL circuits should be aware of any potential disturbances or performance degradations that can occur under conditions of multiple output switching and should understand the terms used to describe and measure these. This paper is an attempt to standardize a procedure to which all ACL circuits should be subjected. This method, when followed, will give the user a clear indication of actual device performance.

Simultaneous Switching Evaluation of Advanced CMOS Logic

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APPENDIX 1

A Step-by-Step Procedure for Evaluating SSE
in the Laboratory

1.0 PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF DOCUMENT

1.1 Introduction

This document gives the steps and procedures needed for completing SSE for ACL devices. Testing is done to determine the effects that switching more than one output simultaneously has on output disturbances, stored data integrity, propagation delays, and output transition times.

2.0 EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

2.1 Hardware

Bench Controller
Programmable Oscilloscope
Programmable Pulse Generator
Temperature Controller
Power Supply Programmer
Test Fixture

HP9836C or equivalent
TEK7854 or equivalent
HP8161A or EH2000
TP412 or equivalent
ICS4871 or equivalent
Acceptable high frequency
PC board fixture
HP7475A or equivalent
HP2673A or equivalent
HP8180A, HP8182A, and
HP15414A

Plotter
Printer
Dice System (An optional data
generator/analyzer)

3.0 TEST PROCEDURES FOR TESTS REQUIRING PLOTS

3.1 General

3.1.1 When applicable, plots should be taken on at least one part and data values should be taken on three parts. The one part used for plots should have typical characteristics for the sample as a whole.

3.1.2 The test fixture will be the same one used for standard AC testing. This is a high-frequency PC board fixture featuring adequate grounding and V_{CC} decoupling as well as 50 Ω micro strip line for all signal paths and close proximity loading. The test fixture should have V_{CC} decoupling of at least 100 μ F, 0.1 μ F, 0.01 μ F, and 100pF. For a complete discussion of fixturing requirements including grounding, bypassing, and general high-frequency testing requirements refer to the Application Note entitled "Testing and Specifying ACL Logic."

3.1.3 Pulse Generator Setup

For 74AC11XXX $V_{IH} = (0.8 V_{CC})$,
 $V_{IL} = (0.2 V_{CC})$
For 74ACT11XXX $V_{IH} = 1.5V$,
 $V_{IL} = 0.5V$
(10 to 90%)
 $t_R/t_F = 3.0ns$
 $f = 5MHz$
Duty Cycle = 50%

The input signal should be terminated with 50 Ω and then branched out equally to all inputs needing the input signal. ("Simultaneous" is defined as the input pin's Simultaneous Logic of the device seeing a given signal at the same moment in time.) Line lengths from the termination to the device pin should be kept as short as possible. The dice system can be used if more flexibility of input programming is necessary. If the dice system is used, interchannel delay between the various channels must be nulled out at the pins of the device. If a gang-type configuration is used to tie the input signal to more than one input, input edge rates should be as close as possible to the 3.0ns times.

3.1.4 All outputs should be loaded with the standard 50pF, 500 Ω AC load.

3.1.5 The output to be evaluated should be the one farthest away from the V_{CC} pins. If there are two equidistant outputs, record data on both outputs and plot only the worst-case output. Also, if more than one mode/path exists, all should be checked, but only the worst case tested.

3.2 Output High Disturbance

Measure the V_{OHV} level on an output held High during simultaneous switching.

3.2.1 $V_{CC} = -5.5V$, Temp. = 55°C and
 $V_{CC} = 5.0V$, Temp. = 25°C

3.2.2 Number of devices = 3. Plots should be taken on one part.

3.2.3 Input conditions should be set so that the output under test is High.

3.2.4 Switch the remaining outputs simultaneously from Low to High and record V_{OHV} .

3.2.5 Plot waveforms of a switching input, the High output, and a switching output.

Simultaneous Switching Evaluation of Advanced CMOS Logic

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- 3.2.6 Repeat steps 3.2.4 through 3.2.5 for the following other transitions:

High to Low	
3-State to Low	(If possible)
Low to 3-State	(If possible)
High to 3-State	(If possible)
3-State to High	(If possible)

3.3 Output Low Disturbance Testing

Measure the V_{OLP} level on an output held Low during simultaneous switching.

- 3.3.1 $V_{CC} = 5.5V$, Temp. = $-55^{\circ}C$ and $V_{CC} = 5.0V$, Temp. = $25^{\circ}C$
- 3.3.2 Number of devices = 3. Plots should be taken on one part.
- 3.3.3 Input conditions should be set so that the output under test is Low.
- 3.3.4 Switch the remaining outputs simultaneously from High to Low and record V_{OLP} .
- 3.3.5 Plot waveforms of a switching input, the Low output, and a switching output.
- 3.3.6 Repeat steps 3.3.4 through 3.3.6 for the following other transitions
- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Low to High | |
| 3-State to Low | (If possible) |
| Low to 3-State | (If possible) |
| High to 3-State | (If possible) |
| 3-State to High | (If possible) |

3.4 Stored Data Integrity

For devices with internal storage elements, perform tests to insure that internal storage

elements aren't corrupted by simultaneous switching of outputs.

- 3.4.1 $V_{CC} = 5.5V$, Temp. = $-55^{\circ}C$ and $V_{CC} = 5.0V$, Temp. = $25^{\circ}C$
- 3.4.2 Number of devices = 3.
- 3.4.3 Store data (both High and Low) in an internal storage element. This can be the same element of the output tested in 3.2 and 3.3.
- 3.4.4 Switch the remaining outputs simultaneously as was done in 3.2 and 3.3 (including 3-States if possible). Check to see that data is not corrupted with any of the switching.
- 3.4.5 When possible, the dice system should be utilized to functionally check out various combinations of switching with respect to the above procedures.

3.5 Input Waveform Phase Effects

Check phase effects and measure the delay offset that causes the largest magnitude of output disturbances (when possible).

- 3.5.1 $V_{CC} = 5.5V$
- 3.5.2 Temp. = $25^{\circ}C$ and $-55^{\circ}C$
- 3.5.3 Number of devices = 3. Plots should be taken on one part.
- 3.5.4 Testing is completed by switching half of the outputs 180° out-of-phase from the other half of the outputs.
- 3.5.5 Adjust the delay on half of the outputs (with respect to the other half) until the

worst-case output disturbance is obtained.

- 3.5.6 Record the edge offset and disturbance magnitudes for three parts.
- 3.5.7 Plot waveforms (one part) of a switching input from one half and another from the other half with outputs from both halves.
- 3.5.8 Repeat steps 3.5.5 through 3.5.7 for in-phase effects as well.

4.0 TEST PROCEDURES FOR t_{PD} VS SIMULTANEOUS SWITCHING

4.1 General

Measure propagation delays and output transition times under conditions of multiple outputs switching.

- 4.1.1 Number of devices = 3
- 4.1.2 $V_{CC} = 5.0V$, Temp. = $25^{\circ}C$
- 4.1.3 Number of outputs tested = 1
- 4.1.4 Number of outputs switching = 1 to N (when possible)
- 4.1.5 The test output should be tested for all possible propagation delays (t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} , t_{PLZ} , t_{PLZ} , t_{PLH} , and t_{PHZ}) and also transition times (t_{th} and t_{thl}) for all conditions of outputs simultaneously switching (1 to n).
- 4.1.6 All tests should be made with other outputs switching in-phase and then out-of-phase.

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Test Fixtures for High-Speed Logic

Application Note

INTRODUCTION

The Signetics Standard Products Division (SPD) operates a Characterization Laboratory in Orem, Utah. This Lab maintains the capability of testing the 11 logic product families the Division supports. These include: AuTTL-74XXX, Schottky-74SXXX, Low-Power Schottky-74LSXXX, FAST-74FXXX, ALS-74ALSXXX, High-Speed CMOS-74HCXXX, High-Speed CMOS/TTL-74HCTXXX, Advanced CMOS/TTL (ACL)-74ACT11XXX, Advanced CMOS (ACL)-74AC11XXX, and both 10K and 100K ECL.

Due to the great diversity of product families and the different testing requirements and complexity of the product types of each family, Signetics SPD Characterization has designed and built a bench test AC fixture that is specifically designed to address to only the High-speed logic families. It has the advantages of being very versatile, has high bandwidth capability ($\geq 750\text{MHz}$), is 50Ω system compatible, and is manually programmable for the input static voltages. This provides the ability to have one fixture that addresses many product types across families. The extent of this versatility is explained in the following Application Note. The families that this fixture is intended to support are: FAST, ALS, ACL, 10K ECL, and 100K ECL (Note: This fixture is compatible with any 50Ω pull-down load.)

THEORY OF OPERATION

There are several key points in testing the faster edge-rate logic families. They are:

- Very good by-passing and decoupling (they are different).
- Large ground and V_{CC} planes
- Low-impedance signal lines (i.e., 50Ω)
- Signal lines that are uniform in impedance over frequency
- Signal lines must have high bandwidth ($> 500\text{MHz}$)
- Low-inductance paths for the DUT leads, including V_{CC} and GND
- Output AC load close to the DUT

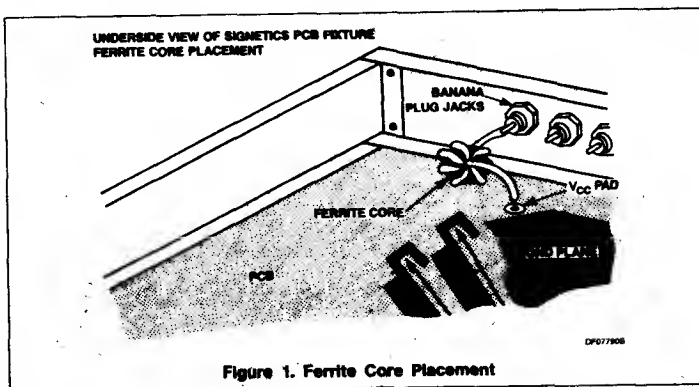


Figure 1. Ferrite Core Placement

- Measurement point close to the DUT
- Avoidance of ground loops (especially on inputs at DC levels)

Also of concern to the test engineer and the manager are:

- Versatility and/or ease of use (there are tradeoffs)
- Cost
- The number of fixtures needed to support products

Each of these concerns have merit and must be understood by the user of these logic families if valid and correlatable results are to be found.

V_{CC} and GND

The secret in V_{CC} and GND use in fixturing is to do the things that reduce the noise that can: 1) get to your part, and 2) come from your part. This is done by reducing the noise of the V_{CC} as it arrives to the fixture, by judicious application of frequency dependent by-passing at the DUT V_{CC} pin to GND and reducing inductance from the V_{CC} and GND pins of the DUT to the point where good contact of the by-passing and V_{CC} and GND planes occur. All of these are techniques used in good RF and microwave board design. By reducing parasitic inductances and

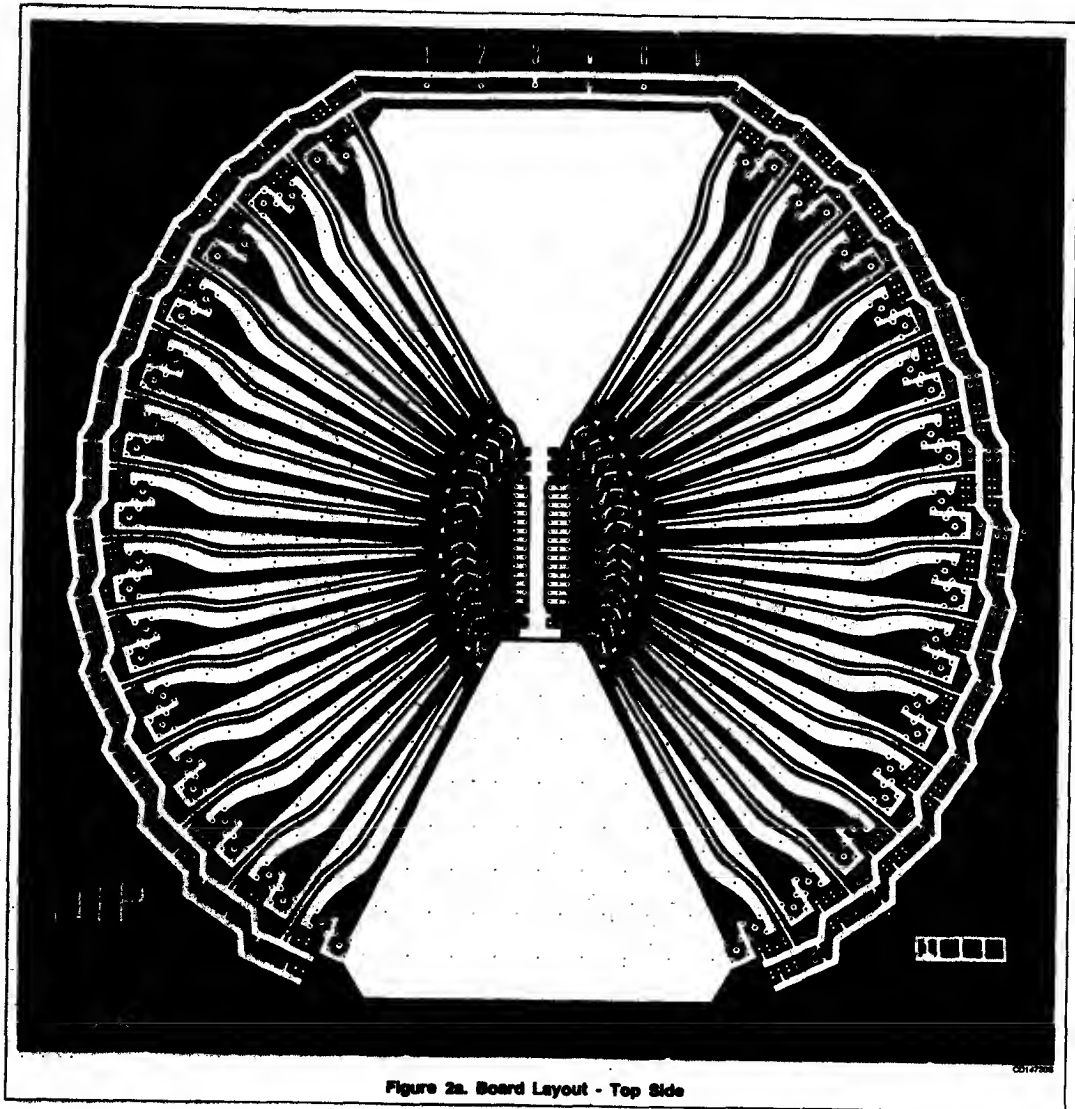
cleaning up any sources of noise, good signal integrity is better maintained.

These points are avoided in the fixture Signetics has designed. Part of the noise reduction of the power supply as it arrives is done by by-passing the power supply at its terminals. The power is then brought to the fixture via banana cables, (as short as possible), to jacks on the chassis of the fixture. An 18-gauge wire, attached to the jack, is wrapped through a $\frac{3}{4}$ inch ferrite core 8-12 times for decoupling of any spikes. (Details of the cores used are included in the parts list.) This acts as a Low-pass filter. The wire is then soldered to the bottom of the PCB onto the large V_{CC} plane that narrows to the V_{CC} bus running between the pins of the DUT. See Figures 1 and 2 for detail.

Triangle-shaped, the V_{CC} plane provides a low inductive path for the V_{CC} to the DUT pin. See Figure 2 for the board layouts. The V_{CC} bus from this plane travels down between the DUT pins to that connection. This is so connection to the V_{CC} bus is easy and very short. The DUT may have V_{CC} located on any pin with this configuration. The pin is connected to the V_{CC} bus by soldering small copper braid or similar low-inductance wire capable of carrying the current for the device, see Figure 3.

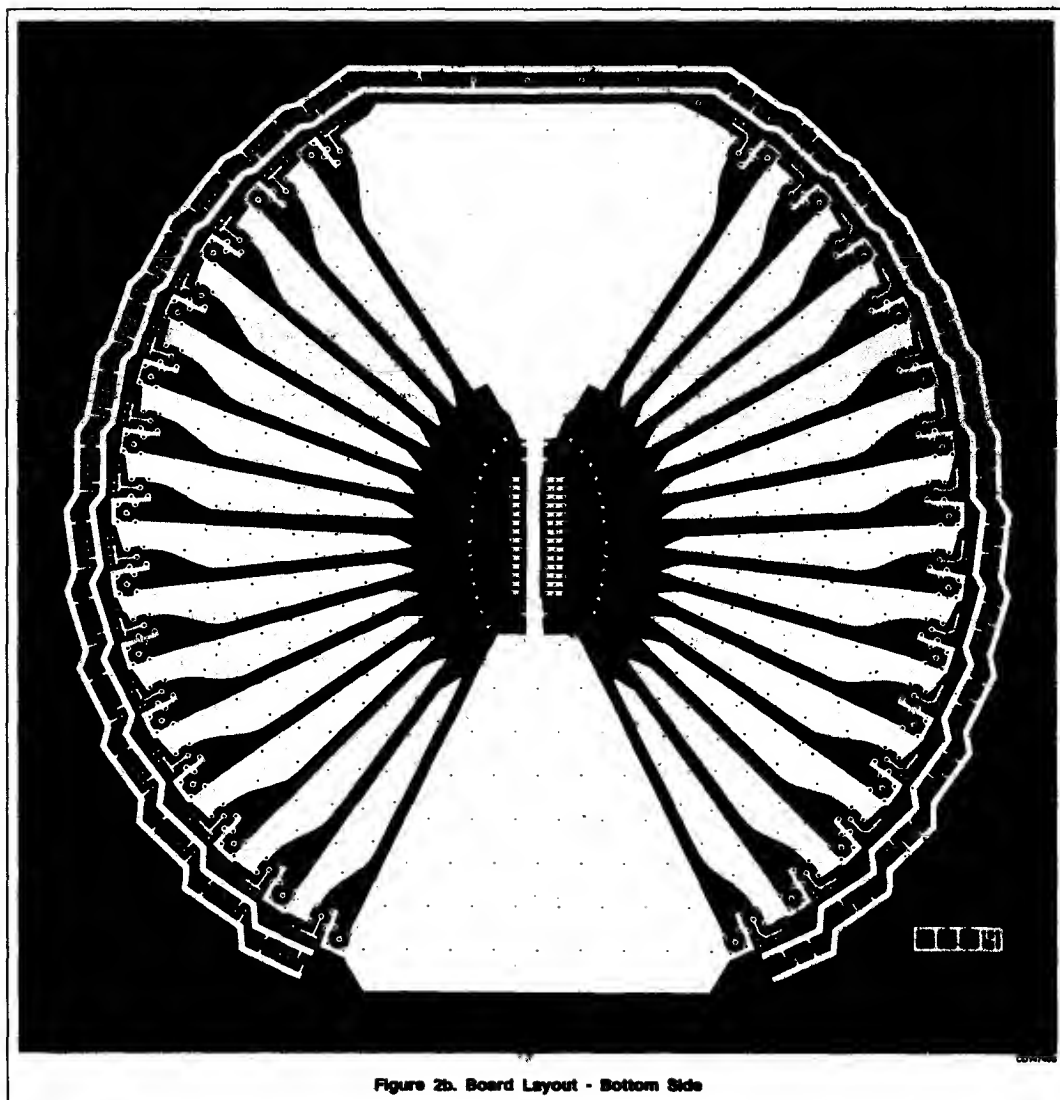
Test Fixtures for High-Speed Logic

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Test Fixtures for High-Speed Logic

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On the opposite side of the top layer of the board is a triangle-shaped ground plane. Ground planes are also located on the bottom layer of the board in the same places as the V_{CC} and ground planes of the top layer. Since this fixture is laid out for 50 Ω stripline, layers 2 and 3 are almost total ground plane, with holes in them for feed-throughs and components. Also found between the signal lines, on the top and bottom layers, are ground plane "fingers" that are connected to all 4 layers by plated-through holes. This provides good separation of the signal lines resulting in lower cross-talk.

The bottom layer ground plane consists of two triangle-shaped planes connected by a bus strip that runs between the DUT pins. This was done for 3 reasons: First, this allows connection of any ground pin of the DUT to the ground, regardless of location; like the V_{CC} connection on the top layer. Second, it allows the connection of the by-pass capacitors from the V_{CC} pin to the ground with the shortest possible lead length. Characterization uses typically 2 or 3 ceramic chip capacitors end 1 or 2 dipped tantalum capacitors (35V) to by-pass the V_{CC} pin. It is important to keep the dipped tantalum capacitor's leads as short as possible to reduce series inductance. The recommended values of capacitors are: 100pf, .01 μ f, .1 μ f, and 10 μ f. We have found at times, the need to adjust these values depending upon the product type and its performance. Some noise sensitive circuits need more by-passing in the lower and extreme higher values of capacitance. And third, the connection of the two planes eliminates possible ground loops and the feed-throughs create a ground mesh and give an excellent ground plane for the circuit. Figure 3 illustrates the by-pass connections.

BY-PASS AND DECOUPLING

It is important to understand the difference between decoupling, as with the ferrite core,

and by-passing, as with capacitors. Decoupling occurs as high-frequency signals are removed by saturation of the ferrite core. This prevents "noise" that may be on the V_{CC} power supply from getting on the V_{CC} plane. The action of the by-passing capacitors is to: 1) "pass" any non-DC signals that occur on the V_{CC} (due to the part's operation) to ground, and 2) be able to provide the "instantaneous" current demands of the part as it switches.

The various values of capacitors are intended to provide a Low-impedance path at all operating frequencies. Since real-world capacitors have resonance points at a given frequency, depending upon their value and type of capacitor (and actually turn inductive above the resonance point), using different values that have different resonance points allows an across-frequency Low-impedance path for V_{CC} noise.

An important point in the use of by-pass capacitors is the minimization of lead length. Lead length represents inductance; inductance in series with the capacitance. If it is too much, it can cause resonance and oscillation problems with the part and/or power supplies and nullify the benefit of the capacitors. It also plays a major part in inhibiting the effect of the "instantaneous" current response needed by the part from the by-pass capacitors. It actually can cause the ground of the device to track the change in current to the degree of the lead inductance. The lower the inductance, the lower the "ground bounce" effect. Hence, short or no lead lengths on capacitors are needed to help prevent the effects of ground bounce.

SIGNAL LINES

A signal line is defined as a line that carries the input stimulus, either DC or AC, or output response, to or from the device. Since these

signals are measured and determine the data which characterizes the part, it is critical that they are of the highest integrity and represent, as far as physically possible, the action of the part; not the nuances of the fixture. To achieve this, the line must not be able to change the signal over the measurable frequencies of the device, nor affect the delay of the part.

The fixture as designed, has 50 Ω signal lines determined by a stripline layout method. The 50 Ω value was selected for several reasons: 1) the 50 Ω value matches impedance with the pulse generators that are used as input stimulus. 2) The output loads specified for this fixture are either a 500 Ω pull-down or a 50 Ω pull-down (ECL), in parallel with a capacitive load. This allows the 50 Ω signal line to be terminated into this load for either a 10:1 or a 1:1 match. 3) A Low-impedance line will have better characteristics with regards to cross-talk and resisting external noise.

There are two types of signal lines on this fixture: input and output; both of which are 50 Ω transmission lines. The input line is on the top side of the board end is always terminated in 50 Ω . It is connected to the DUT via a .3" jumper, Jumper #1 for input. When this jumper is installed, the DUT pin is available only as an input. To allow this line to be used as an output, a .1" jumper, Jumper #1 for output, is used instead of the .3" jumper. This connects the DUT pin to the AC load when the DUT pin is an output. See Figure 5.

The output signal line can be dedicated two different ways. The first method, used for ECL, is to leave shorted the 50 Ω trace and have it run directly into the SMB connector into the 50 Ω sampling system. The second method is to cut the trace at the DUT pin and solder the 450 Ω chip resistor, R1, across the cut. This, combined with the 50 Ω scope, then appears to the part as either a 500 Ω probe for the input signal or the 500 Ω output AC load for the output signal.

The signal lines are equal length and therefore do not introduce any extraneous delay from pin to pin. We also characterized the impedance of the lines over frequency to ensure minimal distortion over the frequency range and any effective change in propagation delay caused by the relationship of inductance and group delay, see Ap Note 202. Figure 4 illustrates the frequency response of the signal lines in impedance.

This is considered to be high bandwidth and encompasses the frequency range exhibited by ALS, ACL, ELC, and FAST logic families.

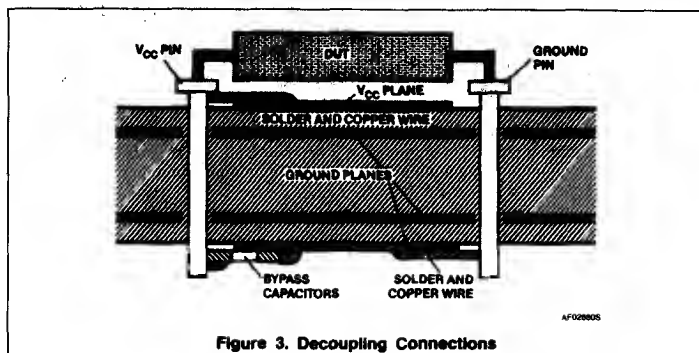


Figure 3. Decoupling Connections

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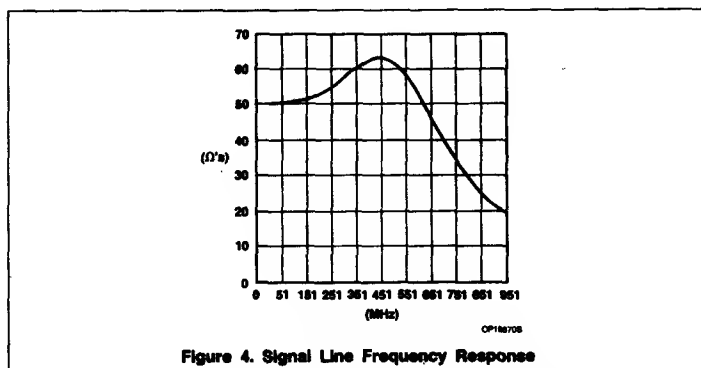


Figure 4. Signal Line Frequency Response

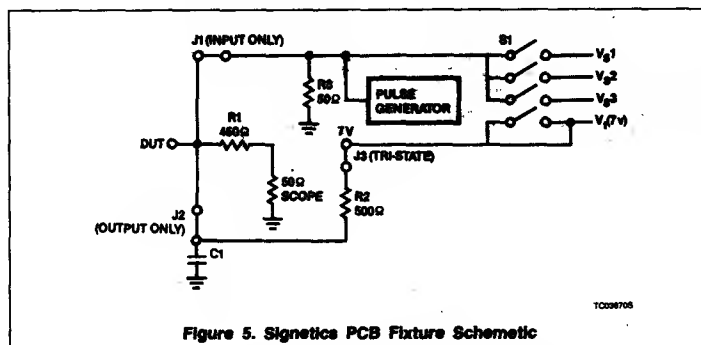


Figure 5. Signetics PCB Fixture Schematic

LOADING

The explanation of the two types of AC loads that may be used will be covered in two parts. First the ALS, ACL, and FAST implementation will be discussed, then the ECL implementation.

ALS, ACL, and FAST Implementation

The FAST, ALS, and ACL product families AC load is specified as a 50pF capacitor and a 500Ω resistor in parallel. This load has the advantage of being adaptable to both a High-impedance (A.T.E.) or a Low-impedance (bench) measurement environment. The Signetics fixture uses a Low-impedance environment primarily for two reasons. The first reason is that experience of the last 5 years has told us that High-impedance probes represent a reliability concern and can introduce

hard to detect errors into the waveform. The second reason being that most suppliers of these technologies provide data based upon the Low-impedance approach and most large users of these products do so as well. This also allows the fixture to be used for ECL testing since that product uses a totally 50Ω environment. Figure 5 illustrates how this test fixture implements the 50pF/500Ω load schematically.

The fixture was laid out to present the load as close as possible to the device, and yet allow for flexibility in deciding if a certain pin is an output or an input. This distance is critical due to its inductive effect upon ground bounce phenomena. *It is acknowledged here that a fixture dedicated to a single device type without jumpers, and therefore placing the*

load virtually on the pin of the device, would show the ground bounce phenomena for simultaneous switching to be less than that of this fixture. However, this fixture can be so dedicated by not using the pads as provided, but rather by using the ground bus, like the by-pass capacitors used. The flexibility of this fixture substantially reduces the cost of fixturing for these families. Studies on simultaneous switching with this fixture have shown dramatically favorable results to previous fixtures. Those studies continue. For work other than that of simultaneous switching, there will be no appreciable difference with a dedicated fixture.

As illustrated in Figure 5, the load is shared with the 50Ω input of the measurement system; a 50Ω sampling oscilloscope. The 450Ω resistor: R1, is soldered to the socket pin of the device and is in series with the 50Ω input of the scope. Figure 6 illustrates this on the board layout of one input/output pin. This allows virtually a probe tip on the device pin. The load capacitor: C1, is a 33pF ceramic chip capacitor. This is added to the measured value of 17pF of board capacitance, achieving the 50pF value specified for the load. The distance from the pin to the capacitor is .5 inches and is adequate for the testing of these product families.

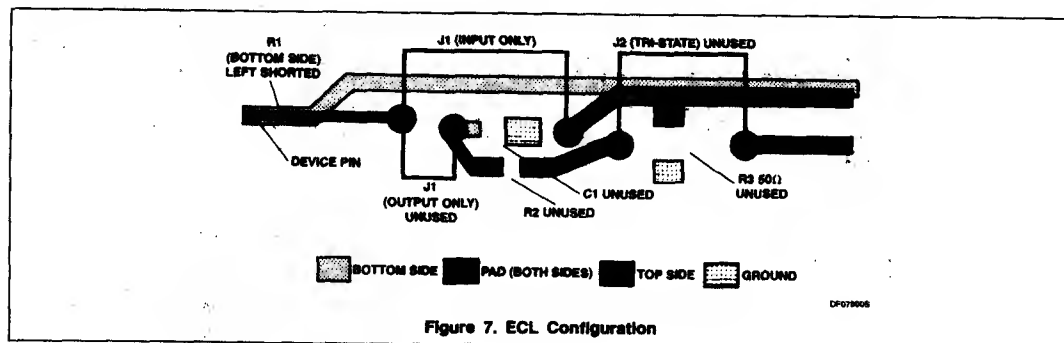
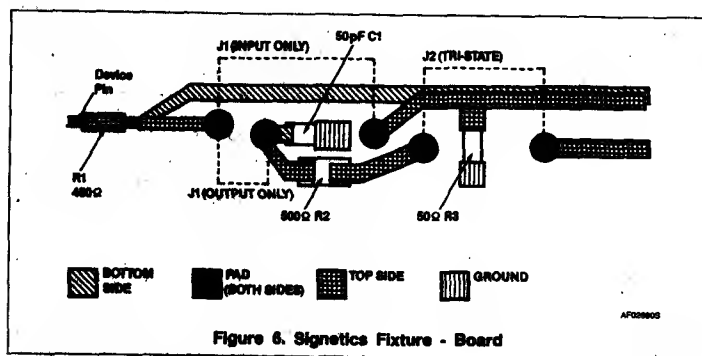
For testing 3-State parameters, the 500Ω resistor: R2, is connected to its pull-up supply: V_1 via a .3" jumper: Jumper #2. The V_1 supply is bussed to each pin and may or may not be connected with that jumper. See Figures 5 and 6.

ECL Implementation

When testing ECL product, the 450Ω resistor: R1, is not used. Rather, this point is left shorted together in the construction process. Also for ECL, the load chip capacitor: C1, the tri-state pull-up resistor: R2, the 50Ω terminator: R3, and the "output only" jumper: Jumper #1, are not used. The input signal travels down the input path, is jumpered using the "input only" (Jumper #1), goes to the device, travels out the output path (left shorted, no R1), and proceeds to the scope. When the signal is an output, the "input only" jumper: Jumper #1, is removed and a 50Ω terminator is connected to the SMB connector as the load or the 50Ω input of the scope. See Figure 7.

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INPUT STIMULUS AND MEASUREMENT

When the input is not used for a signal input, the line may be switched to one of three voltage sources: V_s 1 through V_s 3, by the use of a DIP switch on each pin. It may also be left open and then the 50 Ω pull-down resistor: R1, pulls the line to ground and can be used as a hard low level. See Figure 5. These voltage levels are brought in from external supplies through banana connectors like V_{CC} . This scheme eliminates excessive cabling to each input to provide the static input levels and thereby reduces parasitic inductances and cross-talk. Each of the 3 busses and the V_i bus all have places for by-pass capacitors in the event of noise on the static levels. Figure 8 illustrates the DIP switch and SMB connectors and how they control the input stimulus and output measurement.

As stated previously, the measurements are made with 50 Ω sampling systems. The connections to these systems are made via SMB connectors. This was chosen since it is compatible with SMC; it is push-on, it is small for easy configuration, and it is capable of high bandwidth operation. Figure 8 illustrates where the connections are made, where the pulse generators connect to the input and an SMB connector. Since the 450 Ω resistor: R1, is soldered directly to the pin of the device, the actual probe tip is at that point. See Figure 6. This has the advantage of eliminating any distance from the device to the probe tip, thus guaranteeing accurate results.

VERSATILITY AND COST

At some point, there is a choice between the most technically attractive options and the cost of options. This fixture has been primarily designed to optimize the cost effectiveness of test fixturing yet yielding a technically sound tool. To do this, a compromise has been made between the ease of use and the versatility.

In the construction of the fixture, a choice is made as to where the V_{CC} and GND pins are to be located. This then dedicates this particular fixture to part types with this V_{CC} and GND configurations. This is also done with a

dedicated fixture. However, on a dedicated fixture, the pins are individually constructed to be either an input or an output, and in so doing, the fixture is usable for 1-to-4 devices. The Signetics fixture, once dedicated to a particular V_{CC} and GND configuration, is built up to have both input and output components on all signal pins. The selection of which pin is an output or an input is made by inserting the appropriate jumper, See Figures 5 and 6. The same applies in doing tri-state testing. The tradeoff here is that it would probably take less time to setup the dedicated fixture than the Signetics fixture. To help compensate for that tradeoff, we have the three V_s supplies that may be switched into any pin to provide input static levels and eliminate the need to bus input High or Low levels by external cabling. For the user that means the only connections being made to the fixture are:

- the V_{CC} (banana jack)
- the (GND) (banana jack): this is the common ground of all input supplies.
- the V_s 1, V_s 2, and V_s 3 supplies (banana jack): these may be any voltage and are switchable. Signetics connects programmable supplies to these connectors.
- the V_i supply (banana jack): this is the tri-state pull-up voltage and is permanently connected to the bus to each pin. It is selectable by Jumper #2, see Figures 5 and 6. For FAST and ALS products this is 7V. For ACL products this is $V_{CC} \times 2$ and it is not used for ECL applications.
- Input Stimulus (inside SMB connector: this is found on every input/output pin. More than one pin may be used in this manner. **CAUTION: When using this connector as an input stimulus, make sure V_s 1-3 are disconnected. This will short the power supplies to the generator if they are not disconnected.**
- Output Measurement or Scope Connection (outside SMB connector: this is also found on every input/output pin. More than one pin may be used in this

manner. **Remember**, if this pin is not connected to a scope and is an output, a 50 Ω resistor must be connected here to ground to complete the 50 Ω resistive load. Signetics has constructed 50 Ω load by soldering a high-quality (high-frequency) 50 Ω resistor inside a female SMB cable connector. See Figure 9.

CAUTION: V_s 1, 2 and 3 are all on the same DIP switch. Since they connect to the same bus per pin, ONLY ONE SUPPLY MAY BE CONNECTED AT ONE TIME. Otherwise, this will result in a short between power supplies connected.

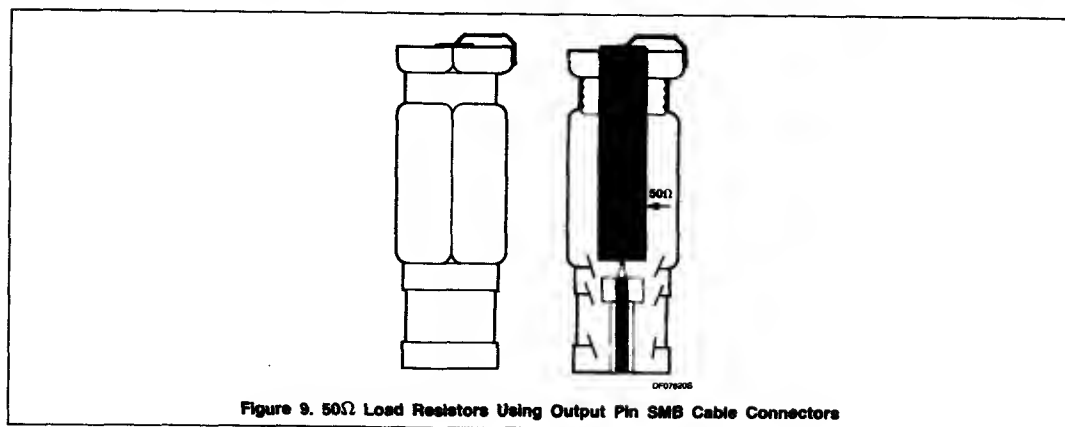
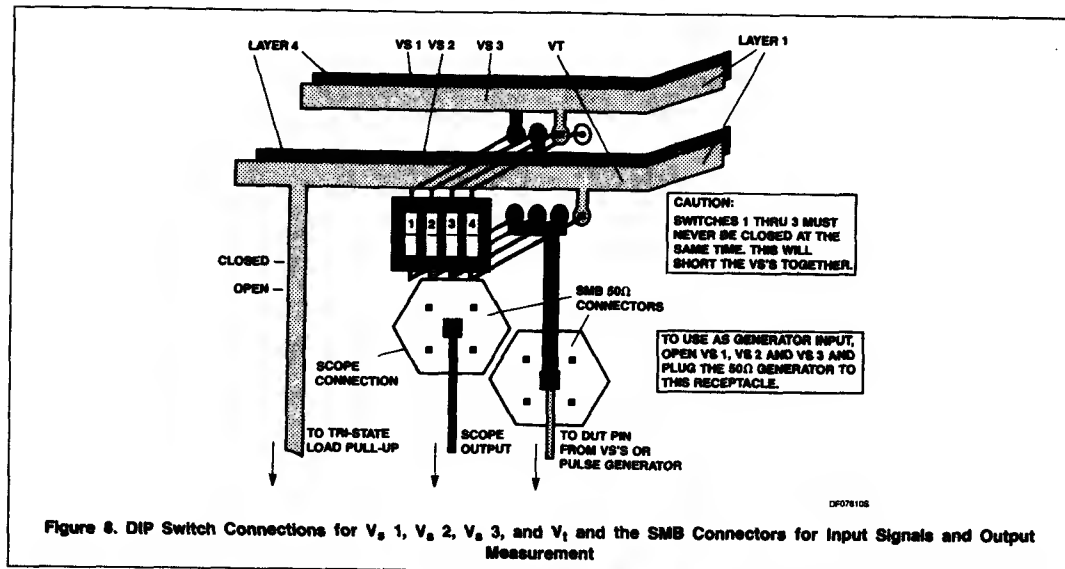
With these 6 connections, the fixture is capable of testing the product lines as mentioned.

The cost of this fixture ranges from 550 per fixture, dedicated to a 20-pin device in quantities of 1-10, to as low as 385 per fixture of the same type in quantities over 100. This is not substantially higher than the cost of a dedicated fixture, which is estimated at 200-500. The factor to consider would be the quantity of fixtures for the number of products to be tested. To have a dedicated fixture for every 2-3 product types versus a "universal" test fixture for 20-30 product types is worth considering from a cost standpoint.

Included in Appendix 1 is the parts list for this fixture and the supplies used by Signetics. This in no way constitutes Signetics endorsements of these suppliers and the customer may select their own supplier if they so desire. This fixture is offered to the public to duplicate and use within their own environments. Signetics will not provide any materials but will allow the manufacturers of the board and materials to build and/or supply for any requesting party. Pricing and availability are left to the vendors and Signetics has no control over those issues. The intent is to provide something for users of High-speed logic that has been proven and tested in a true High-speed use, and provide a characterization of these products prior to their introduction to the market place.

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APPENDIX I — Component and Vendor List

1. Printed circuit mother board

SO and SOL #SD8512.28
 DIP #SD8512.31
 Requirement: 1 per part configuration
 Supplier: Prototype and Production Circuits
 8040 South 1444 West
 West Jordan, UT 84084
 (801) 566-5431

2. SO and SOL sockets

# PINS	PART #
14	001-014
18	001-018
16L	001-116
20	001-120
24	001-124
28	001-128

SOIC through-hole socket
 Requirement: 1 per board
 Supplier: Surface Mount Devices, Inc.
 PO Box 16818
 Stamford, CT 06903
 (203) 322-8290

3. LSG-1AG14-1 Socket Terminal Pins

For DIP boards — number of pins equal to the part pin count times by (7) seven.

$24 \times 7 = 168$

For SO and SOL boards — number of pins equal to the part pins count times by (5) five.

$24 \times 5 = 120$

4. Shorting Blocks (Jumpers)

0.3 inch 8136-475G1

Requirement: 1 per pin

0.1 inch 8136-651P2

Requirement: 1 per pin

Supplier: Augat

5. Chip Resistors

50Ω 1% CRCW 1210

Requirement: 1 per pin

450Ω 1% CRCW 1206

Requirement: 1 per pin

500Ω 1% CRCW 1206

Requirement: 1 per pin

Supplier: Dale Electronics, Inc.
 2300 Riverside Blvd.
 Norfolk, Nebraska 68701
 (402) 371-0080

8. Chip Capacitors

Ceramic Part #

33pF 500R15N330JP

Requirement: 1 per bin

15pF 500R15N150JP4

Requirement: 1 per board

0.015μF 500S41W103KP4

Requirement: 1 per board

0.1μF 500S41W104KP4

Requirement: 1 per board

Supplier: Johanson Dielectrics

7. Dipped Tantalum

Ceramic Part #

10μF 106K025NLF

Requirement: 1 per board

47μF 478K020WLG

Requirement: 1 per board

Supplier: Mallory

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8. Ferrite Core
T80-1
Supplier: Amidon Associates
12033 Otsego Street
North Hollywood, CA 91607
(616) 780-4429
Requirement: 1 per board
9. Mounting Screw
4-40 x 1/4 Phillips pan head machine screw
Supplier: Bonneville Industry Supply Co.
45 South 1500 West
Orem, UT
(601) 225-7770
Requirement: 16 per board.
10. Banana Plug Jack
H.H. Smith Type Order # Requirement
White 1509-101 28F1176 6/board-color your choice
Red 1509-102 35F670 6/board-color your choice
Black 1509-103 35F869 6/board-color your choice
Green 1509-104 28F1179 6/board-color your choice
Blue 1509-105 28F1160 6/board-color your choice
Yellow 1509-107 28F1182 6/board-color your choice
Supplier: Newark Electronics
11. Switch
76PSB04 4-bit side actuated piano DIP
Supplier: Grayhill Co.
Requirement: 1 per pin
12. Connectors — Snap-on SMB
51-051-0000-220 Straight jack receptacle
Supplier: Sealectro
Requirement: 2 per pin
13. Mounting frame
Signetics number CB-1.0
Supplier: Electronic Chassis Corp.
468 North 1200 West
Lindon, UT 84062
(801) 785-9113
Requirement: 1 per test fixture
14. Hook-up wire
No. 16/20 gauge Teflon coated — about 24 inches per test fixture.

The following components may be needed in use of the test fixtures but are not part of the test fixtures.

61-001-0000-89	50Ω terminator plug	As required or hand-built with 50Ω resistor and 51-007-0000
51-007-0000	Straight cable clamp type	As required
51-083-0000-222	"T" adaptor J-J-J	As required
51-085-0000	"T" adaptor J-P-J	As required
51-072-0000	Adaptor J-J	As required
51-073-0000	Adaptor P-P	As required
51-001-0020	Shorting plug	As required
61-002-0000-89	50Ω terminator jack	As required
Supplier:	Sealectro Corp (415) 965-1212	

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APPENDIX II — Construction Hints

A suggested order of assembly is as follows:

1. Cut traces for 450 Ω resistor. (Not needed for ECL)
2. Install SMB Connectors. Elevate base from board 0.05".
3. Install DIP Switches. Note: Numbers on switches may not correlate to V_S supply numbers.
4. Install Augat socket pin.
5. Install load/termination resistors and capacitors.
6. Strap V_{CC} and GND pins to appropriate bus strips.
7. Install bypass capacitors.
6. Clean flux off of board and components.
9. Check for lead to frame shorts on PLCC board. (Not discussed in App Note.)
10. Install banana jacks on frame.
11. Attach board to frame with $\frac{1}{4}$ Phillips pan head machine screws.
12. Wrap wire 8–12 times around ferrite core. Leave enough wire to connect to frame and board. See Figure 1.
13. Connect V_{CC} , GND, and voltage supplies from banana jacks to board.
14. Remove all remaining flux. Keep "flux-off" from banana jacks.

Hints on construction:

- A 0.05" shim that fits under the SMB connector base helps elevate it during construction.
- Mount the SMB connector with flat side out rather than point side out. See Figure 8.
- Solder Augat socket pins in with a part inserted to hold the pins steady.
- "Piano DIP" switches have the numbers reversed from the Board notation. Taping a new number on the board designations will help match the switches.
- Hint for solder chip components: apply a small amount of solder on one side of the pads on the board.
- Keep DIP switches and SMB connectors spaced as far away from each other as the holes will permit, i.e., push the SMBs in and the DIP switches out.

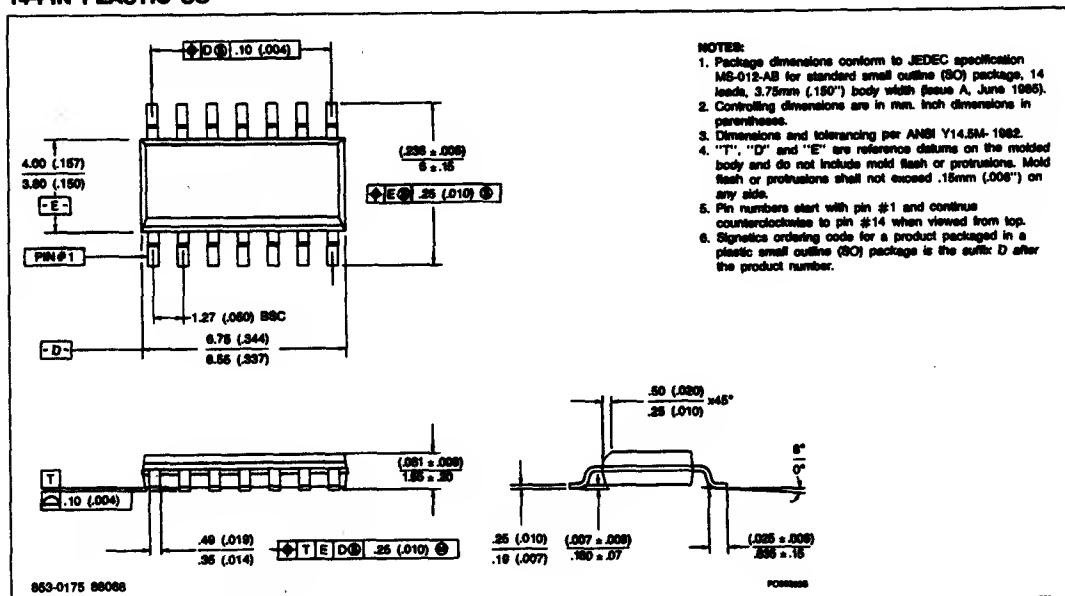


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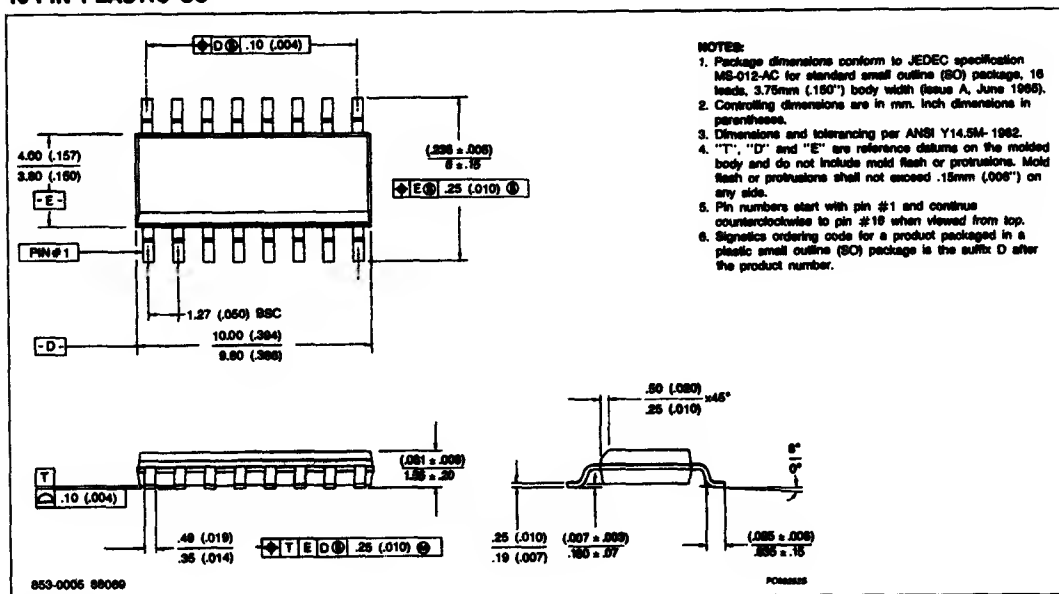
Packaging Information

Packaging Information

14-PIN PLASTIC SO

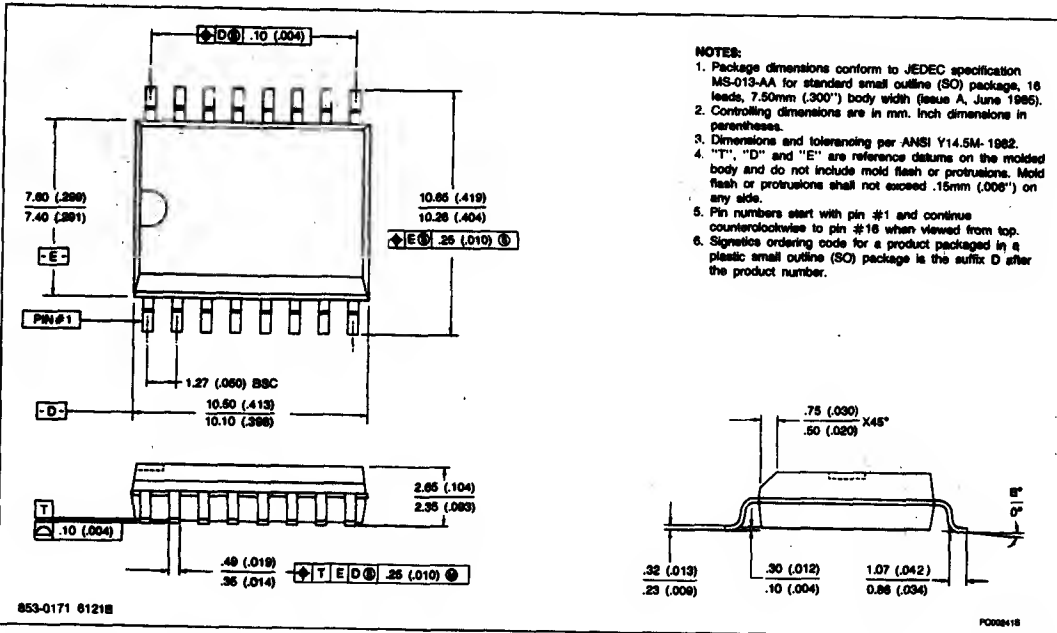


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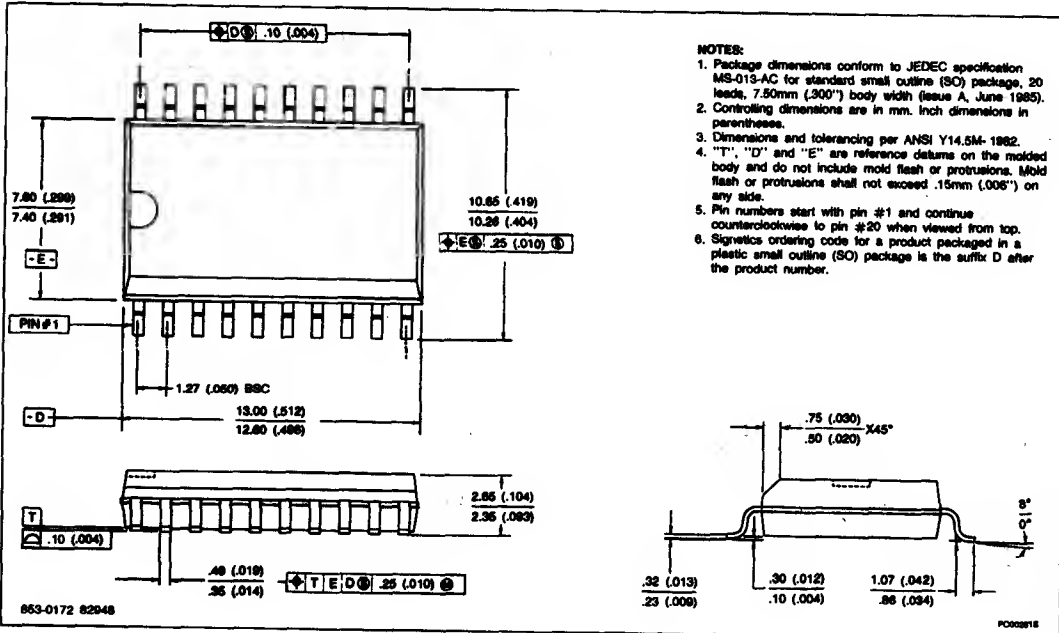


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16-PIN PLASTIC SOL

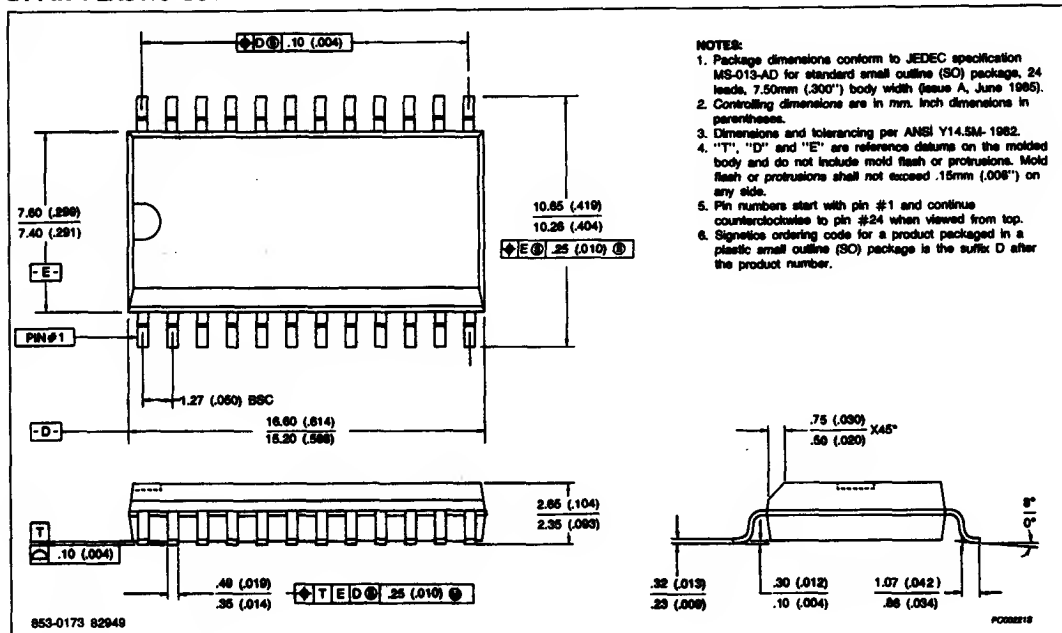


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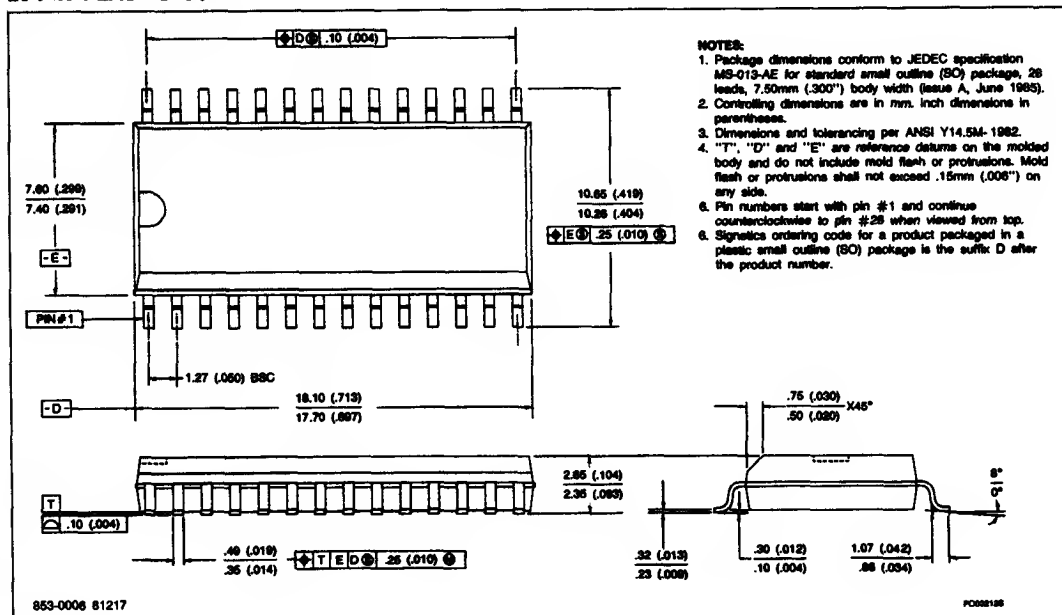


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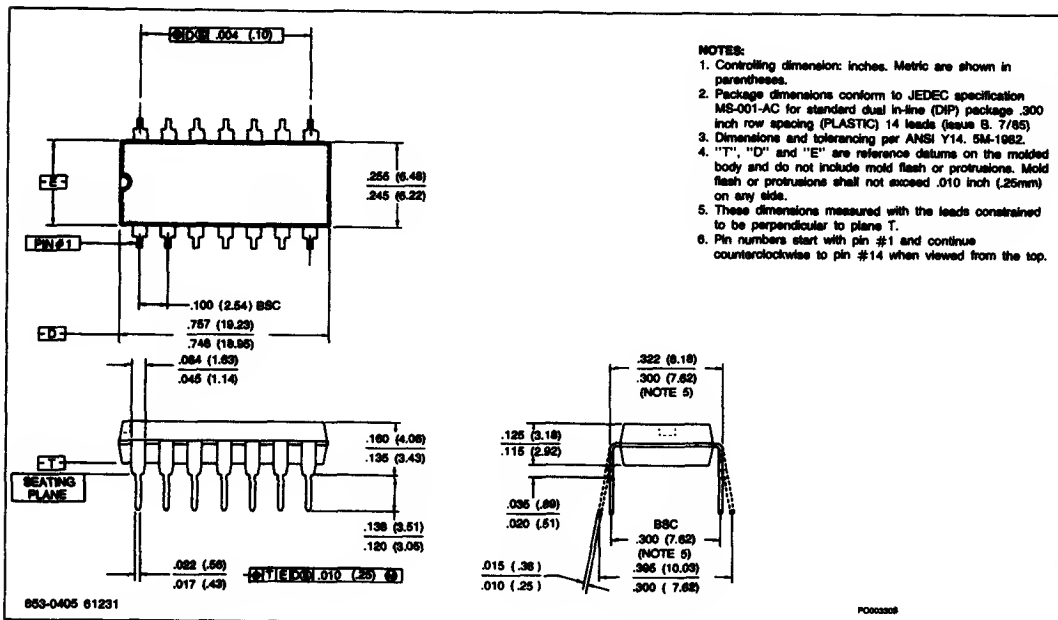


28-PIN PLASTIC SOL

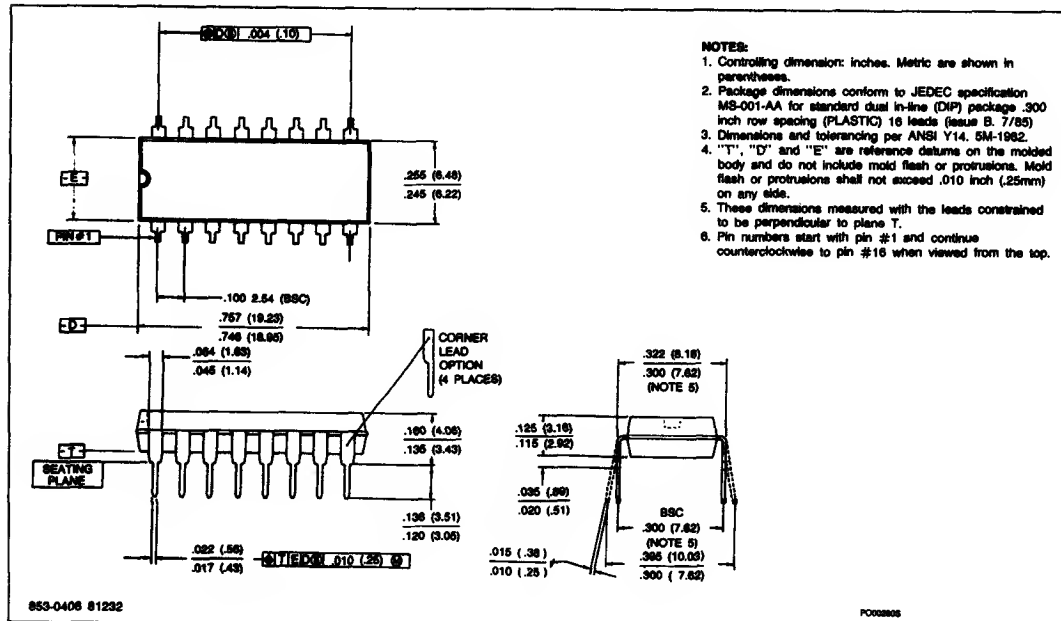


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14-PIN PLASTIC DIP

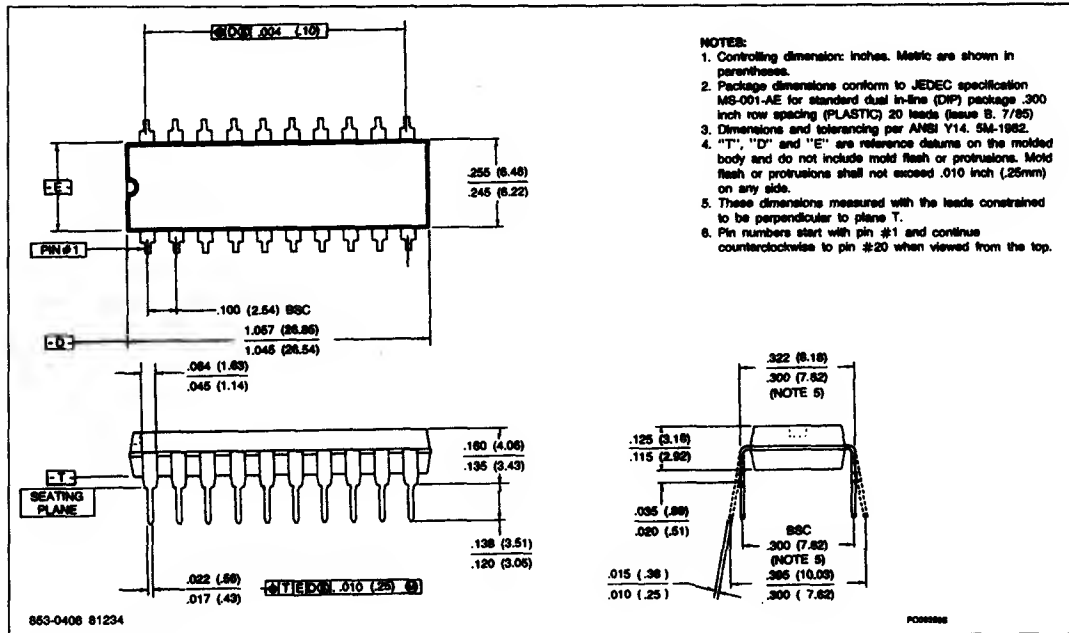


16-PIN PLASTIC DIP

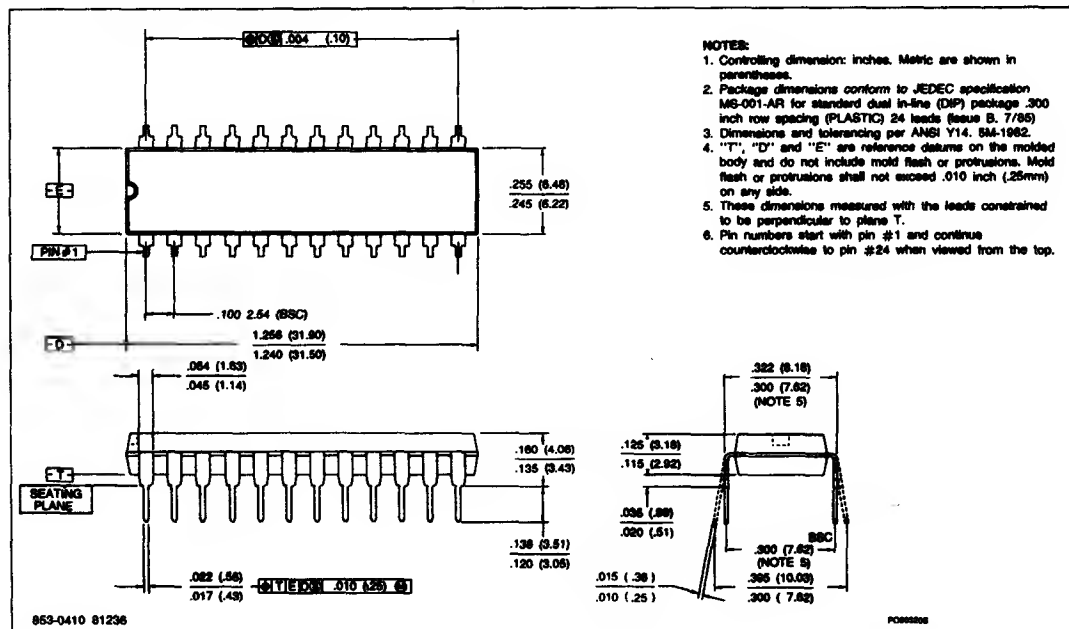


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20-PIN PLASTIC DIP

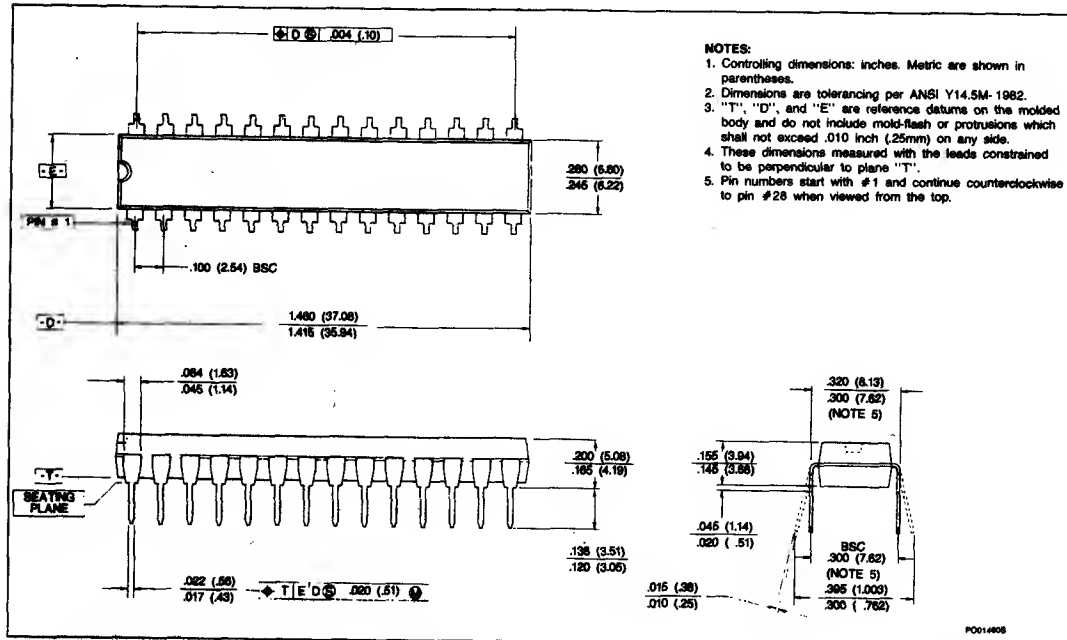


24-PIN PLASTIC DIP



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28-PIN PLASTIC SKINNY DIP



NOTES

NOTES

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- Part 5** High-speed CMOS logic HC/HCT family
- Part 5** Supplement High-speed CMOS Designer's
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